"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER

Fair today and tomorrow; moderate northwest winds.

For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXIV...NO. 20,863. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 9, 1915.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

TALK OF USING FORCE IN MEXICO

Five More American Battleships Likely to be Ordered to the East Coast.

FEARS FOR FOREIGN COLONY

The Diplomatic Corps Declines Carranza's Invitation to Desert Compatriots in Capital.

EVACUATION IS IMMINENT

But Washington Demands That Obregon Leave a Garrison Adequate for Foreigners' Protection.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—On account of dangerous conditions in Mexico, President Wilson and Secretary Daniels decided tonight to send more battleships to Vera Cruz. It is not the present intention to send the entire Atlantic battleship fleet. This will not be done unless it is forced by developments. But the additional warships to be dispatched will be taken from the Atlantic battleship fleet, which is now in Cuban waters, with headquarters at Guantanamo, and several battleships—probably an entire division of five—may be sent.

Orders for the dispatch of these vessels will reach Rear Admiral Frank F. Fletcher, Commander-in-Chief of the battleship fleet, tomorrow. Secretary Daniels said that orders for the dispatch of more vessels had not been sent, but that it was probable that additional warships would be ordered to Vera Cruz as a result of tonight's conference.

Five Warships at Vera Cruz.

The force now at Vera Cruz consists of the battleship Delaware, the cruisers Des Moines and Tacoma, and the gunboats Sacramento and Petrel. The Tacoma was several days ago ordered from Haiti to Vera Cruz. With only one battleship there, and General Carranza withholding his reply to the strong representations sent to him by Secretary Bryan, the President tonight decided that the time had arrived for a policy of more assertiveness of American ideas with respect to the necessity for a correction of the situation in the Mexican capital, where threats by General Obregon and his incendiary utterances are believed to have developed a danger to foreigners at the hands of mobs.

The foreign colony was safe, according to the latest dispatches reaching the State Department, which were sent from Mexico City late yesterday afternoon. But there is grave fear that unless General Obregon acts promptly in a right-about-face attitude there will be a reign of terror in the Mexican capital. Carranza has ben told that if Mexico City is evacuated by Obregon without provision being made for the protection of the lives of foreigners, after the irresponsible element in the population has been indirectly encouraged by Obrgeon to engage in rioting, the evacuation will be looked upon by the United States Government as an unfriendly act.

Coincidentally with the determination of the Carranizistas to abandon the Mexican capital to its fate, General Carranza has invited the foreign diplomats to move to Vera Cruz. The diplomatic corps has refused this invitation and has decided to remain in Mexico City. The diplomats' decision was based upon the belief that their retirement from the capital at this time, when the foreign population is in such grave danger of attacks by mobs, would be an act of cowardice. As one prominent diplomat in Washington expressed it tonight: "The diplomatic corps in Mexico City feels very much the same responsibility for the safety of the foreign colonists in Mexico City that a captain would feel for the safety of his passengers on a ship threatened with disaster."

Advised of Impending Evacuation.

Secretary Bryan late this afternoon confirmed the fact that he had received a message from the Brazilian Minister in Mexico City announcing the projected evacuation of the place and the decision of the diplomats to remain. On the basis of this message Secretary Bryan issued this statement:

"The State Department has received a note from Mexico City saying that Carranza has confirmed the announcement that Mexico City will be evacuated and has invited the diplomatic corps to move to Vera Cruz or to any other town under his jurisdiction, stating that this would not be considered by him as an act of recognition. It is understood that the diplomatic corps feel that their departure from the City of Mexico would not be the best for the foreign interests under their care."

The message from the Brazilian Minister did not give the date of the proposed evacuation. It is understood that it is the intention to abandon the city at once. The United States Government is insisting that before the capital is evacuated some arrangement be made for the protection of the foreign colony against the rioters who are expected to become active when General Obregon's forces are withdrawn. Inquiries have been made of General Carranza to ascertain whether it is his purpose to have a garrison left in the capital for the preservation of law and order. General Obregon is anxious to leave no garrison behind, and if he leaves only a small one it will not be strong enough to deal with the Zapatistas, who are already in the southern suburbs, ready to press forward into the city.

The British Embassy received a telegram from the British Legation in Mexico City today, saying that the situation continued grave, and that desultory pillaging, which had been in progress for a week, was continuing, but that the foreign colony was quite safe at the time the message was sent yesterday afternoon. Consul-General Canada telegraphed from Vera Cruz "that all wires to Mexico City have been down since the night of the 6th." This message was sent at 10 o'clock yesterday morning.

Latest Message Dated Sunday.

Late this afternoon a message was received from Senhor Cardoza de Oliveira, the Brazilian Minister, dated Mexico City, March 7, and filed at 4 P. M. It was a very brief dispatch asking for instructions concerning certain Americans who wanted to leave Mexico City. **The fact** that this message came through

Continued on Page 3.

TOURAINE AT HAVRE, FIRE IS CONQUERED

Warship Escort Sent Word Before Arrival That Flames Were Nearly Out.

LONDON, Tuesday, March 9.—A Havre message to Lloyd's early last evening announced the arrival at that port of the French liner Touraine, which caught fire in one of her holds early Saturday morning when more than 500 miles off the Irish coast.

The only other information received yesterday concerning the Touraine came in a report that reached Paris. This was a wireless message sent at 10 o'clock Saturday night from a cruiser that was escorting the Touraine to port.

The message stated that the fire on board the Touraine had been almost extinguished and that the vessel was steaming to her destination at a speed of fourteen knots an hour.

PARIS, March 8.—The Ministry of Marine announced today that the fire on the Touraine was "practically out." Word to this effect came at midnight from one of the cruiser escort.

News that the Holland-America liner Rotterdam had passed Prawle Point, in the English Channel, yesterday afternoon came as early proof to local officials that the French liner was safe. Evidently the Dutch steamship, which was first to reach the blazing vessel, gave up escort duty to the French warship which sent a wireless message to Paris.

SLIDE BLOCKS ASTOR YACHT

Turns Back Though of Shallow Draught—22 Ships Held up.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, March 8.—The slide in Culebra cut continues to fill up the cut as fast as the steam shovels can work. There are now twenty-two ships waiting passage through the canal.

These include the Astor yacht Noma, which attempted to go through on Saturday. Though she is of light draft the Noma was forced to turn back.

FIRST FIRE-RESCUE WAGON.

Mayor Sees First-Aid Demonstration at Installation of New Company.

The first fire company to be devoted entirely to rescue work in the history of the city's Fire Department was installed at 42 Great Jones Street yesterday, with the Mayor, Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson, and other officials present. It will be known as Rescue Company No. 1, and has a specially designed wagon of its own. It will respond only to special calls for very smoky fires which the ordinary firemen cannot reach and to second and third alarm fires in Manhattan.

The Mayor was particularly interested in a device for cutting iron and steel bars, the need for which was shown at the Equitable Building fire, where two men were imprisoned behind the steel bars of the vault on the first floor, while the firemen worked for two hours sawing them out. With the new apparatus used by the rescue company Capt. McElligott surprised the Mayor by cutting through a 1½-inch iron bar in fifteen seconds. In addition to smoke helmets, the new company carries life guns, life lines, oxygen tanks, stretchers, axes, bar-cutting apparatus and many other kinds of first-aid supplies.

HOTEL SHUT, BUT HE STICKS

Col. Wilcox, Old Albemarle Patron, Refuses to Leave Closed Hostelry.

They closed the Hotel Albemarle, adjoining the Hoffman House, a month ago, because Louis J. Horowitz, who bought the two properties, is organizing a company to erect a big loft building on the site, but Colonel Edward Barry Wilcox, who has lived in the hotel for fourteen years, still sticks to his room, and, furthermore, he has declined to leave.

Daniel P. Ritchie, who has had charge of both properties, is hopeful now that Colonel Wilcox will leave when the furniture of the old hotel is sold at auction next month, but he isn't a bit sure of it.

"I notified Colonel Wilcox last week that the telephone service would be discontinued," said Mr. Ritchie yesterday, "and the Colonel merely replied that he was glad of it. 'The blame thing was a nuisance, anyway,' said he. When I told him that the elevator would be shut down, he didn't seem to care, either, for he exclaimed:

"'Well, you don't think I'm too old to walk, do you? What, what? Two or three flights of stairs? Pish, tush!'"

Colonel Wilcox is 65 years old and is in the business of leasing large business and factory properties.

NORTHWEST IS PROSPEROUS

Bank Deposits Increase and Farmers Are Optimistic Over Crop Outlook.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 8.—The most impressive bank statements in the history of the Northwest were made today in compliance with the order of the Controller of the Currency for a statement of the condition of national banks on March 4. Banks of St. Paul and Minneapolis show deposits of $218,000,000, a gain of $16,000,000 since December and a gain of $26,000,000 since last March. Enormous increases were made in resources and loans. The new Ninth Regional Reserve Bank has stimulated the banking business.

Bankers of the two cities declared tonight that never in the history of the Northwest were conditions so favorable at this season of the year. On account of the very favorable weather conditions last Fall, more plowing was done than in any previous year; the soil has been receiving the benefit of the Winter moisture and seeding will proceed in a couple of weeks. Farmers are optimistic over the outlook and large shipments of money will go to the country banks to carry on the Spring work. Reports received by the banks here show that the farmers will stick to diversified farming and not go in for a vast wheat acreage, despite the high prices.

FLORIDA, THE CAROLINAS, GEORGIA. Best Trains, Best Service, Shortest Way. Seaboard Air Line Ry., 1184 B'way.—Advt.

ALIEN LAW REPEAL PASSES THE SENATE

But Is Amended So That Citizen Labor Always Shall Have Preference.

WHITMAN HURRIES ACTION

Sends Emergency Measure, Despite Pleas of Labor Leaders—Wagner's Amendments Accepted by Majority.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 8.—Under an emergency message from Gov. Whitman the Senate tonight passed the Spring bill repealing the alien clause in the labor law. Before it was placed on final passage, however, the bill was amended so radically that in its final form it provided for amendment rather than repeal of that clause.

The final vote on the bill stood 31 to 14. All the Republicans who attended the session, with the exception of Senator Argetsinger of Rochester, who asked to be excused from voting, went on record in favor of the amended bill. Of the Democrats, Minority Leader Robert F. Wagner and Senators Joseph and Simpson of New York, Carswell of Kings, and Ramsperger and Greiner of Erie voted in favor of the measure.

By the amendments tonight, the Spring bill is modified so as to provide that preference shall be given to citizen labor over alien, whenever citizen labor can be obtained on public contracts. In its original form the bill merely repealed the alien clause in the labor law and left contractors on public works a free hand to employ any sort of labor they wanted to employ. Here is the text of the amendment:

"Preference shall be given citizens over aliens, (in work on public contracts.) Aliens may be employed where citizens are not available."

It was pointed out tonight that the term "not available" would give contractors proper latitude and make it possible for them to make their selection of laborers on the basis of physical fitness and willingness to work for the pay at which aliens are employed.

That portion of the bill which provides for the validation of contracts automatically unvalidated through the Court of Appeals decision, also was amended so as to provide that the sureties on the bonds of contractors whose contracts were affected should be parties to any modification. This was for the purpose of affording ample protection to the State or to municipalities in such cases. Application for modification of contracts and undertakings under the bill must be made within thirty days after it has become a law.

The bill was on the Senate calendar and was called up for final passage early in tonight's session. When it was called up the clerk read an emergency message from the Governor, certifying to the public necessity for its immediate passage. This message was sent by the Governor in the face of the most urgent requests from labor leaders throughout the day that he refrain from such action.

Minority Leader Wagner at once arose and said that he had amendments to offer and that he desired time to confer with Senator Lawson of Kings, who also wished to amend the bill, and with Senator Spring, sponsor for the measure in the Upper House. The trio went into conference at once for two hours, while the Senate took a recess.

It was after 10 o'clock when the Senate reconvened.

The bill was called up at once and the amendments put in. Senator Wagner arose and made a speech congratulating himself on being successful in obtaining the support of the majority for a measure of his own.

The Senate tonight voted not to concur in the Sage bill for an emergency appropriation for the Workmen's Compensation Commission, as amended in the Assembly. The Assembly amendment eliminated the so-called Sage rider, which provided for direct settlement and payment of compensation claims to injured workmen by their employers or by the casualty insurance companies.

Senator Sage himself made the motion to non-concur and followed this by a motion for the appointment of a conference committee. Senator Wagner protested, but his protest was of no avail.

A mild clash between Lieut. Gov. Schoeneck and Majority Leader Brown came with the attempt of the former to name the Senate conferees. Senator Brown eventually won his point and chose the committee. He selected Senators Sage, Newton, Argetsinger, Mills, and Patten.

Twenty-six State Administrative bodies, with more than 200 employes, would be legislated out of office by the passage of a bill introduced tonight by Senator Sage and Majority Leader Hinman of the Assembly. The bill places all of the State charitable institutions under the control of a new State Charitable Board. Some of those who would lose their places are salaried officials, but many serve without compensation. It is an Administrative measure.

The new board would consist of three members to be appointed by the Governor. The terms of the members are fixed at three years and one must be a lawyer of at least ten years' standing. The salary is fixed at $7,000. Under the present system or regulation there are twenty-six boards having jurisdiction over twenty-two institutions.

"No enterprise financed by private capital could hope to survive if conducted as are the State charitable institutions," said Mr. Hinman, in introducing his bill. "There is no real supervision, but an endless chain of checks and balances which check nothing but intelligent activity and balance nothing at all."

EXPLAINS ALIEN DECISION.

Supreme Court Clears the Way for Subway Contractors.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The Supreme Court of the United States today made it plain that its injunction of March 4 meant that the Public Service Commission of New York could not interfere with the employment of aliens by the Interborough's subway contractors, and that the contractors even if they employed foreign labor must be paid. This explanation was given in open court today by Chief Justice White following a petition in chambers by Thomas E. O'Brien, representing certain taxpayers, and Thomas F. Conway for elucidation of the subject.

"The purpose of this order," said the Chief Justice, "is to continue in force the injunction provided for in the judgment of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, and to continue the same in full force and effect until the final decision of this court in this cause or until the same is modified by order of this court."

In addition to asking for this explanation, Mr. O'Brien on behalf of Mr. Conway moved for an advancement of the hearing in the case. It is expected that a date in April will be fixed later by the court.

AUGUSTA-ATLANTIC COAST LINE. 9:15 A. M. Drawing Room-State Room Cars Daily. Superior Roadway. 1218 Broadway. —Advt.

Spring Fashion Number

An additional rotogravure section containing reproductions of photographs of the Newest Fashions taken exclusively for The New York Times, together with authoritative articles reflecting the latest things in Paris and in America that the well-dressed woman will wear. In

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

Order next Sunday's Times today. The Times is always sold out early.

COUNTESS SZECHENYI ILL WITH SMALLPOX

Contracted the Disease While Nursing War Victims in a Budapest Hospital.

SHE IS NOW RECOVERING

Wants Again to Resume Duties When Well—Left One Hospital to Nurse Contagious Cases.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 8.—It has just become known in Budapest, according to private advices received today in London, dated March 3, that Countess Laszlo Széchényi, formerly Miss Gladys Vanderbilt, daughter of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt of New York, contracted smallpox and has been dangerously ill for the past fortnight.

The Countess was nursing in a Budapest military hospital when she fell ill. She had been doing nursing work since the beginning of the war, and never ceased her voluntary duties when cases of infectious disease such as smallpox, typhoid, and even cholera, began to be of almost daily occurrence in military hospitals.

The Countess was working in a private mansion loaned for hospital purposes in the Lendvay Utcza in Budapest, and, leaving there, attended to the men brought in with smallpox.

A fortnight ago she fell ill with the disease. She was at once taken home to her mansion in Andrassy Avenue. For two weeks her condition was serious. News in regard to it was not made public until March 3, when the Countess's medical advisers stated that she was doing well and that she would, it was expected, leave home in a few days.

The Countess is said to have expressed a wish to return to her duties at the Lendvay Utcza hospital as soon as she recovers entirely.

The relatives here of the Countess Széchényi had not been informed of her illness up to last night. Her mother, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, 1 West Fifty-seventh Street, said she did not know her daughter had been ill. Members of the Vanderbilt family said they presumed the information had been withheld at the request of the Countess herself, who probably feared that her mother would have been unduly alarmed for her safety.

"This is news to me," said Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., when he saw the cablegram concerning his sister. "I had not heard from her for some time, but supposed she was in her usual good health. My last letter from my sister came about six weeks ago. She was then busy with her hospital work, and I think she mentioned the fact that she and the Count had given up their home for use as a military hospital. We were not worried when we did not hear from my sister in the meantime, believing she was too busy to write because of her self-imposed duties in the hospital."

Count Széchényi is with his regiment in the Hungarian Army.

GIRL SHOOTS HERSELF IN SPEEDING TAXICAB

"Gladys Montague" on Card She Carried—Wounded at Columbus Circle.

A well dressed young woman hailed Michael Scallon, a taxicab chauffeur, at Forty-sixth Street and Eighth Avenue shortly before 1 o'clock this morning and directed him to drive her to 145th Street and Broadway. In Columbus Circle, Scallon heard the report of a revolver shot and turned about to see the woman clutching a revolver which she held pressed against her side.

"Hurry me to a hospital," she cried, as Scallon turned. "I've shot myself."

Policeman Kelly of the West Forty-seventh Street Station, who also had heard the report, jumped aboard the cab and had Scallon drive to Roosevelt Hospital. There Dr. Birmingham took charge of the woman, who was senseless. She had shot herself in the abdomen.

In her purse was found a card on which was written the name Gladys Montague. Beneath it was written:

My darling Gladys—I love you and you alone with all my heart. CHARLIE.

Beneath this was a telephone number. An attempt had been made to erase the name Gladys Montague.

The number was that of the office of Henry W. Savage, the theatrical producer. Apparently the woman is an actress, for another card bore her name, and after it the words, "with Mme. Hawtry."

"Who's Who in Music and Drama" show that a Gladys Montague played in the cast of "The Old Firm" at the Harris Theatre in February, 1913.

1 TO 10 ON FIVE-YEAR WAR.

Brooks's Club Adds Another Entry to Notable Betting Book.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 8.—One of the most famous betting books in London is a musty volume wherein members of the Brooks's Club have recorded for more than a century and a quarter their wagers upon all sorts of questions, including the duration of the war or the fall of a Ministry. The last bet appearing in its pages is £50 to £5 that the present war will be over before five years.

Among earlier entries, when odds were laid and taken upon the duration of the war with the American colonies and the outcome of the struggle with France, the name of Charles James Fox continually appears.

So Easy, Comfortable, Youthful and Stylish! SPENCER'S improved Kryptok or Toric Eyeglasses, with "Ilikit" guards. 7 Maiden Lane. —Advt.

ALLIES AIDED GREECE BY $4,000,000 LOAN

Paris Journal Reveals Significant Help—Advances to Belgium and Serbia, Not to Italy.

ATHENS CRISIS IS ACUTE

Zaimjs Refuses to Form a Cabinet—Italian Premier's Words Hint of Entrance Into War.

PARIS, March 8.—The Temps today gives details of the advances already made or to be made by France, Great Britain, and Russia to the small allied countries, as agreed upon by the Finance Ministers of the three powers during their recent conference in Paris.

The total advances for the present, according to the newspaper, are to be 1,350,000,000 francs, ($270,000,000,) which amount is to be borne equally by the three powers.

The following powers have already received advances: Belgium, 250,000,000 francs, ($50,000,000;) Serbia, 185,000,000 francs, ($37,000,000;) Greece, 20,000,000 francs, ($4,000,000,) and Montenegro, 500,000 francs, ($100,000.) There remains to be advanced 894,500,000 francs, ($178,900,000,) which will be divided between Serbia and Belgium.

France, The Temps says, will take care of Russia's share for the present by placing sums against grain to be bought in Russia for French account. A bill no wbefore the French Parliament, authorizes this arrangement.

When David Lloyd George, Chancellor of the British Exchequer, told the House of Commons on Feb. 15 how the Allies planned to finance the conflict, he referred to "a number of small States which are compelled to look to the greater countries in the alliance for financial support," and expressly mentioned Belgium and Serbia. Then he added this significant sentence:

"There are also other States preparing for war."

It was assumed at the time that he meant Italy and Rumania, the latter having even then obtained a loan in London. There was no suggestion that Greece was to be aided by the Allies.

ZAIMIS WON'T FORM CABINET.

King Constantine Will Ask Gounaris to Undertake the Task.

LONDON, Tuesday, March 9.—A Reuter dispatch from Athens says that M. Zaimis has declined to form a Cabinet to succeed that of M. Venizelos, which resigned Saturday, and that King Constantine will summon M. Gounaris, Deputy for Patras, for the task.

The Athens correspondent of The Times, discussing the resignation of Premier Venizelos and his Cabinet, says:

"M. Venizelos was convinced that Greece, without running any risks, would, by the dispatch of even a small military and naval force, have acquired not only prestige, but also the right to demand territorial compensations which would complete the Greek national unity. Besides this M. Venizelos wished, by co-operation with the Entente powers, to assure Greece of their support in case she should be attacked by the two central powers, who, if they should invade Serbia, might be tempted to advance to the Aegean Sea."

ROME, March 8.—Special dispatches to Italian newspapers from Athens describe the situation in Greece as grave.

Some of the correspondents express the belief that the present deadlock between King Constantine and many of his advisers regarding the country's intervention in the war is the result of antagonism which had arisen between the ruler and Eleutherios Venizelos, Premier in the Cabinet which resigned Saturday after its declaration in favor of joining the Allies, was frowned upon by the King.

Other correspondents are of the opinion that the intervention of Greece on the side of the Allies already has been agreed upon and that the crisis which now is apparent is artificial, having been arranged to make it easier for King Constantine to decide against Germany, to which he has felt under some obligation for family and political reasons. The influence of Germany is supposed to have been responsible in a considerable measure for Greece obtaining possession of Kavala and Saloniki, on the Aegean Sea, at the end of the Balkan war.

ITALIAN PREMIER HINTS WAR.

Salandra's Words Thought to Mean Action Is Imminent.

ROME, (via Paris), March 8.—Premier Salandra went to Gaeta yesterday to inaugurate the new military harbor there. The ceremony was attended by Senators and deputies. General Morra, representing the army and navy, thanked the Premier for being present and concluded with these words:

"If the leaders tell us to stay, we will stay; if they tell us to march we will march, always and everywhere in the name of the King of Italy."

These words created such enthusiasm that Premier Salandra rose and embraced the General, whereupon the enthusiasm was increased.

The Premier in replying to General Morra's remarks said that, although it might be "with anguish," all Italians would do their duty, with God's help, under the King's orders, for the glory of the fatherland.

Many of those present expressed the opinion that the words "with anguish" meant that negotiations to have the Italian national aspirations satisfied and the country's rights recognized had failed and that thus there must be recourse to other means to attain the object.

Premier Salandra's words were greeted by an ovation. The enthusiasm of the crowd reached its climax when Mgr. Niola, Archbishop of Gaeta, while they were in the cathedral waved before the Premier the sacred flag of the Venetian fleet which in 1571 triumphed over the Turks at Lepanto.

The return of the Premier to Rome

Continued on Page 2.

QUIET CONFIDENCE THE GERMAN NOTE

Belief in Ultimate Victory, Probably Within the Current Year, Is Universal.

ALL BANK ON HINDENBURG

His Prowess Expected to Beat Russia, After Which France Is Scheduled to Sue for Peace.

BRITAIN'S TURN COMES LAST

"God Punish England!" Now Substituted for "Auf Wiedersehen!"—Country Feels Economic Pinch.

From a Staff Correspondent of THE TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—To the neutral American, intent only on finding out the truth, the most thought-provoking feature here (overlooked by foreign correspondents because of its very featureless obviousness) is the fact that Germany today is more confident of winning than at any time in the three months I have been here. This confidence must not be confused with cocksureness; it is rather the "looking forward with quiet confidence to ultimate victory," as General von Heeringen phrased it. Even more important is the corollary that, while the Germans have apparently never had any doubt that they would win out in the end, this "ultimate victory" does not seem so far off to them today as it did three months ago.

To one who has had an opportunity of personally sounding the undercurrents of German public opinion, this quiet optimism that has become noticeable only in the past few weeks (totally different in character from the enthusiasm that followed the declaration of war) has seemed particularly significant. Three months ago I was incessantly asked by Germans "how the situation looked to an American," and "how long I thought the war would last." When left to answer their own question, they almost invariably remarked: "It may last a long while yet." Today neutral opinion is no longer anxiously or even eagerly sought. The temporary need for this sort of moral support seems to have passed, and there are many indications that the well-informed layman expects 1915 to see the wind-up of the war, while I have talked with not a few professional men who have expressed the opinion that the war will be over by Summer—except against England.

This unanimous exception is significant because it indicates that to the German mind the war with Russia and France is, in prize-ring parlance, a twenty-round affair which can and will be won on points, whereas with England it is a championship fight to a finish, to be settled only by a knockout. The idea is that Russia will be eliminated as a serious factor by late Spring at the latest, and then, Westward Ho! when France will not prolong the agony unduly, but will seize the first psychological moment that offers peace with honor, leaving Germany free to fight it out with the real enemy, England, though as to how, when, and where the end will come, there is less certainty and agreement. Some think that the knockout will be delivered in the shadow of the Pyramids; others, and probably the majority, believe that the winning blow must and will be delivered on English soil itself.

Not a War, but a Crusade.

Time here is no factor, for the war against England is taking on increasingly an almost religious character; from the German point of view, it will soon be, not a war, but a crusade. I get one clue to this in the new phrase of leave-taking that has gained an astounding currency in the past few weeks. Instead of saying "Good-bye" or "Auf Wiedersehen," the German now says: "God punish England!" to which the equally fervent rejoinder is "May He do so!" This new polite formula for leave-taking originated among the officers and men in the field, but you hear it on all sides now, uttered with a sincerity and earnestness that is peculiarly impressive. The new style of saying "good-bye" has at least the merit of being no longer a perfunctory piece of rhetoric.

This optimism is no nation-wide attack of insanity; for the German, thorough even in forming his opinions, is the last person in the world to harbor delusions, and there is a perfect realization of the titanic task that still confronts Germany. Nor is this confidence in ultimate victory due to lack of information or to being kept in the dark by the "iron censorship," for the "iron censorship" is itself a myth. It is liberal, even judged by democratic standards, and surprisingly free from red tape. There is no embargo on the importation of foreign newspapers; even the anti-German journals of neutral countries have free entry and circulation, while at a number of well-known cosmopolitan cafés you can alway. read The London Times and The Daily Chronicle, only three days old, and for a small cash consideration the waiter will generally be able to produce from his pocket a Figaro, not much older. Not only English and French, but even more, the Italian, Dutch, and Scandinavian papers are widely read and digested by Germans, while the German papers not only print prominently the French official communiqués, the Russian communiqués when available, and interesting chunks from the British "eyewitness" official reports, but most of their feature stories—the vivid, detailed war news—come from allied sources via correspondents in neutral countries. The German censor's task is here a relatively simple one, for German war correspondents never allow professional enthusiasm to run away

Continued on Page 3.

THOUSANDS ON SHORE SEE SHIP BLOWN UP

British Collier Bengrove Is Sunk Without Warning In Bristol Channel.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ILFRACOMBE, England, March 8, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—Struck either by a torpedo or a mine, the Liverpool steamer Bengrove sank in the Bristol Channel yesterday in full view of thousands of persons gathered on shore. The Bengrove left Larry at 4 o'clock on Sunday morning under sealed orders, and with a cargo of 5,000 tons of coal. All went well until she was about five miles off Ilfracombe, when a heavy explosion occurred, apparently under the very bottom of the vessel, about midships.

The crew at once set the steamer's siren going and took to the boats. Their signal was heard on shore, and the Ilfracombe coast guard at once ordered out lifeboats. At the time of the explosion there were twenty-one steamers in the vicinity. Six of them remained to render assistance to the Bengrove.

The Paignton of Liverpool was the first to come up, and she picked up the crew, numbering thirty-three men, and transferred them to a lifeboat and they were brought to Ilfracombe. The men were in a pitiable condition. They were very scantily clad, and there was a piercing east wind blowing.

Captain Baker declined to say whether his vessel was torpedoed or struck a mine, but he said there was nothing on board to cause an explosion. The general opinion of the crew was that the vessel had struck a mine. She sank in about five minutes, and thousands of persons watched her disappear. The weather was clear and the sea smooth.

By The Associated Press.

ILFRACOMBE, England, March 8.—Describing the sinking of the Bengrove here yesterday, the Captain of the ship said:

"We had no warning. There was a loud explosion forward, which threw everybody on board off their feet and covered them with debris and coal, but nobody was seriously hurt. We took to the boats quickly and orderly. We watched the ship sink and then came ashore through the agency of the Paignton."

LONDON, March 8.—The Admiralty announces that the British collier Bengrove was sunk on Sunday, probably by a torpedo, off Ilfracombe, which lies ten miles northwest of Barnstaple, County Devon, England.

County Devon is between the Bristol Channel and the English Channel and next to Cornwall, which forms the extreme of the southwestern peninsula. Ilfracombe is on the north or Bristol Channel side, just where it opens into St. George's Channel and the Atlantic.

'SPECIAL RESTRAINT' FOR SUBMARINE CREWS

England to Segregate Prisoners from the U-8 and May Put Them on Trial After the War.

LONDON, March 8.—The Admiralty announces that it is not justified in extending honors to the captured crews of German submarines, owing to their methods, and that it is intended to segregate them under special restrictions, pending their possible conviction at the conclusion of peace.

The Admiralty states that this ruling applies to the twenty-nine officers and men of the German submarine U-8, which was sunk recently off Dover.

The policy to be adopted toward the crews of German submarines is in answer to the demand of Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, retired, and others, that such men be tried for murder, and the Admiralty statement indicates that the Government has this in mind. The statement refers to the generous treatment accorded to German officers and men saved, numbering upward of 1,000, and then says with reference to the U-8:

"This vessel has been operating in the Straits of Dover and in the English Channel, and there is a strong probability that she has been guilty of attacking and sinking unarmed merchantmen and firing torpedoes at ships carrying noncombatants, neutrals, and women. In particular the steamer Oriole is missing, and there is grave reason to fear that she has been sunk with all hands—twenty.

"There is, of course, great difficulty in bringing home particular crimes to any individual German submarine, and it may be that the evidence necessary to establish conviction will not be obtained until after the conclusion of peace. Meantime persons against whom such charges are pending must be subject to a special restriction, and cannot be accorded the distinction of their rank or be allowed to mingle with other prisoners of war."

A report received from Rear Admiral The Hon. Horace Hood on the sinking of the U-8, as made public by the Admiralty, shows that the submarine was finally destroyed by the torpedo boat destroyers Gurkha and Maori. The other destroyers which took part in the hunt were the Viking, Nubian, Mohawk, Falcon, Kangaroo, Cossack, Leven, Fawn, and Ure. The operations were directed by the officer commanding the flotilla, Capt. C. D. Johnson, and were marked by skill and promptitude, according to the report.

17 OF CREW KILLED IN FALL OF ZEPPELIN

Airship Crashed Into Trees and Was Destroyed When Motors Went Wrong.

AMSTERDAM, (via London,) March 8.—The Telegraaf's Tirlemont, Belgium, correspondent, in a dispatch confirms the report of the destruction there last Thursday of Zeppelin airship L-8, which was forced to make a hurried descent owing to a derangement of its motors.

The correspondent says the airship came into collision with some trees and smashed its cars, and that seventeen of its crew of forty-one men were killed.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER 50c the case of six glass stoppered bottles. —Advt.

MANY SHIPS HIT AS THEY PUSH ON IN DARDANELLES

British Open Direct Fire on the Main Positions and Force Way Further In.

MORE FORTS ARE SILENCED

Effective Fire at 21,000 Yards Against Batteries on the Asiatic Side.

SOME CASUALTIES AFLOAT

But Turks' Fire Does Little Damage—Defenders Lack Ammunition—Seaplanes Do Good Work.

LONDON, Tuesday, March 9.—The Admiralty last night made public the following statement concerning the operations of the allied fleet in the Dardanelles:

"The operations against the Dardanelles are progressing in fine weather.

"Vice Admiral Sackville H. Carden reports that on the sixth of March the battleship Queen Elizabeth, supported by the battleships Agamemnon and Ocean, began an attack on Forts Hamidieh i Tabia and Hamidieh 3, which are marked on the Admiralty map as Forts U and V, by indirect fire across the Gallipoli Peninsula, firing at 21,000 yards.

"These forts are armed as follows—Fort U, two 14-inch guns and seven 9.4 guns; Fort V, two 14-inch, one 9.4, one 8.2, and four 4.9 inch guns.

"The Queen Elizabeth was replied to by howitzers and field guns, and three shells from the field guns struck her, without, however, causing any damage.

"Meanwhile, inside the Straits, the battleships Vengeance, Albion, Majestic, and Prince George, and the French battleship Suffren fired on the Souain Dere and Mount Dardanus batteries, marked F and E on the Admiralty map, and were fired on by a number of concealed guns.

"Fort Rumilieh Medjidieh Tabia, (marked J on the Admiralty map,) which had been attacked on the previous day, opened fire, and was engaged and hit by twelve-inch shells.

Most of the Ships Struck.

"A majority of the ships in the Straits were struck by shells, but there was no serious damage done, and no casualties resulted.

"On March 7, the weather continuing calm and fine, four French battleships—the Gaulois, Charlemagne, Bouvet, and Suffren—entered the Straits to cover the direct bombardment of the defenses of the narrows by the Agamemnon and Lord Nelson. The French ships engaged the Mount Dardanus battery and various concealed guns, silencing the former.

"The Agamemnon and Lord Nelson then advanced and engaged the forts at the narrows at from 14,000 down to 12,000 yards by direct fire.

"Forts Rumilieh Medjidieh Tabia and Hamidieh Tabia (marked U) were both silenced after a heavy bombardment. Explosions occurred in both forts.

"Fort L has not fired since the explosion on the 5th.

"The Gaulois, Agamemnon, and Lord Nelson were each struck three times, but the damage done was not serious. The Lord Nelson had three men slightly wounded.

"While these operations were in progress the British light cruiser Dublin continued to watch the Bulair Isthmus. She was fired at by 4-inch guns and struck three or four times.

Casualties to Seaplanes.

"Owing to the importance of locating concealed guns, the seaplanes had to fly very low at times.

"On the 4th inst., a seaplane (pilot Flight Lieut. Garna and observer Lieut. Commander Williamson) became unstable and fell into the sea. Both officers were injured. Flight Lieut. Douglas, reconnoitering at close quarters in another seaplane, was wounded, but returned safely.

"On the fifth Seaplane No. 172, (pilot, Flight Lieut. Bromet, with Lieut. Brown,) was hit twenty-eight times, and Seaplane No. 7, (pilot, Flight Lieut. Hershaw, with Petty Officer Merchant,) was struck eight times in locating concealed positions.

"The Ark Royal, the mother ship for seaplanes, is equipped with every appliance necessary for the repair and maintenance of the numerous air craft she carries."

Turks Allege Success.

A dispatch from Amsterdam to Reuter's Telegram Company says the following official statement was given out yesterday in Constantinople:

"The British ships Majestic and Irresistible have reinforced the enemy's fleet.

"The fire of our batteries put a French armored cruiser out of action and damaged a British armored cruiser.

"Owing to our bombardment the hostile ships retreated and ceased their fire. Our batteries suffered no damage."

Little Done, Says German.

BERLIN, (via London), Tuesday, March 9.—In a wireless dispatch from the Dardanelles timed 10 o'clock Monday morning, the Lokal Anzeiger's correspondent in describing the bombardment of the forts in the Strait says there is no excitement.

"Only a few shots have been fired from the shore batteries," the correspondent adds. "Not one-tenth of the batteries have yet replied to the allied fleet's fire, as the artillery commander has forbidden them to do so. Yet the few shots fired have had remarkable results. British ships have been hit twice.

"The British fire about sixty shells every hour, and scarcely a single shot finds its mark. The heaviest guns on both sides of the strait have not once replied to this waste of powder by the Biritish, who have had still less luck in their attempts to land troops. Wherever they appear they are driven back to the water with important losses.

"Although at least 8,000 shells of the heaviest calibre have already been fired by the enemy, the result obtained is only the destruction of two ancient works, defended by old guns, at the entrance of the strait. The forts proper of the Dardanelles are still intact."

French Official Report.

PARIS, March 8.—The French Ministry of Marine tonight issued the following statement concerning operations in the Dardanelles:

"Four French battleships, the Suffren, Gaulois, Charlemagne, and Bouvet, and two British battleships, the Agamemnon and Lord Nelson, entered the Dardanelles on March 7.

"While the British battleships bombarded at long distance the forts of the narrows separating Chanak and Kilid-Bahr, the French battleships covered them by bombarding the batteries of Mount Dardands and Souain Dere and concealed batteries that were silenced.

"Forts Rumilieh Medjidieh Tabia on the European side and Hamidieh Tabia on the Asiatic side replied to the fire of the British battleships, but also were destroyed."

A dispatch to the Havas Agency from Rome says:

"The Rome Messaggero's Bucharest correspondent telegraphs that the Turkish Army is short of rifle and artillery ammunition, and says this fact explains the feeble defense of the Turkish Dardanelles forts.

"The Turkish Army in Europe, the dispatch adds, is well equipped, but lacks food and ammunition.

"Orders have been given to economize in the use of ammunition, since Rumania refuses to allow Austrian consignments to pass through to Turkey."

ASKED THE RUSSIAN ADMIRAL TO LEAD

Allies' Reply to Suggestion that Dardanelles Might Be Surrendered to Britain.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, March 8 (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—I hear that when the allied squadron threatened to force the Dardanelles a supreme council of war was summoned at Constantinople. It was attended by the members of the Ottoman Government, and the German masters of Constantinople were present. From the decision arrived at it is very evident that the Germans dictated it.

It was decided that if the Dardanelles defenses were overcome terms should be offered at once to England—that Turkey should throw herself on the tender mercies of England and endeavor to save the imperial city at the price of tamely surrendering the guardianship of the Dardanelles in perpetuity to England.

The obvious intention of such a proposal was to sow discord among the Allies.

Whether these terms were ever brought to the notice of the British Admiral or the Government in England I do not know, but probably something was known on the spot, for action of a striking character was immediately taken.

The Russian cruiser Askold joined her flag to the British and French. This alone was quite sufficient, but care was taken still further to emphasize the perfect solidarity between the Allies.

Naval international custom in the case of allied squadrons operating together is very strict, and before operations are begun great care is taken by the respective Governments regarding the seniority of commanders, for upon this question the supreme control of the combined forces by a polite fiction is made to rest. Naturally, it nearly always is arranged that the flag which covers the largest force shall have the supreme command and that this flag everywhere takes the lead.

On the present occasion a striking and significant departure was made from immemorial practice. The Askold was gracefully invited to take the Russian flag into the Dardanelles ahead of the Allies. Nothing more needs be said, for deeds speak more loudly than words.

Germany's last hope was possible dissension between the Allies precisely on this age-old trouble of the possession of the Dardanelles. More than any other this question has kept the Ottoman empire alive for generations. It is now settled for all practical purposes.

SMYRNA FORTS SILENCED.

British Vessels Sweep Their Way Through the Mine Fields.

LONDON, March 8.—The Admiralty announces that the Commander in Chief of the East Indies Squadron, Vice Admiral Sir Richard Peirse, has reported further on his operations before Smyrna.

From the report it appears that, having bombarded Fort Yeni Kale on March 5 and severely damaged it, the Admiral proceeded on March 6 to sweep his way through the mine fields until he drew the fire of several subsidiary batteries—one containing four 6-inch guns, near Paleo Tabia Point; another with five 4.7 guns, 150 feet up the hillside, and three field guns in the earthworks in the Chiflik guardhouse. There were also several smaller guns concealed along the shore to the eastward.

These positions were engaged by the ships at from 7,000 to 8,000 yards. The batteries replied vigorously, but, after one hour's firing, all were silenced.

In the afternoon the ships steamed in to closer range and engaged the Paleo Tabia battery and the other batteries on the hill. The fire was continued until all were put out of action.

Vice Admiral Peirse reports that the cruiser Euryalus and one of the battleships were hit by six-inch projectiles and that the mine-sweepers were struck by fragments of shells, but that the British casualties were slight.

The Admiral says the operations are continuing.

TURKS IN A PANIC.

Russian Capital Hears of Growing Discontent in Constantinople.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, March 8, (Dispatch to The London Daily Telegraph.)—The news which has reached Odessa is that the situation in Constantinople is very critical. Panic grows daily, and the banks are hurriedly transferring their valuables to Broussa. Large business houses are preparing to close their doors and many inhabitants are leaving.

Popular discontent is increasing steadily. A few days ago an appeal, with the following text, was posted in one of the principal streets:

"True Sons of Islam, reflect! Why are you leaving your country to disaster? Stop the war which is accomplishing our final ruin!"

Frantic efforts are being made by the Government and press to allay the prevailing fears. It has been announced that a splendid army, which can oppose the progress of a quarter of a million men, has been brought together in the Dardanelles.

Having abandoned all hope of restoring the efficiency of the cruiser Goeben the Government has taken out her eleven-inch guns and mounted them at the narrowest part of the Straits, near Cape Nagara. Fugitives from the Dardanelles are not permitted to enter Constantinople, but are advised to go inland.

The Russian Navigation and Trading Company at Odessa has received advices that last week a bloody affray between Turkish and German officers took place in one of the streets of Constantinople. The Turks attacked their allies and in the scuffle which ensued some were killed and many wounded. The German officers are said to be greatly alarmed at the situation and are sending their families away.

BRITISH KILLED 900 TURKS.

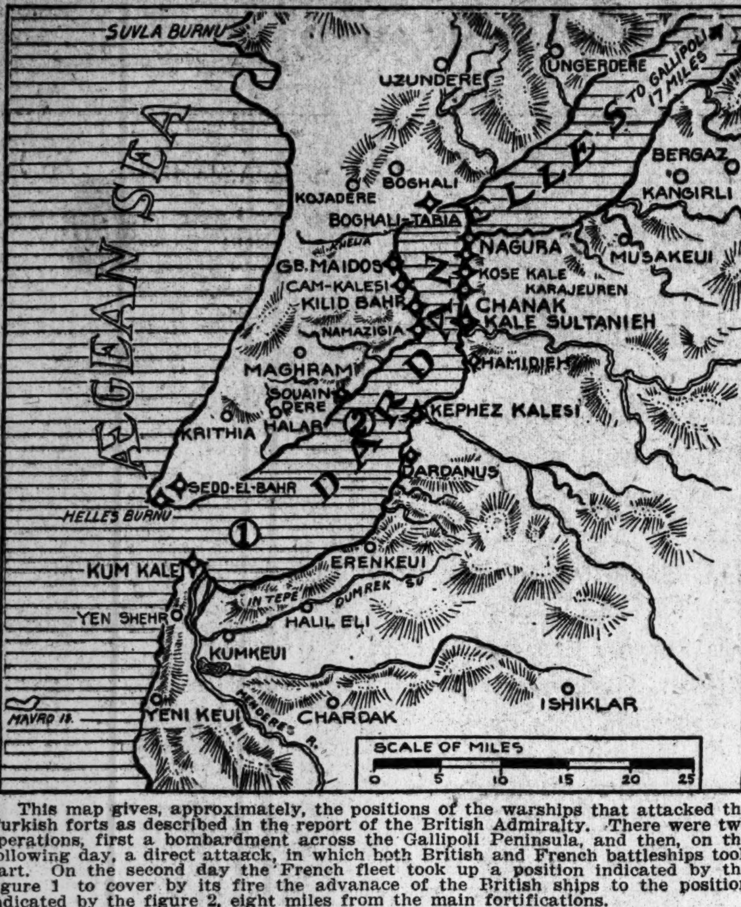
Fighting at Head of Persian Gulf More Serious Than Supposed.

LONDON, March 8.—In a statement issued this evening regarding the recent fighting between British troops and Turkish forces at the head of the Persian Gulf, the Official Press Bureau said:

"The enemy's losses near Ahwaz, in Khuzistan, (Khoristan,) on March 3 were heavier than previously reported. Six hundred were killed and many were wounded.

"In the action on the western flank the enemy lost 300 men killed."

How Allies Are Bombarding Dardanelles Forts.



This map gives, approximately, the positions of the warships that attacked the Turkish forts as described in the report of the British Admiralty. There were two operations, first a bombardment across the Gallipoli Peninsula, and then, on the following day, a direct attaack, in which both British and French battleships took part. On the second day the French fleet took up a position indicated by the figure 1 to cover by its fire the advanace of the British ships to the position indicated by the figure 2, eight miles from the main fortifications.

PORTS ON BLACK SEA DESTROYED BY RUSSIANS

Bombardment of Three Places Followed by Explosion and Fire—Shipping Destroyed.

LONDON March 8.—On behalf of the Russian Naval General Staff, the Official Press Bureau tonight made the following announcement:

"On Sunday our fleet bombarded Zunguldiak, Kozlon, and Kilimli, ports on the Black Sea, destroying all structures and plants for the shipment of coal.

"The bombardment was followed by a terrific explosion and fire.

"Four batteries were silenced and eight steamers destroyed.

"Our casualties were three men wounded."

THE EX-SULTAN FREE.

Abdul Hamid Said to be Gathering His Supporters Together.

LONDON, March 8.—One of the most picturesque bits of the day's news is a report from Bucharest, Rumania, stating that the ex-Sultan, Abdul Hamid, has regained his freedom and is gathering his friends and supporters around him.

It is asserted that he may seek to play an important part in his country's affairs.

FOUND GERMAN DUMDUMS.

Alleged Discovery Made by British After Battle in Egypt.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CAIRO, March 8, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—The battlefield on the eastern bank of the Suez Canal yielded evidence of yet another instance in which Germans, and the Turks, too, violated the rules of civilized warfare.

First, a large quantity of ammunition fell into the hands of the British, nearly the whole of it being for rifles and revolvers. These cartridges are all dumdums. The revolver cartridges have a flat leaden nose and four slits in the body of the bullet. On the base of both kinds of cartridge are the letters "D. W. M.," indicating that they were manufactured by the Deutsche Waffen und Munition Fabriken, a large German concern which manufactures Mauser rifles, and the ammunition packets that contained them are, in the case of the rifle ammunition, marked "Fertig metall Patronen," or ready metal cartridges, together with the name "Calcutta," and the description "Ausfuhrgut," or goods for export.

The cartridges were doubtless originally made there for the use of sportsmen in India, and it is at present a mystery how these cartridges came into the hands of the Turkish soldiers.

BERNSTORFF DEFENDS TURKS.

Trouble Among Jews in Palestine Due to Overzealous Officials.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, issued a statement today declaring that tolerance toward all religious beliefs had been displayed by the Turkish Government and that the disturbances of which the Jews in Palestine were victims were caused by the overzealousness of local Turkish authorities.

The Ambassador said:

"Of late numerous alarming reports concerning the situation of the Jewish population of Palestine have arrived here. Several times I have published official news, to which I can add today:

"The Government in Constantiople has, since the outbreak of war, strictly adhered to its traditional tolerant attitude toward all religions, and there has never been an anti-Jewish or anti-Zionistic feeling in Constantinople."

The Ambassador said that there had been no excesses "which could not be entirely repaired," adding:

"The expulsion of several thousands of Jews from Palestine has also, without permission from Constantinople, been ordered by local military authorities, who did not wish to allow Jews of foreign nationality to remain there. The Turkish Government, however, has now taken severe measures, and has recalled the official who is chiefly to blame for the unrest among the Jewish population.

"The German Ambassador in Constantinople, closely co-operating with Ambassador Morgenthau, has, during all this time, given much attention to the Jewish question, and has urged the German Consular officials in Turkey to report regularly on local events. The Zionistic representatives in Palestine, as well as in Constantinople, have also been given opportunity to make representations to the Turkish Government through the intermediary of the German Ambassador and Ambassador Morgenthau. It will, therefore, in future, be possible to prevent any local anti-Jewish agitation."

BRITISH SEAPLANES DROP BOMBS ON OSTEND

Submarine Repair Base and the Kursaal, Military Headquarters, Believed to Be Badly Damaged.

LONDON, March 8.—The Admiralty tonight issued the following statement:

"Wing Commander Longmore reports that an air attack on Ostend was carried out yesterday afternoon by six aeroplanes of the naval wing. Of these two had to return owing to their petrol freezing. The remainder reached Ostend and dropped eleven bombs on the submarine repair base and four bombs on the Kursaal, the headquarters of the military.

"All the machines and pilots returned. It is probable that considerable damage was done. No submarines were seen in the basin. The attack was carried out in a fresh north-northwest wind."

AUSTRIA PLACATING ITALY?

Berlin Reports Less Tension Since Negotiations Were Begun.

BERLIN, (via London,) March 8.—It is announced in diplomatic quarters that a decided relaxation of tension in the Austro-Italian situation is noticeable. This is attributable probably to the initiation of direct negotiations between the two countries in response to the Austrian overtures.

How far the negotiations have progressed and whether tangible results have been obtained, has not been learned, but it is believed improbable in diplomatic circles that any decisive result has been reached.

TISZA MAY BE CHANCELLOR.

Hungarian Premier to be Dual Empire's Foreign Secretary, It Is Said.

LONDON, March 8.—A dispatch from Amsterdam to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that, according to Vienna telegrams, Count Stephan Tisza, the Hungarian Premier, will soon be appointed Austro-Hungarian Foreign Secretary.

The dispatches further add that the title of Imperial Chancellor will be conferred on him, and that he will be vested with powers similar to those held by the German Imperial Chancellor.

BRITISH COTTON RULE FREES $5,000,000

American Shippers to Lose Nothing on Sales Made to Neutrals Before March 2.

BUT MUST SAIL THIS MONTH

Even Cargoes Insured Before March 2 to Go Free—England to Pay for Seizures.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Arrangements were perfected with the British Government today by which cotton worth more than $5,000,000 will be cared for by that Government without loss to American shippers, if shipped to neutral ports this month, even though the vessels carrying such cargoes may have left American ports after the so-called British embargo against shipments to and from Germany went into effect.

This so-called embargo became operative on March 1. It did not apply to cotton on the high seas on that date, because the cargoes of such vessels, if bound for German ports, were not to be confiscated, but were to be taken to Liverpool and paid for by the British Government.

But on the assurances previously given by the British Government that cotton would have the freedom of the seas, contracts of sale and freight engagements for other cotton shipments to neutral ports had been made before the British restrictive measures went into effect, although the cotton for one reason or another had not been actually put aboard ships. The matter was taken up with the State Department by shippers, and through Robert F. Rose, the foreign trade adviser of the department, and by direction of Secretary Bryan, it was brought to the attention of the British Ambassador.

The Ambassador cabled a statement of the situation to his Government, and the result was an arrangement by which contracts, &c., made before March 2 might be cared for without loss to American shippers. The answer of the British Government reached Washington today and was presented at a conference held between the British Ambassador, Mr. Rose, Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia, and a group of cotton shippers. The temporary arrangements by which this class of cotton contracts and insurance and freight engagements will be cared for were later announced in this statement from the British Embassy:

Many inquiries have been received as to the treatment to be accorded to cotton shipped to Europe in view of the restrictive measures proposed to be taken by the allied Governments.

As already announced, there is no question of confiscating cotton cargoes that may come within the scope of Order in Council to be issued.

The following arrangement has been come to in London as to cotton consigned to neutral ports only:

First—All cotton for which contracts of sale and freight engagements had already been made before March 2 to be allowed free, (or bought at contract price if stopped,) provided ship sails not later than March 31.

Second—Similar treatment to be accorded to all cotton insured before March 2, provided it is put on board not later than March 16.

Third—All shipments of cotton claiming above protection to be declared before sailing, and documents produced to and certificates obtained from consular officers or other authority fixed by Governments.

Ships or cargoes consigned to enemy ports will not be allowed to proceed.

CHUBB GOT COTTON RULING.

Underwriter Found British Officials Anxious to Give Us Justice.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 8.—The first of the concessions which it is probable the British Government will make to American interests in its application of the reprisal policy against Germany is the guarantee which has been given to Percy Chubb of Chubb & Son, underwriters of New York and London, amounting roughly to the fact that cotton which was sold or insured before March 2, and sailing within the month, would be allowed to pass unstopped by British warships, or, if stopped, would be paid for by the Government at the contract price. This agreement was made in a conference which took place on Saturday at the Admiralty, and which Mr. Chubb attended on behalf of American underwriters. Speaking to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, Mr. Chubb, whose brother is a member of the American War Insurance Bureau, said: "The matter was arranged in a very satisfactory fashion, very justly and remarkably promptly. I found all the British officials courteous and anxious to do what they could. I have cabled the full details to New York."

THE PACIFIC AT ROTTERDAM.

American Cotton Ship Finally Reaches Her Destination.

BOSTON, March 8.—The American steamship Pacific, which was detained by the British authorities at Deal, England, reached Rotterdam, her destination, yesterday, according to a cablegram received here today.

She will discharge her cargo of cotton immediately and then proceed to Tyne to coal for her return trip

PRIZE RULING FOR NEUTRALS.

Court Holds That Belligerents Can't Requisition Their Goods.

LONDON, March 8.—No belligerent Government has a right to requisition a cargo belonging to a neutral Government, according to a decree given out by the Prize Court today.

The question at issue arose over 1,000 tons of copper sent from the United States to Gothenburg, Sweden, and destined for the use of contractors to the Swedish Government. This cargo was captured by a British warship and an ex-parte order was made by the registrar of the Prize Court releasing the copper to the British Government, which desired to requisition it for the making of guns at the Woolwich Arsenal. The Swedish owners of the copper asked the Prize Court to discharge the order of the registrar, and in spite of the opposition of the Attorney General on behalf of the Government, Sir Samuel T. Evans, President of the Admiralty Court, decided in favor of the Swedes. He said the copper ore could not be disposed of pending the prize proceedings still to come before the court.

SAILINGS FOR WAR ZONE.

Ships Leave Philadelphia with Large Grain Cargoes.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 8.—Only one ship left this port today for the war zone. It was the Elizabeth, Dutch, for Rotterdam, with a cargo of 409,137 bushels of wheat, corn, and barley.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, March 8.—The steamer Caledonia, Danish, cleared from here today for Copenhagen, via Falmouth, England.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 8.—Vessels sailing for the war zone from this port today were:

The Hanah, British, for Bordeaux, with a cargo of grain valued at $220,000.

The Emanuel Nobel, Belgian, for Avonmouth, with 100,000 gallons of refined petroleum valued at $42,920.

The Highland Monarch, British, for Bordeaux, with a cargo of grain valued at $173,500.

Seven Out of 2,855 Ships Torpedoed.

LONDON, March 8.—The British Admiralty announces that out of a total of 1,513 ships arriving at and 1,342 leaving Great Britain during the period from Feb. 18 to March 3, only seven were torpedoed by hostile submarines.

CRUCIFIX STANDS UNHARMED

And Some of the Framework of Messines Church Resists Shells.

LONDON, March 8.—With the sole exception of a crucifix, which was untouched, everything in the church at Messines, a Belgian town six miles south of Ypres, has been destroyed as the result of fire, following a bombardment of that place by heavy guns.

A report of the "eye-witness" with the British Headquarters' Staff gives a description of the remarkable resistance of mediaeval buildings to shell fire.

Great blocks of masonry were blown off the Messines church, the belfry was shot away, and the interior was burned out, but the framework, though irregular in outline and full of gaping holes, is still standing, the writer says, defiant amid the surrounding ruins. The saved crucifix is lifesize and made of plaster. It was in the centre of a very fine oak screen.

TYPHOID RAGING IN SERBIA.

Disease Epidemic Among 70,000 Austrian Prisoners—Doctors Needed.

GENEVA, March 8.—Advices received here from Serbia set forth that typhoid fever prevails among the Austrian prisoners to the number of 70,000 who are in the hands of the Serbians.

The Swiss Government has been notified by the Serbian military authorities that a Swiss doctor named Ischieder, who had been serving with the Serbian medical corps, has died of this disease. The Serbians are asking for more doctors.

Smallpox also is said to be raging among these Austrian prisoners.

DUTCH LAUD BRITISH HEROISM.

Red Cross Surgeon Marvels at the Gayety of Wounded Soldiers.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, March 8, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—A glowing tribute to the courage and cheerfulness of the British wounded who recently passed through Holland is paid by Dr. Brocx, chief of the Dutch Red Cross at Maestricht. Dr. Brocx describes his feelings when seeing all those young men so dreadfully mutilated. Then he continues:

"But, much as this spectacle hurt us inwardly, we could not let our feelings show in our faces; for their state of mind was quite contrary to our own. If their bodies were mutilated and their bodily strength diminished their spirit was strong and their appearance lively. Gladness rang in their voices when they thanked us for the refreshments offered them by the Dutch Red Cross. They smoked their pipes and sang 'Tipperary' as if they were setting out able-bodied instead of coming home thus. In a blind man's violin playing there was feeling, but not sorrow. A man who had lost both arms ate his biscuit and smoked his pipe as if he had always done it this way.

The writer thus sums up his astonishment:

"There were men who had lived in a war-hell for a couple of months, who had spent months in mortal illness, surrounded by their country's foes, nursed by people who hated their race and did not understand their language, wishes, or sorrows; and these men returned as wrecks, and did it all as I saw them, gladly, gayly, and without hatred. This is what puzzles me. Is it a special racial trait of the English people? I do not know, but I do know it is a fact."

HIGH ITALIAN OFFICER HERE.

Gen. Felice de Chaurand of the General Staff Goes to Washington.

Lieut. Gen. Felice de Chaurand of the Italian Army General Staff arrived last night from Naples on the Italian mail steamship Duca degli Abruzzi, accompanied by Capt. Mario Caccia of the Ninth Lancers. The General brought with him letters of introduction from Thomas Nelson Page, the United States Ambassador at Rome, and said that he would go to Washington today to consult with his Ambassador for further instructions, but could not say anything of his mission to this country.

On board the liner was a party of Italians sent out by their Government to be present at the opening of the Italian Building in the grounds of the Panama-Pacific Exposition in San Francisco. Among them were Commendatore Ettore Ferrari, who is a sculptor and Director of the Royal Italian Commission of Fine Arts; Professor Arduino Colosanti, Secretary of the commission, who is a mural painter, and Commendatore Marcello Piacentini, architect of the Italian pavilion at the exposition. He is accompanied by his wife, a well-known portrait painter of Rome. The party will leave for San Francisco today.

Mark Sullivan, editor of Collier's Weekly, who returned last night from Europe after a five weeks' trip through England, France, Holland, and Italy, said:

"I attempted to get into Germany from Holland, but was informed that I would have to sign an agreement that I would forever remain silent as to what I saw; so I turned back. Italy is an armed camp, all ready to enter the war, and the forcing of the Dardanelles will undoubtedly hasten her to take sides with the Allies. The best that the friends of Germany and Austria in Italy can do is to remain quiet, for any other course than siding with the Allies will bring about a revolution in Italy."

Edward Pratt of Buffalo, who returned from a six months' visit to Munich with his family, said that Germany was united, and that her people were confident that she would conquer her foes.

ALLIES AIDED GREECE BY $4,000,000 LOAN

Continued from Page 1.

was a kind of triumphal procession, the crowds acclaiming him at each station. At Cessa one person cried:

"Viva neutrality."

The Premier leaned from the window of his car and retorted:

"No, friends, cry with me 'Viva Italy.'"

This brought an outburst of applause.

FINANCIER SAYS ITALY MUST ENTER WAR NOW

Held Back By Money Problems Before—Now Must Fight to Gain Turkish Spoil.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NORTH OF FRANCE, March 8, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—I have just met an Italian acquaintance with whom I was formerly brought into contact in various visits to Italy, an important financier of sound judgment, and completely in touch with the trend of affairs and opinions in his own country. Naturally our conversation turned to the question whether Italy meant before long to intervene in the war.

"If you had put that question to me only a fortnight ago," he said, "I would have answered with a negative. I should have said: 'No, Italy will not intervene, because it has already been made absolutely clear to her that she will obtain pretty nearly all she wants at the end of the present war without the necessity of sacrificing a single soldier's life.'"

He went on:

"At the outset of the war our intervention would have been simply impossible on one side or the other, for we were not sufficiently prepared from the point of view of armaments. Since then a good deal of energy has been spent in preparations and we would now be in a position to cut an honorable figure. Our artillery is in almost perfect trim.

"But we have to consider something more than that. I am a financier and I give you my word that at the start of the war Germany was our debtor to a very considerable amount in bills of exchange and other commercial debts and naturally it would have been rather stupid to declare war on her without absolute necessity. Since then these bills have been renewed twice, first at the end of November and then at the end of February. Now the total amount exceeds £120,000,000, ($600,000,000.)

"But today the international situation is no longer what it was at the beginning of last month. The Dardanelles affair has completely changed the aspect of things for Italy. Without armed intervention we would probably have received a large compensation in Europe at the end of the war, but without armed intervention there is not the slightest reason to suppose that we would receive any share whatever in what remains of the Turkish Empire, where we have perfectly legitimate desires to extend our already great influence and to secure our own markets. It should not be forgotten, too, that our African ambitions are by no means satisfied.

"An opportune occasion, therefore, is now offered for making our claims absolutely clear and for getting them recognized. That can only be done by action. Italy's intervention cannot be long delayed. When it comes, it is important that you should recognize that Italy will come into the arena with her eyes fixed, not on Berlin or Vienna, but on the Bosporus."

BULGARIA ALSO WATCHING.

Dardanelles Events Bringing a Crisis to the Sofia Cabinet.

LONDON, Tuesday, March 9.—The Times Sofia correspondent, in a dispatch, gives what he says is an authoritative denial of the rumors that there is a Cabinet crisis in Bulgaria.

He adds, however, that the operations in the Dardanelles are being watched with intense interest, and says that it is realized that the Government soon will be confronted with fateful decisions.

GREECE AND ITALY EXPECTED TO FIGHT

Washington Diplomats Believe Both Nations Will Enter the Conflict this Month.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Many diplomats here expect that both Greece and Italy will enter the European war on the side of the Allies before the end of March. Some diplomats even professed tonight to believe that Italy was going into the war within forty-eight hours, but no information to warrant this view was known to have come to any member of the diplomatic body.

The action of Italy largely depends upon the attitude of Greece. One foreign representative expressed it in this way:

"It looks very much as if Greece would soon cast the die in favor of aiding the Allies. If Greece goes in, so will Italy."

The King of Greece, who married a sister of Emperor William, is opposed to entering the war against his brother-in-law, but it is known here that strong pressure is being brought to bear in Athens for speedy action. It is urged that Greece, by providing a strong force of troops for service in the land attack on Constantinople, would gain a title to consideration in the settlement of questions affecting the Near East growing out of the war.

If, then, Italy should not enter the struggle, she would be in no position to press for consideration her interests in the political and territorial readjustments when the conflict was over.

Troops from Greece and Italy would prove helpful in the operations against Constantinople. These will not really be needed, it is said, until the allied fleet passes into the Sea of Marmora. When that stage is reached the Greek decision is expected.

BELGIUM'S FORCES LARGER THAN EVER

All Vacancies Filled, Says Official Statement, and More Men Added.

HAVRE, via Paris, March 8.—The Belgian Press Bureau has issued a note concerning the condition of the Belgian Army in reply to alleged declarations by the Germans that the Belgian force has been reduced to a single army corps.

"The army," the note says, "entered the campaign with six divisions of infantry and one division of cavalry. All vacancies have been filled, and the army still has six divisions of infantry and two divisions of cavalry. Instead of having one machine gun section, this arm of the service has been strongly reinforced.

"In addition, measures have been taken for the enlistment of young recruits to increase further the strength of the army, while the school, established to train officers has already shown excellent results."

The strength of a Belgian infantry division is about 22,000 combatants and of a cavalry division about 4,000. On the basis of the statement above, King Albert has now 140,000 men at his command, not counting the enlarged machine gun section.

NAVAL WAR ZONES EXTENDED.

Germany Includes Orkney and Shetland Islands—British Mine Warning.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Warning to shipping bound for the North Sea came again to the State Department today from both London and Berlin. The British Government emphasized the importance of steamers taking pilots when passing between the English Channel and the North Sea, while the German Government made plain its intention to regard the Orkney and Shetland Islands, north of Scotland, as part of the German naval war zones.

Advices to the State Department from Ambassador Gerard, dated March 1, but not received until today, said:

"Have been informed by German Foreign Office that in order to remove any doubts as to the extent of the war area, declaration is made by the German Admiralty that the waters surrounding the Orkney and Shetland Islands belong to the war area, but navigation on both sides of the Faroe Islands is not endangered."

The State Department received this message from the American Consul General at London:

"Admiralty renews urgent warning to vessels to take London Trinity House pilot when navigating between Great Yarmouth and English Channel. While danger areas are publicly defined, Admiralty add that 'it must not be supposed that navigation is necessarily safe in any part of the southern waters of the North Sea.'"

Under this warning neutral or other vessels desiring to pass from the English Channel to the North Sea should take on British pilots if they wish to insure safe passage around British mine fields.

CRUEL TO PRISONERS?

London Paper Says British Are Being Treated "Vilely" in Germany.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, March 9.—The Morning Post says it has received authentic information of the treatment of British prisoners in Germany which it must refrain from publishing for the present, but which is so revolting that it feels it to be its duty to say something on the subject:

"The British press," says the Post, "has been recommended to say as little as possible on this matter on the ground that any protest will only aggravate the lot of these unfortunates by infuriating their jailers. Such argument may or may not be sound, but it at least is right that the public should know that our soldiers are being treated vilely in Germany.

"We do not suggest reprials. On the contrary, we think the German prisoners in this country should be treated not luxuriously, but humanely, and they are as a matter of fact treated in every sense well; but the Government might interfere on behalf of our prisoners by declaring publicly that the German Government and German Emperor himself will be held directly and personally responsible if such outrages are continued.

"If the German Emperor is made clearly to understand that at the day of reckoning the ill-treatment of prisoners will be a count in the indictment he may perhaps be induced to use his veto to mitigate, if not to stop, the inhumanities of which we complain."

A Many-Sided Service

The Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York has several ways of being useful.

It is a bank where money is accepted for deposit and many corporations, firms and individuals use it as such. It acts as Executor appointed by the Will of a decedent; as Guardian, as Committee; as Agent, taking charge of property and managing it for persons or estates; as Assignee or Receiver, taking possession of property and proceeding as directed by authority; as Custodian, holding property which may be in dispute. Interviews with our officers are invited.

Our Booklet, detailing the various services which this company renders, will be sent upon request

Metropolitan Trust Company
of the City of New York
George C. Van Tuyl Jr., President
49 Wall Street

FIERCE NIGHT COMBAT COSTS GERMANS 3,000

French Forced to Make Three Attacks to Drive Foe From Captured Trenches.

PARIS, March 8.—How a furious German attack at Notre Dame de Lorette was transformed into a defeat in which 3,000 Germans fell is described in the Petit Parisien by one of the combatants.

"The Germans blew in by mines our first line of trenches," says the story. "Before the echoes of the explosion had died away an avalanche of Germans poured down and forced the French into the second line of trenches after a fierce hand-to-hand struggle. The Germans suddenly raked the trenches with two machine guns, forcing the defenders into the third line. From this they were forced to retire on an easily defensible position in the rear after another bayonet battle with superior numbers.

"In no way demoralized, our men spent the night preparing to win back the lost position, which the Germans strengthened with sand bags. Our artillery was placed in position ready to fire. As soon as dawn broke the '3-inchers' opened with salvos. The shells burst in our old trenches, peppering the Germans methodically. Then the heavy artillery joined in demoralizing them. Their artillery tried to reply, and the shells exploded with awe-inspiring noise, but did no harm.

"The din became appalling. Our pieces fired as rapidly as they could be loaded. After hours of this the guns stopped firing and our infantry bounded forward, crouching on their hands and knees. The Germans fired volley after volley, working their quick-firers feverishly; but our men would not be denied. They took the third line, but could go no further. The second line was well sandbagged and crammed with Germans.

"Our artillery then began again to drop shells on the Germans with mathematical precision. Fifty yards from us we could see them blown into the air.

"The second night fell, and we could see nothing, for the sky was covered with heavy clouds, from which rain poured in torrents. In spite of all this our infantry resumed the attack, and in a splendid charge reached the second line. It was a fearful struggle in the dark. Shaken by our impetuous charge, the Germans who had not been killed or wounded fled toward the holes which had been made by their mines. To these they clung in the indescribable uproar.

"The tireless French again dashed forward on the enemy. In the darkness the Germans struck frantically around them, killing their own men, whom they were unable to recognize.

"After a few minutes of carnage the Germans fled for their own positions, leaving the ground covered with dead and wounded. An impressive silence fell over the battlefield while 150 haggard prisoners were led to the rear.

"Dawn revealed a terrifying sight. Everywhere the Germans lay, many falling with rifles clasped in their stiffened hands as if about to fire again. They paid dearly for their attack, for 3,000 of them fell under our fire. Their losses were three times greater than ours, although we had to deliver three counter attacks."

CARREL'S HOSPITAL READY.

Institution Will Be Opened at Compiegne This Week.

PARIS, March 8.—A hospital, to be devoted exclusively to the care of wounded soldiers whose cases require delicate surgical operations will be opened this week at Compiègne under the direction of Dr. Alexis Carrel of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research.

Special attention will be devoted to the study of gaseous gangrene for the treatment of which a new serum recently has been discovered.

AMERICAN'S BATTLE RELICS.

E. P. Gaston Will Seek Owners for British Soldiers' Belongings.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 8.—One of the first English-speaking persons to visit the field of battle in Southwest Belgium was Edward Page Gaston, an American business man, who has long been a resident of London. Mr. Gaston has just returned from Belgium and brought with him many relics of the fighting, chiefly from Mons, and these he has in his offices in Salisbury Square.

There are many kinds of soldiers' paybooks, copies of the soldiers' small book, written by Lord Wolseley for the guidance of the rank and file; letters from wives, sweethearts, and friends at home; letters written by soldiers and never posted, remnants of uniforms, pipe cases, tobacco pouches, &c.

On a sheet of cardboard are a few odds and ends that represent the belongings of a Major in the British Army. By the side of the cardboard is a large spoon, tied around with a silk handkerchief. Inside the handkerchief is the photograph of a soldier and a woman. These were the property of an Irish Lancer who met his death on the railroad from Mons.

BOOM OF GUNS IN NORTH SEA

Holland Hears Sounds of Battle—Rumor of Damaged Warship.

AMSTERDAM, March 8, (via London.)—For the first time since Admiral Sir David Beatty engaged a German squadron in the North Sea the latter part of January, heavy gun fire, according to a dispatch from the Hook of Holland to the Telegraaf, was heard in the North Sea today.

BERLIN, March 8, (by Telegraph to Sayville, L. I.)—Dispatches to the Overseas News Agency from Rotterdam say it is reported at the Dutch seaport that a damaged warship was towed into the Forth, Scotland, last Saturday.

CUNARD LINE CUTS RATE.

Second-Class Passage to England Now $50 on All Vessels.

LONDON, March 8.—Official announcement was made today by the Cunard Line that second-class passage across the Atlantic has been reduced to £10 ($50) on all vessels of that line, including the Lusitania.

It is believed here that the lower rate is the result of the diversion of traffic from British steamers to vessels flying the American flag.

ALL-NEUTRAL WIRELESS ROUTE

Station in Norway Constructed to Communicate with Cape Cod.

CHATHAM, Mass., March 8.—Direct wireless communication between the United States and a neutral nation of the Old World soon will be possible for the first time since the outbreak of the war through stations now virtually completed on Cape Cod and the coast of Norway.

These stations have been established by the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America, but the new plans of the company have not been officially announced. The impression has been given that the service might not become effective until the close of hostilities. It is generally reported, however, that it is intended to meet the situation arising from the war.

The Miniature of a Thoroughbred Havana

Just as fine, just as fragrant, just as well bred.

Good any time you want a ten-minute smoke.

Try them and be convinced.

Once a Piccadilly smoker, always a Piccadilly smoker.

10 for 10c
PICCADILLY
LITTLE CIGARS
10 for 10 cents
PICCADILLY
LITTLE CIGARS

OSSOWETZ FORTS SMASH GERMAN GUNS

Two Batteries of Siege Artillery Reported to Have Been Put Out of Action.

TALE OF EXHAUSTED TROOPS

Prisoners in North Poland and Galicia Reported Weak from Fatigue and Lack of Food.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, March 8, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—In the north and in the south the Russians are now establishing ascendency. They have driven the right wing of General Eschhorn's army, which recently attempted to cross the Niemen above Grodno, back toward the wide marshy clearing outside the Augustowo Forest, never permitting the German rear guard to halt. The Russian advance here reaches a remarkable pace, considering the miserable condition of the ground.

At Ossowetz Fortress the Russian artillery silenced two German heavy batteries on Saturday, and they continue shelling the Lyck road to keep back the German reinforcements.

The number of Germans who surrendered, especially among the fresh conscripts, far exceeds anything experienced in the earlier stages of the war. Of the first consignment, numbering 700, out of a total of 10,000 prisoners taken during the Przasnysz battles, recently brought from the first field base to railhead, scarcely fifty could walk steadily. Others were crippled in both feet, and complained that their boots were bad and too heavy. They attempted to climb into the carts which were only for the wounded, and when prevented complained that they were unaccustomed to such marches. They had already done ten miles, and could not manage the remaining six. They had been two days advancing and two days retreating without food, and were absolutely used up.

The Russian soldiers said to them: "But you come to war, not to promenade."

"Oh, war!" groaned the Germans, with gestures of weary despair.

From them it has been learned that four corps were involved in the defeat at Przasnysz. Two were newly formed, one from the Guards reserve corps and one from the Silesian Landwehr corps. When the prisoners reached the railway they collapsed and slept in heaps on the wet platform.

Gen. von Hindenburg is again striving to distract attention from this tragic end of his northeastern campaign by directing sharp infantry attacks on a six-mile front above the left bank of the Pilica in the direction of the Aawa road. A sharp battle in this district of Central Poland has now lasted three days. It evidently aims at preventing the Russian outer lines in the region southwest of Warsaw from sparing forces to go elsewhere, as there are indications that the Germans fear a new strong offensive on the Nida and the Donajec against the armies protecting Cracow.

A continuous procession of prisoners is pouring into Kiev from Eastern Galicia. One consignment of 4,000 was taken without a shot being fired. They belonged to an infantry division and were scenting out the road for Hungary. They had been three days without food when encountered by the commissariat transport. This they detained and had just distributed the food when the Russians appeared. The Austrians immediately sent delegates with a white flag and asked to be permitted to take their meal, saying that then they would go quietly. The Russians agreed.

Some Bavarian soldiers are among the Austrian prisoners brought to Kiev from Czernowitz. Twelve thousand prisoners from East Galicia have already started for Siberia.

The German staff is still striving to avert a final collapse of Austria's campaign. It has sent a fresh army of new German conscripts, mostly aged about 18, into northern Hungary. With the remainder of the Austrians they are moving in great numbers on the Galician slopes of the mountains and in the broken hills between the sources of the San and the Dniester. Their right wing was severely cut up on Saturday in attempting to cross the Dniester eastward.

OPTIMISM IN MOSCOW.

Imminent Fall of Constantinople Raises High Hopes.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, March 9.—A delayed dispatch from its correspondent at Moscow, dated March 5, is published in The Daily Chronicle. It says:

"Momentary depression caused by the retreat from East Prussia has given place to keen excitement and rapidly growing optimism. This return of ardent hope is strongly felt in Moscow, which much more truly reflects the general sentiment of Russia than Petrograd does. Confidence in the ultimate victory of the Allies has never faltered here and the cheerfulness of Moscow has been a great encouragement to the army.

Moreover, Moscow is the headquarters of the great public organizations, all the Russian Zemstovs and all the Russian town leagues which are working so effectively for the relief of the wounded and mitigation of the various forms of suffering caused by the war. Only a week ago the representatives of all the chief Russian towns assembled here in congress and after reviewing the manifold details of the relief work already accomplished both in the capital and in formerly inert, sleepy, provincial towns, devised fresh and more extended measures for combatting wounds, sickness and destitution, in fact for organizing social service generally on a scale hitherto unknown in Russia.

But there have been times when even in hopeful Moscow the end seemed very far off, and the faith that expressed itself in patient, unflagging patriotic effort was mainly the substance of things unseen. Now the veil that obscured the prospect of success dreamed of has once more been lifted, and a broad panorama of fascinating possibilities is open out before the Russian public.

The failure of the German advance from East Prussia and the revelation of the growing exhaustion and irresolution of the Austro-Germans in the Carpathians and Galicia, combined with the imminence of the fall of Constantinople as a result of the determined attack of the allied fleets on the Dardanelles seem to bring most appreciably nearer the victorious end of the war.

Many hard battles have still to be fought and won, and the enemy may still have many mortifying surprises in store, but I think it necessary to note that this renewal of optimism is at any rate a most encouraging symptom. Russia's successes on the East Prussian frontier and in Galicia at one and the same time are very considerable, but it is when taken in conjunction with the attack on the Dardanelles that they acquire very broad significance.

No country in the world is more deeply moved by the prospect of the fall of Constantinople than is Russia, and no city is watching the operations in the Dardanelles more eagerly than orthodox Moscow, which after the collapse of the eastern empire assumed the title of the Third Rome over four and one-half centuries ago. Greek fugitives brought to Moscow, then just rising to power, the news that Constantinople had fallen and that Constantine Paleologus had died fighting bravely in the breach made in the walls by the stone shots of Mohammed's primitive artillery.

Since then all the wars between the Russians and the Turks have had one ultimate object—the recovery of Constantinople. Every shell planted by the British dreadnoughts on the Turkish batteries in the Dardanelles thrills the Russians with the sense of imminent fulfillment of their hopes. All sections of opinion are absolutely united on this point, and the strength of the feeling about Constantinople is a measure of the extent to which the whole historical sense of the Russian people is aroused and concentrated in this great war.

In view of possible confusion of thought in England and lingering reminiscences of our former attitude, I thought it right to emphasize this point. We have been accustomed in years past to the spectacle of a disunited Russia. Whatever subordinate questions disunite Russian opinion now, it is actively and eagerly united on the question of Constantinople, and we can only gain by noting in our calculations the full significance of this Russian master impulse.

The attitude of the Balans is arousing great interest here. With the elimination of the Bulgarian danger Rumania, though now undemonstrative, may be expected to play a useful part, and the fact that the attack on Constantinople is compelling the Balkan States to range themselves on the side of the Allies just at the moment when the weakness of Austria is growing more marked, is not one of the least hopeful elements of the situation.

REPULSE RUSSIAN ATTACKS.

Austrian Embassy Reports Success in Galicia and Carpathians.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The following dispatch from the Vienna Foreign Office was issued by the Austro-Hungarian Embassy tonight:

"In Russian Poland and West Galicia several advance points in the trenches and near Gorlice were taken after violent fighting. Several officers and more than five hundred men were made prisoners.

"In the Carpathians there has been tenacious fighting at Lupkow. The Russians attacked with continuous reinforcements. Their troops, driven forward three times, failed and the enemy suffered great losses. Several hundred men now lie before our position.

"In other sections of this front our troops repulsed the enemy's advances. Our troops attacked and conquered well-defended heights where ten officers and 700 men were made prisoners. On the neighboring heights an additional 1,000 Russians were made prisoners.

"In southeast Galicia strong cavalry detachments which advanced, isolated, against a wing of our position, received a severe beating."

LORD KITCHENER MOVES.

The King Installs Him in New Quarters in York House.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 8.—Lord Kitchener took up his quarters yesterday in a set of rooms in St. James Palace, known as York House, which was given to him by the King for his use during the war.

London gossips used to tell a story that when Lord Kitchener took charge at the War Office his first question was: "Is there a bed here?" and his first order was "Get one."

The Manchester Guardian says the story is, of course, nonsense, that Kitchener has no bed in the War Office, has never slept there, and only on rare occasion is he there at night. He has been living for some months in Carlton Gardens, five minutes' walk from the War Office. York House is a rather sombre building on the north side of Ambassadors' Court, but the big rooms will mean a stately setting for entertaining. One odd thing about the house is that there is not an inch of garden or private ground attached to it. On one side is a street and on the other a public way through a court. Until a few days ago York House was the headquarters of the Prince of Wales Fund and one of a score of lordly houses which have become centres of war activity.

WATCH IN TRENCHES AT BRITISH FRONT

Soldiers Keep Sniping When Not Repelling Attack from Germans 250 Yards Away.

WAITING FOR "BIG PUSH"

That's the New British Army to be Hurled Against the "Gerboys"—Tommy Atkins at Fatalist.

By FREDERICK PALMER,
Correspondent of The Associated Press.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, (via London,) March 8.—"There you are, and keep your head down! It is a fair target at that distance," said the officer who had come out of the shelter to meet the newspaper correspondents who were being permitted to visit the trenches.

The correspondents were in the defenses at the edge of a hardwood grove called the Ploegsteert Woods. The British had fought fiercely in order to get possession of this grove, for it meant cover for them. Occasionally bullets whistled overhead, and the swish of German shells, which were being fired at something in the rear, passed higher up, while a hidden British battery was sending its shells in the opposite direction. At intervals in the defenses men were waiting, with rifles laid, to plug any moving thing that looked like a "Gerboy."

"If a German helmet appears, can you put a hole through it?" was asked of one of the riflemen.

"It looks so. They don't put them up very often, Sir," was the answer.

Two hundred and fifty yards away was a wall of sandbags. The bare field between the two lines was as lifeless as a desert, and for all one could see the German breastwork was not occupied by a single human being. But there, as on the British side, sharpshooters were waiting and officers were watching through the refracting mirrors of the periscope.

No Change in Three Months.

For three months the trenches have remained in the same position, and never in all that time, here as elsewhere along the line, but some one is on the lookout and the reserves are ready for an attack.

"Here we will be until the big push comes," say the men. By the "big push" they refer to the movement when the new British Army is in the trenches.

At night German patrols creep out to see if the British are up to anything new, and the British do likewise to ascertain if the Germans are. And sometimes some of the men are killed.

Those who are not on watch are lounging on beds of straw under the timber roofs. To the rear there are many more shelters, where officers and men are quartered. One old South African veteran was planting primroses on the earth roof of his house.

"It is getting primrose time at home in England," he said.

Except for the thrash of shells and the bang of the guns the scene is most peaceful. When the Germans cut loose with some thrills of the rapid-fire guns or begin shelling, the men take to their shelters until the storm is over. They are always in danger from sniping and are likely to be called at any minute to suffer heavy losses in repelling an attack. They are veterans who have ceased to think of possibilities.

"If you are killed, why, you are killed," says Tommy Atkins, "and what's the use in worrying about it? The more you worry the better it pleases the Germans."

From Mons to Ypres the British regulars gained familiarity with death. Very proud are all the men who have stuck it through from the time of the British landing until now. When one of them was asked about it he said: "Just luck; that's all. Maybe I'll get it from a sniper when this Winter is over."

All Work Done At Night.

At night all the work in the neighboring trenches is done. Across the fire zone behind the trenches food and timbers and everything also needed in the trenches are carried up by hand in a wallow of mud. Yet one hears no one growling or swearing, when it would seem that human irritation must have an escape valve.

"Profanity comes too high," said a soldier. "The Gerboys may hear you and then turn loose. And it may not only cost you your own life, but your pal's."

Any one who has been much with the British Army on campaign has heard the same remark many times, and, spoken in the same language, it had a peculiar appeal.

With darkness falling over the flat country and the buildings becoming shadowy, the correspondents walked away from the cover of a village with the commanding officer of that section of the front, with the rattle of a machine gun growing louder toward the trenches. Whenever any one goes near the front he is bound to hear the machine gun, even in this quiet spot of the British front.

"They can't be firing at any definite object in the dark?" queried a correspondent.

"Perhaps not," the officer replied. "The gun is laid for the top of their trench. We don't hold down the fire too much, as we want the Germans to know we are on deck."

"Are we in bullet range yet?" was asked.

"Rather—500 yards. That's why we don't walk up in the daytime. The flares you see are going up from the German trenches," replied the officer.

These flares, like Fourth of July rockets, threw a glare over the sodden fields and revealed the faces of the correspondents and the officer and outlined their figures.

"It that way they keep watch to see that we are not creeping up for an attack," the officer added.

Board Walks in the Trenches.

Another 300 yards of plunging in mud and the correspondents descended into the wet earth behind tiers of sandbags and were walking on a board walk at the bottom of a great ditch. Step off that and one sank over his ankles. The commanding officer pulled aside a curtain, and a Lieutenant came out of his cellar looking neat enough for a parade. Neatness under any conditions is a point with the British officer, and he keeps his men up to it. It is amazing how Private Thomas Atkins in this sea of mud keeps clear of the mud.

"If the men get careless of their appearance and in their habits," say the officers, "this means carelessness in the trenches, which would be fatal. Thoroughness of detail and industry are of paramount importance in this kind of war."

Behind curtains in the same kind of cellars as the officers occupy were soldiers lying on board floors in their blankets above the waterline. A subaltern was up for questioning when the commanding officer found one of the pumps was not working. Pumping alone keeps the trenches from being flooded. The commander spoke to every watching man with rifle laid a cheery "Good night," and from each soldier came an equally cheery answer.

On in that gigantic zigzagging ditch in the darkness, slipping off the planks at times and catching one's self by stretching up the hands for support against the wet and slippery walls, for a mile the visitors proceeded with heads below the parapet, while the German flares lighted the sky and the British rapid fire gun whirred at intervals and the German snipers made reply.

Then the correspondents left the trench and wallowed in the mud back to a point in the road outside the bullet range where a column of sturdy soldiers were waiting before going up for their turn in the trenches. Behind them were supplies for the trenches and an ambulance to care for any wounded during the day in the trenches or those hurt during the entrance of relief parties or the departure of the men relieved, when the German rapid-fire guns send out a spray of bullets in the hope of finding a target under cover of night.

From Trench to Bath.

The tired men who come out of the trenches find baths and clean clothes awaiting them and have nothing to do but rest until they return to the watch, for the British Army regards the care of each man's physical well-being as the prime essential.

The trenches to the observer who sees the British Army for the first time do not supply the most interesting feature. If one seeks picturesqueness it may be found on the road where the French flank and the British line join—where one sees the East Indians, a trotting battery of French artillery, Belgian reservists at work on the road and the British in khaki.

In the doorway where he is billeted one finds Tommy Atkins trying to talk French with the inhabitants, driving a big tractor engine made in the United States, riding out to the front on a bus which one plied in London, sitting on the front of an ambulance seat beside the driver when he has only an arm wound, or poking his head out of a shell-proof to see if there is any chance of the rain stopping in Flanders. His remarks about the weather are intelligible profanity.

The extreme thoroughness with which all is done makes a lasting impression. The fastidiousness about sanitation and the treatment of the wounded recall American methods.

There seems to be little unnecessary fighting to gain any minor advantage in the trenches. Everything seems submissive, to a purpose—when the time comes for the "big push," which will see the deadliest fighting of the war.

PEACE TALK IN GERMANY?

Leaders Said to be Unwilling to Risk Another Winter Campaign.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, March 8.—(Dispatch to The London Daily Telegraph.)—A high foreign official who has connections with the best German sources learns that there is great talk of peace in official circles in Germany. They seem to consider that the war will be ended in June.

It is certain the Germans will not risk another Winter's campaign in Russia, he says.

LONDON, Tuesday, March 9.—The Amsterdam correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company says that the Berlin newspaper Vorwaerts reproduces an article from the Wochenschrift, a Berlin weekly publication, by Professor Paul Rohrbach, who, the Vorwaerts says, reflects the Government view.

The article recalls, says the correspondent, that Frederick the Great was the conqueror in the Seven Years' War, although he failed to gain a square mile of territory and only held his own by straining every nerve. His victory consisted in the fact that he compelled the enemy to recognize Prussian power, with all its logical consequences for the altered situation in Europe.

"Professor Rohrbach," continues the correspondent, "considers that Germany might likewise regard herself victorious if at the end of the struggle her combined enemies were obliged to desist in their intention to destroy her military power and fall back upon the same condition as before the war, thus signifying their resources were exhausted more generally than Germany's. In that case, without fighting the struggle out to a complete triumph, Germany might enter a new epoch with better prospects.

"Professor Rohrbach also develops the theory that a lasting peace with Russia is unthinkable, and that therefore a second war is almost inevitable."

Official Reports of War Operations

RUSSIA.

PETROGRAD.—In the Suwalki region we repulsed the enemy. On the Marianpol-Simno-Augustowo front our offensive continues. On the right bank of the Narew there has been no essential change.

On the left bank of the Vistula, in the Pilica region, a German offensive has been checked and our troops have commenced a counter-attack.

In the Carpathians the Austrians have ceased their attacks in the Svidnik region, but continue vainly their assaults on our positions in the direction of Balingrod.

New enemy attacks in the Kozmwhka-Toukla region met with no better success. In the region of Klausegerman a whole battalion of the enemy's enveloping columns surrendered.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA.—In Russian Poland we have obtained several successes in battles which still continue. The enemy was dislodged from several trenches, sustaining heavy losses.

On the West Galicia front we have gained similar successes in a brief attack made by our troops.

In the district near Lupkow Pass, in the Carpathians, the Russians, whose thinned ranks had been strongly reinforced, made desperate attacks yesterday, thrice pushing forward to the vicinity of our positions, only to be shattered in the last rush. In another sector of the battle front our troops, after repelling Russian attacks, surprised them by a counter-attack, capturing a strongly fortified height and taking prisoners 10 officers and 700 men. On a neighboring height 1,000 men were captured.

In Southeast Galicia a strong hostile cavalry force which was making an isolated advance against the wing of our positions suffered a serious reverse.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—(*Night Report*)—In Champagne snowstorms have interfered with our operations. This morning the enemy tried to retake a wood captured by us Sunday, west of Perthes. He was repulsed, and our counter-offensive enabled us to gain ground to the north and east, and to take some prisoners. The advance continued and increased during the afternoon.

In the region of Perthes we won over 1,600 feet of trenches.

Between Le Mesnil and Beausejour we lost some trenches we had taken yesterday, but gained about 300 feet on the ridge north of Mesnil.

In the region of St. Mihiel and in the Forest of Aprémont, we gained a footing in a German trench and captured therein a great quantity of materials.

Northwest of Pont-à-Mousson the Germans attempted to deliver an attack, which, however, broke down. Our progress continued north of Badonviller.

In Alsace, at Reich Ackerkopf, we repulsed a counter-attack.

(*Day Report*)—There is nothing of importance in the Champagne section to add to yesterday's communication. Progress reported at different points is enhanced. At the end of the day we captured trenches to the northwest of Souain. The captured trenches betwen Perthes and Beausejour represent 400 to 500 meters. We capturd a number of prisoners, including officers.

In the region of the heights of the Meuse our heavy artillery, according to prisoners, seriously damaged a 42-centimeter gun recently placed in position by the Germans. This gun had to be dismantled and sent to the rear for repairs. Four of the gun crew were killed and seven wounded.

In Lorraine we progressed northwest of Badonviller.

In the Vosges, at Reich Ackerkopf, the Germans made a violent counter-attack late Sunday afternoon. For the moment they were able to gain a footing on the ridge, but after a furious hand-to-hand fight our riflemen drove them back, and finally remained masters of Reich Ackerkopf. The losses sustained by the enemy were extremely heavy.

In Upper Alsace, southward of the railway station at Burnhaupt, an attack attempted against our advanced positions was dispersed by the fire of our infantry.

GERMANY.

BERLIN.—To the south of Augustowo Russian attacks failed with heavy losses to the enemy. The fighting has been resumed in the vicinity of Lomza. To the west of Przasnysz and east of Plock, the Russians have made several unsuccessful assaults upon our lines. Furthermore, German troops have repulsed two Russian night attacks at Rawa. Russian advances from the vicinity of Nowomiesto have not been successful. In the consequent fighting we took 1,300 prisoners.

Aviators of the enemy have dropped bombs on Ostend.

The fighting in the Champagne district continued last night. At Souain the enemy was repulsed after a hand-to-hand engagement. Hostilities were again resumed during the night.

In the district to the east of Le Mesnil the enemy attacked in the afternoon, but this movement failed completely. Our night counter-attack was successful; forty Frenchmen were captured.

We repulsed attacks in the Forest of Le Pretre, to the northwest of Pont-à-Mousson.

In the Vosges, in the district west of Munster and north of Sennheim the fighting is still going on.

QUIET CONFIDENCE THE GERMAN NOTE

Continued from Page 1.

with practical patriotism, and you note the—to an American—amusing and yet suggestive spectacle of war correspondents specializing in descriptions of sunsets and scenery.

New Habit of Newspaper Reading.

The German was never much of a newspaper reader before the war, but now he can challenge the American commuter as an absorbent of the printed word. And not only has the German been suddenly educated into an avid newspaper reader, but he has developed a tendency to think for himself, to read between the lines, and interpret sentences. Thus, no German has any illusions about the military prowess of Austria; but her failure has caused no hard feelings. "The spirit is willing, but the leadership is weak," is the kindly verdict, with the hopeful assumption that the addition of a little German yeast will raise the standard of Austrian efficiency and improve the quality of leadership.

The Germans, being neither mad nor misinformed, why they face a world of foes with this new confidence becomes a question of importance to any one who wants to understand the real situation here. The answer is Hindenburg—not only the man himself, but all that he stands for, the personification of the German war spirit, the greatest moral asset of the empire today. He is idolized not only by the soldiers, but by the populace as well; not only by the Prussians, but by the Bavarians and even the Austrians. You cannot realize what a tremendous factor he has become until you discover personally the Carlylean hero worship of which he is the object.

Hindenburg woke up one morning to find himself famous; but his subsequent speedy apotheosis was probably not entirely spontaneous. In fact, there is reason to believe that he was carefully groomed for the rôle of a national hero at a critical time, the process being like the launching by American politicians of a Presidential or Gubernatorial boom at a time when a name to conjure with is badly needed. He is a striking answer to the Shakespearean question. His name alone is worth many army corps for its psychological effect on the people; it has a peculiarly heroic ring to the German ear, and part of the explanation of its magic lies probably in the fact that the last syllable, "burg," means fortress or castle. He inspires the most unbounded confidence in the German people; the Field Marshal looms larger than his Kaiser.

The cigarmakers were the first to recognize his claims to immortality and to confer it on him; but now almost every conceivable sort of merchandise except corsets is being trademarked Hindenburg. Babies, fishing boats, race horses, cafés, avenues and squares, a city of 60,000, a whole county, are being named after him, and minor poets are taking his name in vain daily, "Hindenburg Marches" are being composed in endless procession, a younger brother is about to publish his biography, and legends are already thickly clustering about his name. He laid the Russian bugaboo before it had a chance to make its début; there is not today the slightest nervousness about the possible coming of the Cossacks; and there will not be, so long as the Commander in Chief of all the armies in the east continues to find time to give sittings to portrait painters, pose for the moving picture artists, autograph photographs, appear on balconies while school children sing patriotic airs, answer the Kaiser's telegrams of congratulation, acknowledge decorations, receive interminable delegations, personages, and journalists, and perform all the other time-consuming duties incident to having greatness thrust upon you; for things obviously cannot be in a very bad way when the master strategist can thus take "time out" from strategizing. But the influence of "our Hindenburg," as he is often affectionately called, is wider than the east; the magic of his name stiffens the deadline in the west; and the man in the street, whose faith is great, feels sure that when he has fought his last great battle in the east, the turn of the French and English will come.

While the German in the street, thanks largely to Hindenburg, regards the military situation with optimism, he sees no grounds for pessimism in the present political situation. Italy and Bulgaria are regarded as "safe."

Effort to Minimize Troubles.

How the Germans regard the economic, industrial, and financial situation is rather hard to estimate, because their practical patriotism keeps them from making any public parade of their business troubles and worries, if they have any. The oft-repeated platitude that you would never suspect here that a war was going on if you didn't read the papers is quite just. Conditions—on the surface—are so normal that there is even a lively operatic fight on in Munich, where the personal friction between Musical Director Walters and the star conductor, Otto Hess, has caused a crisis in the affairs of the Royal Munich Opera, rivaling in interest the fighting at the front.

There are certainly fewer "calamity howlers" here than on Broadway during boom times, and you see no outward evidence of hard times, no acute poverty, no misery, no derelicts, for the war-time social organization seems as perfect as the military. In the last three months only one beggar has stopped me on the streets and tried to touch my heart and pocketbook—a record that seems remarkable to an American who has run the nocturnal gauntlet of peace-time panhandlers on the Strand or the Embankment.

Business is most certainly not going on as usual. You note many shops and stores with few or no customers in them. About the only people who are making any money are army contractors and the shopkeepers who sell things available for "Liebesgaben" ("love gifts") for the troops in the field. Those businesses hardest hit by the war are in a state of suspended animation, embalmed by the credit of the State.

But again, the influence of Hindenburg is wider than the east—and the west; it permeates the business world and stiffens the economic backbone of the nation. It is no exaggeration to say that the whole German people, barring the inevitable though small percentage of weaklings, is trying with terrific earnestness to live up to the homely Hindenburgian motto, "Durchhalten!" ("Hold out,") or, in more idiomatic American, "See the thing through."

3-DAY TOURS
TO
WASHINGTON
March 11, 25,
April 1, 15, May 13, 20 and 27
$13.50 $15.00 $16.00
(According to hotel selected)
All necessary expenses from New York.
Proportionate fares from other points.
Descriptive folder on request to O. T. Boyd, Division Passenger Agent, 263 Fifth Avenue (Cor. 29th St.), New York, N. Y., or nearest Ticket Agent.
Pennsylvania R. R.

GREEN STRIPE SCOTCH
Ask for the Non-refillable Bottle with the Green Stripe.
ANDREW USHER & CO., Edinburgh.

Wesson Oil
At your grocer's
for Salads & cooking
Mrs. Rorer and other culinary experts recommend salads made with Wesson Oil.
25 and 50 cent cans
UNITED PSC
United Coupon
with every can

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw
Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.
No payment accepted unless successful.
FREDERIC N. WHITLEY
Engineer and Contractor
217 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

TALK OF USING FORCE IN MEXICO

Continued from Page 1.

indicated that at least partial restoration of communication had been established.

It is known that the representations made by the United States to General Carranza are of the strongest possible character. They are vigorous enough to bring him to a realization of the extreme gravity of the situation as viewed by this and other Governments. Secretary Bryan was asked whether other Governments had joined in the representations made. He answered that this Government had acted independently. He did not know whether any other Governments had made representations to Carranza on their own account. It is not believed here that they have done so, the understanding in the Diplomatic Corps being that they depend upon the United States to act for them.

Demands Made Upon Carranza.

The representations sent to Carranza make two principal demands:

First—That General Obregon be directed to provide a garrison for Mexico City strong enough to afford protection for all foreigners and their property, and that he refrain from making threats or delivering incendiary utterances calculated to inflame the populace.

Second—That transportation facilities between Mexico City and Vera Cruz be restored, so that food and other supplies may be sent into the city, and those who desire to leave the capital may do so.

An estimate of the number of foreigners in Mexico City was telegraphed to the State Department today. The foreign colony aggregates about 26,400 persons, distributed as follows:

Americans, 2,500; Germans, 1,800; Chinese, 2,000; Turks, 2,000; French, 1,900; Spaniards, 12,000; Cubans, 1,200; English, 1,000; Italians, 700; Japanese, 500; other nationalities, 800.

Carranza has made no response to any of the representations sent to him by Secretary Bryan. Messages from Special Agent John R. Silliman, at Vera Cruz, informed the department that Carranza was seriously considering the American protests and was in communication with Obregon by telegraph, but nothing had been done beyond arranging for evacuation and inviting the diplomats to go to Vera Cruz.

A message to the State Department from Monterey, sent Saturday, said fighting had been in progress around Monterey for three days, and heavy cannonading was going on in the suburbs.

CARRANZA INVITES DIPLOMATS.

Urges Them to Leave Mexico City So That He May Protect Them.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, March 8.—General Carranza has sent a note to M. Lefaivre, the Secretary of the French Legation in Mexico, inviting the foreign representatives to go to any city controlled by the Constitutionalists—Puebla, Orizaba, Cordoba, or Vera Cruz—where he can give them full protection. He wishes it understood that it is not his purpose to force diplomatic recognition of his Government through the acceptance of this invitation. He also offers to assist the diplomats, in case of their removal from the capital, in obtaining proper accommodations in their new place of residence.

At Hecelchakan, seventy miles from Merida, General Alvarado has defeated a force of 2,000 men, officered by ex-Federals, and has captured 700 prisoners. The forces of the Yucatan rebels were caught in a trap and wiped out, losing 1,000 dead.

SAYS AMERICANS ARE SAFE.

Obregon Knows of No Case of Harm Done by Constitutionalists.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, March 8.—In an interview with THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent tonight General Obregon said he knew of no case in which harm had come to Americans in Mexico through the acts of Constitutionalist troops.

"Foreigners," he said, "in whatever country they may reside are opposed to revolutions, for revolutions hurt their interests, and they are not concerned with the issues at stake."

Asked about Secretary Bryan's note, he said:

"I do not wish to mix in international affairs, for by doing so I should be hampering the action of the First Chief, who alone in the Constitutional Army has authority to deal with matters of this nature."

SEIZE A BRITISH STEAMER.

Carranzistas Take the Wyvisbrook and Imprison Her Captain.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, March 8.—The Mexican Constitutionalist authorities at Campeche have seized the British steamer Wyvisbrook and made the master, Capt. Muir, a prisoner, according to mail advices received in New Orleans tonight from Progreso. It is reported that General Carranza has assessed a heavy fine against Capt. Muir on a charge of violating the Mexican navigation laws, and has threatened to confiscate the steamship if the fine is not paid promptly.

The Wyvisbrook left New Orleans on Feb. 15 for Progreso with a cargo of general merchandise for Yucatan merchants. After its departure from New Orleans the Carranza military forces in Yucatan were decisively defeated in battles with State troops and were forced to withdraw to Campeche. Carranza immediately declared Progreso a closed port. When the Wyvisbrook arrived off Progreso the officer of the port warned Capt. Muir against landing, and he proceeded with his cargo to the port of Campeche. On arriving at Campeche Capt. Muir was made a prisoner and his steamer was seized by the military authorities. He was told that he had violated the Mexican navigation laws by entering the port of Campeche without having secured in the United States proper clearance papers for that port.

News of the plight of Capt. Muir and the Wyvisbrook was brought to New Orleans by the Norwegian steamship Aero, the first steamship to reach New Orleans from Progreso since Carranza ordered that port closed.

BELGIAN THANKS FOR AID

Sent by People of Charleroi—War Relief Funds Swelled.

Vice Chairman Lindon W. Bates of the Commission for Relief in Belgium, received yesterday a resolution of thanks and gratitude to the people of the United States and the commission, who have done so much for the relief of the suffering and destitute non-combatants of stricken Belgium. The resolutions were drawn up in the City Hall of Charleroi, Belgium, during a recent mass meeting.

Easter Argosy Gifts.

Donations from all parts of the United States for the "Easter Argosy" relief ship that the children of the United States are to send to Belgium continue coming in by every mail to the Belgian Relief Committee, 8 and 10 Bridge Street. Among yesterday's letters commending the enterprise were two from Gov. Willis of Ohio, and Gov. Ferris of Michigan.

Belgium Relief Fund Gets $4,151.

The Belgian Relief Fund now totals $964,299.06, of which amount $4,151.93 was received yesterday. Subscriptions should be sent to the Belgian Relief Committee, 8 and 10 Bridge Street, or to J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street. Yesterday's gifts of $10 or more were as follows:

Belgian Relief Fd., Rochester, N. Y.	$2,400
R. D. M.	100
Miss F. Matthews	100
Mrs. E. F. Shepard	100
Belgian Relief Fd., Providence, R. I.	250
Petrus Stuyvesant Club	139
High School, Danville, Ohio	53
Mrs. M. L. Fearey	10
Miss M. U. Hoffman	20
Y. E. M. and Mrs. G. G. Clendenin	12
Mrs. E. B. Renwick	10
H. G. Cheney	25
B. Gherardi	20
F. A. Henry	10
Miss I. Lawrence	10
Miss A. E. King	10
Mrs. W. W. Herrick	25
Mrs. Ida R. Moore	10
M. T. S.	20
Mrs. J. F. Phillips	10
Sara S. Lawrence	25
F. R. Lefferts	25
Julia J. Pierrepont	10
Mrs. C. H. Port	25
John B. Laurence	10
L. S. Heilner	10
Archibald Mercer	20
Mrs. C. W. Yulen	20
F. S. Halsey	15
Mary E. Wood	10
T. F. Cummings	10
Rupert Hughes	15
Charles, Henry, C. E., E. M. Bohlen	13
J. R. A.	10
C. F. Mosle	10
Maxfield Parrish	25
C. Y., W. S., and H. White	15
Margaret Crawford	25
John S. Williams	10
Robert Livermore	10
Anonymous	10
Mrs. J. W. Reed	25
E. M. Sturges	25
Robert Batcheller	20
J. E. F.	20
Presb. S. S., West Milton, N. Y.	18
Carrick family	15
Students and Faculty, Vassar Col.	30
Mrs. George Legg	10
Leland G. Hewitt	25
Miss E. Schwab	10
E. B. Meeks	20
Mrs. B. L. Taylor	20
Mrs. S. Gerard	10
Mrs. M. C. Lefferts	10
First Ref. S. S., Little Falls, N. J.	19
Proceeds of lecture, Gardner School	25
H. L. Reed	10

Aid for Red Cross Fund.

The Red Cross European War Fund now amounts to $466,647.07, of which amount $873.80 was received yesterday. Subscriptions should be sent to Jacob H. Schiff, Treasurer, 52 William Street or 130 East Twenty-second Street. Yesterday's contributions of $10 or more were as follows:

Dr. Dernburg	$627
O. C. W. Kappelmann	129
Nurses, Roosevelt Hospital	55
N. Y. Staats-Zeitung	$29
Uptown Br., Am. Red Cross	13
First Presby. S. S., Flushing, L. I.	11

Relief for French Women.

The fund for the relief of the women and children of France, subscriptions to which should be sent to Mrs. Whitney Warren, 16 East Forty-seventh Street, now totals $60,789.97. New Subscriptions acknowledged by Mrs. Warren yesterday included:

Through Miss H. Cameron, Petersburg, Va.	$50
J. Lustrat, Athens, Ga.	$32
Mrs. H. W. Fitch	10

Prince of Wales Fund.

The Prince of Wales National Relief Fund in the United States now totals $111,644.39. Subscriptions should be sent to R. M. Stuart Wortley, 25 Broad Street. New subscriptions of $10 or more follow:

Through J. M. Caine, Oklahoma City, Okla.	$125
Neville G. Higham	10
C. N. Edge	10
Mrs. A. Milne, White Plains	10
"Friends," Clark Mills, N. Y.	21
H. Hooper	$10
Lancaster, Penn., Britishers	19
Herbert Barber	100
Through Pawtucket Evening Times, Pawtucket, R. I.	45
Mrs. Fergus Reid	25
Through Miss Mary S. Broughton, Elmira College, Elmira	13

Supplies for Yvetot Hospital.

The British War Relief Association, 132-138 West Twenty-seventh Street, will ship to France this week a large consignment of hospital supplies. The consignment will go to the hospital at Yvetot.

Nathan Straus Aids War Fund.

A large mass meeting under the auspices of the Los Angeles Zionists was held Sunday night in the interest of the Palestine Relief Fund. Nathan Straus of New York presided. Oscar S. Straus and other prominent speakers participated. Contributions of $2,300 were made, besides monthly pledges of $100.

BERNHARDT ABLE TO SIT UP.

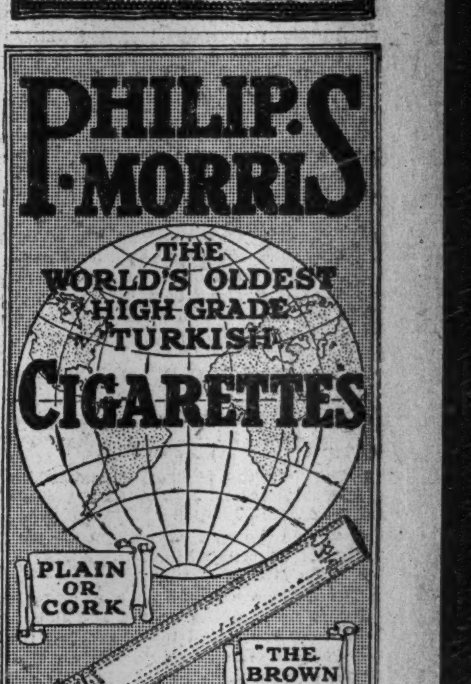
Condition of Actress Is Excellent, Says Doctor's Bulletin.

BORDEAUX, March 8.—The bulletin issued today by Dr. Denuce, who is attending Sarah Bernhardt, says:

"Mme. Bernhardt is able to sit up today. Her condition is excellent."

Weber and Heilbroner
Announce a
Special Sale of
Men's Silk Umbrellas
at $3.15
Regular $5 to $7.50 Quality
These are the celebrated "National" 8 rib frames—used in the finest grade of umbrellas; covered with Pure Silk Taffetas and Leventine Silks.
Handles of the fashionable imported English woods, natural or trimmed—bamboo, ash, Malacca, ebony, boxwood, firze. Opera style, or Prince-of-Wales crook, which hangs handily over the arm.
These umbrellas are a special purchase by us—at a concession. They will be an equally special purchase by you.
At All Eleven Stores
241 Broadway 345 Broadway 757 Broadway 1185 Broadway
44th and Broadway 1363 Broadway 58 Nassau 150 Nassau
20 Cortlandt 27 New 42nd and Fifth Ave.

HELMAR
10¢
CIGARETTES
Quality Superb
Anargyros
Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World


PHILIP MORRIS
THE WORLD'S OLDEST HIGH GRADE TURKISH CIGARETTES
PLAIN OR CORK
"THE BROWN BOX"

MARTELL
for
AGE
and
QUALITY

There's something about them you'll like-
Twenty for a Quarter
Trade Mark.
Herbert Tareyton
London Cigarettes

The Covert Cloths
Lend Themselves with Especial Adaptability to the Newest Styles of
Saks' Spring Overcoats For Young Men
¶ There is nothing non-committal about them; yet nothing effusive.
¶ No cloth lends itself to the artistic touch of the master tailor with greater facility.
¶ By the same token, no cloth requires greater skill in tailoring. And here the famous Saks Tailoring Organization demonstrates its superiority most effectively.
The price is $25.00
¶ Various shades, from quite light to medium dark, in the proper medium weights.
¶ Models include form-fitting, loose back, button through, slanting or patch pocket effects.
¶ All are in the correct knee length and all have self collar; a Covert Cloth Overcoat should by no means have a collar of different material.
Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

PASSPORT PLOTTER TO SERVE 3 YEARS

Ruroede Goes to Atlanta and Four Who Got False Papers Fined $200 Each.

VON WEDEL HELD ABROAD

Department of Justice Still Investigating and Will Try to Reach Arch-Conspirator.

Carl Ruroede, the ex-steamship man who was arrested on Jan. 2 with four Germans to whom he had issued spurious American passports, pleaded guilty yesterday before Judge Neterer in the Federal District Court to the charge of having conspired to defraud the United States Government. The court sentenced Ruroede to three years' imprisonment.

The four Germans who bought passports from him were fined $200 each. Judge Neterer said he was convinced that Ruroede was not the originator of the scheme. The Government is continuing its investigations, and is trying to secure the return to this country of Hans von Wedel, who is believed to be the man who brought Ruroede into the plot.

In connection with it, too, Maurice Deiches, the lawyer and politician, is still held under bail, although he has made a statement to District Attorney Marshall. All evidence in the matter as it is gathered is being submitted to the Department of Justice at Washington, and there inquiries are still under foot to find the man behind von Wedel.

District Attorney Marshall in person handled the case against Ruroede. He informed the court that the man had decided to plead guilty to the two indictments, one for conspiring to defraud the Government, the other for forwarding forged passports, and stated that he had been associated with von Wedel since last September. As far as the Government knew, not more than twenty-five fictitious applications for passports had been made.

Von Wedel Prisoner in England.

Von Wedel, Mr. Marshall went on, is believed to have been captured. He sailed on the steamer Bergenfjord under an assumed Mexican name. A British cruiser is said to have taken him and other Germans off the ship, but, as none of them would admit that he was von Wedel, they were all sent to a detention camp in England. The Government has sent over a photograph and full description of the man, and hopes that he will be identified and returned to this country to face his indictment.

Charles W. Oberwager, counsel for Ruroede, made a strong plea for clemency, saying that he had three children, the eldest only 17, who would suffer by his conviction, and producing many testimonials as to his character. Three physicians certified that a long period of confinement would be of injury to his health.

Judge Neterer said:

"This conspiracy, if successful, would have cast a cloud over the great number of American citizens traveling abroad. The passport is the sacred heritage and privilege of our citizenship, which has behind it the combined power of the army and navy, and any infringement of it would be particularly serious at this time, when several nations are in contention with each other, and while our statesmen are severely taxed to maintain our neutrality, to do justice to all, and to cultivate peace and harmony with all nations.

"At such a time as this to circulate a spurious passport to be used with one friendly nation in the interests of another nation would have the effect of casting aspersions on all our passports. It might jeopardize the lives of our citizens traveling in foreign countries, and it is a most fortunate thing that these plans were discovered before they had gone any further."

Four Germans Plead Guilty.

The sentence of three years' imprisonment in Atlanta Penitentiary was then passed, and the four young Germans pleaded guilty to similar charges. They were William Heinrich Sachsse, a Lieutenant in the German reserve, who had had a civil engineer's job in this city, and August R. Meyer, Walter Mueller, and Herman Wegener, who had come from Chile, where they were employed by a mining company, to try to get back to Germany. Since their arrest Sachsse has been out on his parole, but the three others have been in the Tombs in default of $5,000 bail each.

Judge Neterer said he was convinced that all four were actuated solely by motives of patriotism, and that no moral turpitude was included in their acts. At the same time they had violated the law. So he fined them each $200. They paid their fines and were released, the three young men from Chile saying they would return there as soon as they could.

The District Attorney's office does not believe that there was any connection between the Ruroede affair and the arrest of Richard P. Stegler, who is now in the Tombs on a false passport charge. He is to be tried next Monday, and his wife was in court yesterday to see what happened to Ruroede.

WHY PRESIDENT STAYS HOME

Cancels Fair Visit to Have a "Clear Conscience."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—President Wilson today confirmed what had become an open secret by making public a letter written by him to Charles C. Moore, President of the Panama-Pacific Exposition, now in progress at San Francisco, expressing regret that on account of the demands of public duty it would be impossible for him to visit San Francisco and the exposition at this time. While the President says that he "could not go away with a clear conscience," he does not take Mr. Moore or the public into his confidence as to the details of the reasons that will keep him here. In his letter to Mr. Moore the President said:

> With very great reluctance indeed I feel myself obliged to say that my visit to San Francisco at this time is impossible, in view of the clear demands of public duty upon me.
>
> It is imperative that for the present, at any rate, I should remain in Washington, in close touch with all sources of information as to the various matters which the Government has to deal with. I could not go away with a clear conscience. I should feel that I was not performing my duties in the way the people expect of me.
>
> I am not only disappointed, I am sincerely grieved that this decision should be necessary. I had looked forward to my visit to the Panama Exposition not only with interest, but with keen pleasure. My interest in the Exposition is very great. It seems to me to have unusual significance, and I have sincerely admired the indomitable energy and the clear intelligence with which the whole thing has been planned. My warmest, best wishes go out to you. I shall still hope that this is a pleasure only postponed, not entirely foregone.

The general belief in official circles is that the President feels that it would be unwise for him to leave Washington at a period like this when so many delicate problems involving the relations of the United States with foreign countries are pending.

Vice President Marshall will represent the President at the Panama-Pacific Exposition and he is now on his way to San Francisco. It is expected that Mr. Wilson will remain in Washington until the hot season is at hand and if the European situation has improved by that time as far as the relations of the United States with the warring nations are concerned, he will go to Winston Churchill's home near Cornish, New Hampshire, which he has leased again.

EX-MAYOR SCHIEREN AND HIS WIFE DYING

Mrs. Schieren Stricken While Nursing Former Executive of Old City of Brooklyn.

HE IS KEPT IN IGNORANCE

Each, 73 Years Old, Suffering from Pneumonia—He Was Long Head of Young Republican Club.

Charles A. Schieren, who was next to the last Mayor of the old city of Brooklyn, is dying of pneumonia in his home, 405 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn. Unknown to him, his wife, Mrs. Louise Bramm Schieren, is equally ill in a nearby room. She succumbed on Sunday after she had nursed her husband for three days. Both Mr. and Mrs. Schieren are 73 years old, their advanced age being a factor against them in their fight for life. Last night the physicians abandoned hope of saving Mrs. Schieren.

In February, 1914, Mr. Schieren began to suffer from stomach trouble, and this necessitated an operation. By November he seemed to have regained his good health, and in January he went South to escape the cold weather. He had a relapse and hurried home on Feb. 19. From then he began to sink and last Thursday came down with pneumonia.

Mr. Schieren was born in Germany and came here at the age of 14. He worked for Philip Pasquay in the leather business in the Old Swamp district in lower Manhattan, and in 1868 went into business for himself. In 1908 this business was incorporated as Charles A. Schieren & Co., with the sons, Charles A., Jr., President; G. Arthur, Vice President, and Harrie V., Secretary and Treasurer.

Mr. Schieren was an ardent Republican, and was President for many years of the Young Republican Club of Brooklyn. He was a member of the Union League Club. He was President of the Germania Savings Bank and on the Directorate of other Brooklyn banks. He was a Lutheran, and promoted the building of forty Lutheran Churches in this city.

He and his wife had planned to celebrate their golden wedding anniversary next November.

HIS LEAP TO DEATH LANDS TWO IN CELL

Pair Who Vainly Sought to Restrain Jobless Engineer Are Accused of Homicide.

PLUNGES FROM 11TH FLOOR

Workman in Building Across the Street, Witness of Suicide, Lodges the Complaint.

George Gilman, a stonesetter of 310 East Thirty-fourth Street, who was at work yesterday morning in an office in the building at the southwest corner of Broadway and Duane Street, looked across the street and saw three men struggling in an office on the eleventh floor on the Duane Street side of the building at 209 Broadway. Two of the men subdued the third and the struggle ceased.

A few minutes later Gilman heard a crash of glass and a shriek. A man's body plunged through the window of the office where the battle had taken place and dropped eleven stories below to the sidewalk in Duane Street.

A crowd soon gathered about the body and Policeman Lynch of the Beach Street station questioned the two men who had been in the office with the dead man. They were George Wallace of East Northport, L. I., founder and organizer of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers, which occupies the office on the eleventh floor, and Oliver Houston, a machinist of 50 Poplar Street, Yonkers, who was there looking for employment.

They said that the dead man was Alexander Gordon, an engineer of Jersey City, and that he had plunged through the window while suffering from acute alcoholism. At the Beach Street station, however, Gilman told Lieut. Lane of the struggle which he had seen in the office. While he admitted that he had not seen Gordon thrown from the window, he said that he wished to lodge a charge of homicide against the two men, and they were locked up on charges of homicide. Lieut. Lane asked Wallace what he had to say about Gilman's story. He said:

"I have known Gordon for fourteen years and have been very friendly with him. Recently he had been out of work and had come to the offices of the society, which finds employment for engineers and mechanics, and asked for work. I sent him to Harrison, N. J., after a job, first having him sign a pledge to abstain from liquor, because he had been drinking so heavily that he was no longer reliable.

"He broke the pledge, however, and returned from Harrison. This morning he came into my office on the verge of delirium tremens and said that he wanted to make away with himself. He ran for the window and pulled it up. Mr. Houston and I caught him and pulled him back. That is probably what made Gilman think we were fighting. I went downstairs to look for a policeman in order to have Gordon locked up for his own good, leaving him in charge of Houston. He broke away and threw himself through the window."

SHOWS HER FOOT TO JURY.

Mrs. Wheeler's Divorce Trial Enlivened by Exhibit.

Mrs. Claudia Carlstedt Wheeler, for many years a well-known actress, had the courage of her profession yesterday. In order to aid a witness called to testify against her in her husband's suit for divorce, and at the request of his attorney, Joseph H. Choate, Jr., she consented to exhibit to the jury her right foot and about six inches of a purple silk stocking, and she also divested herself of her furs in order that her figure might be more clearly seen. It was a very tense moment in court.

Mrs. Wheeler was a member of the Frank Daniels Opera Company when she met her husband. She married him on March 31, 1898. Her husband is Albert Gallatin Wheeler, Jr. At the time of his wedding he was a member of the Stock Exchange and the Chicago Board of Trade, a Director of a number of big corporations, and a member of many clubs. Mr. and Mrs. Wheeler separated on April 23, 1910, and when Mr. Wheeler advertised that he was living apart from his wife she sued him for a legal separation and won it, with $500 a month alimony. The alimony was reduced later to $300.

The trial of the suit began yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum. The last witness of the day was Judson Rodgers, night clerk of the San Remo apartment hotel. In answer to questions by Mr. Choate he said "Mr. and Mrs. Green" engaged an apartment at the hotel in the early part of last Summer. Asked to describe the woman he replied that she was shorter and slighter than the defendant. Mr. Choate asked Mrs. Wheeler if she would oblige him by rising. She stood up immediately and gazed steadfastly at the witness.

"Was that the woman who was with Mr. Green that night?" the witness was asked.

"No, Sir," was the reply.

This was a heavy blow to the prosecution. Under the impression that the difference in height was due to high heels, Mr. Choate asked Mrs. Wheeler if she would show her shoes to the jury.

PLAN NEW CANAL FORTS.

Gen. Edwards Seeks Sites for Further Defenses.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, March 8.—General Clarence R. Edwards, with fifteen officers of the Zone troops, left this morning to inspect the national defenses in the interior, and also to find sites for fortifications to protect the canal from land attacks.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue, 46th and 47th Sts.

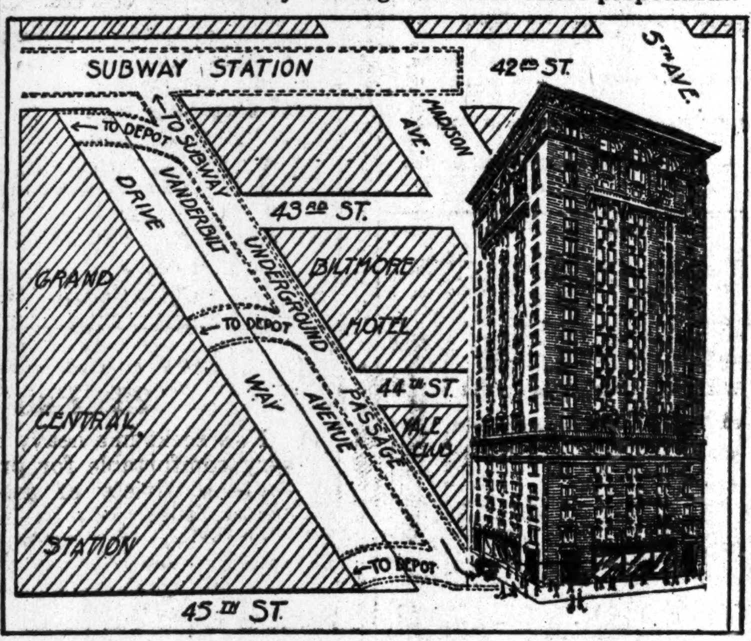
announce
Advance Displays of
New Modes
indicating the true trend
of Fashion for the approaching season

MILLINERY SUITS COATS
GOWNS WRAPS BLOUSES

Unquestionably the cleverest ideas from the tout ensemble of styles created by the famous couturiers of Paris.

ALSO ORIGINAL DESIGNS BY OUR OWN EXPERTS.

FIFTH AVENUE AT FORTY-SIXTH STREET



Vanderbilt Concourse Offices
East 45th Street and Vanderbilt Avenue

BEFORE YOU SIGN a new lease, visit this latest and finest office building in the center of New York, which has already prestige due to the prominent firms who have chosen it after carefully looking into other office propositions.

Notice the underground street running direct from the basement of the building to the Subway System, the Grand Central Station, Hotel Biltmore, and the Yale Club.

No mercantile shipping. Twenty stories of high class executive offices only.

The building will open April 1st, and leases will be drawn from May 1st, 1915.

Vanderbilt Concourse Corporation
Messimer & Carreau, and Dean Widner, Agents
52 Vanderbilt Ave. Phone Murray Hill 4496.

Wash Dress Fabrics at McCutcheon's

We were fortunate in having our buyer in Paris during the first few weeks of the war—this enabled us to secure the cream of the French output in Wash Dress Fabrics.

Now these goods are on display here—a great choice collection, different in many ways from any other exhibition in town and representing a merchandising feat with which we are much pleased.

The line includes *French Piques, French Dress Linens, French Golfine, French Voiles, French Crepes, Handkerchief Linens, "Gabardines," Plumetis, Embroidered Batiste, Embroidered Voile and Crepes, Printed Fabrics, Novelty Borders and Sheer White Fabrics of every description.*

Fifth Ave., 34th and 33d Streets

Note—Conducting our own workrooms on the premises, we not only offer you unusual models at low prices, but advantages, such as duplicating to measure, WITH FITTINGS, and CHANGING DETAILS to meet individual tastes.

Lane Bryant
25 West 38th Street
Spring Apparel
FOR WOMEN AND MISSES
Very Moderately Priced

Serge Dresses	9.85 to 44.75	Street Coats	14.75 to 34.75
Silk Dresses	14.45 to 54.75	Tailored Waists	2.95 to 7.45
Dancing Frocks	11.50 to 69.50	Dressy Waists	4.65 to 21.50
Summer Dresses	6.75 to 49.75	Separate Skirts	3.95 to 9.95
Tailored Suits	19.85 to 47.50	House Gowns	3.95 to 54.75

—APPAREL FOR STOUT FIGURES—
Dresses, Suits, Coats, Blouses, Negligees, Corsets
Especially designed for sizes 44 to 56, at the above special prices.

MATERNITY APPAREL,
SUITS, DRESSES, SKIRTS, CORSETS, UNDERWEAR in all the latest fabrics and styles. Scientifically constructed to expand as required. AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CENTEMERI—*nothing but gloves since 1870.*
Forty-five years of constant improvement.

Centemeri Gloves
For Men

The well-dressed man—the optimist—the man who has learned that it pays to look prosperous, does not discard his gloves with the first sign of Spring. He buys a new pair and looks **prosperity.**

Grey Suede	The True Spring Glove	1.75
Buff Cape	The Prosperity Glove	1.75
Drab Buck	The Millionaire's Glove	3.00 - 3.50
Grey Silk	The Summer Glove	1.00 - 1.50

296 Fifth Ave. One Door Below 31st Street

DESKS at big discounts
Quartered Oak and Mahogany
The Globe-Wernicke Co.
Main Store: 380 Broadway, Cor. White St.
BRANCH: 30 Church St., Hudson Terminal Bldg.

GREENHUT'S
J. B. GREENHUT COMPANY.
"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES SIXTH AVE., 18th TO 19th STREET
"Meet me at the Fountain"

—MAIN BUILDING—
"Her Majesty" Corsets, $1 Today, at
Sizes 18 to 30. Excellent quality coutil, pink or white. Up-to-date models.

Latest Spring Fashions Posed on Living Models
Promenade Daily 10 to 12 Noon and 2 to 4 P. M.
Music by Theo. Bendix String Orchestra
A rare opportunity for you to immediately view the newest styles in SUITS, DRESSES AND WRAPS for women and misses.

—CUT OUT THIS COUPON—
It is Good for 50 (FIFTY) S&H Green Trading Stamps FREE with Purchase of $1 or More Today (Tuesday) Only (March 9).
☞ These 50 FREE Stamps are of the same kind as those which you would ordinarily obtain with your purchases. J. B. GREENHUT CO.
N. Y. Times, 3—9—15.
24

—MAIN BUILDING—
"Waters" Adjustable Top Petticoats Today at $1
A Petticoat that fits without puckers or wrinkles. A Petticoat that fits perfectly over the hips and back. EVERY PETTICOAT GUARANTEED FOR LONG SERVICE.
Will fit any waist measure.
All colors, also black.

—MAIN BUILDING—
Women's $2.50 & $3 Shoes, at $1.95
Popular Spring styles and leathers. Complete range of sizes and widths.
Gunmetal Calf, Patent Leather and Kidskin; button or lace; cloth or dull kid tops; high and low heels.

Men's $2.50 & $3 Shoes, Today $1.95
Gunmetal Calf, Blucher style; roomy, comfortable last; sizes 6 to 11, D and E widths. Every pair with Goodyear welted soles.

—MAIN BUILDING—
A Wonderful Lot of
Spring Suits and Overcoats
Today at $10
Sizes for Men and Young Men
An exceptionally attractive collection of good-looking and splendidly tailored Spring Suits and Overcoats. One of the best special offers ever made this early in the season.
The Spring Suits—in a score of handsome patterns; also plain colors.
The Spring Overcoats—in plain blacks and Oxford grays; also a large showing of fancy Tweeds in new Spring shades; all sizes.
Choice of the above Garments at $10.

$10 & $12 Spring Weight
BALMACAANS
Today at $6.85
Fine "Priestley" rainproof Spring weight Balmacaans; attractive variety of plaids and neat patterns; all sizes.

—TODAY'S SALES IN OUR ANNEX BUILDING—EXCLUSIVELY DEVOTED TO HOME FURNISHINGS—
Sale of Framed Pictures & Mirrors
Unbelievably Low Prices for Today
On Artistic Prints and Reproductions of Master Artists
Orders for these pictures and mirrors were placed early in January (during the dullest manufacturing period), and as a result we can today offer HIGH-CLASS PICTURES AND MIRRORS AT PRICES THAT COMPETE WITH THE SELLING FIGURES MARKED ON INFERIOR GRADES OFFERED ELSEWHERE.
Sale begins today. Come and get your share of the exceptional specials. Prices in this sale as low as 25c for most artistic reproductions of famous paintings.

Furniture
Today at 1/3 Less Than Regular Prices
$17 Quartered Oak Full Swell Front Dresser........ $12
This Dresser has 22 x 28 inch French plate mirror; is 40 inches long and 21 inches deep; all wood trimmings; well made and finished.
$20 Quartered Oak Front Buffet.................... $16
46 inches long and 21 inches deep; 10 x 34 inch plate; front top and standards are of quartered oak; plank top; a well constructed piece of furniture and an exceptionally good value.
$12.50 White Enamelled Square Post Bed.................. $9
2-inch square post; head end is 60 inches high; fillers are 1 inch square; top rod 1½ inches square; enamel is baked on to ensure durability. Each post is mounted with a brass cap. 4 ft. 6 and 4 ft. sizes only.

Inlaid & Printed Linoleums
From the Armstrong Cork Co. and the Ringwalt Linoleum Co.
These are accumulations of surplus sample stocks. Beautiful patterns in excellent color combinations PLEASE BRING MEASUREMENTS WITH YOU.
Armstrong Inlaid Linoleums—2 yards wide; regularly $1.25; square yard.. 69c
Armstrong Printed Linoleums—4 yds. wide; regularly 70c; square yard....... 39c
Ringwalt's New Process Linoleums—2 yds. wide; regularly 45c; square yard....... 26c

A Few of Today's Specials in Housewares
O-So-Ezy Triangle Shape Mop Combinations—combination consists of two mops, can of Cedar Oil and one handle; done up in a neat tin box; one mop is an oil mop, to be used one day in the week, and the other is a dry mop to be used every day in the week; combination, at.......................... 95c

Aluminum Double Rice or Cereal Boiler—1¾-quart $1.19

Aluminum Frying Pans—made of cast aluminum; 10 in. diameter; extra deep.. 95c
Universal Bread Mixers—very practical and sanitary.
2-loaf size....$1.50
4-loaf size......$2.00
6 to 8 loaf size..$2.50
Aluminum Round Roaster—good quality aluminum; size 10x6 inches...... 65c

$8 Gas Ranges—3 top burners; good sized oven; separate broiler burner (as illustrated) will do the work of a much higher-priced range..... $6.50
Step Ladders — very durably made, with pail rest.
5-foot.........49c
6-foot..........59c
Parcel Post Scale—can also be used as a family scale..... $1.35
Extra Heavy Roll-Top Bread or Cake Box — large size; gold edgings; tin shelf...... $1.75

—Double S&H Green Trading Stamps in the Forenoon—Single Stamps in the Afternoon—

A New Industrial City
MANUFACTURERS

OWNER AND TENANT

The real estate owner who is fortunate enough to have as a tenant a firm that is thoroughly convinced of the fitness of its surroundings can rate this particular investment as a quick asset. The tenant of a building in which every modern labor saving device is incorporated is a permanent asset both to the building and the neighborhood. This condition obtains at the Degnon Terminal and should invite close scrutiny both by prospective investors, as well as tenants.

Write 30 E. 42d St., New York
Phone Murray Hill, 7505.

DEGNON TERMINAL
GATEWAY TO WORLD'S GREATEST MARKETS

An AUTOMOBILE TOP covered with genuine PANTASOTE not only gives distinction to your car when it is new, but it retains its beauty and gives perfect protection after long and hard service.

When you buy a new car you are safe in selecting one with a

Genuine
Pantasote
TOP

Pantasote is not new, untried or experimental. It has been used for over twenty years in the making of fine furniture; it is the material of which the curtains in every Pullman railway car are made. Quality is all important with the makers of the Pullman railway car.

When you buy your new car demand a genuine Pantasote top—the cars that have them reflect the sincerity of their makers to provide the best service regardless of first cost.

The Pantasote Company
1751 Bowling Green Building, New York City

AN EXCELLENT TONIC FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S HAIR
BALDPATE
Registered in U. S. and Canada
HAIR TONIC
NEVER FAILS.

Nourishes and strengthens the follicles and thus promotes the growth of the hair. Relieves the scalp of unhealthy accumulations and secretions. Gives a rich gloss, is highly perfumed, and free from oil. Makes the hair light and fluffy.

Trial will convince you.
PRICE $1.00
BALDPATE CO., NEW YORK
For sale by all Drug and Dept. Stores.

7-20-4
R. G. SULLIVAN'S

Increased sales for over forty years tell their own story.

Largest selling brand of 10c Cigars in the world.

FACTORY, MANCHESTER, N. H.

GOVERNMENT TO RUN RITTMAN FACTORIES

With Secretary of Treasury as Trustee, Oil Men May Unite to Make Gasoline.

ALTERNATIVE LICENSE PLAN

Ample Offers for Financing Follow Inventor's Two Demonstrations at Columbia.

A company to be organized and operated under the supervision of the Secretary of the Treasury for the benefit of the public may utilize commercially the new Rittman processes of manufacturing gasoline and two chemicals used in the making of ammunition and dyestuffs. This was disclosed yesterday at a double demonstration of the discovery held in the chemistry building at Columbia University. The plan is now being considered by officials of the United States Bureau of Mines.

The demonstrations were attended by prominent chemists and officials of large chemical manufacturing companies, representatives of the Standard Oil and of some of the largest independent oil companies, and by agents of interests that manufacture ammunition on a large scale in this country. Dr. Walter F. Rittman, the young inventor of the processes, conducted the experiments himself in the laboratory he has worked in for several years.

A morning demonstration was devoted to the gasoline process, by which it is said that independent refiners of this country can increase their output 200 per cent. At an afternoon demonstration the process of extracting benzol and totuol was shown. Both of these chemicals, necessary in the manufacture of dyestuffs and the most highly explosive of modern ammunitions, heretofore have been extracted from coal tar. The United States, with other countries, has depended largely on Germany for them.

Treasury Secretary as Trustee.

After the morning demonstration Van H. Manning, Assistant Director of the Bureau of Mines, in which Dr. Rittmann is a chemical engineer, told of the method by which it is proposed to make commercial use of the processes so that the public will get the whole benefit of the discoveries in the form of lower prices.

"Our ida is that the best plan would be to have oil manufacturers club together and build a large plant for the manufacture of gasoline by the new process, the Secretary of the Treasury acting as the trustee for the company," he told the assembled visitors.

"The Government itself cannot build the plant and enter the oil business because it hasn't any funds appropriated for this purpose, and I don't think Congress would appropriate funds for the enterprise, at present at any rate. We have spent $25,000 in experimenting on these processes and are anxious that they shall be marketed in the best manner for the public good and that no individual concern or group shall gain control of them.

"We have already received offers enough to finance the whole thing. Under just what method the financing will be done has not been decided definitely, but it has been decided that the Secretary of the Treasury shall be the trustee, no matter what method is chosen."

Another arrangement which, it was stated, might be adopted, would be for the Secretary of the Treasury to have sole control of the patents and to license any financially responsible manufacturing company that made application to use them. Two companies would have to be formed, one for the gasoline business and one for dyestuffs.

The demonstrations were held to settle all doubts of the practicability of the processes, regarding which some chemists have been skeptical since the possibilities were told by Secretary of the Interior Franklin K. Lane a week ago, as well as to gain support for the plan of starting a Government-supervised company. The witnesses, it was said, included a representative of one of the allied Governments, who came from Washington, and a representative of Germany.

Dr. Rittman's Patents.

Dr. Rittman, who is only 32 years old, smooth-shaven, boyish looking, and who was one of Swarthmore's crack football players only eight years ago, insisted that under no conditions should any private concern procure a monopoly of the new processes for individual gain, but that they should be used solely for the public. He has made trips to Washington within the last few weeks to have them patented in this country in the name of the United States Government.

While the young inventor is turning over to the United States Government the results of his researches for use in this country, in accordance with the rule that has been established by chemists for the Bureau of Mines that they shall not profit personally by the use of anything they invent while serving the Government, as far as this country is concerned, he is permitted to procure patents abroad and to restrict the use of his invention to one company if he desires. He is now having the processes patented in various countries of Europe.

Dr. Rittman said he could not make the details of either process public at present, bu would announce them within thirty days. He would not attempt to estimate the actual reduction in the price of a gallon of gasoline which his process would make possible. At present, he said, there was nothing to compute this on, except the laboratory experiments, and it would be impossible to estimate all of the extra costs or unlooked-for economies that might develop when the scheme was worked out on a large commercial scale.

Gasoline is derived by the new process from the residuary oil after gasoline and other products have been extracted by the old methods, and this oil has been considered practically useless and can be bought at 1 to 3 cents a gallon. By the Rittman process nearly a gallon of gasoline, besides the other products, can be extracted from every gallon of this waste oil.

The Rittman gasoline process consists of breaking up the vapor of crude oil instead of breaking up the oil itself, as in the old distilling process. The vapors are subjected to a great pressure in a heated tube, and the molecules are "broken" into the atoms. In the laboratory work the intense heat required has been generated by the use of electricity. This method, it was said, would be too expensive for commercial use, and coal heat probably would have to be used. One method proposed was to have the tubes immersed in melted lead.

The new method of manufacturing benzol and totuol was safer and more efficient than the old one, Dr. Rittman said. It is expected to make the United States economically independent of Germany in the manufacture of both products. The representatives of the Bureau of Mines who attended yesterday were convinced that the two products could be manufactured more cheaply by the Rittman process than under the old process, but said that this could not be proved absolutely until experiments had been tried on a large scale. On the trial on a large scale, it was said, also depended the question of whether dyestuffs could be manufactured more cheaply in this country than they had been in Germany.

On leaving the laboratory the visitors would not discuss for publication what they had seen. Several of them were heard to comment that the demonstrations had been a "surprising success" and that it only remained to be seen how the plans would work out on a large scale. A representative of an oil company said:

"The gasoline process is wonderful. There is absolutely no doubt that it will make gasoline a great deal cheaper and will practically revolutionize the gasoline manufacturing industry."

Among those present at the demonstrations were R. E. Humphreys and D. A. Fiefield, Standard Oil Company; George P. Brockway, Seneca Oil Works, Warren, Penn.; J. T. Means, Empire Oil Works, Reno, Penn.; R. P. Byles, Independent Refining Company, Oil City, Penn.; Lewis Emery, Emery Company, Bradford, Penn.; R. P. Erregaard, Canfield Oil Company, Cleveland; A. J. Booth, Paragon Refining Company, Cleveland; D. E. Weir, President Waverly Oil Works, Pittsburgh; J. A. Fawcett, Crystal Refining Company, Oil City; W. H. Ison, Cudahy Refining Company, St. Louis; G. S. Forcier, Milliken Refining Company, St. Louis; Dr. F. L. Slocum, Aetna Explosive Company, Inc.; Samuel G. Robertson and E. A. MacCadden, Pure Oil Company, Marcus Hook, Penn.; F. B. Westgate, American Oil Company, Titusville, Penn.; I. I. Lamprecht, National Refining Company, Cleveland, and representatives of the Army and Navy Departments in Washington. There were about sixty persons present.

COLONEL NEEDS THE PRESS.

Says He Wishes He Had More Newspapers with Him Now.

Ex-President Roosevelt appeared yesterday in the Federal District Court as a character witness for Major Cassius C. Gillette, a retired officer of the U. S. Engineers Corps, in the Major's $50,000 libel suit against the Press Publishing Company. After he had retired from the army the Major issued a pamphlet sharply attacking President Wilson for his Mexican policy, and the alleged libel occurred in the World's criticism on that.

"Suppose such an attack had been made on you or your Secretary of War?" the Colonel was asked by Howard C. Taylor, of counsel for the defense.

Colonel Roosevelt declined to be led into any discussion of the policy of President Wilson, and then declared with his usual energy that he, when President, had never been accustomed to appeal to any one, not even newspaper editors, for support on the ground of party loyalty.

"I wish I had more newspapers with me now, though," the Colonel added.

He spoke very highly of Major Gillette, who had been instrumental when in the army in showing up frauds in connection with the Savannah Harbor works.

Mail Orders Receive Immediate Attention, and Should Be Sent Without Delay to Avoid Disappointment

Arnold, Constable & Co.

Today's Special Sales

A Fortunate Purchase of
250 Oriental Rugs

In particularly desirable weaves and the much wanted small and medium sizes, will be offered at price concessions

Averaging 25 to 33 1/3 Per Cent. Under Value

KHURDISTANS AND MOUSOULS—Silky texture and rich colorings; average size 3.6x6.3. **Specially priced 13.50 to 32.00**

CABISTANS of unusually fine texture and exceptional sizes, 4.0x2.6. **Specially priced 15.00 to 28.00**

HAMIDANS—Notably fine and silky; average size 3.4x2.6. **Specially priced 6.50 to 12.00**

KERMANSHAH—Soft rose and ivory shades; average size 4.0x6.0. **Specially priced 42.50 to 98.00**

Special Offering of
2,000 Yards Fine Carpets

In the patterns and colorings appropriate for Spring furnishings and comprising the best American and English makes.

Now Priced 1/3 Less Than Regularly.

BIGELOW CARPETS in a large assortment of Axminster and Brussels. *Formerly $1.65 to $2.00 yard.* **Reduced to 1.10, 1.25 and 1.35**

BIGELOW CARPETS—Exceptionally high grade Wiltons in a variety of highly desirable styles. *Formerly $3.00 and $3.25 yard.* **Reduced to 1.75, 2.00, 2.25, 2.50 and 2.75**

ENGLISH WILTONS of superior quality in an assortment of attractive patterns. *Formerly $3.75, $4.00 yard.* **Reduced to 2.00, 2.25, 2.50 and 2.75**

Comfortables
Medium weight; ideal for Summer use. Fine silkoline in pretty floral and Persian designs; full size, cotton filled. *Regularly $2.00.* **1.75**

Fine Wool Blankets
Medium weight and beautiful quality. White with pink or blue borders. *Regularly $9.00 pair.* Now **6.25**

Bath Mats
Turkish mats of superior quality in a large assortment of appropriate colorings.
Size 24x39. Special at **85c**
Size 25x41. Special at **1.00**

Men's Half Hose
Artificial silk in the most improved and serviceable grades; lustrous and of excellent wearing quality. Black and plain colors. 6 pairs specially priced **1.25**

Men's Neckwear
Advance Spring styles in English foulards; new, allover effects on navy and fancy colored grounds. Attractively priced at **50c**

Bath Towels
Turkish bath towels of exceptionally fine quality, soft and very absorbent; dainty colored borders. *Value $6.50 dozen.* Now **4.50**

Men's Silk Shirts
Negligee shirts of pure silk, satin striped shirtings of the better grades, equal in workmanship to the finest custom making. *Value $5.00, $5.50.* Sale price **3.45**

Men's Flannel Shirts
Of medium weight, extra fine twilled flannel in neat patterns. Neckbands or collars attached. *Value $3.00, $3.50.* Sale price **1.95**

Men's Dress Shirts
Our entire stock of finest mushroom dress shirts, including the best imported and domestic makes. *Value $3.50 to $5.00.* **1.95**

Broadway & 19th Street

'BILLY' SUNDAY GETS REBUFF AT PRINCETON

Students Refuse to Sing "Old Nassau" for Him and Audience Is Not Converted.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., March 8.—"Billy" Sunday did not convert his audience of Princeton students today and left the college town without having caused the excitement that had been expected from his visit. He gave two sermons, both in the First Presbyterian Church, which had been engaged for him by his host, the Princeton Theological Seminary.

The evangelist had been barred from Alexander Hall or any other Princeton University building by Dr. John G. Hibben, President of the university, and it was thought he would launch into a fiery attack against the college administration as a result. He refrained from that and confined himself to a few sarcastic remarks about colleges and theological seminaries in general.

The church was well filled, but more people could have been accommodated in both the morning and the afternoon. The first address was given particularly for the seminary students, who gave the evangelist a much more enthusiastic greeting than did the university men in the afternoon.

Sunday and Herman Rodehaver, the evangelist's chorister, wanted to hear some Princeton cheers and songs. They got the cheers, but when they requested the cheer leader, Putnam, to call for "Old Nassau," the Princeton song, there was a vigorous protest. Instead, the undergraduates made the rafters of the old church echo to the air of the marching song, "Princeton, Forward March to Victory."

Robert Louis Stevenson's tale of "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" was the basis of the sermon Sunday delivered to the university students. He told about the dual personality of evil and good in men's natures and illustrated his points with a mixture of baseball yarns and Bible narratives translated into street slang.

President Hibben did not attend either service.

Legislators Invite Sunday.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., March 8.—By unanimous vote the New Jersey Assembly tonight passed a resolution inviting the Rev. "Billy" Sunday to address the members of that body at the State House here next Monday afternoon. The Clerk of the House was instructed to communicate with the evangelist and to report as soon as possible. Bills providing for local option, reading of the Bible in public schools, and Sunday baseball are pending in the Assembly. Sentiment is growing for passage of the local option measure.

YOUNGSTERS WED SECRETLY

Jones, 16, Marries Miss Andrew, a Year His Senior.

Sixteen-year-old Philip Hone Le Roy Jones, son of Herman Le Roy Jones of 175 West Seventy-second Street, and Miss Margaret Forrester Andrew, a year older, the daughter of Henry H. Andrew, a lawyer of 507 West End Avenue, were married in Bristol, Tenn., last Sunday night, and their parents, who had been searching for them ever since Saturday found it out last night. Mrs. Andrew said that there was no objection to the marriage of the couple, who had been sweethearts since childhood, except that neither was yet very far from childhood and their parents thought they might have waited.

"I'm very fond of both my daughter and my new son-in-law," said Mrs. Andrew last night.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's
Herald Square. Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

Second 1915 Sale of
Commercial Stationery
For Office and General Use

Included in this Sale are many items representing our regular stock and priced at such savings that it will pay the business man or business woman to buy liberally NOW for future needs.

IMPORTANT: As is customary with R. H. Macy & Co., only high grade articles are offered in this Sale.

Commercial Stationery Section

"U. S." Automatic Pencil Sharpener, with blades that may be replaced. **$1.34** Each
"Boston" Automatic Pencil Sharpener, easy to operate and strongly constructed. **94c** Each
Oak Inkstands, for double desks; 2 inkwells and extra sponge cup. **59c** Complete
Typewriter Paper; sheets of large letter size; splendid quality; onion skin finish. **37c** for 500 Sheets
Bond Typewriter Paper; large letter size; extra fine quality. **37c** for 500 Sheets
Yellow Typewriter Paper; large letter sizes. **17c** for 500 Sheets

Typewriter Erasers—Circular and of good quality rubber (doz.), **23c**
Carbon Paper—Legal size; **44c** per hundred sheets, or (doz.), **7c**
Rubber Bands—In boxes of 200 assorted bands (box), **39c**
Lead Pencils—Popular Brands—With and without erasers (doz.), **14c** and **24c**
Typewriter and Pencil Erasers—Large size (each), **4c**
Bunch of Dates Calendar—With nickel stands and printed lines for memo's on opposite side (complete), **23c**
Brush Pen Wipers—In imported china cups, with hand-painted designs Price (each), **19c**
Typewriter Paper—Of fine linen finish; large legal size and durable quality (500 sheets), **64c**

Loose Leaf and Blank Book Sections

Loose Leaf Ledgers; skiver cloth back and corners (leather index); tab 9 1/4 x 11 7/8 inches. 400 sheets. **$3.29** Each
Loose Leaf Ledgers; skiver cloth covered, leather tab index; 450 pages; size 8 x 11 1/2 in. Smaller size at **$2.89.** **$3.89** Each
Loose Leaf Ledgers; bound with canvas, leather corners. Size 8 1/4 x 10 1/2 inches; 450 pages. Leather tab index. **$4.89** Each
Traveling Salesman's Expense Books; convenient vest pocket size; for weekly accounts, **3c**; for weekly and monthly accounts. **6c and 9c** Each
Flexible "Eagle" Sheet Holders; some are for vertical filing cabinets. **21c to 86c** Each
Parcel Post Record Book; canvas binding; corners of leather. Size 9 x 14 inches. **$1.34** Each

Journals! Ledgers! Records!

Cloth covers with back and corners of America Russia leather.

Size 8 1/2 inches x 10 1/2 inches.
150 Pages **54c** — 250 Pages **59c** — 300 Pages **72c** — 400 Pages **86c**
Same as above; size 8 1/2 inches x 14 inches.
150 Pages **58c** — 200 Pages **68c** — 300 Pages **84c**
Also 7 inches x 8 1/2 inches.
150 Pages **37c** — 200 Pages **46c** — 300 Pages **54c**

Wire Letter Trays; handy for desk and general use (ea.), **13c**
Stenographers' Note Books; ink and pencil quality paper; according to size (ea.) **3c, 4c & 6c**
White Business Envelopes; sizes 6 1/4 and 6 3/4 (1,000 Envelopes), **78c**
Star Box Files (our own brand); with alphabet (ea.), **19c**
Frankfort Box Files, with patent clasp and alphabet (ea.), **23c**
Falcon Pens; equal in quality to much higher priced pens (gross), **39c**
Esterbrook Pens, in all styles (gross), **72c**
Spencerian Pens, in all styles (gross), **84c**
Oak Wood Filing Cabinets; complete with cards and index; size 5 ins. x 3 ins. (each), **39c**
Ruled Index Cards; size 5 ins. x 3 ins. (per thousand), **47c**
Desk Pads, with leather corners; size 19 ins. x 24 ins. (each), **39c**
Large Desk Blotters, in all colors; size 19 ins. x 24 ins. (each), **4c**
White Hand Blotters (doz.) **3c**
Carter's Water Well Paste (5 oz. jar), **19c**
Stafford's White Paste (1 lb. jar), 39c.; (2 lb. jar), **59c**
Stafford's Ink for Fountain Pens and General Use (1 qt.), 54c.; (1 pt.), 34c.; (1/2 pt.), **23c**
Stafford's Red Ink (1 pt.), 62c.; (1/2 pt.), **39c**
Housewives' Expense Books (each), **11c to 44c**
Household Inventory Books (each), **10c to 34c**

MAIN FLOOR, 35TH ST.

R. H. Macy & Co.

GIMBELS
Broadway and Thirty-third St.,

Deposit Your Money by March 10th with GIMBEL BROTHERS, Bankers
(Under the Supervision of the Banking Department, State of New York.)
In order to entitle it to Interest at 4% from March 1st.
Main Floor, Rear Balcony.

These Men Are Welcoming
The GIMBEL Semi-Annual Sale of Men's and Boys' Clothing

And well they may, for it is the greatest economy occasion of the six months. Our whole stock of clothing goes into it at lowest prices.

Everything that men and boys can wear is included, from Fur Coats to Tennis Trousers, from Reefers to Wash Suits.

Besides, we always celebrate by providing splendid new lots of Overcoats and Suits planned long enough ahead to make them really extraordinary as to quality and price. Here are the "topliners:"

Men's $25 silk-lined Spring Overcoats, $15.
Men's $35 to $45 Winter Suits, $19.50.
Men's $30 and $32 Winter Suits, $16.50.
Men's $25 and $28 Winter Suits, $14.
Men's $40 to $55 silk-lined Winter Overcoats, $25.
Men's $40 to $45 English Overcoats, $19.50.
Men's $30 and $32 Winter Overcoats, $16.50.
Men's $25 to $28 Winter Overcoats, $14.
Men's $25 Light Knitted Overcoats, $14.
All Men's Fur Overcoats, half price.

Also widely assorted and very much under priced groups of

Men's
Cutaway Coats and Vests.
Evening Dress and Tuxedo Suits.
Raincoats.
Riding Breeches.
Palm Beach Suits.
Mackinaw Coats.
Striped Flannel Trousers.
Dress and Business Trousers.
Odd Vests.
Linen Dusters.

Boys'
Overcoats, light or heavy.
Reefers, 2 1/2 to 10 years.
Norfolk Suits.
Middy Blouse Suits.
Blue Serge Suits.
Corduroy Knickerbockers.
Combination Raincoats and Hats.
Mackinaw Coats.
Velvet and Novelty Suits.

Also CHAUFFEURS' Suits, Overcoats and Fur Coats. Fourth Floor

Men's 50c Socks 28c Pair
New socks in a heavy ribbed style, very comfortable for present wear. Quite a variety of good colors to choose from and a saving worth investigating, the present price is nearly one-half the actual value. Main Floor

Men's Spring Underwear $1
Shirts and Drawers of medium weight, natural worsted. A quality that will wear unusually well; all sizes.
Heavier Weights, 85c
Reg. $1 and $1.50
Broken lots of heavy worsted qualities in natural color; all sizes are represented but not each size in every style. Main Floor

By All Odds the Most Important
Sale of Women's Suits
That We Have Announced This Season

Here is a wonderful range of styles to guide the woman who is debating the choice of her Spring Tailored Suit.

They range from severely plain to distinctly elaborate—and the workmanship and finish are splendid in every case.

They offer a comprehensive grouping of the best models of the season; and an extraordinary feature of the sale is the extreme moderateness of the prices—

$25 — $29.50 — $47.50

Some of the Materials: Gabardine, Worsted, Novelty Weaves, Poplin, Serge
Some of the Styles: Narrow Skirts, Flaring Skirts, Belted Coats, Scalloped Peplums, Coats with Vestees
Some of the Colorings: Bleu de Soldat, Navy Blue, Field Brown, Taupe, Silver Gray

The Suits at $47.50 are a remarkably attractive collection of Pattern Suits—not more than one or two of a kind—and $75 or over at regular prices. Third Floor

$25

Cambère & Papazian's Stock of Oriental Rugs
$50,000 Worth for $30,000 in This Sale

Cambère & Papazian, the wholesale Oriental rug importers of 19 Madison Avenue, sold their entire stock of 1,071 fine Oriental Rugs to GIMBELS because the war has completely shut off Turkey, their main source of supply.

The sale commenced yesterday. Several lots were sold out completely before the day was over, and the superb collection of Rugs was stormed by eager buyers as energetically as the Dardanelles are being engaged by the war ships. Of the following there are sufficient quantities to last out today, but it would not be wise to wait long.

Six Bales of Fine Small Rugs
$4.75 Saddle Bags, Anatolian Mats, Carabaghs and other weaves.
$14.50 Shirvans, Beluchistans and Mosuls.
$22.50 Kazakjas, Mosuls and Beluchistans.
$10 Anatolian, Silk Rugs, Kazakjas and Saddle Bags.
$7.50 Carabaghs and Beluchistans.
$35 Sarouks, Irans, Kirmanshah and Bokharas.

$95 Regularly $175 to $250, Persian, Kirman Oushak Rugs. In room sizes. Ideal for clubs, hotels, etc.
$75 Regularly $95 to $145, Afgan Carpet-size Rugs.
$250 to $375 Regularly $400 to $600, Serapi Carpet-size Rugs.

Also Choice Antique Rugs
From the Private Collection of Mr. Cambere

These fine specimens, in large and small sizes, we have marked at the same moderate prices, as though they were modern rugs. Sixth Floor.

Real Estate Results

We like to point to a Broadway corner—very old and yielding little return—that was altered under our direction—Store now brings in double the former rent and the upper floors are all filled with a better class of tenants.

Perhaps we could help you

WM. A. WHITE & SONS
Established 1868
62 Cedar Street

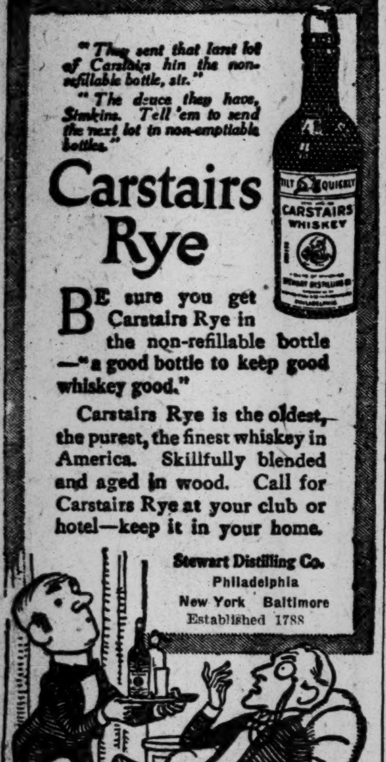
WON'T BID FOR GOETHALS.

Mayor Says He Is Satisfied with Work of Commissioner Woods.

In commenting yesterday upon the request of Major General Goethals for retirement as Governor of the Panama Canal Zone, Mayor Mitchel let it be known that he did not intend trying to get General Goethals into the city service. Last year the Mayor wanted the canal builder for Police Commissioner, but yesterday he said he was very well satisfied with Commissioner Woods.

Regarding the bill now in the Legislature to take the power of appointing the Police Commissioner from the Mayor and invest it in the Board of Estimate, the Mayor said it was a splendid instance of interference with home rule.

"The Charter Revision Committee expressed its disapproval of the measure last Thursday," said the Mayor, "and the Board of Estimate itself voted unanimously against it on the following day. Of course I am opposed to it."



"They sent that last lot of Carstairs hin the non-refillable bottle, sir."
"The deuce they have, Simkins. Tell 'em to send the next lot in non-emptiable bottles."

Carstairs Rye

BE sure you get Carstairs Rye in the non-refillable bottle—"a good bottle to keep good whiskey good."

Carstairs Rye is the oldest, the purest, the finest whiskey in America. Skillfully blended and aged in wood. Call for Carstairs Rye at your club or hotel—keep it in your home.

Stewart Distilling Co.
Philadelphia
New York Baltimore
Established 1788

Try this easy way to clear your skin with Resinol Soap

Bathe your face for several minutes with Resinol Soap and hot water, working the creamy lather into the skin gently with the finger-tips. Wash off with Resinol Soap and more hot water. Finish with a dash of cold water to close the pores.

Do this once or twice a day, and you will be astonished to find how quickly the healing, antiseptic Resinol medication soothes and cleanses the pores, removes pimples and blackheads, and leaves the complexion clear fresh and velvety.

Sold by all druggists. For sample free, write to Dept. T-T, Resinol, Baltimore Md.

Price Fairly Judged

The intelligent way is to divide that price by the number of years the car will serve. On this basis the cost of the CASE is astoundingly low. For our world-wide organization that sells our other products handles this car as an incident. So we *save* where others must spend—in selling. And we *spend* where others must save—in the vitals of the car, the "hidden values."

"25" $1350, "35" $1600, "40" $1800
5% Discount if Cash

CASE
New York Branch House
Broadway at Sixty-second St.

FINDS FOR RAILWAYS IN STATE RATE CASES

North Dakota Coal and West Virginia Two-Cent Tariffs Illegal, Supreme Court Holds.

TOO LOW TO GIVE PROFIT

And States Cannot Impose Confiscatory Rates, Even Upon Isolated Commodities.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The Supreme Court of the United States today in two opinions added an important detail to its previous ruling denying the right of States through rate legislation to confiscate the property of railroads. The right of confiscation has been consistently denied by the Supreme Court, but today it included within its inhibition a State's regulation of rates by which even a single commodity must be carried unprofitably, even if the other rates give the road reasonable renumeration. The court held that a State could no more require a road to carry a single commodity without due profit than it could require it to carry on its entire business without charge. The contention of public interest to the contrary was held flatly to be irrelevant. Justice Pitney alone dissented in both cases.

The more interesting of today's opinions decided together the two freight-rate cases of the Northern Pacific Railway Company and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste Marie Railway Company, as plaintiffs in error, against the State of North Dakota on relation of T. F. McCue, Attorney General. The other opinion disposes of the two-cent passenger rate case of the Norfolk and Western Railway Company as plaintiff in error against W. G. Conley, as Attorney General of West Virginia et al. The reasoning enunciated follows closely the law as set forth in the Minnesota rate cases of two years ago. As in those cases and all the other rate cases of recent years, the opinion of the court was handed down by Justice Hughes.

In 1907 the Legislature of North Dakota enacted a law fixing maximum rates for coal in carload lots to be transported within the State, the practical effect of the statute being limited to lignite coal.

The Northern Pacific in detailed figures showed a total revenue from the traffic in question for one fiscal year of $58,953.07 and argued a loss for the year on this part of its business of $2,253.65. The State attempted to show that the road made a profit on the same business for the year of $2,391.63. The State Court held the profit to be $847.

The State Court found the statutory rates resulted in a real loss to the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie Railway Company. Its business in coal consisted mostly of short hauls to long connecting lines in interstate commerce.

"The facts thus found must be taken to be established," said Justice Hughes in the opinion of the Supreme Court.

"The general principles to be applied are not open to controversy. The railroad property is private property devoted to a public use. As a corporation, the owner is subject to the obligation of its charter. As the holder of special franchises, it is subject to the conditions upon which they were granted. Aside from specific requirements of this sort, the common carrier must discharge the obligations which inhere to the nature of its business. It must supply facilities that are reasonably adequate; it must grant reasonable terms, and it must give service without unjust discrimination.

"But, broad as is the power of regulation, the State does not enjoy the freedom of an owner. The fact that the property is devoted to a public use on certain terms does not justify the requirement that it shall be devoted to other public purposes, or to the same use on other terms, or the imposition of restrictions that are not reasonably concerned with the proper conduct of the business according to the undertaking which the carrier has, expressly or impliedly, assumed. As a carrier for hire, it cannot be required to carry persons or goods gratuitously. The case would not be altered by the assertion that the public interest demanded such carriage. In such a case it would be no answer to say that the carrier obtains from its entire business a return as to the sufficiency of which it is not entitled to complain."

The same reasoning was used in reversing the opinion of the Circuit Court of Kanawha County sustaining West Virginia's two-cent rate law of 1907.

"In making a reasonable adjustment of the carriers' charges," said Justice Hughes, "the State is under no obligation to secure the rate of return from each of the principal departments of business, passenger and freight; but the State may not select either of these departments for arbitrary control."

FEAR DEMOCRATIC RULE.

Norristown Manufacturers Reply to Redfield's Defense of Tariff.

Special to The New York Times.

NORRISTOWN, Penn., March 8.—"The business interests of this country are afraid of the political party now in power and this fear expresses itself in the depression and uncertainty which is everywhere felt," declared a report of the Manufacturers' Association of Montgomery County, signed by President Williams and Secretary Finn, made public tonight. The report, which is intended to answer Secretary Redfield's findings that the depression in this section is not due to the tariff, but to poor business methods, reads in part:

"As to the silly statement made in this report that if we knew how to run our business we would be prosperous, we can only say that it is a good deal more impertinent than pertinent. Such a statement as that should never have been made by a department of the Government of the United States. It is an audacious and impudent assault on a group of men who have made the Schuylkill Valley what it is today, a valley teeming with industrial life which, up to this Administration, has carried with it prosperity for all. When Mr. Redfield comes to love fairness and truth with the same ardor that he apparently loves free trade, he will regret this unprovoked and really foolish reflection against the business men of not only this section, but the whole country."

BLAMED FOR PRIEST'S DEATH

Wilmington Thinks Police Slayers Also Guilty of New Britain Crime.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, March 8.—The local police received circumstantial evidence today that Peter Melba, who on Saturday shot and killed Patrolman Francis X. Tierney and fatally shot Policemen Horace McDannell and Willard S. Sharpless, and his accomplice, Bernard Montvid, are responsible for the murder of the Rev. Joseph Zebroys, the New Britain (Conn.) priest, and his housekeeper, Eva Gillman, who were found slain Feb. 8. Both Melba and Montvid are Lithuanians. Drawbacks for railroad fares paid between New Britain and Waterbury, Conn., were found on Melba.

Pictures of both men have been sent to the New Britain authorities. The robbers are said to have baffled the police all over New England within the past few weeks.

In order to prevent the possible lynching of the prisoners, Attorney General Wolcott today applied for the speedy indictment and trial of the men. Feeling is running high and the authorities fear a repetition of what occurred in June, 1903, when George White, a negro murderer, was burned at the stake.

Patrolmen Sharpless and McDannell were still alive late tonight, but they are not expected to recover.

SERVICE BOARD OUSTER.

Senator Thompson Introduces a Sweeping "Ripper" Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 8.—With speculation rife as to the purport of the report of the Legislative committee which has been investigating the Public Service Commission, which is to be made public tomorrow morning, Senator George L. Thompson, Chairman of the committee, surprised his associates tonight by introducing a "ripper" bill which makes it mandatory for the Governor to dismiss from office two Commissioners of each board and thus gain control of the commissions without reference to the committee's report.

The committee members were gathering for a final conference on their report when they heard of the Thompson measure. None had been consulted about it. Senator Thompson admitted he was not familiar with the measure, but had introduced it after it had been handed to him by the President pro tem. of the Senate, Mr. Brown, who had come from a conference with Gov. Whitman.

Th bill would give the Republicans absolute control of both commissions. The Governor is authorized to name within twenty days from the passage of the act two commissioners on either board to replace two whose terms have not expired. As in the First District Commission Mr. Maltbie's term has expired, Governor Whitman can, under the bill, dismiss any two of the remaining four he may choose and replace them by Republicans.

The measure also reduces the salaries of members of the First District Board from $15,000 to $12,000 a year each and of the Second District Commission from $15,000 to $10,000. It provides that not more than three members of either commission may be of one party and says that a Commissioner must devote his entire time to his work.

In view of the testimony given at the investigation of the First District Board his is taken to mean that Chairman Edward E. McCall will be one of those to go.

Upon the expiration of the term of office of the Chairman of either commission the Governor is to designate his successor as Chairman, or to advance any other member of the commission to that office.

Wins Edison Safety Banner.

The safety banner which will be awarded annually by the New York Edison Company for progress and efficiency in safety work and methods will be presented to-night to the Yonkers Electric Light and Power Company by the Edison Company's Vice President, John W. Lieb, at the Edison Auditorium, 44 West Twenty-seventh Street. The boxes for the Edison Employes' Association entertainment on April 9 will be auctioned off.

SLAIN IN POLITICAL FEUD.

Michael Gamara Shot Down in Street—One Prisoner Taken.

Policeman Mallon of the Oak Street Station heard the reports of four revolver shots yesterday morning and ran a block to Madison and Chestnut Streets, where he found Michael Gamara of 142 Cherry Street lying senseless on the sidewalk. Three bullets had entered his back and he died sometime later in the Volunteer Hospital.

James Pakuris of 93 Madison Street and Morris Levine of 112 McKibben Street pointed out a man a block away, saying they thought he had done the shooting. Another policeman chased and caught this man, while Mallon attended Gamara. The prisoner said he was Gaetano Montignano of 193 Hamilton Avenue, Brooklyn. He denied having shot, though Pakuris and Levine, after looking at him closely, repeated the belief that he had been the assailant. Magistrate Appleton in the Tombs Court held Montignano without bail for further examination.

The attack on Gamara is supposed to have been part of a political feud. He was stabbed just before last election in Catharine Street, and two days later Vincenzo Cardella was shot and killed in front of 24 Monroe Street. Gamara's brothers, Alfred and John, were arrested, but were acquitted of the shooting. Last New Year's Day, Jim Minot, a Captain for ex-Sheriff Tom Foley, was killed.

BREAD BACK TO 5 CENTS.

Fall in Price of Flour Given as Reason for the Cut.

Bread went back to 5 cents a loaf yesterday at all the principal shops where the price had been forced up to 6 cents on account of the raise in the wholesale price by the big bakers.

"Flour has gone down," was the explanation given for the drop in price at the offices of the big wholesale bakers, except the Ward Baking Company, whose manager refused to have anything to say.

Alfred Romer, manager of the Shults Bread Company, said that flour was $3 per barrel above the normal price when the raise to 6 cents was made, whereas it has now fallen $1.50 a barrel, so that the bakers have been enabled to restore the former price.

Notables to Inspect Workshops.

Colonel Roosevelt, Elbert H. Gary, Chamberlain Bruere, Jacob Schiff, William H. Childs, and Mrs. James Speyer will visit the twenty-two workshops of Mayor Mitchel's unemployment bureau tomorrow. The party will go to the various shops in automobiles and look over the work being done by the men and women.

FLINT QUALITY FOUNDED 1840 — HORNER SERVICE FOUNDED 1886

GEO. C. FLINT CO.
and
R. J. HORNER CO.

"FLINT & HORNER QUALITY"
SUMMER FURNISHINGS.

Before taking its place among our Spring and Summer Styles, every new pattern must first be pronounced a worthy example of "Flint & Horner Quality".

Every phase of Summer furnishings may now be studied in our studios and salesrooms, and every problem solved at a minimum of time, trouble and expense.

PRICES PROVED BY COMPARISON
UNIFORMLY LOW

Flint & Horner Co. Inc.
20-26 West 36th St.
New York

R. H. Macy & Co.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

STORE OPENS 9:00 A. M.

Macy's

Herald Square. Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

STORE CLOSES 6:00 P. M.

A Remarkable Sale Of Oriental Rugs

An Extraordinary Purchase of Persian Rugs—Secured at Unusual Price Concessions—Enables Us to Offer

A Superb Collection of Kirmanshah Room-Size Rugs
At Savings of 1/4 to 1/3

Kirmanshahs are today the most favored of Oriental Rugs,—exquisite in coloring and beautiful in design. This purchase includes many choice specimens,—notable for their soft, rich, mellow tones and intricate, effective patterns.

The rising tendency of the market and the probable scarcity of Oriental Rugs gives this opportunity especial interest.

Over 100 Rugs in the Assortment—in the Most Desirable Sizes.
Specimen Values:

Sizes		Sizes		Sizes	
10 ft. 9 in. x 8 ft. 6 in.	$162.00	12 ft. 9 in. x 9 ft. 9 in.	$212.00	11 ft. 11 in. x 9 ft. 6 in.	$212.00
11 ft. 7 in. x 7 ft. 9 in.	$162.00	13 ft. 6 in. x 9 ft. 4 in.	$212.00	15 ft. 1 in. x 9 ft. 6 in.	$326.00
12 ft. 4 in. x 9 ft. 10 in.	$181.00	13 ft. 6 in. x 8 ft. 0 in.	$198.00	13 ft. 5 in. x 10 ft. 4 in.	$277.00
13 ft. 11 in. x 9 ft. 3 in.	$193.00	13 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 10 in.	$262.00	22 ft. 3 in. x 13 ft. 8 in.	$608.00
13 ft. 10 in. x 9 ft. 8 in.	$199.00	12 ft. 3 in. x 8 ft. 7 in.	$212.00	19 ft. 10 in. x 13 ft. 9 in.	$682.00

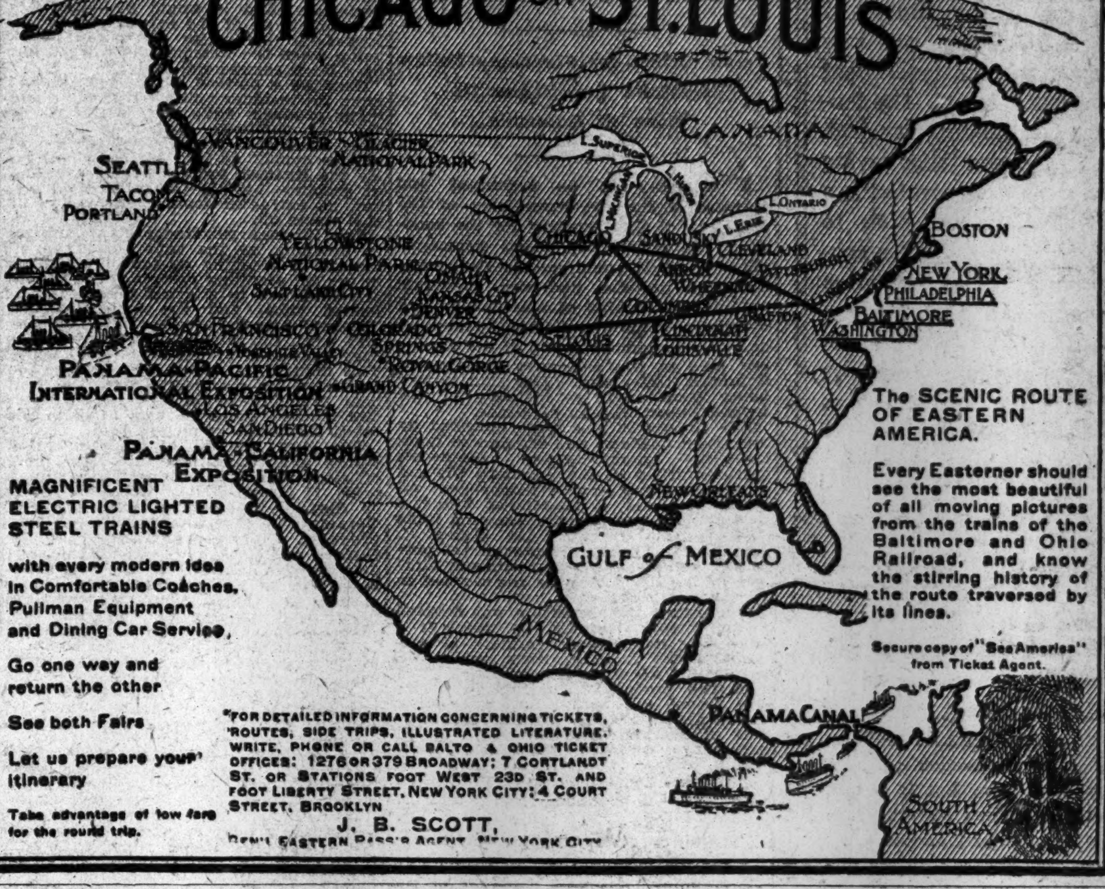
532 Mossoul Rugs—Specially Priced
at $12.48, $14.48, $17.89, $19.89 and up to $49.50

Comparison will convince you that Macy's prices are from 10% to 25% below those elsewhere on Mossouls;—brilliantly colored, finely woven Oriental Rugs in the "scatter" and "alcove" sizes—always in such demand.

2000 Oriental Rugs, Antique and Modern Specimens, in Small and Medium Sizes, Are Now Displayed in the Macy Rug Bazar.
FOURTH FLOOR, CENTRE.

R. H. Macy & Co

BALTIMORE & OHIO
TO
CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST
VIA
CHICAGO OR ST. LOUIS



MAGNIFICENT ELECTRIC LIGHTED STEEL TRAINS

with every modern idea in Comfortable Coaches, Pullman Equipment and Dining Car Service.

Go one way and return the other

See both Fairs

Let us prepare your itinerary

Take advantage of low fare for the round trip.

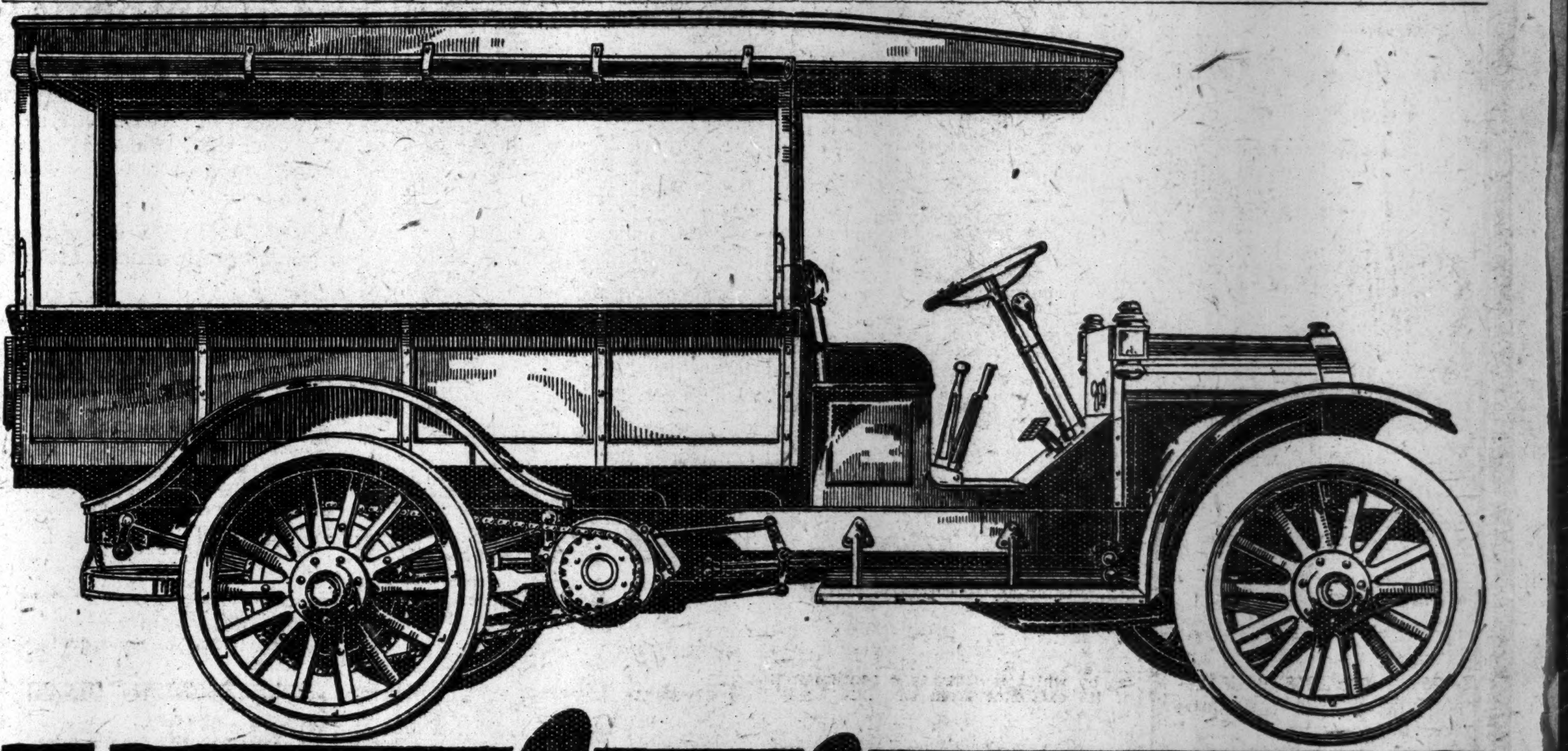
The SCENIC ROUTE OF EASTERN AMERICA.

Every Easterner should see the most beautiful of all moving pictures from the trains of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and know the stirring history of the route traversed by its lines.

Secure copy of "See America" from Ticket Agent.

FOR DETAILED INFORMATION CONCERNING TICKETS, ROUTES, SIDE TRIPS, ILLUSTRATED LITERATURE, WRITE, PHONE OR CALL BALTO & OHIO TICKET OFFICES: 1276 OR 379 BROADWAY; 7 CORTLANDT ST. OR STATIONS FOOT WEST 23D ST. AND FOOT LIBERTY STREET, NEW YORK CITY; 4 COURT STREET, BROOKLYN

J. B. SCOTT,
GEN'L EASTERN PASS'R AGENT, NEW YORK CITY



Garford

Garford Heavy-duty Trucks

Garford Utility 3/4-ton Trucks

GARFORD TRUCKS come in sizes suitable for any line of business.

Heavy-duty Garfords range in capacity from one and one-half to six tons. They are proving their supremacy in over 200 different trades.

The famous 1500 pound Garford-Utility Truck is saving money and making money for hundreds of users in all parts of the world. It is the first light truck to be produced in large quantities and to sell at a reasonable figure.

No matter what your hauling requirements may be, you can use one of these Garfords to advantage.

And we can not only sell you the right truck for your business, but we can also care for it properly. Our organization of seasoned truck experts gives prompt service both day and night.

Our unexcelled service facilities enable us to give Garford owners every attention and to keep their trucks running flawlessly. We see that Garford trucks give the ultimate of satisfactory usage.

Write for an illustrated catalog showing the complete range of Garford sizes and styles.

R. E. Taylor Corporation
Eastern Distributors, Garford and Garford-Utility Motor Trucks.

NEW YORK CITY
Show Rooms, 427 W. 42d St.
Service Station, 427 W. 42d St.

NEWARK
Show Rooms, 330 Central Av.
Service Station, 330 Central Av.

BROOKLYN
Show Rooms, 1264 Bedford Av.
Service Station, 1386 Atlantic Av

BOSTON
Show Rooms, 915 Boylston St.
Service Station, 915 Boylston St.

The Garford Motor Truck Company, Lima, Ohio

Hercules WATER

IT LIFTS THE LOAD

BEST HUNGARIAN APERIENT WATER
Hercules
EISNER-MENDELSON CO. AGENTS

First thing in the morning if you feel logy — cultivate that splendid habit—purge your system with an imported natural water of recognized standing.

EISNER MENDELSON CO., N. Y., AGENTS.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO THE HOME OF TRUTH

Bloomingdales

59th to 60th St. Lex. to 3d Av.

Are You Fond of "Cotys" French

Perfume?

We have a complete and full assortment. Here, for instance, are the extracts, "Rose," "L'Origon," "L'Or," "L'Effluert," "Styx," "Ambre Antique," and "Jasmin." Prices for these range from **$2.50** to **$12.50.**

Also the toilet waters, face powders, and sachets, in full variety.

Bloomingdales'—Main Floor.

From Japan — These Dainty Little

Boxes

For Jewels

Round, oval, heart shaped—there's *no end* to the shapes. Sizes run from about three inches across to about seven inches. The very moderate prices are

50c to $2.00

The heavy "white metal" of which these boxes are made is practically untarnishable, and is the same color all through. Every box is daintily *lined* with blue velvet.

The decorations are of every possible kind—bamboos, Japanese gardens, orange-trees, holly, Dutch children, cupids, flowers, grotesque figures — and a hundred more.

Bloomingdales'—Lex. Arcade Stationery Shop.

The Very Latest

Book

by your favorite author is to be found on our shelves *precisely* the day it comes from the publishers. Please make a little mental note of *that*, Monsieur and Madame Booklover.

P. S.—The Book Department is on Bloomingdales' Main Floor.

And do you know about

Our Circulating

Library?

It contains nearly a thousand of the most wanted books.

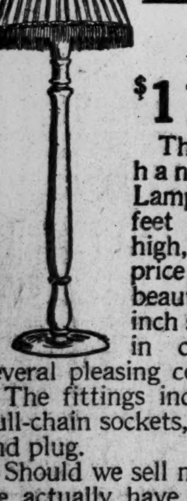
Rules are simple as can be—the few there *are*.

The membership fee is **$1.** —(*there is no fee if you are a charge customer*)—and books are lent at **2c.** per day. One of the simplest ways to read the new books as they appear—pleasurably and economically.

Bloomingdales'—Main Floor & 59th St.

This Solid Mahogany Electric Floor

Lamp, at $11.98



This very handsome Lamp stands 5 feet 9 inches high, and the price includes a beautiful 22-inch silk shade in choice of several pleasing colors.

The fittings include two pull-chain sockets, silk cord and plug.

Should we sell more than we actually have in stock, we will make delivery within a very short time.

Bloomingdales'—Third Floor.

PHONE CO. TO FIGHT BEMIS'S SCHEDULE

President Bethell Says Proposed Cut in Rates Is $2,700,000, Not $2,386,091.

DON'T FEAR LEGISLATURE

Opponents of Foley Committee Say Tammany Men Must Rely on Republican Support.

Union N. Bethell, President of the New York Telephone Company, gave out a statement yesterday in which he took issue with the assertion of the Foley committee that the schedule of rates offered by the telephone company amounted actually to a reduction of only $2,386,091 a year in the company's income, whereas a three-million-dollar reduction had been stipulated by the Public Service Commission.

Mr. Bethell said that the most accurate estimate of the reduction possible was $2,700,000 a year, and that probable losses not included in this estimate would bring the figure up to $3,000,000. The result to the public of the company's proposed schedule, he said, would be the establishment of practically a five-cent rate throughout the city.

In his statement Mr. Bethell first referred to the "trying position" in which the telephone company had been placed by the simultaneous investigations of the Public Service Commission and the Foley committee and the introduction into the Legislature at the same time of "several mandatory rate bills."

"To end a situation which had become almost intolerable," Mr. Bethell continued, "the company determined to accept a prima facie finding of the commission without waiting to put in its own testimony."

Discussing the estimate of the income reduction that would result from the company's proposed rates, Mr. Bethell said:

> Professor Bemis calculates the cut under the company's schedule at only $2,386,091, stating, however, that there may be an additional net loss of from $100,000 to $200,000 because of items not heretofore considered by him. This makes from $2,486,091 to $2,586,091 against the company's claim of approximately $2,700,000. In an estimate of this kind, covering so many factors, a variation of 10 per cent. either way would not be unreasonable. Therefore the difference between Professor Bemis's estimate and our estimate is not very surprising after all. It is very significant, however, that within ten days items previously overlooked have been discovered, which amount to somewhere between $100,000 and $200,000. While a fairly accurate estimate can be made of the known items of loss, based on statistics showing present traffic, it is impossible for any one to accurately compute all the losses that may be involved because of the many changes made in the basic units. For instance, there are changes made in the minimum annual rate to be paid by the subscriber, the allowance of messages which he may send for that minimum rate, the rate per message at nearly every point in the schedule, and particularly the classification of messages, a great volume of traffic being changed from toll to local, much of which will fall within the minimum allowance and be carried practically without cost to the subscriber and without producing any additional revenue to the company.

Notwithstanding the opposition of the Foley Legislative Committee, there were indications yesterday that the Public Service Commission would accept the reduced rates offered by the New York Telephone Company. Doubt was expressed by some persons as to the practical value of the schedule proposed by Professor E. W. Bemis to the Foley Committee, and the Foley Committee, it was said, would be unable to force the adoption of the Bemis rates.

The committee's threat to "take the question to the Legislature" was regarded lightly by opponents of the Bemis tolls, because the committee, a creation of a Democratic Legislature, must look to a Republican Legislature for support. Furthermore, the committee was criticised because, it was charged, it had not fulfilled the promise by which it obtained a continuation of its existence from the 1914 Legislature.

That the New York Telephone Company would resist any effort made to have the Foley Committee's schedule put into effect was indicated in the statement of Mr. Bethell.

Martin W. Littleton, counsel for the commission, intimated that the Public Service Commission would not accept the Foley Committee's schedule.

"I do not suppose that the commission will feel obliged to follow Professor Bemis and Senator Foley in the matter of telephone rates," he said.

Judge Robert L. Luce, counsel for the Foley Committee, suggested, on the other hand, that the committee must accept the Bemis schedule or one similar to it if it would maintain the position it originally assumed.

What the Foley Committee would do to obtain the adoption of the Bemis schedule could not be learned yesterday. A copy of the committee's report will be filed with the commission when it meets today, and delegates from the Foley Committee may appear before the commission when it holds its public hearing in Albany.

In addition to the protest of the Foley Committee a statement was issued by Charles A. Du Bois, Chairman of the Telephone Committee of the owners and agents of apartment houses, yesterday who asserted that the telephone company's proffered schedule was "misleading, confusing, and unjust," and that it was "impossible for the said telephone company to act in good faith." Mr. Du Bois took up the rate proposed for telephones in twenty-family apartment houses and said that under it landlords would be unable to furnish telephone service to tenants at 5 cents a call without loss to themselves. He held that the telephone company should be compelled to make concessions to apartment house owners.

The charge that the Foley committee had failed to fulfill its promise to the Legislature of 1914 was made by Mr. Littleton. The committee was appointed by the Legislature that adjourned before March, 1914, he said, and it asked the succeeding Legislature to continue its existence, promising in a resolution, according to the records, that it would collect evidence and testimony bearing on the telephone situation and present such to the Public Service Commission. It was charged yesterday that the committee had taken no sworn testimony and had not communicated with the commission.

"The Foley Committee," Mr. Littleton said, discussing this point, "has never offered any testimony to the Public Service Commission, nor has Professor Bemis come before us to testify to anything. It seems to me that if the Foley Committee has anything to say on a question which the commission must decide, it should submit its proposal to the commission instead of rushing into print. However, if Senator Foley and his committee think that legislative action is necessary and that they can obtain it, they ought by all means to strive for it."

Mr. Littleton also denied the accuracy of Professor Bemis's estimate of the reduction in income entailed in the telephone company's proposed rate schedule.

"The difference between what Professor Bemis recommends and what the telephone company submitted," he said, "is not $600,000, as asserted, but a negligible amount, which the commission can be relied on to properly dispose of."

The Public Service Commission will meet today in the Metropolitan Tower to receive communications bearing on the proposed rates and to decide upon the date for the final hearing on the question, which, it was said yesterday, would be held in Albany this week.

B. R. T. OBEYS ORDER NOT TO CROWD CARS

Conductors Hang Out a Sign When the Limit of Fifty-four Passengers Is Reached.

CLOSED GATES BAR OTHERS

Police at the Bridge Terminal Regulate Evening Rush for the Graham Avenue Line.

Policemen were out in force during the morning and evening rush hours yesterday to see that the orders of the Board of Health with regard to the Graham Avenue B. R. T. cars were enforced. Special arrangements were also made by the police at the Brooklyn Bridge terminal in the evening to watch the service. As a result there was no disturbance, and the cars were kept down to their limit of fifty-four persons as a maximum. Much of the overflow was taken up by the already congested Flushing Avenue cars.

The B. R. T., although protesting against the authority of Health Commissioner Goldwater to interfere with its service, set itself yesterday to obey the order, throwing on the police, however, the responsibility of enforcing it. During the morning rush hours seven additional trips were made on the Graham Avenue line, and large placards were posted in the cars announcing that the Board of Health had forbidden the carrying of more than half as many standees as seated passengers, which put the limit at fifty-four.

To the conductors were served out metallic signs to hang on the gates as soon as a car had fifty-four passengers. They read "No More Passengers on This Car, by Order of the Board of Health." The conductors were also instructed to close the gates as soon as fifty-four passengers had got on, and to use every means except force to prevent that number being exceeded. In case more did insist on climbing on they were to stop the car, call a policeman and leave it to him to eject as many as might be necessary.

At practically every street corner policemen were stationed with clubs in their hands. They had little to do, although many Graham Avenue cars went by without stopping to pick up passengers, and, as it frequently happened that those aboard were grouped in the rear, leaving the front part of the cars almost bare of standees, this was particularly annoying to those who had to wait.

However, for a considerable portion of the route the Graham Avenue cars use the same rails as the Flushing Avenue and Flushing-Knickerbocker Avenue cars. Commissioner Goldwater had said nothing about the latter line, and the overflow from the Graham Avenue cars was free to crowd on the cars of the other two lines.

At the evening rush hour most of the trouble rested on the shoulders of Capt. Toole of the Bridge Squad. He arranged, however, that as the Graham Avenue cars came around their loop under the bridge, passengers should be permitted to board them only from the rear platforms. Then all the passengers were required to take their stand between two lines of railing and approach the cars in single file. Two policemen were posted to hold them in check, and as the conductor called off his fity-four, the gates were slammed to and the car moved off.

SPIES DELAYED KINGSBURY.

Alleges They Kept Mrs. Dunphy Posted on Investigator's Movements.

Before he could properly investigate the charges of mismanagement brought against Mrs. Mary C. Dunphy, Superintendent of the New York City Children's Hospital and Schools on Randall's Island, it was necessary, Commissioner John A. Kingsbury said yesterday, to effect a reorganization within his own office. The Commissioner made this statement in answering the question of the suspended Superintendent as to why, if he knew of improper conditions in the institution, he had failed to act more promptly. When the Commissioner took up the question of mismanagement on Randall's Island he asserted that neither he nor any of his investigators could leave the office without that fact being almost instantly known to Mrs. Dunphy. This service was so effective, he said, that he had to put new persons in charge of the telephone switchboard in the office.

Asked as to the secret of the power that Mrs. Dunphy is accredited with having possessed, Commissioner Kingsbury said he did not know the source of her influence, but added: "I have heard Mrs. Dunphy spoken of as an old Tammany war horse."

"The hearing into the charges against Mrs. Dunphy will be no different from any other hearing where employes are involved," he said. "Mrs. Dunphy, if she is able to appear, will come here on Saturday at 11 o'clock and make her answer. I do not be- and make her answer."

NEW STEAMER TO BERMUDA.

The Evangeline Leaves New York with 250 Tourists.

The twin-screw steamship Evangeline of the Bermuda-American Line started yesterday morning on her maiden voyage to Bermuda with 250 cabin passengers. She will continue in the service between New York and Bermuda for the remainder of the tourists' season. She is 350.7 feet long, 46 feet beam, 30.3 feet depth of hold, and 4,360 gross tonnage.

The Evangeline was built at Glasgow in 1912, and recently was transferred to American registry. Her passenger accommodation has been fitted out on the most modern plans with regard to safety, comfort, ventilation, and heating.

SAFEST AND STRONGEST

Since 1894 we have sold GUARANTEED MORTGAGES amounting to

$375,000,000

Investors have been repaid

$235,000,000

Leaving now outstanding GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

$140,000,000

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.

RICHARD M. HURD, President

Capital, Surplus & Pr. $9,000,000

59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

B. Altman & Co.

Women's Ready-to-wear Department
(Third Floor)

Smart Gowns
for Afternoon and Evening

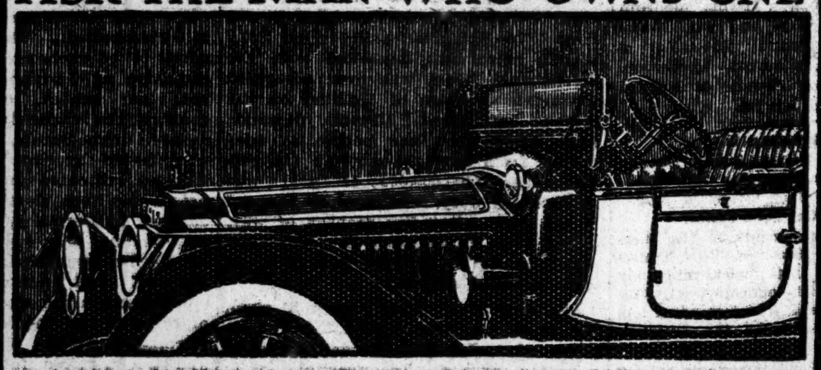
presenting the latest style features sanctioned by fashion, are daily received from the ateliers.

Included in the assortments are

Afternoon Dresses,	$25.00,	35.00,	45.00	to	145.00
Evening Gowns .	45.00,	65.00,	85.00	to	165.00
Dance Frocks .	22.50,	32.00,	38.00	to	145.00

Fifth Avenue-Madison Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

ASK THE MAN WHO OWNS ONE



IF YOU WANT A CAR THAT POSSESSES THE HIGHEST SUM TOTAL OF MOTOR CAR ADVANTAGES YOU WILL HAVE TO BUY A PACKARD, BECAUSE IT IS THE ONLY ONE WHICH IS BEYOND COMPETITION IN ALL WAYS

KEEP GASOLINE, OIL AND WATER IN YOUR

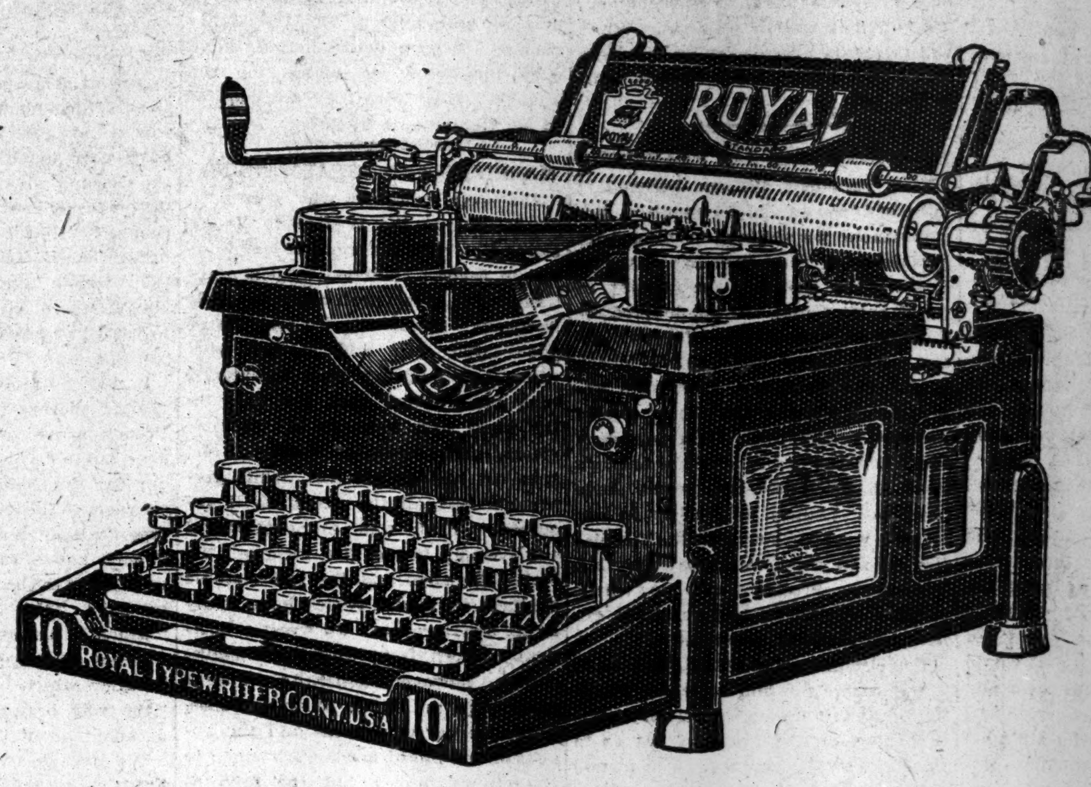
Packard

THAT IS QUITE ALL—FOR THE REST, THE LIMIT IS THE SEA & YOUR NATURAL LIFE

Chassis in two sizes—twenty styles of open and enclosed bodies

PACKARD MOTOR CAR COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
Broadway at Sixty-First Street

MADE IN AMERICA


ROYAL
10
ROYAL TYPEWRITER CO. N.Y. U.S.A.
10

Royal Master Model Ten—the typewriter of the time

You'll buy the Royal to *Use* not to "*Trade-in*"

THE history of the typewriter culminated in the Royal.

Hour after hour, day after day, year after year of use which would send oldfashioned machines to the scrapheap has proved this over and over.

The builders of the Royal clung to neither tradition nor precedent.

They had one aim and one idea—to produce a *real* typewriter, which should do all that a real typewriter must do, and do it better, do it easier and do more of it in the same time.

* * *

SIMPLIFICATION was the governing thought. To create a typewriting machine which would deliver the work from the fingertips of the operator to the paper itself in the quickest, most efficient, most accurate manner—that was the end to be attained.

Right away this called for the elimination of a thousand unnecessary parts—that is, the Royal has one thousand less parts than the oldfashioned typewriter.

Think what this means—*one thousand fewer chances for repairs.* And that very advantage of a thousand fewer parts multiplies the excellence of *every* part in the Royal.

* * *

THIS means straight line key action that delivers the pressure of the fingertips *direct* to the typebar. No bent, twisted, jointed or involved key lever systems that diffuse power, get out of order or compel slowness.

Every part, every feature of the Royal is successfully devised for *speed* and *accuracy.*

No machine ever built combined as many *exclusive* money-saving, money-making ideas for you.

Look at the picture above. Study the handsomeness of the machine—and realize that in that compact, business-like body are built everything that *must* be in a typewriter to enable it to give *100% service* every minute it is in use.

This Master Model with the adjustable touch—the little thumbscrew by which the action of the keys is instantly fitted to the personality of the operator, is fairly *human* in its work.

The operator simply *forgets* that the machine is there. From fingertips to paper there is no hindering sense of a mechanical aid.

* * *

WHATEVER the work required—be it letters, reports, billing and charging, or the most complicated card writing—the Royal Master Model Ten does it all and does it always.

No extra attachments, no complications, no added excuses for delays and repairs—here in this one machine you get every bit of typewriter service you can possibly ask.

Perfect presswork—the turning out of beautiful letters is a matter of course; tabulator; back spacer; bi-colored ribbon; automatic ribbon feed; right or left shift; frictionless roller escapement; accelerating typebars—swift and sure impact and get-away from paper; positive, permanent alignment; wholly visible writing—the advantages of the Royal are endless.

* * *

WHETHER you are considering the purchase of one or more typewriters at once, see the Royal *now*. Know the facts. Realize what the Royal means to its user. See how the builders of the Royal have looked ten years ahead in its design and construction. A demonstration takes but a few minutes and puts the obligation of proof entirely upon us.

Telephone us now, or write at once. You will be under no obligations—you will be glad simply to have seen the Royal Master Model Ten—the typewriter of the time.

ROYAL TYPEWRITER COMPANY, INC.

Factory, Hartford, Conn. General Office, New York

Branches and Agencies the World Over

New York Branch, 364 Broadway. Phone Franklin 4400

The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR
BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.
Address: THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Publication Office..............Times Square
Times Annex...43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown..............15 Beekman Street
Wall Street..............2 Rector Street
Harlem..............263 West 125th Street
Bronx..............149th St. and Bergen Av.
Staten Island....Ferry House, St. George
Jersey City..............538 Jersey Avenue
Long Island City......363 Jackson Avenue
Hoboken..............61 Second Street
Paterson..............13 Park Avenue
Elizabeth..............90 Broad Street
Washington..............Post Building
Philadelphia..........Public Ledger Building
Chicago..............1,202 Tribune Building
St. Louis......409 Globe-Democrat Building
Detroit..............826 Ford Building
London........Marconi House, Strand, W. C.
Paris..............32 Rue Louis le Grand
ONE CENT New York, Jersey City, Newark.
Elsewhere Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates:

Postage free in United States, Canada, Mexico, Panama, Canal Zone, Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii, Philippines, Guam, Samoa, Shanghai.

	1 Yr.	1 Mo.
DAILY AND SUNDAY	$8.50	$0.75
DAILY, without Sunday	6.00	.50
SUNDAY, with Picture Section and Review of Books	2.50	.25
Canada, Sunday only	5.00	.45
Binder for Picture Section, $1.75.		
Other countries, postpaid:		
Daily and Sunday	24.00	2.00
Daily, without Sunday	15.60	1.30
Sunday only	8.40	.70

THE ANNALIST, (Mondays,) per year, $4; Canada, $5; other countries, $5.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW, per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.
THE NEW YORK TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays,) three months, $1.25; six months, $2.50; one year, $5. Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, three months, 75c; six months, $1.50; one year, $3. Per copy, 25 cents.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 9, 1915.

GOVERNMENT HELP TO SHIPPING.

Secretary McAdoo and those who take his view of affairs lament the conditions which have followed the rejection of the Government Shipping bill. It certainly is true that there is an unusual interruption of the British mails, and that it followed the defeat of the Administration Shipping bill. Yet it is safe to say that conditions would have been at least as bad if the bill had passed, or more probably worse. The bill's passage would not have created a single ship, and would not have diverted any ship from any use to any other in the brief time which has elapsed since the bill's rejection. "Here is the immediate op-"portunity for private capital to dem-"onstrate its ability to serve the "country in this great matter," says Mr. McAdoo. Apparently the Secretary is unaware of why private capital is running away from the opportunity which he assumes to offer. But ship owners are not backward about telling him, if he will listen. The President of the Pacific Mail declares that his line will cease to sail the seas. In his own words:

> With the enactment of such a law [the La Follette full crew law, which the President has just signed] it will be impossible for us to compete with the Japanese steamships employing Oriental labor and subsidized by the Government. Under this bill our expenses would be increased 20 per cent. The total increase would be $800,000, and the company has never earned more than $200,000 in any one year.

The Robert Dollar Line announces that it will run, but under the Chinese flag, in order to avoid an increase of expenses by 200 per cent. As one line after another is driven off the ocean the demonstration becomes more complete, in the Secretary's words, of the necessity for the creation of a merchant marine under the American flag. When legislation promoted by the Secretary, and that signed by the President, has driven the last American ship into retirement the argument will have been pressed to the bitter end, and no more legislation of that sort will be acceptable. Perhaps that will be done in the last place which ought to have been done in the first place. In that case the indicated policy will be to remove impediments to profits in shipping, instead of creating them, and then balancing them with compensations. A balanced load is better than an unbalanced one, but no load at all is better yet. To make shipping costly, and then to start unfair competition with the aid of tax money, is not the way to encourage investment in shipping.

Our own history shows the way, for once we had shipping worthy of the country. The case calls for repeal of the legislation which has driven our flag off the sea, not subsidies, nor Government freighters. The laws of foreign nations which have the shipping we envy afford another precedent. There are 2,000,000 tons of American-owned shipping under foreign flags, but not through preference for alien protection. These ships get no aid for flying foreign flags. They ask no aid to fly the flag of their own country. All they ask is permission to make a living, not pecuniary assistance or the stimulus of Government competition. It is misrepresentation to describe opposition to subsidy in one form as pressure for subsidy in another form. Capital is thoroughly beaten in its fight for privilege, but it is unable to withstand unjust privilege to labor. Both labor and capital should have a fair field and no favor, but weeping for our dead shipping will not bring it to life.

SING SING'S REGIME.

Music is to be taught, besides shorthand, telegraphy, history, mathematics, and literature in the night school at Sing Sing Prison, which has been proposed by Warden Thomas Mott Osborne. In the convict republic set up by this prison reformer motion picture shows are regularly given. The roll-of-honor men may receive clothing and shoes from friends outside, and money placed to the credit of these men may be expended regardless of whether the name and address of the sender be known. The system of discipline has been materially altered. A committee of the honor men forms a court to pass on all minor infractions of prison rules. Forfeiture of privileges is preceded by warning given, and from decisions of the prisoners' court an appeal is permitted to the Warden's court.

This is quite contrary to the teaching that convicts should be treated as beasts and not as men. Such reports as have come from Sing Sing during the two months of the new régime are distinctly encouraging. Discipline is better, the men take care of themselves. If there is fear that the prison will become too attractive and that the men will be coddled instead of punished, its physical condition should be taken into account. Where men have to "double up" in cells, some of which are less than four feet wide; where the walls are so damp that water can be scraped off them with the hand, and where tuberculosis and other prison diseases take their fearful quota, life is not altogether pleasant. When will the State provide for its prisoners something better than animal dens to live in?

MR. WILSON AND SAN FRANCISCO.

That President Wilson believed it to be his duty as Chief Executive, circumstances permitting, to take part personally in the ceremonies at San Francisco to celebrate the opening of the Panama Canal, was not doubted for a moment, even before the publication of his letter to President Moore of the San Francisco Exposition expressing his regret that he is unable to leave Washington. Under ordinary conditions the presence of the nation's head at the celebration would have been most fitting; no incident in our history is comparable with the completion of the great waterway, and Mr. Wilson is President of the whole country. California had a right to expect his personal co-operation.

The circumstances which have made it impossible for him to leave Washington at this time are as clearly comprehended on the Pacific Coast as in this part of the country. The formal announcement made yesterday of his intention to stay at home was expected there. The "various matters with which the country has to deal" are of the gravest character. Their careful consideration and sound treatment are of as much importance to the West as to the East. Everybody will be sorry that the President must give up his trip and that San Francisco must be disappointed, and the President's opinion of the "unusual significance" of the Exposition and "the indomitable energy and clear intelligence" with which it has been planned is shared by the whole country.

THE IMAGE BREAKER AT WORK.

During the last Congressional campaign there were distributed, broadcast, copies of an appealing letter signed by the President and Secretary of the Manufacturers' Association of Montgomery County, Penn. The letter was addressed to the President of the United States, and purported to disclose a most distressing state of affairs in business and industry all over the country, which was declared to be entirely due to the tariff reductions of the Underwood act. Use was made of this letter in aid of the election of Republican Congressmen.

If the Montgomery County people had been content to rest on their laurels, all would have been well, and their title to the gratitude of tariff beneficiaries would have been secure. But, just before last Christmas Day, the association addressed a second letter to President Wilson. They intimated that their prior letter might not have received proper attention because of the political campaign pending when it was issued, but, now that that was over, they wished to reiterate what was previously said. They painted a word picture of destitution and said their purpose was "to avoid "that which we stated would come to "pass, viz., that women should sit "helpless in cold, dismal little rooms "and their children face starvation. "We stand upon this appeal and feel "that in the presence of a nation with "humanitarian instincts we stand "upon solid ground." For this reason, they urged that the Payne-Aldrich tariff be forthwith re-enacted.

In the Department of Commerce this heartrending appeal did not fall on deaf ears. Mr. Redfield at once sent a commercial agent to investigate matters, and he devoted more than a month to the task. One of the first difficulties he encountered was the positive refusal of the manufacturers to open up their books for inspection. They wanted him to tell them what purpose he had in mind in trying to find out "whether, for the "last year, we have been running our "plants on full time." It may be remarked that it was not shown or pretended that the plants had ever run on full time for a year under any tariff. As a matter of fact, some of them do a seasonal business and are idle part of the year. What was shown, according to the report of the agent, was that in 30 factories employing 5,390 persons 718 were idle in January; that 15 of the factories could not be affected by a tariff, and that all information was refused as regards three others. Of the idle employés, 481, or two-thirds of the whole number, were from establishments making cheap hosiery. The import figures are cited to show that foreign competition had nothing to do with checking the output of those factories, but that the erection of new domestic mills probably had. Out of a total of ninety-four such new mills which went into operation last year, forty-two were put up in Pennsylvania. It is a case of the survival of the fittest. What competition there is is between the well-equipped and properly managed mills and those of the other kind.

After showing all this, it seemed almost wicked for the agent to take up the question of destitution. He did, however, do this, probably from a sense of duty. He discovered, from the Associated Charities of Norristown, that in a population of between 27,000 and 30,000 there had been in January, which is the worst month of the Winter, only 73 persons, or 1 in 400, who had asked for and received assistance, and that not all of these had been mill workers.

It is really sad for the iconoclast, with a few hard chunks of fact, to destroy the beautiful, if pathetic, figure of the women in their "cold, dis-"mal little rooms and their children "facing starvation." But the Montgomery County protectionists have only themselves to blame for the mishap. Why were they not content to let well enough alone?

MARRIAGE AND BREADWINNING.

The social reformer who argued in his lecture at the West Side Young Men's Christian Association last Sunday in favor of married women practicing the same profession as their husbands might have told more about that wife and mother who, when her husband was threatened with bankruptcy, took her baby in her arms and went to his factory, where, metaphorically speaking, she soon set him on his feet, while giving his heir all the attention it required. That was an exceptional achievement in real life, although the Sister Soulsbys and the innumerable business women of fiction have many living counterparts. To wrest a business concern from threatened bankruptcy, however, generally requires more than an innate business sense. Feminine persuasiveness and the appeal of sex might accomplish much in the circumstances, but the fair inference in this case would be that the husband's difficulties were largely "psychological," that technical rather than mercantile ability had made him the owner of a factory, and that the wife possessed inherent commercial understanding which had been developed and strengthened by domestic management. As for the baby, there are preternaturally good babies, and there are mothers who hold to the theory that the best way to cure a child of the habit of crying is to let it cry until it gets tired.

In such a case the union of commercial ability and mechanical ability in husband and wife would undoubtedly result in good team work and tend to keep the business in the family. But the argument that husbands and wives should generally adopt the same profession, or follow the same trade, if the wife does not prefer the domestic routine, is not measurably strengthened by this one example. Lawyers have wedded lawyers and physicians physicians, but such instances are exceptional. As a general thing the professional man desires to free his intimate home life as far as possible from professional associations, and we fancy that the professional woman must have the same feeling. In the art world and in letters the domestic disaster resulting from marriages of artists with artists, writers with writers, is too familiar to be dwelt upon. Marriages of actors with actresses have been common since the modern theatre came into being, but if the two are of equal artistic rank discord soon follows. The Kendals were rare exceptions. The art world, however, is apart from the everyday life of the multitude. We need not consider its precedents closely. Callings which tax the emotional side of human nature less heavily will fit this argument better.

Husbands and wives often keep small shops together, for instance, but if the business thrives the woman soon forsakes the counter. Small shopkeepers have not yet been affected by advanced ideas. They find life's problems hard enough without sociological complexities. Presumably when a woman seriously takes up the study of law it is with a desire to excel in a profession, and not with the intention of marrying a lawyer. If she makes up her mind to marry a lawyer before choosing a profession, the chances are always that she will choose none. The man who practices law expects to earn enough to support a home. If he marries a law partner it will always be because the irresistible force that impels marriages has been exerted under unusual circumstances. In fact, when lawyers wed lawyers it would be better for their mutual happiness that they should practice apart and avoid all "shop talk" at home. Even under the new dispensation both man and woman will yearn for some sort of domestic peace, and what is true of lawyers wedded to lawyers will be true also of civil engineers, jewelers, editors, and importers. Otherwise there can be no more really happy marriages. For that reason we prefer to believe that the women who intelligently take up the wife's calling, an exceedingly honorable one, will endeavor to encourage their husbands in their professional and commercial tasks, without bodily invading their business fields, as competent and cherished wives have ever done, and that, the world's affairs prospering as we have reason to hope they will, decent husbands will continue to support their wives and upbuild their homes.

AT THE FRONT.

The remarkable account given by our Paris correspondent yesterday of his journey through the French Army adds another to a series of war dispatches unequaled for clarity, power of visualization, and informative quality. The Times correspondent with the German Army has brought the German side of the war in the west vividly before our readers by his journeys along the front and his interviews with Generals, beginning with his account of the Kaiser's headquarters and going on through a series of descriptions which did more to illuminate the war as seen in Germany than any other publication. He is now on the eastern front and performing the same service, his latest contribution being the interview with and character sketch of Field Marshal von Hindenburg which appeared on Sunday.

Hitherto the French have refused to permit correspondents at the front. General Joffre finally saw that this was a mistake, and decided, as our Paris correspondent says, "to combat the German advertising." As a result, the correspondent was enabled to make that trip through the French lines, under General Joffre's own authorization, which gave to the readers of The Times a fitting companion piece to what had already been done for the German side.

It was a deeply interesting and revealing picture that he gave of the French organization, and must have gone far to revolutionize certain vague, popular impressions of the French character. He tells us of a genius for organization, the point wherein the French had always been supposed to be inferior to the Germans. "In fact," he says, "the German organization "which threatened to rule the world "seems overtaken by French organ-"ization which became effective since "the war began." There is nothing decadent about that.

We have heard so much about the British and Belgians and the French have been so close-mouthed that a shock of surprise accompanied the information that out of the 500 miles of fighting front 450 are held by the French and only 50 by the Belgians and British. It is hard to realize what he has to say about the irregularity of the trench lines—that at a certain part of the field there are 200 miles of trenches with only a twelve-mile front. It is interesting and suggestive to learn that the officers escorting him entertained him by detailing the name and position of every German regiment. If the secret services of the fighting armies have such information as this, it seems rather a waste of energy for the censors to delete the names of regiments and Generals, and even the towns from which dispatches are sent, on the theory that it will supply the hitherto ignorant foe with important military secrets.

Important, too, was his account of the vast defensive system which has been erected for Paris, the pre-empting of the surrounding country, so that a second siege of Paris would call for an army of 3,000,000 Germans at that point alone. From his description, Paris has become a city that cannot be taken. Altogether, this correspondent's work has been of real value to the world; and General Joffre has made no mistake in changing the policy of silence.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Dignified Woman Debaters. That Mrs. Charlotte Perkins Gilman demonstrates that a woman can be as restrained and able in argument as a man, eschewing personalities and confining herself to principles, must be the impression of every reader of her brilliant article in last Sunday's Times. Those who have read further the "Case Against Votes for Women" by Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge must have had this good opinion of straightforward reasoning by women in debate corroborated. Half a century of liberal opportunities provided for the higher education of women—opportunities obtained away ahead of any privileges wrung by the ballot—might be expected to produce just such results as are exemplified in these excellent articles by women.

While taking opposite sides, Mrs. Gilman and Mrs. Dodge are agreed on one essential point. What the practical public of this State wants before it decides whether it will extend the vote to women "is clear reasoning and plain facts," Mrs. Gilman says. Deciding wisely on a question is a matter of information, Mrs. Dodge agrees; and, if woman suffrage is to benefit the State, it must be shown beyond doubt that it has benefited the States where it has been in effect for a generation or more.

Woodrow Wilson has pointed out that the Western States are valuable experimental laboratories in politics. Even if most of their experiments in novel forms of government turn out badly, some of them may be useful enough for the States which have vastly more important interests to copy. The question of the political status of women in this State, in New Jersey, Massachusetts, and, probably, in Pennsylvania, is to be decided by the voters this year. If the laws of the suffrage States protecting women and children, providing for sanitation of homes and factories, the purity of food, and the healthfulness of social conditions generally have been better drawn and enforced in them than in the Eastern States, that would be a good argument for the further participation of women in voting. The whole case hangs on this state of facts, which is quite capable of ascertainment. The facts will be gotten at, and the voters will know them.

Medical Relief for China. The work contemplated by the Rockefeller Foundation for the conquest of the fearful plagues that visit China and spread from its ignorant millions to the Western nations is in all respects similar to that accomplished by the Hookworm Commission of the General Education Board in the American Southern States. It is superstition and ignorance that account for plagues. Lack of ordinary sanitation in the South and of an ordinary medicament caused the loss of thousands of lives yearly and fearfully impaired the health of thousands more. The hookworm disease, the bubonic plague, cholera, and tuberculosis sweep almost unrestrained, save in Japan, through the Orient.

One-fourth of the earth's population has almost no knowledge of modern medicine or surgery. Charms and incantations such as the red Indian used, claims to occult powers, and a willingness to puncture with a hollow needle any gathering that can yield a liquid, form the complete armamentum of the Chinese medicine man. The Chinese population dies off at an average age far short of thirty. Were it not for the tea-drinking habit, which largely protects the Chinese from drinking infected water, and the fact that it is the rule for Chinese mothers to nurse their own infants, thus shielding them from the dangers that attend the Western use of cow's milk for babies, the Chinese nation might be exterminated. The most salutary reform which the new Rockefeller board can accomplish is that indicated by Dr. Charles W. Eliot in his Carnegie report; aided by missionaries, they may succeed in changing the family habit of sleeping all together in a single small room, with every aperture tightly closed to keep out imps and demons—and, incidentally, keeping them all in.

Individuals Need Not Feel Hard Times. Two methods may be employed to change one's lot if it be hard. One is the more cumbersome—to appeal to society to alter the condition of a whole class to which one may belong, by such means as a minimum wage, or laws discriminating in favor of certain kinds of labor, or old age pensions, workingmen's insurance, confiscation of inheritances, and the seizure of private business by the Government in order that it may furnish places to "the deserving." Another way, which does not depend on the slow movements of the masses, is to conquer conditions by the use of individual brains and initiative. A dispatch which we printed yesterday showed that a business firm in St. Louis has refused to accept the plea that the European war, together with bad business conditions preceding the war, and other convenient calamities should paralyze all effort.

By declining to solve the whole problem of the nations, or to wait until it is solved, this firm has resolutely grappled with its nearest difficulties, and reports a gain in business since the war began of 70 per cent. over the corresponding period last year. An intelligently directed advertising campaign in the newspapers was of most benefit in this case. As there are several ways of decuticulating a cat, we restrain our natural propensity to commend the advertising plan exclusively to every individual who would depend on his own brains for betterment—but it is one way.

ART NOTES.

Paintings by Middleton Manigault and W. A. Coffin on View.

At the Daniel Galleries are a number of paintings by Middleton Manigault. They include one executed several years ago, and the new work shows how far the artist has gone toward organization of his original inspiration. He is modern in feeling, but he follows no one master, and he is heart and soul in favor of beauty. His long, graceful nudes, weaving a pattern of extraordinary loveliness and of architectonic power, give to his schematic landscapes something of the charm of a Gothic building. Long arms intertwine and form arches, groups of women are so placed in the composition as to continue the essential rhythms. The work throughout shows a planned and ordered arrangement of deeply moving elements of design. As yet the arrangement is too fixed, the plan too apparent, the color too external, but time will loosen these superficial rigidities. The art is too distinguished to suffer in the process of ripening. The exhibition lasts until March 23.

⁂

At the Knoedler Galleries is an exhibition of paintings by W. A. Coffin, including his "Orion and Sirius," a night effect in December. These landscapes are characterized by the serenity typical of Mr. Coffin's work. If his medium were the potter's clay one would say that he used mat glazes. His color is even, soft in tone, discreet, agreeable. He emphasizes the reticence of Nature rather than her confidences.

A Disclaimer.

Publicity Bureau, United States Navy,
Recruiting Service.
New York, March 8, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to the statements in the Magazine Section of the issue of The Times of Sunday, the 7th inst., concerning my identification with and connection with the movement to organize a volunteer naval and military force, to be called the American Legion:

The way in which these statements are put gives the impression that I have been directly and officially connected with the inauguration, propagation and organization of the American Legion; but such is not the fact of the case. My identification and connection with this movement have been wholly unofficial; and my activities in connection therewith have been limited to the giving of advice, information and suggestions concerning the qualifications essential to men who would be enrolled in the naval branch of the Legion. I gave such unofficial aid to the movement as I could because I consider it to be patriotic and of possibly great usefulness and value as an auxiliary to our national defense.

R. K. CRANK,
Commander, U. S. Navy.

Call for Serbian Diplomatic Papers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Times cannot be too highly commended for publishing the official papers of Austria in order to clear up further our ideas in regard to the preliminaries of the great war. As has already been pointed out these documents really incriminate where they purport to excuse. Inasmuch, however, as they seek to cast some of the responsibility upon Serbia, it would seem only fair that the official papers of that plucky nation should be published too.

LEMUEL HARRISON.
Lebanon, N. H., March 3, 1915.

The Times Rotogravure Pictures.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The rotogravures in the Picture Section of your issue of today are exceptionally beautiful. I do not know of any paper in the world that gives its subscribers such wonderful pictures. Put up in album form they would be a source of delight to future generations.

ARTHUR DAWSON.
New York, March 7, 1915.

DREAM BABIES.

When the day is gray and the sky
hangs down
And the sunbeams melt to raining,
And the folks go slushing about the
town
In a mood of deep complaining,

It's then I doze in my fireside chair,
With my heart in a mist of glories,
And little pink fingers in my hair
And little ears pricked for stories.

So I hold them close and I whisper
low,
Till a fillet of sun comes beaming.
Then I coax and I beg, but they laugh
and go—
My babes of the gray day dreaming!

JANE BURR.

FINANCIAL CONDITIONS IN GERMANY.

"Canned" Assets Behind the Depreciated Currency Cannot Be Liquidated Until the End of the War.

By J. LAURENCE LAUGHLIN,
Head of the Department of Political Economy in the University of Chicago.

In a great financial emergency conditions are immediately registered in the monetary and credit mechanism. Although the German Government and the Reichsbank had obviously been preparing for war long before, as soon as mobilization was ordered there was a currency panic. The private banks stopped payment in gold. Crowds then besieged the Reichsbank in order to get its notes converted into gold. Then the Banking act was suspended so that the Reichsbank and private banks were freed from the obligation to give out gold for notes. At once all notes went to a discount in the shops as compared with gold. Thereupon, in summary fashion, the military Governor of Berlin declared the notes to be a full legal tender and announced that any shop refusing to take them at par would be punished by confiscation of goods.

In Germany, as is well known, the main currency is supplied by the Reichsbank, covered by at least 33 1-3 per cent. in gold or silver, and the remaining two-thirds by commercial paper. Immediately after the outbreak of war there was a prodigious increase of loans at the Reichsbank, in consequence of which borrowers received notes or deposit accounts. Usually transactions are carried through by use of notes, and not by checks, as with us. On July 23, 1914, the notes stood at $472,500,000; deposits at $236,000,000; discounted bills and advances at $200,000,000. On August 31 notes had increased to $1,058,500,000; deposits to $610,000,000; discounts and advances to $1,113,500,000. On the latter date the specie reserve stood at $409,500,000, or more than the legal one-third. Loans had been increased 556 per cent.; notes, 223 per cent., and deposits, 258 per cent. In short, $586,000,000 of notes had been issued beyond the amount required in normal times (July 23.) Clearly this additional amount was not required by an increased exchange of goods, but by those persons whose resources were tied up and who needed a means of payment. The same was true of the large increase of deposits which resulted from the larger loans. A liberal policy of discounting was followed by which loans were given on the basis of securities or stocks of goods on hand. That is, non-negotiable assets were converted into a means of payment either in the form of notes or deposit-credits.

At this juncture there was created a currency something after the manner of the Aldrich-Vreeland emergency notes in this country. War Credit Banks were established by law to issue notes (Darlehnskassenscheine) in denominations of 10, 15, 20, and 50 marks as loans on stocks in trade and securities of all kinds, and were charged 6½ per cent. interest. The goods on which these notes could be issued were not removed, but stamped with a Government seal. While not a legal tender, the notes were receivable at all imperial agencies. On securities classed at the Reichsbank as Class I. loans could be made up to 60 per cent. of their value as of July 31; as Class II., 40 per cent.; on the other German securities bearing a fixed rate of return, 50 per cent.; on other German securities bearing a varying rate of return, 40 per cent.; on Russian securities, a lower percentage. These institutions, therefore, took up some of the burden that would otherwise have fallen on the loan item of the Reichsbank. Hence the Reichsbank account does not show the whole situation.

To this point the methods followed were much the same as in London. Then came unusual happenings. In London for a few days the banks had wavered as to maintaining gold payments, but only temporarily. In Berlin drastic measures were undertaken to accumulate gold in the Reichsbank. Vienna reports it to be well known that Germany had been for eighteen months before straining every nerve to obtain gold. Whatever sums of gold were included in the so-called "war chest" in Spandau (said to be $30,000,000) were also deposited with the Reichsbank. Gold was even smuggled across the borders of Holland on the persons of spies. Urgent demands were made upon the people to turn in gold from patriotic motives. In this way over $400,000,000 of gold was gathered by July, 1914; and by the end of the year, after five months of war, it had risen to $523,000,000. Was Germany to maintain gold payments as well as Great Britain?

Evidently not. Gold was not given for notes on presentation. For purposes of exchanging goods the notes were in excess. Inconvertible, they must go to a discount with gold or with the money of outside countries using gold. But in order to get imports from other nations, like Holland, Scandinavia and Denmark, Germany must either send goods, or gold, or securities. German industries, except those making war supplies, were not producing over 25 per cent. of capacity, and many were closed. The Siemens-Schuckert works, even before the Landsturm was called out, lost 40 per cent. of their men on mobilization. The Humboldt Steel Works, near Cologne, employing 4,000 men, were closed early in August, as were nearly all the great iron works in the district between Düsseldorf and Duisburg. Probably 50 to 75 per cent. of the workers were called to the colors. The skilled artisans were in the army or in munition factories; the railways were in the hands of the military; and the merchant marine was shut up in home or foreign ports. There were said to be 1,500 idle ships in Hamburg alone. Few goods could be exported. Gold was refused for export, of course. A serious liquidation in foreign securities had been going on long before the war. Some foreign securities must have still remained. However that may be, a claim to funds in Germany (i. e., a bill drawn on Germany) was not redeemable in gold, and it fell in price. In normal times a bill could not fall below the shipping point in gold (par with us for 4 marks is 95¼ cents in gold); but, since gold could not be sent, exchange on Germany could fall to any figure, set only by a declining demand. Already bills on Germany have been quoted in New York at 82, showing a depreciation of German money in the international field of about 13 per cent. Likewise, as early as the first week of September, the Reichsbank notes were reported at a discount of 20 per cent., and as practically non-negotiable in a neighboring country like Holland.

The inevitable consequence of a depreciated currency must be a rise of prices, usually greater than the actual percentage of depreciation. To meet this situation there came a device possible in no other commercial country. The Government fixed prices at which goods could be sold. This mediaeval device could be enforced only in a land where such State interference had been habitual; and, of course, could give to the notes the fictitious purchasing power only inside the country. After the Christian Science fashion, one had only to believe the notes were of value to make them so; but in the cold world outside German jurisdiction, their value would be gauged by the chances of getting gold for them. Here, then, we find Germany in all the mazes of our ancient "greenbackism," but still in possession of a large stock of gold. As soon as the war ends, she may be able to return to gold payments at an early date—very much as did France after the ordeal of the Franco-Prussian War of 1870-1871.

In the present war conditions, however, largely cut off from other countries (except some small trade with Switzerland, Holland, Denmark, and the like, all ordinary relations which would influence German credit and industry must be counted out. There is no comparison of her prices and money with those of other countries in a free market, or with even a limited transportation of exports and imports. All commercial measurements are suspended for the time. Trade and credit are holding their breath. How long can they do it? Germany may have food enough; but how long can the stoppage of industry go on?

Moreover, attention must be called to one momentous thing. We are seeing today, under military law, the greatest experiment in Socialism ever witnessed. All wealth, income, industry, capital, and labor are in the direct control and use of a military State. Food, everything, may be taken and distributed in common. I think never before in history have we had such a gigantic, full-fledged illustration of Socialism in actual operation.

In the meanwhile, even though food may be provided, the reduction of industry in general has cut incomes right and left. That is, fewer goods are produced and exchanged. But goods are the basis of all credit. The less the goods exchanged, the less the credit operations. Nevertheless, the extraordinary issues of banknotes, the increase of deposits, as a result of quintupling the loans, means that former commitments in goods and securities cannot be liquidated. That is, the enormous increase of bank liabilities is not supported by liquid assets. These assets are "canned." Will they keep sweet? There is no new business, no foreign trade, sufficient to take up old obligations and renew those which are unpayable. Lessened incomes mean lessened consumption and lessened demand for goods. Hence the credit system is based on an uncertain and insecure foundation, dependent wholly upon contingencies far in the future which may, or may not, take the non-liquid assets out of cold storage and give them their original value.

Moreover, apart from definite destruction of wealth and capital in the war—which must be enormous, as represented by the national loans — the losses from not doing business in all main industries during the whole period of the war (except in making war supplies) must be very great. As it affects the income and expenditure of the working classes it may be roughly measured by the great numbers of unemployed. If they are used on public works, their income is made up from taxes on the wealth of others. Luxuries will disappear, and not be produced or imported. Incomes expressed in goods, or material satisfactions, have been diminished—which is of no serious consequence, if they cover the minimum of actual subsistence. The prolongation of the war will, then, depend on the ability to provide the supplies for war.

The need for a medium of exchange is oversupplied. The lack is in the goods to be exchanged. The enormous extension of German note issues does not, and cannot, diminish. In this country the expansion of credit and money immediately after the war (manifested by the issue of Clearing House certificates and emergency bank notes) has been cleared away by liquidation. In Germany, the "canned" assets behind the depreciated currency cannot be liquidated until the end of the war. And their worth at that time will depend much on the future course of the war and the terms of peace. If German territory should be overrun and the tangible forms of capital in factories and fixed capital be destroyed, much of the liquidation might be indefinitely prolonged. Whatever of foreign trade is permanently lost would, also, increase the difficulties.

In a great financial emergency nearly every country has, at one time or another, been tempted to confuse the monetary with the fiscal functions of the Treasury. To borrow by the issue of money seems to have a seductive charm hard to resist. Lloyd George established a new precedent for Great Britain by issuing nearly $200,000,000 of Government currency notes, but this was done to provide notes for the public instead of coin (£1 and 10s) and made unnecessary any emergency issues by the Bank of England; and a large gold fund has been accumulated behind them so that they are convertible. In Germany it does not seem likely that the Treasury notes will be largely used (having increased from $16,500,000 to about $45,000,000) as a means of borrowing, since the new loans are being issued in terms of longer maturities.

J. LAURENCE LAUGHLIN.

$5,000 GIFT FROM FRICK.

$41,000 Now Pledged in Lenox Hill Settlement Campaign.

At the luncheon held yesterday at the Savoy by the leaders of the twenty-six teams which are working to raise $100,000 for a new building for the Lenox Hill Settlement it was announced that $7,356.66 had been harvested in the twenty-four hours. This makes the total so far pledged about $41,000. Among the gifts yesterday was one of $5,000 from Henry C. Frick, and another of $7.50, which represented contributions from 150 workers in a cigar factory on the east side.

Thursday has been set as the day for the conclusion of the campaign, and the leaders of the fight for the $100,000 express confidence that they will easily reach the mark before that time. The present home of the settlement, which was founded in 1894 by alumnae of Hunter College, is at 446 East Seventy-second Street.

SHIP BILL ATTACK ON LODGE BY M'ADOO

Republican Opposition Inconsistent and Insincere, Secretary Says, Answering Senator.

COULD NOT ABANDON RIGHTS

And Everybody Knew President Wouldn't Buy German Vessels—American Shipyard Workers Hurt.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—An interview given by Senator Lodge following the adjournment of Congress, in which he felicitated the country upon the defeat of the Shipping bill, provoked Secretary McAdoo to a reply today. Mr. McAdoo charges the Senator with inconsistency and with being in part responsible through his activity against the shipping measure for loss of employment to many shipyard workers.

Mr. Lodge was quoted as saying that it was the intention, if the bill had passed, to buy German ships now interned in American ports. He maintained that the refusal to put in a clause prohibiting the purchase of belligerent-owned ships, which might have passed it, demonstrated this fact. In reply the Secretary says:

"The Shipping bill never did have in view the purchase of the interned German ships or any specific ships. The purpose of the bill was to give the Government authority to buy or build any kind of suitable ships for the purposes of American trade and commerce. Had the bill passed, the President would not have sanctioned the purchase of any ship that would have caused complications with any power. This assurance was given to every Senator who made inquiry, and was conveyed to the Senators in the chamber as coming from the President himself. Moreover, as a concession to the timid, the bill was amended by the Democrats so as to provide that the President should do nothing 'to disturb the conditions of neutrality.' Even this was unnecessary, because the country knows that the President, more than any other citizen of this country, has stood strongly for peace, and can be depended upon to use none of the powers of his great office to involve the country in needless war.

"Senator Lodge knows that the only reason the Administration would not agree to the insertion of a clause in the bill 'prohibiting the purchase of belligerent-owned ships' was that this would have been a surrender of a vital American right, a right which this nation has consistently and inflexibly upheld since the foundation of the Government. To preserve this vital right did not mean that it must be asserted, but it did mean that this Government felt keenly its responsibilities as the chief representative and trustee of neutral rights.

"The American nation has always been the chief champion of the rights of neutrals. It would have been an inexcusable surrender of the rights of this nation, as well as of its position as the defender of neutral rights throughout the world, for the Government to have adopted the amendment to the Ship bill which Senator Lodge says might have passed it. The American Administration would not pay for the passage of the Shipping bill by such a disavowal of American rights as was involved in the adoption of Senator Lodge's amendment.

"How does Senator Lodge reconcile his vote in favor of the Ship Registry bill last August, which was a reassertion and reaffirmation by Congress of the American principle of the right to transfer a belligerent-owned vessel to a neutral flag with his amendment to surrender this very right?

"The Republican opposition to the Shipping bill upon these grounds is mere make-believe. Senator Lodge says the Republicans 'won a very great victory' by defeating the bill. The bill passed, American shipyards would have received orders promptly for cargo ships aggregating 300,000 to 400,000 tons, dead weight, thereby giving employment to labor, stimulating many industries, and providing vessels for our foreign trade. If it is a 'very great victory' to defeat these ends, the Republican Senators are welcome to all the joy and credit they can get out of it."

SUSPECTS DR. STRATTON.

Wanted to Sell Ships to Government, Witness Intimates at Inquiry.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—E. C. Plummer, an attorney of Bath, Me., today told the Senate Ship Trust Investigating Committee that he thought Dr. Stratton of the American Bureau of Shipping of New York had supported the President's Ship Purchase bill because he wanted to sell some ships to the Government. Mr. Plummer said that he represented the Carriers' Association, interested in coastwise sailing vessels, and that while in Washington opposing the bill he had supplied information to Senators opposing the measure. As to Dr. Stratton he said:

"When we tried to get insurance for cargoes we desired to take abroad he discouraged the insurance companies by saying that our coastwise vessels were good only for about 280 miles and that they ought to have steel hulls. We could carry $500,000 worth of cotton, but the insurance companies would not insure a cargo of more than $200,000."

"Why did your association oppose the Ship Purchase bill?" asked Mr. Walsh.

"We were apprehensive that when the Government went in to the shipping business," said Mr. Plummer, "the ships it owned would be dumped into the coastwise trade and hurt us."

CITY WINS RAMAPO SUIT.

Highest Court Finds Company Has No Title to Watershed Lands.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The Supreme Court of the United States today decided in favor of the City of New York the long-standing contest against the Ramapo Water Company, involving certain acquired water rights. The lower court held that the Ramapo Water Company had no substantial constitutional rights in the premises, and the high court today sustained that opinion on appeal.

As described by Justice Hughes, who gave the court's opinion, the case hinged on a bill in equity to restrain New York City and the Water Board "from proceeding further with the enterprise upon which they already had spent over $129,000,000."

The court held it would take a more specific grant than the New York statute to show that rights to so much territory not directly related to the purpose in hand could be acquired simply by filing maps. Besides, the required notice to owners of land had not been given.

"The groundlessness of the bill," said Justice Hughes, "is so obvious that it fairly may be said that no substantial constitutional question appears."

HITS WOMEN'S PEACE MOVE.

Mrs. Dodge Aims an Alliterative Epigram at Suffragists.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge of New York, President of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, in a statement here charges that the suffragists in the formation of the Woman's Peace Party are endeavoring to take advantage of conditions resulting from the European war to advance the cause of "votes for women" in this country. The statement was in reply to criticisms by suffragists of those opposed to suffrage for not joining the new society.

Mrs. Dodge said it appeared as if politics, not peace, were the first object of the new society, and added that such an organization was not only superfluous but unwise. "If men have been unable to ballot out the bullet and the bully, how shall women hope to be able to accomplish this result?" asked Mrs. Dodge.

'FADS AND FANCIES' ELABORATE MEDLEY

New Musical Entertainment at the Knickerbocker Is Handsomely Staged.

CONROY AND LEMAIRE HELP

They Are the Bright Spots in a Program That Is Short of Humor and Good Melody.

FADS AND FANCIES, a musical medley in two acts; book and lyrics by Glenn MacDonough, music by Raymond Hubbell. At the Knickerbocker Theatre.

Professor Glum	Frank Moulan
Chase Clews	Tom McNaughton
Ayling Harte	Paul Morton
Leicester Square	Frank Doane
Alan	Tyler Brooke
Phoebe	Stella Hoban
Mrs. Hunter-Rumpuss	Madge Lessing
Sig. Giovanni Gasolini	Leo Carrillo
The Spirit of Pleasure	Lydia Lopokova
Sally Mander	Laura Hamilton
Sylvester Nightingale	George Lamaire
James Henry George	Frank Conroy
Hawkshaw Holmes	John Miller
Sherlock Pinkerton	James Mack
Miss Murgatroyd	Maude Grey
Mrs. Wadburner	Daisy Rudd
Fido	David Abrahams, Jr.
Mushagoogoo	David Abrahams
A Cabaret Dancer	Dottie Quniette

"Fads and Fancies" is the name of the nondescript jumble of color and song and dance that was exhibited to New York for the first time last evening at the Knickerbocker Theatre. It is one of those theatrical confections prepared by many cooks, who stand ready, apparently, to alter and season to suit. They can change the entire concoction at a week's notice, and imagination faints at the task of suggesting what this new entertainment might be like a fortnight after its opening on Broadway.

There were evidences last evening that some recently added ingredients had not been thoroughly absorbed, and further changes and additions will probably recommend themselves. As it stands, "Fads and Fancies" has some bright spots and some very dull ones. How happy the medium is depends largely on how happy you happen to be when the quest of diversion takes you to a seat at the Knickerbicker.

Of the various appeals which this newest entertainment makes, the appeal to the eye is by far the most successful. This is not merely because to all appearances money has been spent in a care-free manner in the preparation of the production, nor because the setting involves as many as fourteen elaborate scenes. It is rather because some taste, an eye for color, and real imagination have actually been retained for the investiture of "Fads and Fancies."

There are several pictures that have a beauty surpassing anything attempted or achieved for musical comedy in these parts in many a long day. It should also be reported that the chorus that disports itself agreeably at odd moments in the course of the new entertainment at the Knickerbocker is quite the prettiest chorus seen on Broadway this season.

So much for the appeal to the eye. Regarding the appeal to the sense of humor, it would be difficult for the most amiable to say as many pleasant things. The accredited author of the books and lyrics is Glen MacDonough of "Babes in Toyland" memory. It is fairly apparent that he set forth to write a burlesque extravaganza that should, in the spirit of travesty, have fun with the fads and foibles of the day. And so aimed, "Fads and Fancies" visits places like submerged suburban lots and divorce courts and has its fling at our passion for such things as tea dances, speed, and Pekingese puppies.

It is possible that some of Mr. MacDonough's wit is lost in the shifting of many scenes and the shuffle of many nimble feet, but it seems more probable that on the day he sat down to his task he was just out of humor. It must be said that nearly all of the laughter in "Fads and Fancies" is won by those two dark favorites from the vaudeville stage, Messrs. Conroy and Lemaire.

The music is all pleasant enough, but it could hardly be called inspired. Quite the most fetching number has the striking title, "I'm Lonely for Only One." Very likely Jerome Kern had nothing to do with it, but it sounds as though he had tossed it off in a happy and highly reminiscent mood. Then there is, "We'll Take Care of You Here" which, being all about the refugees, is the only war song of the evening. It has an excellent swing, and the singing of it involves the solemn service of a chorus of very small youngsters, several of whom are captivating.

A matter of major importance here, as in any vaudeville bill, is just the question of the entertainers. The who's who of "Fads and Fancies" contains many well-known names. Some of them help a good deal and some of them do not. As has been said, Conroy and Lemaire help a lot. These two blackface jesters from the two-a-day are still wrangling about that insurance policy—it seems to have been paid, but the little fellow is still puzzled about it—and they have further acquired an automobile out of which they extract much laughter.

Then there is Lopokova, who contributes several dances in her best manner, and Laura Hamilton, who is so pretty and spirited and graceful you are quite prepared to overlook the fact that she is hardly a lark. Of the rest, it should be said that Stella Hoban is very comely, and that some very neat and agile dancing is done either by John Miller or James Mack. The program is a little vague in this matter, but the one in question looks as though he had not had an unhappy thought in ten years. These are just a few of the long cast assemhled for "Fads and Fancies."

Mme. Calve's Second Week.

Mme. Calvé sang five numbers yesterday afternoon to launch the second week of her engagement at the Palace Theatre and met with a response even more enthusiastic than the one that had welcomed her to vaudeville the week before. In the long wait for the change to the Carmen costume a violin solo was introduced by Albert Megerlin, a Belgian visitor to New York, who was heard with every evidence of entire approval.

Act "Le Monde Ou l'On S'Ennuie."

"Le Monde Ou l'On S'Ennuie, by E. Pailleron, was the offering of the Théâtre Français last night in the Century Lyceum. Marcel Hermes, who has lately arrived from Paris, made his American début in one of the principal rôles. Messrs. Benedict, Faure, and Renavent and Mesdames Diska, Meurville, and Davenne were others in the cast.

Olcott Signs with Cohan & Harris.

Cohan & Harris yesterday signed a contract with Chauncey Olcott by which the Irish singing-comedian will appear under their direction for a term of years beginning next season. Irish-American musical comedy by George M. Cohan will be provided for Mr. Olcott.

Urlus Ill; Opera Bill Is Changed.

Because of the hoarseness of Jacques Urlus, who was to have sung the title rôle in "Tannhäuser" last night, the bill at the Metropolitan Opera House was changed to "Die Walküre." Alfred Hertz conducted and Johannes Sembach, Basil Ruysdael, Carl Braum, Melanie Kurt, Margarete Matzenauer, and Margarete Ober were in the cast.

Barker Chooses Greek Tragedies.

Lillah McCarthy and Granville Barker have chosen "Iphigenia in Tauris," "The Trojan Woman," and "The Alcestis" as the three Greek tragedies they will perform during May at New York universities and at some of the larger schools of the country. Prof. Gilbert Murray's translations will be used.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, March 6th, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 10.84 cents per pound.—Advt.

THE FLONZALEY QUARTET.

Music by Brahms, Moor, and Beethoven at the Last Concert.

The last concert in the series of the Flonzaley Quartet was given last evening in Aeolian Hall. The size of the audience furnished a gratifying showing of the established place that this fine organization has now made for itself in the musical life of New York, helping to increase the love and admiration for chamber music in its highest forms. The program of this concert was made up of Brahms's quartet in C minor, Op. 51, No. 1, three preludes in the form of a suite for solo violin, by Emmanuel Moor, Op. 100, and Beethoven's quartet in C sharp minor, Op. 131.

The preludes by Moor were played by Alfred Pochon, and his admirable performance was the fulfillment of a difficult and ungrateful task. What little is said in these three movements is said in the third, and that seems not much. It is a strange and unaccountable mixture of a style apparently intended to be severe, and one that is trivial, whether so intended or not. It is hard to make out of the other anything but vague and indecisive tonal wanderings, in which difficult double stoppings are freely interspersed. Mr. Pochon played them with resolution, with some evidences of a hope or an intention to make them sound coherent, with a splendidly broad tone and a mastery of the difficulties that rarely failed him. Music by Moor, who had a brief career as a musician in New York years ago, has been heard here, and while it is not easy to take it all at its face value, most of it has been easier of acceptance than these preludes.

The four players threw themselves into the quartets by Brahms and Beethoven with evident zeal and devotion. Their performance showed admirable ensemble and finish, an anxious study and elaboration of the scores, and there were innumerable beauties and subtleties in it. Some may have been moved to dissent from certain points in the conceptions of both quartets, characteristics of phrasing, the prominence given to one or another voice, as in the third movement of Brahms's quartet whereby the viola part was made to dominate, and in certain effects of finesse in Beethoven's quartet. Whatever may have been thought of them, however, they were deliberate, the results of a mature and musical judgment, and entitled to consideration as such. There were great fullness and beauty of tone, fine balance and finished ensemble in the playing. The audience found great pleasure in it and in Mr. Pochon's performance of the solo suite, and applauded heartily.

MR. SEAGLE'S RECITAL.

American Baritone Shows Beautiful Voice and Fine Art in Songs.

Mr. Oscar Seagle, an American baritone known to New York by his recitals here in the last two seasons, gave another yesterday afternoon in Carnegie Hall. As a newcomer two years ago he surprised and pleased his hearers by the manifold excellences of his voice and method. The latter he obtained from Mr. Jean de Reszke, whose pupil he had been, and for a time one of his assistants in teaching. His baritone voice has an unusually beautiful quality, exceptional power and sonority, high range, and a timbre of a peculiarly sympathetic kind. Mr. Seagle showed not only these natural gifts, but also an unusually finished style, a fine training which gives him an unerring control, a complete technical command of his resources. As was found at his previous appearances here, he has been able to appropriate to his own uses something more than the externals of his distinguished teacher's method and style. They have become an essential part of his art, wholly assimilated, not forgotten in moments of stress and emergency, when most needed.

Mr. Seagle's singing shows in various departments of song singing a fine taste and a high intelligence. He has gained something in variety and point of expression, in characterization; something, too, in emotional and dramatic potency. These matters were those in which his admirers were fain to confess his singing was deficient; and the deficiency was what prevented him from the highest flights in song singing. It is still; but there is evident a greater preoccupation with the mood, the emotional content of the music with which he is dealing, than there was before; and there has been, in so far, a development in the artistic value of Mr. Seagle's singing; and it may be hoped that this is an earnest of still further development. And yet it is to be said that the note of sincerity, of true artistic feeling, is never absent from his interpretation. His singing is always manly and direct, always sympathetic, always intelligent in the consideration he gives to his artistic material.

Mr. Seagle sang songs in Italian, French, German, and English. His greatest success was gained in the older songs of his program, in Italian and French, as they have been in some of his previous appearances here. It would be too much to say that he found all the spirit of Figaro's air, "Non piu Andrai," from "The Marriage of Figaro"; but he gave it a beautifully finished delivery. There was great beauty, also, in Benedetto Marcello's air, "Il Mio Bel Foco," (though there was needed here a more dramatic note,) and in Bononcini's "Deh piu a me non V'Ascondete." He did nothing better, or more thoroughly characteristic in style, than his singing of three old French airs, "Musette," "Chanson à Danser," and "Chanson a Manager," to which he added another of the same style. There were here spontaneity, the right touch of sentiment and humor; great beauty of phrasing, a beautiful "mezza voce," perfectly placed and poised.

Of the modern French songs he sang Debussy's "Mandoline," perhaps better than he did last year, with a touch more of insouciance and lightness; there was poetical feeling in the "Recueillement," of the same composer and a plangent note in Duparc's beautiful "Lamento." To a bitter and ironical song, Ferrari's "Le Lazzarone," he added another, bitterer and more ironical, in the same vein, whose qualities were plausibly suggested. Songs by Schubert and Schumann do not exhibit Mr. Seagle's qualities at their best; for them there is needed greater depth and power of characterization. But in Schumann's "Standehen" and "Sehnsucht nach der Waldgegen"—not highly characteristic specimens of the composer—he showed true sentiment and feeling. His last group was in English, including songs by Blair Fairchild, Edward Horsman, and Frank Bibb, his accompanist.

Such singing as Mr. Seagle's not only gives an unusual pleasure on account of the beauty of his voice and the finish and mastery of vocalization displayed, but is also of notable value and interest as an exemplification of vocal art and its significance of the correct utilization of the gifts of God.

WILL AID ISADORA DUNCAN.

Committee of Artists and Literary Men to Support Dancer's Art.

To express their support of the work which Isadora Duncan, the dancer, is doing toward the creation of new ideals, more than forty representative actors, artists, musicians, and literary men met Sunday night in her studio in the old Packard Business School at Twenty-third Street and Fourth Avenue and formed a committee pledging themselves to support Miss Duncan by their influence during her stay in America.

The original committee was small in number, but yesterday it was increased by the addition of the names of John W. Alexander, Karl Bitter, Mrs. Gertrude Atherton, Witter Bynner, Percy MacKaye, Max Eastman, Paul Manship, Barry Faulkner, Walter Damrosch, Robert Henri, Ernest Peixotto, George Grey Barnard, and many others.

No definite plans were agreed upon at the first meeting, but, with the addition of many persons to the original group, it is expected that soon definite arrangements will be made to work in co-operation with Miss Duncan. On Sunday a paper was signed by all the persons present, in which the committee pledged its support to her work both in America and elsewhere.

Miss Duncan's girls at present use the large room of the Packard School for their afternoon rehearsals, having their lessons at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Augustin Duncan in Gramercy Park, in which they live. On their arrival here it was planned to establish a school after the model of the one which they left in Paris, but no definite plans have been made for founding such a school here in America.

BRAYTON IVES ART OBJECTS TO BE SOLD

Late General's Collection Includes a Manuscript of the 13th Century.

RARE BOOKS AND ETCHINGS

Fine Specimens of Grolier and Pasdeloup Bindings and Chinese Porcelains and Rugs.

The American Art Association announces for the early part of April the sale of the collection of the late General Brayton Ives, characterizing it as "the most important sale ever held in this country of supreme objects of art." General Ives had collected from the point of view of a connoisseur, assembling works of the highest quality and discarding all that failed to meet his exacting standard. His collection includes engravings and etchings, Imperial Polish and Chinese rugs, books, and early English furniture. Each department is numerically small, with the exception of the books and prints.

The library has been selected not only with a view to the excellence of the typography, illustrations, and bindings, but of the condition as well, and it is rare to find an equal number of volumes in so admirable a physical state. Examples of illuminated and other manuscripts derived from the thirteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, and seventeenth centuries:

Brevirum Ordinis Fratum Praedicatorum S. Dominici is a manuscript of the thirteenth century on vellum, and of English execution, with twenty-eight illuminated initial letters, thirteen of which contain miniatures. Another is a Horae Beatae Mariae Virginis of the fifteenth century on vellum and contains fifteen full-page miniatures, the coloring particularly good, and other details rich and harmonious. It is in a sixteenth century morocco binding, probably by Clovis Eve; also, the remarkable Office de la Vierge Marie, executed by Nicholar Jarry, the calligrapher of Louis XIII. and Louis XIV., from the Valentine Blacque-Henry W. Poor collections, in a remarkable mosaic binding by Trautz-Bauzonnet, which is considered to be the finest of the twenty-two mosaic bindings executed by this great book-binder, and other important manuscripts.

The section of Incunabula includes Francesco Colonna's "Hypnerotomachia Poliphili," in folio brown levant morocco, by Cuzin, with the beautiful woodcuts, printed at Venice, by Aldus Manutius, 1499, and considered the masterpiece of the Aldine Press; the Edition Princips of Euclid, 1482, &c.

There are fine specimens of Grolier and Pasdeloup bindings, a large number of eighteenth century French illustrated books in bindings by masters of the craft and many first editions of English and American authors, including Thackeray, Dickens, Stevenson, Rossetti, Tennyson, Browning, Walton, Goldsmith, Spenser, Byron, and Swinburne.

The engravings and etchings comprise about 1,100 prints in all, mostly in the finest possible condition and gathered from the most celebrated collections of America and Europe. The early Italian masters are represented by one, two or three examples each, with a larger number given to Mantegna. Among the early German engravers are twenty-six Schoengauers and sixty-two Durers, the majority of the fine impressions being impossible to duplicate. The Dutch prints include sixty-two Rembrandts, and there are line engravings of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, famous English mezzotints, French and English color prints of the eighteenth century and works of the nineteenth century as well.

The Chinese porcelains include superb specimens from the Bennett collection, the Trapness collection, and also from American collections, each specimen being a supreme example of its individual class. The gold and enamel snuff boxes number about a hundred and come in the main from the James A. Garland collection. Many of the rugs were shown in the Metropolitan Museum exhibition of fine rugs in 1911, some of the early English furniture comes from the sale at the Tiffany Studios of the Thomas B. Clarke collection as well as from famous English and Irish collections. The catalogues for the different groups are in process of preparation by competent authorities, and the dates of sale will be announced soon.

ENTERTAINMENTS OF A DAY.

Mrs. Alexander, Miss Cady, and Mrs. Breitung Are Hostesses.

There were several entertainments given yesterday.

Mrs. William Alexander gave a small luncheon at the St. Regis. Her guests included Mrs. Paul Morton, Mrs. Alexander D. B. Pratt, Mrs. John A. Logan and Mrs. James Brown Potter.

Miss Harriette Cady gave a reception yesterday afternoon at 601 Madison Avenue for Miss Letitia Corliss, who is just back from Paris, where she was a pupil of Jean de Reszke. Miss Corliss sang and Mr. Hoff and Miss Cady played.

Mrs. Edward Breitung gave a dinner last night for Miss Anne Morgan at the St. Regis. The Misses Elisabeth Marbury and Elsie de Wolfe were among her guests.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Graves are being congratulated on the birth of a son yesterday at their home, 5 West Fifty-first Street. Mrs. Graves was formerly Mrs. Kingsbury Swan.

Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Loree and Miss Louise C. Loree, who have been spending the Winter at the Hotel Gotham, have left in Mr. Loree's private car for a trip to California.

Mrs. Joel Nott Allen will give a reception this afternoon at 58 West Fifty-seventh Street for Mrs. Daniel Ayres. Mrs. Allen will have Mrs. Paul Barthcome and Mrs. Henry S. Bartholomew receiving with her.

The annual meeting of the New York City Branch of the National Plant, Flower, and Fruit Guild will be held on March 17 at the home of Mrs. James Roosevelt, 47 East Sixty-fifth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mortimer, who have been at Palm Beach, are at the Vanderbilt for a few days before going to their country home in Tuxedo Park. Mrs. William Lowe Rice and her daughters, the Misses Mildred and Elsie Rice, have returned from Palm Beach, and are at the Plaza.

The National Arts Club gave a dinner, followed by a musicale, last night at the clubhouse, 14 Gramercy Park.

The engagement of Miss Dora Marshall Lord, a daughter of Mrs. Samuel Lord of Orange, N. J., to Lawrence Reed of Baltimore, Md., is announced.

The wedding of Miss Margery Ficken, daughter of H. Edwards Ficken of this city, and William Brown Prescott of Boston, will take place today in the chantry of Grace Church. Mr. Prescott is a grand-nephew of Prescott, the historian, and his great-granduncle, Colonel Prescott, was in command of the forces at Bunker Hill.

Miss Marion Edna Berrian and Ellery Wilson Mann are to be married today in the Church of St. Mary the Virgin, Bishop James H. Darlington of Harrisburg, Penn., officiating.

The Mi-Carême festivities in society will begin today. A bal masque, arranged by Miss Julianna Cutting, is to be given tonight at the Plaza for the poor of New York, under fashionable patronage, and many carnival features are to be introduced.

Stop Coughs BROWN'S Bronchial TROCHES
Allay throat irritation and hacking cough. 25c, 50c and $1.00. Sample Free. JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.

MARSHALL FIELD, 3D, IS ILL.

He May Have a Slight Attack of Typhoid Fever on Houseboat.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 8.—Marshall Field, 3d, who was married to Miss Evelyn Marshall, daughter of Mrs. Charles H. Marshall of New York, on Feb. 6, is ill here on his houseboat Everglades, on which he and his bride have been cruising for several weeks. It was reported that he had typhoid fever.

Mrs. Field said today that her husband's physician had not diagnosed his malady, and that if he had typhoid fever it was a mild case. She said Mr. Field had been taken ill on Saturday. Mrs. John C. King spent part of the afternoon on the houseboat with Mrs. Field, who did not come ashore today.

MAX C. ANDERSON DEAD.

Wealthy Theatrical Manager Had Big Vaudeville Interests.

Max C. Anderson, one of the wealthiest and best-known theatrical men in America, died early yesterday at his home, 88 Central Park West, after an illness of six weeks. Death was due to a complication of diseases, chief of which was anaemia, to combat which transfusion was resorted to.

While there are many names better known to the general public in the show world, few are more formidable than that of Max C. Anderson. At the time of his death he was an officer and Director in many corporations, and he was reputed to be many times a millionaire.

When the Shuberts took the Hippodrome he was managing director of the Shubert-Anderson Company, which controlled the big playhouse, and while he sold his interest in the corporation several years ago, it still bears his name. At the time of his death he was Vice President of the Western Vaudeville Managers' Association of Chicago, which controls 310 vaudeville houses in the Middle West, and Treasurer of the B. F. Keith string of theatres in New York. With Henry M. Ziegler, with whom he had offices in the Times Building, he was interested in theatres in Dayton, Indianapolis, Columbus, and Cincinnati. He also had extensive theatre interests in Chicago, having been associated with Cole & Castle, who controlled the majority of first-class playhouses there. Several years ago he disposed of six theatres in the Middle West to the Keith interests. He was a Director in the United States Lithograph Company.

Mr. Anderson, who was 54 years old, had been in the show business thirty-five years. As a young man he became an attaché of a circus, and continued in various capacities with circuses for a number of years. The foundation of his fortune was laid in Cincinnati, where he became manager of the Fountain Theatre years ago. He had gone to the Ohio River city from Wilkes-Barre, Penn., where he ran the American Musée and Theatre. It was in Cincinnati that he met Mr. Ziegler, who was at one time Treasurer of the city. Mr. Anderson had had his headquarters in New York since 1892. He is survived by a widow and a nephew, Samuel Blier, who has been associated with him in his local offices for ten years. A brother and two sisters live in Philadelphia.

Funeral services will be held at the Elks' Clubhouse tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The honorary pallbearers will be E. F. Albee, A. Paul Keith, Martin Beck, John Ringling, A. S. Stern, John Omwake, John Havlin, George H. Nichols, Henry M. Ziegler, and J. J. Murdock. Interment will be in Woodlawn.

JUSTIN McCARTHY DEAD.

Advertising Manager Was Prominent for Years in Brooklyn Life.

Justin McCarthy, advertising manager of Abraham & Straus, and for many years prominent in the business and political life of Brooklyn, died yesterday morning in the Marlborough-Blenheim Hotel at Atlantic City, where he had been ill for several days. Mr. McCarthy was born in 1873 in Bayonne, N. J. In his youth he became secretary to St. Clair McKelway, editor of The Brooklyn Eagle, and later was a political reporter on that paper, and for a number of years its Albany correspondent. He left newspaper work in 1902 to become secretary to Borough President Swanstrom, and much of the success of that administration was credited to him. At the end of Mr. Swanstrom's term, in 1903, Mr. McCarthy became advertising manager for Abraham & Straus, and held that position continuously until his death.

Mr. McCarthy was Secretary of the Sphinx Club, an organization of advertising men; was one of the Board of Managers of the Brooklyn Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, President of the Men's Club of All Saints' Protestant Episcopal Church, and a member of the Brooklyn Club, the Anvil Chorus, the Rotary Club, the Brooklyn Press Club, and the Twelfth Assembly District Republican Club.

He is survived by a widow, formerly Miss Maude Carlisle, and by a mother, brother, and sister. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in All Saints' Protestant Episcopal Church, Seventh Avenue and Seventh Street, Brooklyn. The Rev. Dr. Emile S. Harper, rector of the church, will officiate.

Vera Pole, English Actress, Dies.

Vera Pole, an English actress who came to America several years ago to play in "Bunty Pulls the Strings," died last night, at her home, 136 West Sixty-fifth Street, of pneumonia. Miss Pole was playing the rôle of Mrs. Small in "The Clever Ones" at the Punch and Judy Theatre when she was taken ill, two weeks ago. She was a character actress and played with Ethel Barrymore parts of two seasons in "The Twelve Pound Look." Her relatives in London have been cabled.

Judge William H. Seaman.

CHICAGO, March 8.—Judge William H. Seaman of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for this district died today at Coronado Beach, Cal. Judge Seaman had been a Federal Judge for many years. He was born in New Berlin, Wis., Nov. 15, 1842. After serving in the civil war, he was admitted to the bar in 1868, and located in Sheboygan. In 1893 he was appointed to a United States Judgeship at Milwaukee, to succeed Judge James G. Jenkins, retired. Later Judge Seaman was elevated to the United States Court of Appeals, with headquarters at Chicago.

Samuel F. Bigelow.

Samuel Fowler Bigelow, 78 years old, United States Commissioner for New Jersey, died yesterday at the home of his sister, Mrs. John C. Kirtland, 157 Harrison Street, East Orange, N. J. His law offices were at 1 Clinton Street, Newark.

Mr. Bigelow studied law in the office of Vice Chancellor Amzi Dodd and Jehiel G. Shipman, and was admitted to the bar in 1860. He was appointed an attorney for New Jersey during President Cleveland's first Administration.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN CRUICKSHANK, a pioneer coal operator and organizer of the first foundry and machine shop in Shamokin, Penn., died there yesterday.

LOUIS SANDS, 57 years old, a commission merchant of paints and oils, died suddenly yesterday at his home in Prospect Avenue, Port Washington.

ROBERT W. MAHON, chemist and for the last eleven years with the New York Central Railroad, died in Albany yesterday. He was born in Columbia, Penn., and was graduated from Lehigh University in 1876 and later from Johns Hopkins University.

EDMOND A. SICARD, Organizer General of the United Textile Workers of America and widely known in woolen and cotton manufacturing centres in New England, died of heart disease in Lowell, Mass., yesterday. He was 44 years old.

I Can Save You 25%
Of your house bills and produce the same result by my system of efficiency.
MRS. T. B. RICHARDS,
Household Efficiency Expert,
311 W. 95th St. Riverside 4123.

HER DRESSES CUT UP IN ROW OVER ESTATE

Daughters Did It, Mrs. Pasinsky Says in Suit to Remove Son as Executor.

TELLS OF RIGHTS USURPED

Widow Asserts Children Have Assumed Management of Property Valued at $273,000.

Mrs. Rachel L. Pasinsky of 109 West 118th Street, widow of Henry Pasinsky, a real estate operator, yesterday petitioned the Surrogates' Court to remove her son, Harry Pasinsky, as executor of the will of her husband. Mrs. Pasinsky is executrix.

The widow recites that the bulk of the estate was left as residue, the income from which was to be paid to her for life, for her benefit and that of her unmarried children. There were bequests of $5,000 each to three daughters and the sons, Harry and David. The payments were not to be a charge against the realty, which, according to the petition, totals $273,000 in valuation, and yielded $37,132 for 1913. After debts, taxes, and mortgage interests and other charges were paid, there was a net income, of more than $8,000 for that year, the widow states.

Mrs. Pasinsky complains that her sons and daughters have caused unnecessary friction in the home because of the way in which her sons have taken the management of the estate from her and managed it to her detriment. She charges her daughters with having cut up her dresses, and adds that her son David has collected $2,644 in rents, which he has placed to his own account, and failed to account for to her. There is a further statement by the widow that her son Harry owes her about $10,000, on which he has paid only $1,400, and refuses to make further payment at this time.

The petitioner says that Arthur Lamport, her son-in-law, has offered to buy out her interest on terms disagreeable to her, and which she rejected. She concludes by reciting that there is a mortgage interest of $1,687 due on property at 255 to 261 Elizabeth Street, since Feb. 1, and that the property will be foreclosed unless she can get absolute control of the estate immediately and make the payment.

ATTACKS EXECUTOR'S FIGURES.

Nephew Contests Accounting of Rudolphine Rust Estate.

Objections to the accounting filed by Theodor Sattler, executor of the will of Rudolphine Rust, were made in the Surrogates' Court yesterday by Henry Frazer, nephew of the testatrix and beneficiary.

The accounting recites that the executor received a total estate of $74,418; that he expended for funeral, administrative, and other items $6,287; paid to creditors $874, paid to legatees $58,858, and has on hand $8,806.

It is alleged the accounting does not include a mortgage for $5,400 on 1,507 Avenue A, another bond for $1,600 made by Fred Locke to Rudolphine Rust for a loan, and diamonds and jewelry which the testatrix owned.

Objection is also made to the executor placing to his credit $5,953 that, he asserted, was a gift made to him by her long before she died. There is a statement, upon information and belief, that the testatrix owned a mortgage of $19,000 which is not mentioned in the accounting. Objection is made to the sale of a seal coat for $30.

$5,000 TO WOMAN SECRETARY.

Dr. E. W. Maynard Made Bequest "In Full Payment."

The will of Dr. Edward W. Maynard, of Upper Montclair, N. J., which was filed here yesterday, disposes of realty in excess of $5,000, but does not state the amount of the personalty. After naming his widow and her daughter, Elizabeth C. Dorn, of Upper Montclair, as residuary legatees, the will contains the following clause:

> To my Secretary, Marie W. Short, $5,000 in cash, upon the condition that the same be accepted by her in full payment of the promissory notes made by me which she now holds, amounting exclusive of interest to $2,000; and upon further condition that the said $5,000 shall be taken as a payment in full of any further claims or demands of any nature whatever which she now has or may at any time hereafter have against me or my estate; if not so accepted, the bequest shall be void.

To the Secretary is also bequeathed a large dictionary. There are bequests aggregating $325 to Ashland Lodge, No. 34, Knights of Pythias; a nephew, Edwin T. Maynard, gets an oil painting, "Sheep," and Sarah A. Murdock gets $500. Dr. Joseph A. Sanders gets all the physician's surgical instruments.

B. F. EINSTEIN'S WILL FILED.

His Son, Abbot L., Whom Dorothy Russell Divorced, Gets $5,000.

The will of Benjamin F. Einstein, member of the law firm of Einstein, Townsend & Guiterman at the time of his death, was filed for probate yesterday, and disposes of an estate estimated to be in excess of $500,000. Mr. Einstein years back had been attorney for THE NEW YORK TIMES.

His daughter, Beulah Norton, receives the income for life from a trust fund of $125,000, has the use of her father's town house until it shall be sold by the executors, gets the household furniture there, $2,000 in cash, and articles of jewelry. Her children, Frances and Marie Norton, have a contingent interest in their mother's trust fund.

Abbot L. Einstein, son of the testator, who married and was divorced by Dorothy Russell, daughter of Lillian Russell, receives $5,000 in cash. Mrs. Amelia Freedlander, daughter of the decedent, receives a cash bequest of $2,500, and the other children, Tracy, John, Richard, and Rudolph, receive cash bequests of $1,000 each. Rudolph gets his father's library.

The will directs that all stock in the Railway Advertising Company, the New York City Car Advertising Company, and in other advertising corporations held by the decedent be sold and the proceeds formed into a trust fund for the benefit of Mrs. Norton, Mrs. Freedlander, Rudolph, Tracy, John, and Richard Einstein during the lives of Mrs. Norton and Mrs. Freedlander. Mrs. Norton's income from her separate trust fund is to be considered in her enjoyment of the benefits arising from the joint trust fund.

Milton S. Guiterman and Gerard B. Townsend, partners of the testator, are the executors and trustees.

Phillips-Kennard Engagement.

Mrs. Marshall A. Phillips of Catonsville, Md., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Claire Elizabeth Phillips, to Reginald Parry Kennard, a son of Mrs. W. S. Kennard of Brookline, Mass. Miss Phillips is a granddaughter of Mrs. Henry J. Fraber of 1,012 North Charles Street, Baltimore, Md., and also of the late Moro Phillips of Philadelphia, and is a sister of Marshall A. Phillips, Jr., of New York. Mr. Kennard is the grandson of the late William Schaus of New York, and his brothers are Wilhelm P. Kennard and Victor P. Kennard.

Dutton's
EASTER BOOKS
Fine editions of English poets, devotional books. New fiction. Bibles and Prayer Books.
681 Fifth Avenue

COL. ORVIS DIES ON TRAIN.

Vice President of Greenwich Bank Stricken in Florida.

Colonel Charles Eustis Orvis, Vice President and one of the founders of the Greenwich Bank and a member of Orvis Brothers, brokers and Stock Exchange members, at 60 Broadway, died yesterday morning on a train in Florida while he was on his way back to New York from Palm Beach. No details as to the cause of his death had been received by his family last night. He apparently was in good health when he left New York three weeks ago for a short vacation.

Colonel Orvis was a son of Joseph U. Orvis, a founder of the Union Dime Savings Bank; a former President of the Ninth National Bank, and a financier prominently identified with the placing of the Government loans during the civil war. Colonel Orvis was born in Troy on Jan. 1, 1849, and came in his youth to New York, where he received his education in the public schools.

Early in life he became interested in banking and educated himself to follow in his father's footsteps. Later, when he was still a young man, he entered commercial life and for several years he was associated with several of the large dry goods concerns. He became paying teller of the Ninth National Bank and later of the Security Bank in 1847 he went with his father into the brokerage business. The concern was first known as Joseph U. Orvis & Co., but in 1883 Colonel Orvis organized the brokerage firm of Orvis Brothers & Co., with Edwin W. Orvis, his brother, as a partner. He was active in the firm up to the time of his death.

With several others Colonel Orvis got control of the Greenwich Bank in 1897 and became its Vice President. His brother, Edwin W. Orvis, is the founder of the Colonial Bank. At one time Colonel Orvis was a Bank Examiner of the State and in 1882 he acted as Deputy State Banking Superintendent.

Colonel Orvis was Treasurer of the Throat, Nose and Lung Hospital and was interested in many charities. He was a member of the New York Chamber of Commerce, the Union League Club, the Society of Colonial Wars, the New England Society, the New York Historical Society, and other clubs. He is survived by his wife. His home was at 555 Park Avenue.

William R. Nelson Slightly Better.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 8.—A slight improvement which occured late today in the condition of William Rockhill Nelson, editor of The Kansas City Star, was apparent yet tonight. His physicians, however, announced that the change could not be described as a positive change for the better. Mr. Nelson has been ill at his home here since early last December. A decided change for the worse late last Friday has left him unconscious practically all of the time since.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

REED—LORD.—The engagement is announced of Miss Dora Marshall Lord, daughter of Mrs. Samuel Lord of Orange, N. J., and Mr. Lawrence Reed of Baltimore, Md.

Married.

RUBSAMEN—SMITH.—Mabel L., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William B. Smith, to Frederic R. Rubsamen, by the Rev. William Du Bose Stevens, on Monday, March 8.

Died.

ANDERSON.—March 7, 1915, Brigadier General George S. Anderson, U. S. Army, aged 65 years. Funeral services from Church of the Transfiguration, 29th St., east of 5th Av., Wednesday morning, 10:45. Interment West Point. Train leaving 42d St., West Shore Railroad, 2:15 P. M.

ANDERSON.—On March 8, 1915, Max C., at 88 Central Park West. Services in Lodge Room of New York Lodge No. 1, B. P. O. E., West 43d St., on Wednesday afternoon, 2 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

BARBER.—On Monday, March 8, 1915, at her residence, 21 West 30th St., Jennie Ray Barber. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BEADLESTON.—At Mountain Side Hospital, Montclair, N. J., on Sunday, March 7, 1915, William Langdon Beadleston, beloved husband of Emma Humphreys Beadleston, and son of the late William H. and Annie Colwell Beadleston, in his 42d year. Services will be held at his late residence, 366 Upper Mountain Av., Upper Montclair, on Tuesday morning at the convenience of the family.

BIGELOW.—On Monday, March 8, at East Orange, N. J., Samuel F. Bigelow, son of the late Moses and Julia Ann Fowler Bigelow of Newark, N. J. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BROUGHTON.—On Sunday, March 7, Ella Elizabeth, widow of William C. Broughton, late sexton of Trinity Church. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 90 Trinity Place, Wednesday, March 10, at 11 o'clock.

BROWER.—On Monday, March 8, 1915, Abraham L., husband of Phoebe A. Brower. Funeral services from his late residence, 1,271 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, Tuesday evening, March 9, at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family. Please omit flowers.

CAREY.—On March 8, Wm. J., beloved husband of Ella V. Carey, (nee Jordan,) at his residence, 163 East 83d St. Requiem mass at 9:30 A. M., Thursday, March 11, at the Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, 84th St. and Park Av.

CLARK.—Suddenly, on March 8, at Croton Lake, N. Y., Augusta Clark, daughter of Jane Reynolds. Funeral from late residence, Croton Lake, N. Y., Wednesday afternoon, March 10, at 2 o'clock. Carriages will meet train at Mt. Kisco, leaving New York at 11:14.

COMSTOCK.—Suddenly, on March 6, of heart failure, Alice R. Woodward Comstock, beloved wife of Daniel W. Comstock of 169 West 78th St., N. Y. City. Funeral services in the Chapel of Rev. I. N. Haldeman's Church, 79th St. and Broadway, at 12 o'clock, noon, on Wednesday, March 10. Members of the Daughters of the American Revolution, Century Theatre Club, Woman's Republican Club, and City Federation please attend services.

COTTENET.—On Sunday, March 7, 1915, at 161 Madison Av., after a short illness, Marie Lowndes, widow of Edward Laight Cottenet. Funeral service at Grace Church, Broadway and 10th St., on Wednesday, March 10, at 10:30 A. M. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

DAVIS.—Feb. 23, at Miami Fla., Theodore M. Davis of Newport, R. I., in the 78th year of his age. Interment was at Newport, R. I. London papers please copy.

DILLONT.—J. Frank Dillont suddenly at Tarrytown, N. Y., March 6, 1915, formerly of Brooklyn, N. Y., aged 74 years. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, Fairview and Rosehill Avenues, on Tuesday, March 9, at 3:30 P. M. Friends and members of Stella Lodge F. of A. M., 7th Regiment Veterans' Association, and Society of Old Brooklynites, are invited to attend the services.

DILLONT.—Veterans of the Seventh Regiment, N. G., N. Y.—Members are requested to attend the funeral services of J. Frank Dillont (Fifth Company) at his late residence, Fairview and Rosehill Avenues, Tarrytown, N. Y., on March 9, 1915, at 3:30 P. M.
THOMAS DIMOND, President.

DOUBLEDAY.—Suddenly, on Saturday, March 6, 1915, Angelica Barraclough, wife of Stephen Ward Doubleday and daughter of the late John Henry Hobart and Mary Huddart Cushman. Funeral services at the Church of the Transfiguration, 1 East 29th St., on Tuesday, March 9, at 10:45 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

FEINER.—On March 6, Laura, beloved wife of Edward Feiner and mother of Benjamin, Sydney, and Martin, in her 35th year. Funeral from her late residence, 101 West 115th St., on Tuesday, March 9, at 10 A. M.

FRANC.—Carl Benjamin Franc, brother of Otto H. and Hermann K. Franc, at Goldroad, Ariz., on Monday morning, after a short illness. Notice of funeral later.

POMPEIAN OLIVE OIL
To get a Perfect French or Mayonnaise Dressing, always use POMPEIAN OLIVE OIL.
PURE—SWEET—WHOLESOME
Full Measure Tins
POMPEIAN COMPANY
GENOA, ITALY BALTIMORE, U. S. A.

Died.

GATELY.—On March 7, 1915, Edward F., son of the late Thomas and Mary Gately. Remains lying in state THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d, (Campbell Building.) Mass at Church of the Guardian Angel, West 23d St., Wednesday morning, 10 o'clock.

GOODRICH.—On March 8, 1915, Thomas P. Goodrich. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 474 Greene Av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, March 10, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

HALLENBECK.—On Sunday, March 7, Carrie Weber, beloved wife of Ernest A. Hallenbeck. Funeral services at her late residence, 329 Madison St., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, March 10, at 10 A. M. Relatives and friends invited.

HEMINWAY.—At Atlantic City, N. J., Buell Heminway of Watertown, Conn., in his 77th year. Funeral services Christ Church, Watertown, Conn., Tuesday, March 9, 2 P. M.

KELLAND.—On Monday, March 8, 1915, Margaret Major, widow of Philip Kelland. Funeral services at her late residence, 173 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, March 10, at 2 P. M.

KIDD.—On March 7, at Ozona, Fla., the Rev. Robert Wilson Kidd, D. D., pastor Second United Presbyterian Church, New York City. Funeral services Thursday evening, March 11, 8 o'clock, at the church, Audubon Av., corner 172d St.

McCARTHY.—On March 8, 1915, in the 44th year of his age, Justin, beloved husband of Maude Carlisle McCarthy. Funeral services from All Saints' P. E. Church, 7th Av. and 7th St., Brooklyn, Wednesday, March 10, at 2:30 P. M. Friends desiring to view the remains may do so at the church after 12, noon, Wednesday.

MILLER.—On Monday, March 8, 1915, Archibald F. Miller. Funeral services at the parlors of the National Casket Co., 29 Ashland Place, Brooklyn, on Wednesday evening, March 10, 8 o'clock.

NOBLE.—At Los Angeles, Cal., on Saturday, March 6, 1915, John W. Noble of New York. Funeral notice hereafter.

ORVIS.—On Monday, March 8, 1915, en route from Palm Beach to New York, Charles Eustis Orvis. Notice of funeral hereafter.

PENNY.—William, March 8, 1915, in his 75th year. Funeral service at Charles A. Benedict Funeral Parlors, 150 W. 13th St., Wednesday, March 10, at 7 o'clock. Volunteer Firemen Assn. of Manhattan and friends invited.

PHYFE.—William Henry Pinkney, dearly loved husband of Edith Bell Phyfe, very suddenly of angina pectoris, on Sunday evening, March 7, at his residence, 22 West 71st St. Funeral services at the house on Wednesday morning, March 10, at 10 o'clock. Interment private.

PORTER.—At Lakewood, N. J., March 6, 1915, Horace, son of the late Oliver Porter and Mary Jane Seal, in his 64th year. Funeral services at All Saints' Church, Lakewood, N. J., 12 noon, Tuesday, March 9.

QUINN.—On Monday, March 8, 1915, Henry J., beloved husband of Minnie Quinn. Funeral from his late residence, 305 West 139th St., on Wednesday, March 10, thence to St. Charles Borromeo Church, West 141st St., near 7th Av., where a mass of requiem will be offered at 10 o'clock. Interment Holy Name Cemetery, Jersey City.

RAYMOND.—At the Long Island College Hospital, after a brief illness, Joseph Howard Raymond, M. D., son of the late Israel Ward and Frances Howard Raymond, in the 70th year of his age. Funeral service at Christ Church, Clinton and Harrison Sts., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, March 10, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

ROUNDEY.—On Sunday, March 7, at her residence in Bound Brook, N. J., Mary Hoyt, eldest daughter of the late John W. and Adeline S. Roundey. Funeral services at the house on Thursday, March 11, at 2:30 P. M.

RYAN.—Accidentally killed, on evening of March 5, at Lynchburg, Va., William Hawkins Ryan, born Brantford, Ontario. Funeral will take place March 10, from New York and Brooklyn Casket Co. Chapel, Bedford Av. and Wallabout St., Brooklyn, thence to Church of St. Gregory, on St. John's Place and Brooklyn Av., at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning, where a solemn mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul.

RYAN.—At Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Marianne, widow of the late J. E. Manners Ryan of London, England. Train leaves 125th St. and Park Av. at 2:24 P. M. Tuesday. Interment Kensico Cemetery.

SANDS.—Suddenly, on Sunday, March 7, 1915, Louis Sands. Funeral services at his late residence, 630 Lexington Av., Wednesday, March 10, at 2 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

SHEW.—On Monday, March 8, 1915, Clara B., wife of the late Dr. A. Marvin Shew of Middletown, Conn., and daughter of the late Samuel F. Brown of Arrochar, S. I.

SMITH.—On Sunday afternoon, March 7, David Smith, in the 81st year of his age. Funeral services Tuesday evening, March 9, at 8 o'clock, from his late residence, 30 Fort Greene Place, Brooklyn. Interment at convenience of family. Kindly omit flowers.

SPEIR.—On Sunday, March 7, of pneumonia, Lewis Hamilton Speir, son of the late Thomas Hamilton and Mary Clephane Speir. Interment private.

STADHOLZ.—Sunday, March 7, in his 52d year, Louis Stadholz, beloved husband of Rose, father of Frances, Gertrude, and Mrs. A. Rosenthal, son of Mrs. E. Stadholz and the late Samuel; brother of Edward. Relatives, friends, and members of Dirigo Lodge, No. 30, F. & A. M., Olympic Lodge, No. 86, K. of P., Yorkville Lodge, No. 61, I. O. S. B., Columbia Lodge, No. 13, U. O. T. S., are requested to attend the funeral services at the Hebrew Tabernacle, 220 West 130th St., Wednesday, March 10, at 10 A. M.

STADHOLZ.—Hebrew Tabernacle members will please attend funeral of Brother Louis Stadholz, on Wednesday, March 10, 10 A. M., from the Temple, 218 West 130th.
SAMUEL A. FIBEL, President.
ADOLPH SCHWARZBAUM, Secretary.

THOMPSON.—Suddenly, Monday, March 8, on steamship A. W. Smith, Frederick Thompson, aged 54. Funeral services at the Boardman Chapel, 18 Clinton St., Brooklyn, Tuesday evening, March 9, at 8 o'clock.

TOWNSEND-GREEN.—Killed in action, on March 3, 1915, in France, Henry Russell Townsend-Green, aged 25, oldest son of J. H. Townsend-Green of London, England, and Cornelia A. Russell of New York City, Captain in the Queen's Westminster Rifles, now with the British forces in France. Middletown, Conn., papers please copy.

TRIFDORFER.—Belle Trifdorfer, daughter of Jeannette Trifdorfer, March 7. Funeral services at 174 West 126th St., this Tuesday evening, at 7:30.

TWEEDALE.—On March 8, Charlotte Bragg, in the 85th year of her age, widow of the Rev. Samuel Tweedale of Philadelphia. Funeral services at her late home, Graham Court, 116th St. and 7th Av., New York City, at 8 o'clock P. M., Wednesday, March 10. Interment at Frankford, Philadelphia. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent. Philadelphia, Washington, (D. C.,) papers copy.

ADVERTISEMENT.

B. T.

Albert Frederick Wilson, New York University, has just written this unsolicited letter in praise of Booth Tarkington's new novel, "The Turmoil":

I want to be the first to register my opinion that Booth Tarkington's new novel, "The Turmoil," is the biggest thing that has been done in fiction during the last ten years. First, it is an overwhelmingly entertaining story. Second, it sets a new standard in the fine arts of portraying life—dramatizing it into graphic, throbbing reality—in the novel.

Here are superlatives, but I know of no other way to vent my enthusiasm. Then, too, I am a little impatient that American critics are so slow to recognize that Mr. Tarkington stands head and shoulders above all contemporary writers. His technique, his writing methods, are years in advance of present-day story-tellers. My students in the professional magazine writing courses give more attention to Tarkington than they do to Poe, Hawthorne, and De Maupassant heaped together.

"The Turmoil" will stand the test of a great book. The "Tired Business Man" will revel in it. The school girl will find it the most charming love story she has read in months. The reader of literary taste has waiting for him a book of rare truth and strength.

The Turmoil
Harper & Brothers

THE NORWALK VAULT is the greatest comfort to those who would do everything within their power to care for the departed.

Sealed within its airtight and moisture proof protection, their last tributes do not rust and moulder in the sodden earth, but remain forever whole and wholesome.

Top and bottom are sealed together in plain sight, and the vault becomes instantly a solid container of masonry that grows stronger with the passing years.

Forever light and dry, the Norwalk Vault converts the wet, unsanitary old-fashioned grave into an inviolable sanctuary of eternal rest.

Used and recommended by the leading undertakers throughout the U. S.

NORWALK VAULT

Died.

WATSON.—March 7, James Watson, formerly of Hackensack, N. J. Funeral Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 8th Av. and 19th St., Wednesday, 12:30 noon. Philadelphia papers please copy.

WHYTE.—On Sunday, March 7, 1915, at Ridgefield Park, N. J., Andrew D. Whyte. Funeral services will be held on Tuesday, March 9, 1915, 8 P. M., at his home, Ridgefield Park. Trains via West Shore R. R. leave Cortlandt St. 7 P. M., 42nd St. 7:15 P. M.

CONDIDOU.—Julia B., 3,770 Park Av., March 6.
DIXON.—Catherine, 265 West 130th St., March 6. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
DRENNEN.—William H., 498 West 133d St., March 7. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
FOERST.—George, 1,443 Avenue A., March 7, aged 48. Funeral today.
GOEBEL.—Alfred J., German Hospital, March 7. Funeral today, 9:45 A. M.
GOEHRINGER.—Charles, 207 West 18th St., March 6. Funeral today.
HELLSTERN.—Max, Stapleton, S. I., March 7, aged 66. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
HINZ.—Katharina, 989 1st Av., March 7. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
HUBBARD.—James V., 154 East 90th St., March 7, aged 16. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
LOWERY.—Harry D., 74 King St., March 7. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.
McELLIGOTT.—Richard, 347 West 24th St., March 6. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
MABIE.—Arthur D., 61½ East 125th St., March 7. Funeral today, 1 P. M.
MACKENZIE.—Margaret, 1,349 Taylor Av., Bronx, March 7, aged 89.
MERRILL.—Julia E., 173 West 95th St., March 6. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
POPE.—Edmund, 352 East 136th St., March 7. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
PURTELL.—Anastasia, St. Joseph's Institute, Westchester, March 6. Funeral today.
RIORDAN.—Margaret, 112 East 90th St., March 7. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
RYAN.—Thomas, 203 West 95th St., March 6. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
SAVAGE.—Mary, 37 Old Broadway, March 7. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
SCHAEFER.—Caroline, 1,973 Arthur Av., March 7. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
SULLIVAN.—Mary E., 2,492 8th Av., March 6. Funeral tomorrow, 10:30 A. M.
THYNE.—Robert, 196 Bradhurst Av., March 6. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

Brooklyn.

AKLEY.—Joseph W. F., 233 Nassau Av., March 7. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
AMOS.—John E., 7,306 6th Av., March 7. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
BAKER.—Alexander J., 204 Cleveland St., March 7. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
BECHDOL.—Bridget, 455 Decatur St., March 7. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
BOID.—Elizabeth, 291 15th St., March 6.
BOYCE.—Alfred C., 97 Buffalo Av., March 7. Funeral service today.
BRAUN.—Julia, 37 Summer Av., March 7. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
CASEY.—Augusta, 341 17th St., March 7. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
CONNOLLY.—Mary A., 275 Vanderbilt Av., March 7. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
CURRAN.—Mary, 1,493 Nostrand Av., March 7.
DAVID.—Sarah H., 18 Clinton St., March 6.
DAWSON.—Ellen, 394 Union St., March 7. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
DIVINE.—Louise H., 191 Garfield Place, March 7. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
DOHM.—Alexis G., 1,109 Elmore Place, March 8, aged 8. Funeral today, 3 P. M.
DREW.—Rose M., 1,349 Pacific St., March 7. Funeral today.
FLYNN.—Edwin J., 261 Prospect Park West, March 7. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
HARTWIG.—Emma, 511 East 28th St., March 7, aged 59.
JOHNSON.—Mabel G., 316 Classon Av., March 7. Funeral today, 8 A. M.
KAPPES.—John J., 41 Furman Av., March 6. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
KING.—Christina, 29 Marion St., March 7, aged 51.
LILIENFELD.—Ruth, 269 Troy Av., March 7. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
LORD.—Job W., 229 Howard Av., March 6, aged 53.
MILES.—Ella L., 467 Willoughby Av., March 6. Funeral private.
MILLER.—Abram T., 526 Madison St., Mar. 8.
REILLY.—Rose, 77 Chauncey St., March 8. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
SMITH.—Rose G., 355 Degraw St., March 7. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
WHITE.—Henry, 625 Lincoln Place, March 7, aged 75. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
WRIGHT.—Franklin D., 136 7th Av., March 7. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
WRIGHT.—Mary, 519 49th St., March 6.
YOUNG.—Frances J., 273 Halsey St., March 6. Funeral service today.

Jersey City and Newark.

AUSTIN.—Margaret, 223 North 4th St., Newark, March 7. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.
BOYLE.—Edward G., 48½ High St., Newark, March 8.
BUTLER.—James J., 392 Ogden Av., Jersey City, March 6. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
CARLTON.—Angelina, Newark, March 7. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.
CROSS.—Maria, 219 Jewett Av., Jersey City, March 7. Funeral today, 1 P. M.
EASOM.—Robert W., 6 Somerset St., Newark, March 6, aged 47.
FINNEGAN.—Edward, 321 Summit Av., Jersey City, March 7.
FITCH.—Elizabeth, 265 South Orange Av., Newark, March 7. Funeral tomorrow.
FREUND.—Anna, 783 Newark Av., Jersey City, March 7. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
FURNIVAL.—Samuel, 341 Montgomery St., Jersey City, March 6.
HAHN.—Joseph, 34 Hill St., Newark, March 6, aged 73. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
HALL.—William J., 255 Elm St., Newark, March 6. Funeral today.
HALLORAN.—John, 414 Johnston Av., Jersey City, March 7. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
HORNICH.—William H., 668 South 20th St., Newark, March 7, aged 6 months.
HOWARD.—Cornelius, 190 Clinton Av., Jersey City, March 6. Funeral today.
LAMMERMANN.—Anna H., Newark, March 7, aged 67.
LAUBE.—Frank E., 302 Mulberry St., Newark, March 6, aged 40. Funeral today.
MORRISON.—John C., 772 Ocean Av., Jersey City, March 6.
MURRAY.—Agnes, 84 South 8th St., Newark, March 6. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.
NAGLE.—Helen C., 294 Plane St., Newark, March 6. Funeral tomorrow, 8 A. M.
SKIVINGTON.—S. Robert, 362 Lafayette St., Newark, March 7. Funeral tomorrow.
SMITH.—Thomas, 84 Lexington Av., Jersey City, March 7.
TAPPEN.—Elizabeth J., 810 Grand St., Jersey City, March 6. Funeral today, 3 P. M.
THOMSON.—Charles H., 194 Parker St., Newark, March 7, aged 79.
WALKER.—Esther E., 196 Hunterdon St., Newark, March 7. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
WOLFF.—Joseph, 42 South 12th St., Newark, March 8.
WOOD.—Ellen A., 43 Silver St., Newark, March 6, aged 87.

Long Island.

ESSIG.—Charlotte L., Rockville Centre, March 8. Funeral March 11.
GREENWOOD.—Thomas, Jamaica, March 6, aged 73. Funeral today.
KUESTER.—August C., Jamaica, March 7. Funeral today, 1 P. M.
SMITH.—Ellen, Ozone Park, March 6. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

In Memoriam.

STEINHARDT.—In loving memory of Adolph M. Steinhardt. He lives in the hearts of his wife and children.

VAN BUSKIRK.—In loving memory of a devoted husband and beloved father, Rev. Peter Vreeland Van Buskirk, who passed into life eternal March 9, 1912.

FORD.—Thomas, mass St. James's Church, Newark, N. J., today, 8 A. M.
HEFFEL.—Frederick, mass St. Aloysius's Church, Newark, N. J., tomorrow, 8 A. M.
KANE.—Alice K., mass Church of Our Lady of Victory, Brooklyn, today, 9 A. M.
KANE.—William, mass St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., today, 7:30 A. M.
KENNY.—Elizabeth, mass St. Columba's Church, Newark, N. J., today, 8 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK E. CAMPBELL 241-3 W 23d St.

John W. Lyon Oldest Established. Economical. 69 E. 125th St. Phone 1333 Harlem

CEMETERIES.

KENSICO CEMETERY
Beyond the city limits in the Westchester Hills. Photographs sent on request. City Office, 103 Park Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 1842.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley. Office, 20 East 23d St., New York.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY RACE COURSE TO BE AUTO SPEEDWAY--BASEBALL--BILLIARDS--BOXING

SHEEPSHEAD BAY TO BE AUTO COURSE

First Race on New Speedway Will Probably Be Held in the Fall.

The Sheepshead Bay Speedway Corporation was incorporated at Albany yesterday for the purposes of maintaining at the old Sheepshead race track a park for motor races, automobile shows, and athletic contests of various kinds. The only names which appear as Directors are Louis P. Reeder of Brooklyn, G. H. Brevillier and A. M. Fowler of Manhattan. The capital is $250,000.

The speedway association was formed last November when a number of automobile men decided to procure the race track site to give New York a motor speedway for big automobile races. The syndicate included two Wall Street bankers, who will finance the project.

G. H. Brevillier, one of the Directors, who is the attorney for the corporation, stated last night that the details for the speedway were about completed, and, if the weather permitted, work would be commenced at Sheepshead Bay within ten days.

Mr. Brevillier stated that he was not at liberty at this time to give the names of two prominent Wall Street men who were behind the new corporation. The syndicate, however, which was organized last November, had $1,000,000 backing.

The corporation papers were filed at Albany last December, but the issuing of the charter was delayed until yesterday because of some question about the title of the Coney Island Jockey Club to the property. These have been cleared up and the charter was granted yesterday. Within a few days the new corporation will take a clear title to the property.

The option on the property was obtained last November by James E. Nichols, who represented the promoters, including a number of prominent automobile men, among them being Carl Fisher of the Indianapolis Speedway. Mr. Nichols is now in Indianapolis conferring with Mr. Fisher on the plans for the speedway.

Plans for the new stands and a course of more than two and a half miles have already been drawn by Koehler, Spyr & Farrington, architects. Besides the present big grand stand at the track there will be additional stands on the Neck Road side of the track.

The track has not been in use since racing declined a few years ago, but at the present time the stables contain more than fifty race horses, including August Belmont's string.

The promoters believe that the new speedway here has great possibilities and will bring the sport up to the prominence it enjoyed here when automobile racing was permitted on Long Island. The work will be hurried as much as possible and the new course will be ready early in the Fall.

The new corporation plans a speedway much like the Broodlands track in England. There will be public racing at intervals, and the course will also be used by automobile concerns and individuals to try out racing cars. With the track completed in the Fall, it is not unlikely that an effort will be made to hold the Vanderbilt Cup and Grand Prize races on the new speedway. The turns of the course will be banked like the Speedway at Indianapolis.

That the Sheepshead Bay property was going to be sold was indicated yesterday at the hearing of a suit brought by the Coney Island Jockey Club against the city for a reduction of taxes. It was alleged at the hearing that the property was to be sold and then used for building purposes, and this statement later led to the revealing of the facts about the new speedway project.

The petition of the Coney Island Jockey Club asks the court for a reduction of taxes from a valuation of $2,130,000 to $1,590,000. This petition is based on a decision by Justice Crane when a suit was brought to reduce it for 1912.

Counsel for the city asked that the hearing be put off until another time because the property was about to be sold for an amount said to be $1,900,000, and urged that the question as to the justice of the tax levy should be decided upon the actual selling price of the property. Attorney L. G. Reed for the Jockey Club urged that the contemplated sale should not be the basis for a delay. He stated that the hearing should proceed at once so that the Coney Island Jockey Club would not be tied up in the negotiations.

BOXERS FORM A UNION.

American Manager Says They Will Kill the Sport in Australia.

The excessive demands of Australian boxers who have formed a union to "further their cause" will put an end to boxing in the antipodes, so Al Lippe, the American manager, says in a letter sent from Coogee, Sydney, Jan. 30. "Sugar" Flanagan and Dave Smith, Australians, were leaders in the formation of the "union," and according to Lippe they "are going to kill the goose that lays the golden egg."

Snowy Baker, who succeeded Hugh McIntosh as the boxing impresario of Australia, is the objective of the boxers' demands, and according to Lippe he would close down the Stadium were it not for the fact that he desired to carry out contracts made with three American boxers, Jeff Smith, Frank Loughrey, and Jimmy Coffey.

Lippe warmly defends Baker, stating that he is much more liberal than some American promoters. "There are some boys here getting $2,000 per fight in Australia who could not get more than $100 in America, and these are the ones who are so eager for the establishment of the union."

Lippe in his letter stated that Georges Carpentier, the European heavyweight champion, refused an offer of $50,000 to fight three men in Australia a short time before the war started.

The American, in his account of the success of the three boxers under his charge, says: "Jeff Smith knocked out Les Darcy last week, and two weeks ago he defeated Mick King. Frank Loughrey knocked out Pat Bradley in his first fight in Australia, and subsequently fought a draw with Mick King. Jimmy Coffey, the Bronx boy, defeated Quadrex in Brisbane last week. With the death of boxing here we intend returning home."

Harvard-Yale Sculling Race.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 8.—Harvard and Yale rowing authorities have agreed upon an innovation in their dual rowing competitions, it was announced tonight. A championship single sculls event has been arranged for the individual oarsmen of the two colleges. It will be decided in connection with the annual race between the champion upper class crews of Harvard and of Yale, to be held some time in May.

ADVERTISEMENT.

A Table Water for Weak Digestions

Do you have to pamper your digestion, avoiding a lot of delicious, ordinarily wholesome foods that simply *will not agree with you?* And every time you yield to temptation are you in distress until you have dosed yourself with digestives that weaken your stomach still further? Try one more good dinner, sipping with it a glass or two of Man-a-cea—that clear, good, refreshing mineral water that aids digestion and checks stomach and intestinal disturbances by *natural* means. Not a laxative. Sold by all druggists and by Park & Tilford, Charles & Co., Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., and other first-class grocers.

BRITT BOXES RITCHIE.

Former Champion Helps Townsman Train for Bout with Welsh.

Willie Ritchie, who is matched to box ten rounds with Champion Freddie Welsh on Thursday night at Madison Square Garden, finished his hard training yesterday at Billy Grupp's gymnasium, in Harlem, when he put in a strenuous day's work. He tackled five boxers during the afternoon, and his last day of boxing was witnessed by nearly 200 persons. Among the glove artists to face Ritchie was his townsman, former champion lightweight Jimmy Britt. Arrayed in a conspicuous suit of purple tights, the Native Son donned the gloves and did his best to "put it over," but Ritchie was too clever to be caught by the ex-champion, and gave back much more than he received. Britt gave flashes of his old-time form, but his long absence from the ring and fast work left him tired and winded at the end of the bout. Jack Gleason and Billy Gibson, who were present, urged Britt to go just one more round, but Jimmy knew when he had enough, and declined.

Ritchie was in earnest in his work. He instructed the five men he boxed to spare no pains in letting their punches carry full steam. He first took on Marty Farrell, who is Mike Gibbons's sparring partner. After three lively rounds of the full three minutes he tackled Harlem Patsey Cline, one of the cleverest lightweights in the business, but the latter was no match for the Californian. Milton Blair of the Bronx, Jimmy Britt, and Johnny Green of Brooklyn followed in succession. Ritchie then followed with gymnasium work for an hour, and at the end tipped the scales at 135¾ pounds. Earlier in the day Ritchie punched the bag, shadow boxed, and spent an hour running on the Bronx roads.

During all the bouts Ritchie was easily the master. He emerged from the contests without being solidly hit, jabbing and countering at will and showing enough speed to prove he is ready to show his best work. A short run on the road, light gymnasium work, and a short, easy bout with Benny Leonard will complete his work today, and tomorrow he will rest until weighing time, 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon.

Welsh is putting on his finishing touches at Oceanport, N. J., where he will remain until Thursday morning. He does not intend to let up in his work until the last moment, and will carry out his regular program until tomorrow night. He put in a heavy day's work, and when he was through he stepped on the scales, which registered 136½ pounds. He boxes ten rounds daily with Harry Thomas, Griff Davis, the Winnipeg heavyweight, and Jim Donovan. One-Round Hogan, who was a member of Welsh's staff, left Oceanport on Sunday night. In addition to the boxing, Welsh had a three-round set-to with Armstrong's dummy, walked five miles, and devoted an hour to punching the bag, shadow boxing, and dumbbell exercise.

Harry Thomas and Johnny Drummie have been signed to box in the ten-round semi-final, which should be a rattling good curtain raiser, both boys being well up in the art of knowing what to do at the right time.

JOHNSON FIGHT APRIL 3.

Definitely Decided that Bout Will Be Held in Havana.

HAVANA, March 8.—A fight for the world's heavyweight pugilistic championship will take place at Havana, Saturday, April 3, between Jack Johnson and Jess Willard on the Oriental Race Track.

The last obstacle in the way of having the fight take place here was removed this afternoon, when Jack Curley, who endeavored to have the men meet at Juarez, Mexico, March 6, received a cable from Willard saying that he would start immediately for Havana, arriving here from New Orleans March 15. The terms for the fight are identical with those which would have prevailed had the encounter taken place at Juarez. Mr. Curley will act as the chief promoter and will be assisted by Richard Klegin as managing director.

Johnson began training today. Willard will probably have training quarters at Mariano.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 8.—Jess Willard, the heavyweight boxer, who came here last week to visit his family, after it was apparent that his bout with Jack Johnson would not be held at Juarez, Mexico, announced today that he would start for Havana, Cuba, tomorrow where, it is certain now, he says, the fight will be pulled off the first week in April.

DRISCOLL DISQUALIFIED.

Wrestling Tactics in Bout with Hanlon Cause Referee to Act.

There was so much persistency about Jack Driscoll's wrestling tactics and his fouling with Jack Hanlon in their scheduled ten-round bout at the Broadway Sporting Club yesterday afternoon that Referee Haukop, after having repeatedly warned Driscoll, disqualified him in the sixth round. Driscoll had the better of the six rounds and twice had Hanlon staggering, but he wrestled with the Maspeth boxer, threw him to the floor, and rushed in with his head several times until finally the referee waved him to his corner and stopped the bout. There were several women present.

There was much more action in the three-round bouts than has been shown at the matinées for several weeks. Three of the bouts ended in knockouts, three were stopped by the referee, and four went the limit of three rounds. The results of the bouts:

George Trevers defeated Young Brown, three rounds.

Young Curtis knocked out Young Caruso in first round.

Young Martin knocked out Young Tracy in second round.

Kid Sheppard defeated Kid White, three rounds.

Bob Brush defeated Gyp Woods; stopped by referee in first round.

Eddie Mack defeated Young Colloty; stopped by referee in first round.

Young Brown defeated Young Daniel, three rounds.

Young Carter knocked out Young Pinky in second round.

Young First defeated Young Thompson; stopped by referee in second round.

Joe Paul defeated Patsy Bonetto, three rounds.

Bouts for Long Acre Show.

What looks to be a rattling good bout will be staged at the Long Acre Club tomorrow night, when Young Brown and Phil Bloom of Brooklyn will come together in the main bout. Besides this event, there will be the usual four-round bouts and a semi-final between Mickey Ross and Young Reichman.

Good Bouts at Olympic A. C.

Two fast and interesting ten-round bouts took place at the Olympic A. C. last night, when Eddie Kelly of Harlem defeated Joe Goldberg of Rochester and Phiney Boyle of Boston defeated Young Rector of Jersey City. Both bouts went the limit and were won by close margins.

Tyrer Wins at English Billiards.

R. H. Tyrer took another step toward a match with George Hayman for the Dewar English billiard challenge shield when he defeated Thomas Butler, the veteran expert, in the third match of the challenge series at Doyle's Academy last night. The score was 200 to 192, and the match went thirty-five innings. Tyrer bunched 38 points for the high run of the game, while Butler's best inning netted him 32 points. Tyrere is scheduled to play one more match in the series with H. Manners and if he wins he will oppose Hayman in the challenge round.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.

$1.50 Shirts at 69c
Short Stiff Bosoms
E. & W., Arrow, Bates St. and Lion Brand.

Madras & Percale
Neat Designs
Cuffs Attached

Flannel Negligee Shirts $1.25
Soft French Cuffs

Underwear Clearance
Ribbed Balbriggan, 25c. Gray Merino 39c.
Many More Specials Greatly Reduced.

COLD WEATHER STILL HAMPERS GIANTS

Manager McGraw Keeps Them Plodding Along, but They Miss the Warm Sun.

Special to The New York Times.

MARLIN, Tex., March 8.—The oldest member of the Giants says this is the coldest weather he has seen in Marlin since the Giants have been coming here to train. The cold wave which set in last Saturday was still hale and hearty today, and there was regret among the players at their lack of foresight in not bringing ear muffs. There was not any sun to help out.

However, McGraw is an adept in getting work out of his tribe, whatever the weather, and there was no idleness today except on the part of Chief Meyers, who was laid up with a cold yesterday and decided to stay indoors today. This is his seventh season with the Giants and the first day's practice he ever missed, and yesterday was the first time he ever was in bed with illness in his life.

There have been only two bright, warm days since McGraw got here, and baseball progress on the part of the veterans has in consequence been delayed. Nevertheless they have been out every day except one, getting some baseball work, and that only general conditioning, and will be in good shape to go ahead rapidly when proper weather comes to stay. All sorts of exercises, medicine ball, football, handball, and some batting engaged the attention of the players in two sessions today.

Who the St. Louis Club is going to get for "Poll" Perritt is still unsettled. Bob Bescher, the man Huggins wants, says St. Louis can have his services if it will pay for them—pay more than he (Bescher) is now drawing. He informed Huggins to that effect and the Cardinal manager left for San Antonio without giving any idea as to how that proposition struck him.

COLD STRIKES SUPERBAS.

Day's Baseball Practice Limited to Two Hours—Cutshaw Signs.

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTONA, Fla., March 8.—One session at practice was the best that the Superbas could get at Ebbets Field No. 2 today. Rather than take any chances with his players on account of the cold, Manager Robinson called off morning practice, and in its stead he made the players walk back to their hotels, a distance of three miles, along the Daytona beach and across the Halifax River, and to continue if they felt like it. In the afternoon, instead of playing a scrub game, the athletes were put through a stiff two hours' practice.

Second Baseman Cutshaw, who this time last year was said to be ready to hop to the Federals, had a talk with President Ebbets this morning, and then signed a two-year contract with the Superbas. Cutshaw, like McCarthy and Getz, is in the best form of any of the players, having spent the Winter in California, playing ball in the Imperial Valley League.

President Ebbets and Manager Robinson have decided to have fifty more loads of dirt placed on the infield, so as to soften it up a bit. Several of the players have complained of the great difference between the sandy outfield and the hard infield. This caused the postponement of all exhibition games until next Thursday, when the Stetson University team will play the Superbas.

Funeral of Ball Player Donnelly.

NEW HAVEN, Conn. March 8.—The funeral of James R. Donnelly, at one time prominent in baseball, occurred here today. Donnelly died at his home in this city March 5. He had played with various clubs in the East and West, including the Terre Haute club, Indianapolis of the American Association, Detroit, Washington, of which he was captain in 1887, 1888 and 1889, and Pittsburgh. He played third base, and was picked in 1889 for that position on the All-American team to make a world's tour, but did not take the trip owing to the severe illness of his mother. He was 47 years old and had lived here since his retirement from baseball.

James Not Eligible to Federals.

CHICAGO, March 8.—Bill James, pitcher of the Boston Nationals, left here last night for Macon, Ga., with the intention of working out the two years his contract with Manager Stallings called for. He spent much of Saturday with Charles Weeghman, President of the Chicago Federals, and sought to sign a contract with the Federals, according to Weeghman, but was not held eligible to the Federals because of his contract with Boston.

Qualify for Roller Race at Palace.

In a one-mile elimination race, held last night at the Grand Central Palace Rink, A. Galla of Coney Island, J. Costielle of the Fordham University Preparatory School, and D. Crandall of Bridgeport, Conn., qualified for the amateur championship race at a mile, to be decided at Madison Square Garden on March 16. Three heats and the final were contested on the Palace floor, and all four events resulted in good sport. Only a yard separated Galla and Costielle in the final race. The latter led in every lap except the last two. The winner's time for the mile was 3:13. A. Baxter, a fourteen-year-old Brooklyn boy, skated to a dead heat with D. Terrilio of New York in the third trial, but was unplaced in the final. A. Weitzel of Manhattan, who defeated Crandall in the first heat, was never in the running in the deciding mile.

N. Y. U. Underclass Athletics.

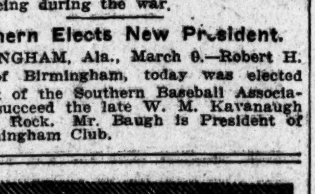
With the best record in the quarter mile, the sophomores yesterday somewhat evened things up in the second day of the underclass track competition held at New York University. S. B. Many, who made the quarter in the fastest time, reeled off the 440 yards on the 20-lap track in 0:57 1-5, bettering the freshman record of last week by four-fifths of a second. Many's work in yesterday's contest, however, was not quite as good as that done by Howard Cann, who was first in the freshmen competition, with 129 points, while Many fell short by 15 points. Smith and Charles Rizack were second and third in the second year men's meet, with 96 and 95 points, respectively.

English Racing in Doubt.

LONDON, March 9.—The Stewards of The Jockey Club have called a meeting for March 16 to consider the question of continuing horse racing during the war.

Southern Elects New President.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 8.—Robert H. Baugh of Birmingham, today was elected President of the Southern Baseball Association to succeed the late W. M. Kavanaugh of Little Rock. Mr. Baugh is President of the Birmingham Club.



LAKE SHORE

A collar masterpiece.

Ide Silver Collars

The leading men's wear stores have Ide Silver Collars or can get them for you—but if you have the slightest bother, write us for a list of our dealers nearest you.

GEO. P. IDE & CO., Makers, TROY, N. Y.

YANKEES' CAMP GROWS.

Hot Springs Party Swells Donovan's Forces at Savannah.

Special to The New York Times.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 8.—Manager Bill Donovan's two divisions joined forces here this morning just before the advance was made on Athletic Park for the daily workout, and the addition of the Hot Springs contingent made a decided difference in the appearance of the squad. Twenty-seven Yankees, not including Donovan, Kelley, and Farrell, mingled with several Savannah South Atlantic leaguers, and baseballs were flying in all directions during a session which lasted almost three hours. Excellent weather was again the lot of the New Yorkers.

The Hot Springs party plainly showed the effects of their extra training whenever they had occasion to throw the ball, but the appearance of at least two players belied the glowing accounts of weight reduction which have flitted in here from the Arkansas resort. Ray Keating has taken off several pounds of flesh which he carried when he left Bridgeport about three weeks ago, but his days of conditioning are not yet over. He has several more pounds which he could spare without falling away to a shadow. Ed Sweeney's belt is also above the normal. Joe Kelley had both of these players in the outfield today, making them chase his long drives to all sections of the meadow. Warhop, Nunamaker, Caldwell, and Brown appear to be at normal weight.

Charley Mullen is now registered on the hospital list with a sore shoulder. He is unable to throw across the diamond, and Pipp was at first base during the greater part of the infield workout. Kelly, the Lowell youngster, also took a turn at the bag.

There is some doubt in camp as to whether Marty McHale will arrive here tomorrow. He wrote Donovan several days ago that he would arrive tomorrow, but it is understood he is dissatisfied with his contract and will not sign. The Yankee manager has notified Harry Sparrow not to give McHale his transportation unless he signs his contract at the terms first offered him. No word has been received from Pitcher Clarkson, who took French leave yesterday, and Donovan has given him up as lost.

McGRAW NEVER A "JUMPER."

Baltimore Gave Him an Unconditional Release.

Secretary John B. Foster of the Giants yesterday spiked a misleading rumor which has been circulated extensively since the Federal League war began concerning Manager John J. McGraw of the Giants. Numerous comparisons of the practice of contract-jumping fifteen years ago and during the present baseball war have accused Manager McGraw of jumping his contract with the Baltimore club before he came to New York.

McGraw has repeatedly denied the charge and has always prided himself on the fact that in his long baseball career he never jumped a contract. To get the facts of McGraw's leaving Baltimore, Secretary Foster recently communicated with Sidney S. Frank of Baltimore, who was President of the Orioles when McGraw left them. Mr. Frank states that McGraw obtained his unconditional release and was not a contract-jumper.

Mr. Frank's letter to Secretary Fostre is as follows:

In the very recent past I heard some comment in reference to John J. McGraw jumping Baltimore, and I desire in justice to all concerned to correct any such impression that may exist in your mind. The facts of the case are that I was President of the Baltimore Baseball Club, then a member of the American League. Mr. McGraw did leave Baltimore, but left it in a manner in which I, as President, and those that knew, had no cause to make any unfavorable comment. The reasons for leaving were those in which all men would do the same if the same opportunity presented itself—that was, to better his condition. The Baltimore Baseball Club freely and willingly gave Mr. McGraw his unconditional release, which was signed by me, as President, and was sanctioned by the full Board of Directors. I would appreciate it if you would keep this clear in your mind and correct at any time any comment to the contrary. Sincerely yours,

SIDNEY S. FRANK.

Cold Stops Brookfeds' Game.

Special to The New York Times.

BROWN'S WELLS, Miss., March 8.—Manager Lee Magee of the Brookfeds split his squad into two teams this morning and endeavored to play a regular game of baseball, but after three and a half innings were played, the young manager called a halt and sent the chilled athletes back to the hotel. Tom Seaton and Jim Bluejacket were opposed to each other on the mound. Both showed plenty of speed, but they were deterred from pitching any curves by the orders of Magee. In the afternoon Manager Magee changed his plans and devoted the entire session to soccer football, which proved more beneficial to his charges. If the cold snap which has drifted down here from the north passes by tomorrow a nine inning game between the regulars and the Colts will probably be played tomorrow.

Subscriptions for Grab Bag Handicap

Subscriptions to the Piping Rock Grab Bag Handicap for two-year-olds, to be run at the Spring meeting of the Piping Rock Racing Association, over their course at Locust Valley, L. I., June 2 and 5, which closed on March 1, are as follows:

E. B. Cassatt's Plaintiff, b. c. Sir John Johnson—Litigant; Fish Walk, b. c. Sir John Johnson—Bettie Bouncer; George D. Widener's unnamed ch. c. Garry Herrmann—Ambrosia; unnamed ch. c. Garry Herrmann—Ostra; unnamed br. f. Garry Herrmann—Golden Rose; Quincy Stable's Tattle Tale, br. c. Ogden—Lovenote; Bonnie Tess, ch. f. Star Shoot—Last Cherry; Golden Hours, ch. g. Plaudit—Queen Regent; Gifford A. Cochran's Prince of Como, b. c. Disguise—Claudia; Hands Off, b. c. Plaudit—Meddling Mary; C. K. G. Billings's Virginia M., ch. f. Peter Quince—Amy J.; Frederick Johnson's The Joker, br. c. King James—Ridicule; John G. Agar's Beau of Menlo, b. c. Ossary—Belle of Palo Alto; Favour, b. f. Duke of Ormonde—Compensate; Gifford A. Cochran's Short Ballot, ch. c. Voter—Carlotta C.; Edward F. Whitney's Dancing Star, b. or br. f. Heno—Albertola; Herbert L. Pratt's Socony, ch. c. McGee—Anyday; Malfou, ch. f. Hastings—Cathay; Dr. Zab, b. c. Ormendale—Roman Gold; J. E. Davis's Plumose, b. f. King James—Plumeria; The Decision, b. c. King James—Verdict; Oneck Stable's Flute, ch. c. Peter Quince—Musical Slipper, Elkwood Stable's Celandria, ch. f. Celt—Adriana; Paul D. Cravath's Ting-a-Ling, ch. c. Star Shoot—Lady Vincent; L. S. Thompson's Bromo, b. c. Broomstick—Leayonara; H. P. Whitney's Dominant, b. c. Delhi—Dominoes; unnamed b. c. Broomstick—Miss Hamburg; unnamed blk. f. Burgomaster—Black Venus; unnamed ch. f. Broomstick—Artful; Greentree Stable's unnamed ch. f. Sir Archibald—Alster Cress; J. E. Madden's unnamed ch. f. Stalwart—Variant; unnamed b. c. McGee—Intrigue, and unnamed br. c. Sain—Jennie J.

OLD CROW
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
RYE
America's Finest Rye
WHISKEY
HAND MADE SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE
MADE IN KENTUCKY, U. S. A.
H. B. KIRK & CO., New York, N. Y.

KANSAS CITY CLUB LOOSELY HANDLED

Federal League Never Made an Accounting, Asserts Attorney in Injunction Suit.

CHICAGO, March 8.—Argument was begun today on a motion to dissolve the temporary injunction issued by the Circuit Court recently restraining the Federal League from transferring the Kansas City Club franchise from Kansas City to Newark, N. J.

"We gave the Kansas City Club every opportunity to protect its franchise," said E. E. Gates, Federal League counsel. "It was agreed that the club should raise $100,000 by Dec. 10. If it had raised this money it could have redeemed the franchise. This it failed to do, and the league, in order to protect the interests of its other seven units, looked around for a responsible person to take the franchise."

John M. Zane, counsel for the Kansas City Club, argued that in disfranchising the Kansas City Club the rules of the league were not complied with.

"The action which put out the Kansas City Club," said Mr. Zane, "was the action of an Executive Committee and not the action of the league itself. The by-laws provide that the Directors as a body cannot delegate authority of this importance. The Executive Committee consisted principally of President Gilmore, and the action was not an expression of the Federal League."

In concluding his argument Attorney Zane said:

"The evidence will show that Mr. Madison, President of the Kansas City Club, had a talk with Mr. Gilmore prior to the opening of the 1914 season, in which Mr. Madison expressed doubt about having sufficient funds for the season, and was assured by Mr. Gilmore that the league had several big moneyed men who would aid in tiding over the Kansas City Club.

"At the beginning of the 1914 season the Kansas City Club paid a large sum of money to the league. The money was never returned, nor was an accounting made. The league advanced money at various times to the Kansas City Club, but at the same time the league received the gate receipts of the club. No accounting has ever been made."

Charles C. Madison, President of the Kansas City Club, was the first witness examined. He testified regarding several conversations with Mr. Gilmore in reference to the finances of the club.

Mr. Madison told of the meeting of the Board of Directors of the league in New York City Oct. 28, 1914.

"I was not allowed to take part in the meeting of the Directors nor in the stockholders' meeting which preceded it, except as a spectator. So far as I knew at that time no action was taken toward the forfeiture of the Kansas City franchise. I stated at the meeting that while there had been a failure to meet certain obligations, there had been no forfeiture of the franchise. No other statement regarding such forfeiture was made in my presence."

TO SEND WRESTLERS TO FAIR

Winners of A. A. U. Try-Outs at Garden to Receive Transportation.

The Eastern tryouts for the Panama-Pacific International Exposition wrestling championships will be held under the auspices of the Amateur Athletic Union at Madison Square Garden Saturday, March 20. The preliminary bouts will start at 3 P. M. and the semi-finals and finals at 8 P. M. The following classes are open to all registered athletes: 108, 125, 135, 145, and 158 pounds, and heavyweight. The same classes are announced for the Western tryouts at Chicago March 25 to 27.

The Championship Committee in making the announcement says that in order to enable the best wrestlers in the country to compete in these championships, the committee will pay $150 toward the transportation of each Eastern winner of the New York tryouts and $100 toward the transportation of each winner of the middle Western tryouts held in Chicago.

Sending twelve winners means an outlay of $1,500 devoted to the interest of wrestling, and all those interested in wrestling are urged to patronize these tryouts, as a financial failure will seriously affect the committee's efforts in providing teams to be sent to the exposition to compete for championships in other sports.

In connection with the tryouts at the Garden a tug of war will be held to create interest in this sport. The event will be open to teams of four men. Entries will close March 16 with Frederick W. Rubien, Chairman National Championship Committee, 21 Warren Street.

In order to permit wrestlers to compete in the A. A. U. tryouts at the Garden the amateur wrestling tournament of the St. George's Club for 135-pound novice and 158-pound classes has been postponed to March 27. Entries for the tourney will close March 22.

Fifth Cavalry Polo Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

AIKEN, S. C., March 8.—In the first round of polo for the Aiken Cups played today the Fifth United States Cavalry defeated the Tigers, 11 to 9½, the army team receiving six goals by handicap.

League Hockey at Rink Tonight.

The Crescent A. C. and the Irish-American A. C. will be opponents at the St. Nicholas Rink tonight in the last Amateur Hockey League game of the season excepting the St. Nick-Boston A. A. game here Thursday night, which will decide the championship. The Crescents are anxious to win, as a victory will tie them for third place with the Hockey Club.

Fencers Have Late Session.

Early this morning they were still fencing at the New York Athletic Club in an effort to determine the three-weapon championship. At the outset there were nine contestants, and by midnight five had been eliminated. The four who were left to compete in the final session were Steddiford Pitt, last year's intercollegiate champion; Sherman Hall, George Reimherr, Jr., and Arthur Lyon. A big gathering of spectators dwindled gradually away as the late hours were approached, leaving few besides the finalists and judges in the gymnasium. The preliminary rounds were run off on two strips, Pitt and Lyon qualifying on the first and Reimherr and Hall on the second.

"JIM" WATSON DIES.

Dog Judge and Sports Writer of International Repute Passes Away.

James Watson, for more than thirty years one of the leading authorities on the breeding of high class dogs and a judge at all the big kennel shows in this country for forty years, died in this city suddenly yesterday. He was sixty-three years old and had been in ill-health for a year.

Mr. Watson was not only an authority on dogs, but one of the best posted sports writers in the country. He was born in England of Scotch parents and came to this country in 1880. After working on several New York papers he joined the staff of the Philadelphia Press as Sporting Editor. He was one of the first judges of Whippet races and was the official timer at the Gloucester race track, and the first Secretary of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen.

After leaving Philadelphia, Mr. Watson wrote for New York papers on sporting topics. He was well versed in the technique of all outdoor sports, but made a specialty of cricket and rowing. He was devoted to the breeding of dogs and in this line he had very few peers.

Mr. Watson wrote several books on dogs. His most comprehensive effort in this line was a subscription edition of twenty-five volumes, which included all breeds. For the last fifteen years he had devoted all his time to writing and acting as judge at the dog shows at Philadelphia, Boston and New York. His health failed greatly during the last five years and at the time of his death he was totally deaf.

FLORIDA STATE GOLF STARTS

W. H. Stafford of National Links Qualifies Best, Then Withdraws.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 8.—Several Metropolitan golfers qualified in one of the four flights of the annual Florida State championship today. W. H. Stafford of the National Links headed a record-breaking field of eighty players, with a card of 73, but withdrew from further competition. He was close pressed for first honors by H. P. Farrington of Boston and W. H. Dilks of Philadelphia, who scored 74 and 75 respectively. Eight of the championship sixteen are New York players, with J. R. Hyde, South Shore, a favorite from that district. The first round of match play starts tomorrow morning and players with cards of 99 and better found a place in the drawings. Summary of best scores:

W. H. Stafford, National, 73; H. P. Farrington, Woodland, 74; W. H. Dilks, Philadelphia, 75; David Wagstaff, Tuxedo, 78; L. H. Butt, National, 78; J. R. Hyde, South Shore, 79; J. E. Smith, Wilmington, 79; H. Pemberton, Montreal, 79; A. R. Pierson, Glen Ridge, 82; C. E. Van Vleck, Montclair, 82; V. C. Longley, Wannamoisette, 83; G. W. B. Bartlett, London, 83; P. H. B., Frelinghuysen, Morris County, 84; H. K. Bolton, Onwentsia, 84; C. H. Geist, Philadelphia, 84; W. H. Smith, Oakland, 84; D. E. Root, Atlanta, 86; T. W. Case, Auburn, 86; A. F. Southerland, St. Andrews, 86; L. H. Weaver, Columbia, 86; A. F. Houston, St. David's, 86; P. J. Reilly, Bala, 87; F. H. Thomas, Morris County, 87; S. Berdan, Toledo, 87; S. Maddock, Brooklyn, 88; R. Fitzgerald, Midlothian, 88; W. Watson, Garden City, 89; W. R. Stewart, Garden City, 89; E. Faber, Richmond County, 89; J. D. Johnson, Philadelphia, 89; W. J. Hyde, South Shore, 89; E. W. Fisk, Oakley, 89; D. C. Murray, Utica, 89; J. H. Licheim, Philmont, 89; J. N. Reiber, Philadelphia, 89; R. M. Fair, Midlothian, 89; F. C. Inman, Piping Rock, 90.

Fosdicks Win Vanderbilt Golf.

Special to The New York Times.

AIKEN, S. C., March 8.—There was a record entry of ninety-four today in the mixed foursome handicap match play against bogey for prizes presented by William K. Vanderbilt. Mr. and Mrs. Paulding Fosdick were the winners, their scores being 2 down. Owing to a stiff wind which was blowing across the links some of the best players were unable to keep up their usual good scores.

Match play began today for a cup offered by Clarence W. Dolan, which is an annual event, and there were fifty entries. The handicaps and results were as follows: L. Perin (9) beat P. Fosdick, (12,) 2 and 1; S. Johnson (9) won from O. Perin (2) by default; Maxwell Norman (4) beat G. B. Post, Jr., (9,) 1 up in 20 holes; D. Emmet, Jr., (9,) beat C. W. Yulee, (14,) 8 and 9; E. A. Thomson (scratch) lost to A. Iselin, 2d, (15,) by default; W. E. Dodge (12) lost to George Bird, (5) by default; S. D. Babcock (11) beat G. R. Robertson, (7,) 21 and 1; T. D. Robertson (5) beat H. C. Brokaw, (11,) 1 up; W. A. Flagg (scratch) beat T. M. Robertson, (1,) 2 and 1; W. K. Vanderbilt (15) beat P. W. De Forest, (13,) 1 up; W. H. Sands (7) beat F. M. Bacon, (4,) 1 up in 20 holes; W. P. Thomson (2) beat A. S. Burden, (15,) 9 and 8; E. W. Jewett (7) beat M. W. Kellogg, (11,) 9 and 8; H. S. Ladew (14) beat F. R. Hitchcock, (14,) 4 and 3; G. A. Cochran (6) beat G. I. Scott, (10,) 3 and 1; P. Metcalf (5) won by default from S. Mortimer, (18;) A. W. Biddle (7) beat E. P. Rogers, (2,) 3 and 2; T. Hitchcock (7) won from J. Eutis, (14,) 1 up; ictor Cochran (4) won by default from W. T. Whitehouse, (15;) J. F. Byers (2) beat H. T. Fleitman, (15,) 4 and 3; J. C. Tappin (10) beat W. Babcock, (7,) 4 and 8; W. P. Lyman (14) beat Oliver Iselin, (14,) 2 and 1; Gouverneur Morris (5) beat F. O. Beach, (11,) 5 and 4; E. L. Smith (15) beat A. R. Kuser, (18,) 3 and 2; John Magee (18 won from J. D. Kuser (11) by default.

Miss Alexander and L. Haughton won the prizes offered by Mrs. C. Oliver Iselin in a mixed foursome handicap, match play, having beaten Mrs. George Smith and C. W. Dolan in the finals today.

Dartmouth Easy for Cornell.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., March 8.—Cornell easily beat Dartmouth at basket ball here tonight, by the score of 47 to 19, thereby closing her intercollegiate season. Cornell has lost only three games in the championship series. Brown was the individual star, scoring seventeen of Cornell's points. Lunden, Sutterby, and Whitney also showed to advantage. Line-up:

Cornell.	Position.	Dartmouth.
Lunden	Left forward	Williams
Brown	Right forward	Winship
Sutterby	Centre	Whitney
Jandorf	Left guard	J. Pelletier
Wilson	Right guard	R. Pelletier

Goals from field—Lunden, (6,) Brown, (4,) Sutterby, (5,) Jandorf, (3,) Riley, Williams, Whitney (4,) R. Pelletier, (2.) Goals from foul—Brown, (9,) Winship, (3,) Williams, (2.) Substitutes—Austin for Wilson, Riley for Austin, Howard for Sutterby, Bickford for R. Pelletier, Grant for J. Pelletier.

Referee—Mr. Powell, Syracuse. Umpire—Mr. Burchell, St. John's. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

In your next highball

SPARKLING Londonderry WATER

The connoisseur demands a carbonated water which will blend perfectly with his finest, mellowest whiskey—not one which will simply dilute it. This is why those whose demands are most exacting have used Londonderry for the past quarter century. The freshness and delicacy of Londonderry, together with its mild, natural stimulus to digestion, have long since given it its place as the standard table water of the fastidious. Consult your own taste. Try it. Then ask your physician.

Sold by Park & Tilford, Charles & Co., Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., and others who supply the critical. Served at the better hotels, cafés and clubs.

HUSTON'S CUE PULLS HIM UP TO MILBURN

Detroit Billiardist Wins and Ties Southerner for Sixth Place in Class A.

STANDING OF THE PLAYERS.

	Won.	Lost	High Run.	Av'ge.
J. Mayer	3	0	118	19 1-21
R. M. Lord	2	1	50	11 18-21
E. M. Gardner	2	1	75	11 15-35
J. F. Poggenburg	2	1	74	10 25-36
C. Heddon	2	2	64	10 30-37
E. L. Milburn	1	4	63	11 22-28
C. Huston	1	4	71	7 27-34

PHILADELPHIA, March 8.—Corwin Huston of Detroit today won his first game of the Class A amateur billiard tournament for the national championship, defeating E. L. Milburn, Memphis, 400 to 206. Huston gathered a high run of 71 and an average of 7 43-51. Milburn's highest run was 22 and his average 4 6-50.

Huston's victory gives him a tie with Milburn for sixth place in the tournament, each having lost four games and won one. Milburn's only remaining match is with Lord, the young Chicago player, while Huston has to play Gardner, the title holder. The Detroit player displayed much better form in this afternoon's match than he has heretofore shown, while the Southern champion was much below his previous performances.

Milburn held the lead with two runs of 14 and a 22 in the first twelve innings, when Huston, with a brilliant display of massé, cushion, and straight carrom shots, made his run of 71 in the thirteenth inning. He retained the lead then obtained until the end of the game, gathering runs of 42, 39, and 32, all better than his previous high-run record. Milburn, on the other hand, showed a decided slump. In many attempts his direction was good, but his judgment of speed exceedingly poor. In the thirtieth inning he lost a point because he missed both balls. Summary:

Huston—0 5 0 0 1 0 3 10 6 2 4 11 71 0 26 0 8 4 14 0 6 0 4 2 3 0 12 1 0 0 1 0 3 11 0 0 8 4 2 27 3 18 42 39 4 7 6 32 0 3 2. Total—400. High run, 71. Average, 7 43-51.

Milburn—2 14 3 14 1 0 22 5 1 5 10 5 0 0 1 2 1 0 3 1 12 0 9 2 1 6 17 1 0 x 3 1 10 10 0 2 0 0 0 3 1 1 15 5 3 3 12 0 0 0. Total—206. High run, 22. Average, 4 6-50.

xOne off for scratch.

Charles Heddon of Dowagiac, Mich., tonight defeated J. F. Poggenburg, New York, former international champion, 400 to 385. Heddon's highest run was 64 and his average 10 30-37. Poggenburg had a high run of 74 and averaged 10 25-36.

Both Poggenburg and Heddon were in excellent stroke. In the fourteenth inning the Michigan player led by 109 points, but Poggenburg overcame this advantage in the nineteenth, with a run of 74. Thereafter it was a seesaw game, with the lead frequently changing. Summary:

Heddon—0 24 16 0 0 15 2 64 5 4 5 2 51 16 6 0 4 3 1 5 30 7 11 7 0 3 3 3 20 19 1 1 0 1 8 50. Total—400. Average—10 30-37. High run—64.

Poggenburg—0 0 4 4 4 5 8 7 9 0 13 5 20 16 15 3 1 6 74 21 4 9 19 5 6 26 0 2 22 12 26 1 11 0 1 26. Total—385. Average—10 25-36. High run—74.

THREE-CUSHION BILLIARDS.

Huey, Daly, Capron, and Moore Winners at Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 8.—William Huey of Chicago defeated Fred Eames of Denver, 50 to 44, in tonight's play of the world's three-cushion championship billiard tournament. Huey ran out in sixty-eight innings, with a high run of 3. Eames made a high run of 4.

John Daly of New York, former champion, defeated John Hahman of Minneapolis, 50 to 25, in fifty-nine innings. Their runs were 2 and 4.

Joseph Capron of St. Paul defeated August Kieckhefer of Milwaukee, 50 to 41, in sixty-seven innings, in the afternoon. His high run was 5 and Kieckhefer's 6.

George Moore of New York defeated Charles Ellis of Cleveland, 50 to 48, in seventy-four innings. His high run was 7 and Ellis's 4.

Balk-Line Tournament at Thum's.

Two games were decided yesterday in the opening play of the amateur handicap 18.2 balk-line billiard tournament at Thum's Academy. In the game played in the afternoon Hal A. Coleman, former national champion, 300 points, had an easy time defeating Harry Stern, handicapped at 225 points, by the score of 300 to 93 in thirty-three innings. Coleman made a high run of 49, with an average of 9 3-33. H. Rieman and J. Allen were the contestants in the evening game, the former conceding a handicap of 25 points, and winning by the score of 225 to 169 in fifty-nine innings.

HAYS VETOES RACING BILL

But Speaker Sawyer Decides Arkansas Measure Is a Law.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 8.—Gov. Hays sent a message to the House tonight announcing that he had vetoed the Racing bill passed by both houses of the Legislature last week. The point of order was raised that the time in which the Governor might veto the bill expired at 4:10 this afternoon. Speaker Sawyer sustained the point of order and declared the bill a law. The State Constitution provides that if the Governor takes no action on a bill within five days from the date of its passage, excluding Sunday, it automatically becomes law.

The bill passed the House at 4:10 Tuesday afternoon. At 5:11 this afternoon Harry Stewart, the Governor's secretary, announced that the Governor had signed the Racing bill. A few minutes later a denial was issued from the Governor's office.

DISSENSION IN DOG CLUB.

Boston Terrier Club Members in Verbal "Scrap" at Meeting.

The war spirit was very much in evidence among the members of the New York Boston Terrier Club last night at its monthly meeting at the Hotel Gregorian. A serious factional fight was only averted by the coolheadedness and courage of President Ritchie, who was able to keep his temper under most trying circumstances.

An old question, one which has long been rankling in the minds of a number of members, was again resurrected and almost precipitated a small riot. It appears that in 1910, under the régime of George F. Parker as President and Arthur Williams as Vice President, certain trophies were donated by the new officers. The conditions stipulated that the prizes were to be won three times, not necessarily by the same dog, before they became the property of the winner.

James R. Waterhouse, who held the Presidency in 1914, asserted that the trophies had been won outright by Dr. Cornelius Sullivan of Boston; that he, as the President of the club that year, had a perfect right to offer the trophies throughout the country, as the donors had placed no restrictions on the cups.

On the other hand, President Ritchie, the present incumbent of the office, asserted that Mr. Waterhouse exceeded his authority in offering the cups for competition, as they were the property of the club and could only be placed in competition by the organization, and further, the club records failed to show, during the administration of Mr. Waterhouse, that the trophies had been regularly won.

The argument on both sides was heated, but it was left to Joseph Dale to pour oil on the troubled waters, and the whole matter was sidetracked, to be dealt with by the Bench Show Committee. The stand made by the President was upheld by all the members.

Then James E. Meade, the Treasurer, handed in his resignation, which he requested should be acted upon immediately. Mr. Meade was judge at the recent bench show in Newark. While acting in that capacity Michael Ryan, a member of the Boston Terrier Club of New York, entered the ring and used language unbecoming a member of the club. Mr. Meade ordered Ryan to be removed from the ring, which was done, and Meade protested to the club, with the result that Ryan was temporarily suspended.

His suspension was acted upon last night. Meade was in favor of expelling Ryan altogether, and because the members did not act according to his wishes, he was under the impression they were not supporting him in his efforts to keep the pastime of showing dogs above reproach.

It was finally decided to communicate with Ryan and inform him again of the charges preferred against him and to give him another chance to answer them or appear in person. Mr. Meade withdrew his resignation.

Preliminary arrangements were made for the annual bench show, which will be held at the McAlpin Hotel on April 23 and 24. The Bench Show Committee, which is taking charge of all the arrangements for the exhibition, will meet tomorrow at 5 o'clock at the Hotel Gregorian.

Miller Y. M. C. A. Champion at Mile.

C. T. A. Miller last night won the championship of the West Side Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association for the one-mile run, when he outdistanced a large field. The summary:

20-Yard Dash.—Won by C. A. Underhill; H. Rohrbach, second; H. F. Davis, third. Time—0:03 1-5.

220-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by H. Rohrbach, (7 yards;) E. G. Grant, (4 yards,) second; A. Smith, (22 yards,) third. Time—0:26 1-5.

One-Mile Run, Championship of Branch.—Won by C. T. A. Miller; A. H. Dolder, second; E. H. Church, third. Time—4:36 4-5.

440-Yard Run, Novice.—Won by H. J. Shellenberg; M. Krohn, second; C. Sprouse, third. Time—0:59 2-5.

Two-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by C. H. Henningsen, (55 yards;) H. De Witt, (80 yards,) second; C. Miller, (scratch,) third. Time—10:09.

Half-Mile Relay Race.—Won by team composed of E. H. Church, J. Donahue, A. Smith, E. G. Grant, and W. Weber; team composed of R. Currier, H. J. Shellenberg, H. Rohrbach, T. Donahue, and H. F. Davis, second. Time—1:49.

Chance for A. A. U. Gymnasts.

The entry list for the Metropolitan Gymnastic Championships which will be held at the New York Turn Verein, Eighty-fifth Street and Lexington Avenue, on next Tuesday evening, closed yesterday with a much higher class of men than ever was received for a metropolitan championship, due to the all eastern tryout, a feature which will be held in connection with this meet.

Champions like Lindenbaum, rope climbing; Gleason on flying rings and Bedford at tumbling, are out of this year's competition and a new champion will be made in the three mentioned events at least. The Swiss Turn Verein, winner of last year's event, New York Turn Verein, Norwegian and New Jersey Turn Verein will fight it out for the team prize. Entries for the all eastern tryout will be received by Frederic W. Rubien, Chairman, 21 Warren Street, up to March 13, and Mr. Rubien says that he expects to have entries from each of the Atlantic Coast States competing for the San Francisco trip.

No fellow can guess March weather over night—
But no matter how Spring-like this morning may be—we're ready.
Spring overcoats.
Spring suits.
Spring hats, shoes and furnishings.
For men and boys.

P. S.
If it isn't Springlike at all—we've plenty of Winter weights.

An added convenience!
Our new store at Fifth Avenue and 41st Street, with an entrance on 42nd Street, is now open.
Making four stores at your service.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY
Broadway at 13th St.
Broadway at 34th St.
"The Four Corners"
Broadway at Warren
Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

Save $ $ $ $ On Tires and Tubes
Greatest assortment and stock of Good, Fresh Stock in N. Y.
At ☞ 25% to 60% Off List.
Lamps, Electric Equipment, Magnetos, Carburetors, &c., &c.
At ☞ ½ Others' Prices—See Us.
"Our Prices Scare Our Competitors."
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.
Tire and Sundry Department,
1764 BROADWAY Corner 57th St. Ground Floor.

PRAISES CHICAGO FREIGHT SYSTEM

Private Tracks and Large Cars Put Western City Ahead of New York, Expert Says.

CAN'T RAISE TRANSFER RATE

Proposed Advance Here Would Drive Out Industries, Witness for Merchants Asserts.

J. C. Lincoln, Manager of the Traffic Bureau of the Merchants' Association, testified yesterday at the hearing on proposed increases of storage and lighterage charges by the trunk railroads that inadequate traffic facilities in this city caused freight congestion. The witness compared New York with Chicago to the detriment of New York. He produced exhibits to show the number of freight-handling tracks maintained on Manhattan south of Sixtieth Street, and also the number in use in Chicago within a five mile radius of the City Hall.

Chicago's private tracks for distributing freight, he said, and its large cars put the system far ahead of that in New York. He asserted that the railroads by their inadequate facilities here have forced a congestion of business at the piers far greater than in any other large city.

If the proposed advance of transfer charges on New York's water front should go into effect, he thought, many industries would leave Manhattan and go where costs were lower. A change would be necessary for some of them, the witness added, in order to keep them on a fair competitive basis with concerns in other cities.

P. C. Staib of the wholesale grocery firm of Koenig & Schuster, also spoke of the congestion at freight piers along the North River in normal periods of business. It would be impossible, he said, to move freight from pier stations to its proper destination within forty-eight hours of its arrival, as is proposed under the new tariff on storage and lighterage. Such rapid transfer work, said Mr. Staib, would require a more elaborate trucking system than the present, and this would result in higher charges to the consumer. The hearing will be continued at the Custom House today.

TRACES RAILROAD LOSSES.

Statistician for Western Lines Explains Rate Demands.

CHICAGO, March 8.—The hearing today on the petition of forty-one Western railroads to the Interstate Commerce Commission for increased freight rates on certain commodities was devoted entirely to the presentation of statistics purporting to show that because of higher wages and taxes, requirements of efficiency, and forced reductions in rates, they were unable to maintain the roads up to the standard demanded by the public and still pay adequate returns for investment.

The statistics were submitted by L. E. Wettling, an expert for the railroads. He said that in the next seven years the Western railroads would be required to raise money to meet $425,000,000 in maturing obligations.

In the course of his testimony Mr. Wettling asserted that in 1901 the receipts per freight ton mile were 8.64, as against 8.27 per ton mile in 1914. The average passenger rate per mile for the Western roads had been reduced from 2.16 cents in 1901 to 2.05 cents in 1914.

"This means," he said, "an average reduction in passenger rates of one-tenth of a cent a mile, or a yearly falling off of $10,000,000, and an average reduction in freight rates on a ton mile basis of one-twenty-fifth of one cent, or a falling off yearly of $30,000,000; a total reduction in revenue due to decreased rates of $40,000,000."

The railroads assert that if the increased freight rates now being asked were granted, they would gain $10,000,000 yearly in revenue.

Concerning the increased cost of labor Mr. Wettling said:

"Enormous labor costs, due to increase in wage scales, are one of the reasons for the inability of the carriers to reflect in their final net operating income the effect of the increase in traffic and economy of operation. Between 1901 and 1914, on the basis of the 1901 scale of wages, these carriers paid out, exclusive of general officers' salaries, $526,355,000 more for labor than they would have paid had the 1900 scale of wages been maintained. For 1914 alone this excess in wage scale reached over $85,000,000."

Today's hearing concluded the general argument offered by the roads. Tomorrow the various commodities upon which increases are asked are to be taken up in detail. The first commodity is to be grain shipped from points east of the Missouri River to Chicago and from Chicago to the Gulf for export.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

The Jackson Health Resort
Dansville, New York.
Dr. James H. Jackson, President.
Dr. Walter E. Gregory, Vice President.
Newton B. Gorham, Secretary.
Write for literature.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
VALHALLA, N. Y.; 45 min. to 42d St.; near station; rates $8 up. Cottages. Booklet.

LOUISIANA—New Orleans.

The Ideal Tour to the
California Expositions
by Boat or Rail
Includes stop-off privileges at
NEW ORLEANS
"The Paris of America"
The St. Charles
Finest all-year hotel in the South.
Perfectly appointed and accommodating 1,000 guests.
Alfred S. Amer & Co. Ltd., Props.
Under Same Management,
The Edgewood, Greenwich, Conn.
New York's ideal suburban.
MAY TO OCTOBER.
Send for Booklet.

WEST VIRGINIA.

European Cure in America
The GREENBRIER
White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.
OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
New Bath Establishment
DR. GEO. D. KAHLO, Medical Director.
FRED STERRY, Managing Director.
J. H. SLOCUM, Manager.
BOOKING OFFICES { New York—The Plaza. Boston—Copley Plaza.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

ROYAL PALACE HOTEL AND COTTAGES on the Beach, Atlantic City, N.J.
A delightful place to spend the Spring months.
CAPACITY 600 · CHARLES SCHWAB'S ORCHESTRA.
Bookings may now be made for Easter.

HOTEL DENNIS
Atlantic City, N. J.
The hotel with the distinctive features, overlooking the Beach and Boardwalk from all floors. Always open. Capacity 600. New York booking office, Spur Travel Bureau, 569 Fifth Avenue.
WALTER J. BUZBY.

ALAMAC HOTEL
Ocean front, heart of Atlantic City. Fireproof. Open always. American and European plans. Hot and cold sea water baths. "Latz-keller"; grill, orchestra; garage. MACK LATZ & CO.

Bookings made for EASTER WEEK.
Hotel RUDOLF
Ocean front. Sea and fresh water baths. 400 rooms. Orchestra.
JOEL HILLMAN, Pres. A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and Beach. OCEAN VIEW.
Capacity 350. Private baths, running water, elevator, etc. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL ELLIS.

HOTEL BOTHWELL.
Virginia Av., Second House from Boardwalk. Elevator. Every Appointment. Highest standard in cuisine and service. Booklet.

DIXIE HOTEL So. Carolina Ave. & Boardwalk.
Modern hotel. $1.50 up daily. $9 up weekly.

CHALFONTE THE LEEDS COMPANY.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Famous All-Year Resort.

MO. PAC. ELECTION TODAY.

Goulds' Retirement Expected at Meeting in St. Louis.

Stockholders of the Missouri Pacific Railway Company will elect Directors at the annual meeting in St. Louis this morning and the day, it is expected, will mark the retirement of the Goulds from the management. The financial affairs will pass into the hands of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and the operating management will be retained by Benjamin F. Bush, President of the road.

Otto H. Kahn, Alexander J. Hemphill, Edwin G. Merrill, R. Lancaster Williams, W. H. Williams, Finley J. Shepard, Nicholas F. Brady, C. Minot Weld of Boston, and Paul Cravath left New York for St. Louis yesterday in a private car to attend the meeting. This group represents the Eastern interests most concerned in the reorganization and, except Mr. Kahn and Mr. Cravath, the men named are to be Directors.

Mr. Shepard, husband of Helen Gould Shepard, is not a large stockholder, but represents large bond holdings. There is no opposition to his selection.

As recently announced by Kuhn, Loeb & Co., privision must be made for the extension of the $25,000,000 notes maturing June 1, and it is expected that positive announcement can be made after today's meeting that an extension will be obtained. If this can be arranged, a policy of retrenchment will be insisted on by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. as a condition for their further support of reorganization.

The retrenchment policy, it was said yesterday, would fall hard upon the expensive suite of offices at 165 Broadway. These may be limited to a transfer office. It will be the plan, it is understood, to centre the offices in St. Louis, but to hold occasional Directors' meetings in this city.

C. VANDERBILT ON STAND.

He Testifies for W. L. Stow in $2,000,000 Mackay Suit.

Cornelius Vanderbilt was in the witness chair of the Supreme Court before Justice Goff for about a minute yesterday. He was called to testify in the suit of W. L. Stow, a member of the Stock Exchange, against Clarence H. Mackay for $2,000,000 alleged to be due on an account Mr. Mackay had with the firm of W. L. Stow & Co. in connection with the Mexican Central pool in 1901-1903.

Mr. Vanderbilt merely said that he had had an account with the plaintiff's firm and had always found their statements to be correct.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Andes	.06	Kentucky Con.	.03
Belcher	.34	Mexican	.38
Best & Belcher	.07	Occidental Con.	.80
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.11
Caledonia	.27	Overman	.10
Chollar	.02	Potosi	.02
Confidence	.25	Savage	.05
Con. Cal. & Va.	.16	Seg. Belcher	.02
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.10
Crown Point	.25	Union Con.	.20
Gould & Curry	.04	Utah Con.	.02
Hale & Norcross	.04	Yellow Jacket	.33
Julia	.01	Silver bars	.50¾

TONOPAH.

Belmont	4.75	Comb. Fraction	.08
Jim Butler	.76	D'field Daisy	.06
McNamara	.03	D'field B B	.03
Midway	.13	Florence	.55
Mizpah Exten.	.33	G'field C. M.	1.65
North Star	.15	G'field Merger	.22
Rescue Eula	.11	Jumbo Exten.	96
Tonopah Exten.	2.75	Lone Star	.07
Tonopah Merger	.40	Silver Pick	.09
West End	.52	Vernal	.05
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.25
Atlanta	.28	Round Mountain	.36
Booth	.30	MANHATTAN.	
C. O. D.	.06	Manhattan Con.	.02
		Man. Big Four	.05

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot.	8½	9	Jackpot	6	8
Elkton	45¾	47	McKinney	81	84¾
El Paso	140	160	Old Gold	..	1½
Findlay	8¼	8¾	Portland	110½	115
Gold Dol.	4	5	Vindicator	140	160
Isabella	16⅞	17	Rav. B. H.	2	4

RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAUREL-IN-THE-PINES
Lakewood, N. J.
A modern hotel and an equable climate.
Golf, tennis, riding, driving.
Central R. R. of N. J.
Chandler Bros. & Co., Brokers' Office.
FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.

BARTLETT INN
HIGH CLASS AMERICAN PLAN HOTEL. MODERATE PRICES.
WRITE FOR BOOKLET. LAKEWOOD, N.J.

LAKEWOOD.
BEECHWOOD VILLA
First-class House. Fine Sun Parlor and Porch. Write for Booklet.
M. L. BIOREN, Manager.
Estate of M. A. Paul. Phone connection.

FLORENCE-IN-THE-PINES,
Lakewood, N. J.—Private baths; hot and cold running water in every room. I. Woehr, Prop.

NEW JERSEY.

THE INN.
Brown's Mills-in-the-Pines, New Jersey.
An Exclusive Winter and Spring Resort.
Climate unequalled. I. L. & M. S. Hudders.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.
Best to Carolina and Florida Resorts.

CUBA.

HAVANA'S
MODERN HOTEL
Hotel Sevilla
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.
Every Room with Private Bath.
EUROPEAN PLAN.
AMERICAN SERVICE—FRENCH CUISINE.
URBANO GONZALEZ.

WILLIAMS DEMANDS MORE BANK DETAILS

Reports of Nationals Must Show Stockholdings of Officers and Salaries Paid.

CONTROLLER HAS NEW FORM

It Calls Also for Return to be Made of the Total Number of Depositors in Each Institution.

The new form provided by John Skelton Williams, the Controller of the Currency, for the report of national banks called for yesterday, asks considerable information not heretofore required. The chief innovation is in regard to the salaries of officers and the stockholdings of officers and Directors.

In the old forms the amount for which any officer or Director, or any firm of which he was a member, was indebted to the bank was called for, but only their names were entered. In the new form the names of all Directors must be entered, and after the names of those not borrowers the word "none" is to be entered under liabilities. The salaries of all officers must be shown.

Formerly the bank reported the number of shares owned by officers and Directors as shown by its own books. Now two columns are provided, one for this entry and the other headed "actual shares owned," which would include those registered in the names of others. A footnote stipulates that if the stock ledger does not show the entire holdings, they shall be ascertained from the officers and Directors themselves. If the cashier or President is unable to obtain this information, he will be expected to answer that he doesn't know and in that case, it was said yesterday by a Government official, the Director withholding the information will be responsible for the incompleteness of the report.

It is not uncommon for bank officers and Directors to put some of their stock in the names of others. Experience has shown that in some cases this has been done to avoid assessment under the double liability if the bank fails. There have been instances where a bank has failed and large blocks of stock have been found in the names of office boys without financial responsibility when the shares actually belonged to men of large means. It was assumed yesterday that this was the reason why this information is now called for.

Stock is often put in the names of others for different reasons, however. If bank officers sell stock, they prefer not to have it known to the higher officers or to the public. So they sometimes keep part of their holdings in their own names and part in the names of others. If they have occasion to raise money they sell the part not registered in their own names.

Another new requirement is the number of depositors, whether their deposits are "demand" or "time," and whether interest-bearing or not. The only explanation offered for the seeking of this information was that a bank having a small number of large depositors is not in as good a position as one with a large number of small depositors. In case of weakness, a few depositors could draw heavily on the bank's cash resources and perhaps precipitate a failure. These large depositors, it was said, might be the first to learn of any weakness, and with their funds withdrawn the small depositor would have more difficulty in withdrawing his money.

The new form also calls for the report of "drafts or bills of exchange incident to the importation or exportation of goods accepted under the Federal Reserve act," and there are a number of minor changes in the direction of greater detail.

Additional Receiver for Wabash.

Judge Hough in the Federal District Court yesterday appointed Edward F. Kearney of New Orleans, additional receiver in this district for the property of the Wabash Railroad Company. Mr. Kearney was appointed receiver on Feb. 15 in the Eastern District of Missouri Court, to take the place of two of the original receivers, Frederick A. Delano and William K. Bixby, who had resigned. Edward B. Pryor, who was appointed at the same time as Mr. Delano and Mr. Bixby, remains as a receiver.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the fourth week of February show these aggregated changes in gross earnings, those showing gains and those showing losses being stated separately:

Ten roads	$3,526,610	+$262,177
Thirteen roads	6,448,735	— 952,446
Total (23 roads)	9,975,345	— 690,269

DENVER & RIO GRANDE for January—

	1915.	1914.	1913.
Mileage	2,585	2,585	
Gross	$1,482,695	$1,646,934	$1,806,323
Net after taxes	365,376	326,774	371,103
7 mos. gross	13,680,056	15,068,919	15,359,932
Net after taxes	4,006,807	4,018,696	4,494,123

DULUTH & IRON RANGE for January—

	1915.	1914.	Decrease.
Mileage	273	292	18
Gross	86,748	114,828	28,080
Def. aft. taxes	54,301	71,690	17,888
7 mos. gross	2,817,610	4,910,966	2,093,356
Net after taxes	966,832	2,294,198	1,327,365

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC for January—

Gross	216,074	254,106	38,032
Net	29,781	58,116	28,335
Def. aft. chgs.	65,580	40,386	*25,194
7 mos. gross	1,717,827	2,135,143	417,316
Net	313,806	449,452	135,646
Def. aft. chgs.	314,132	264,831	*49,301

GREAT NORTHERN for February—

Gross	3,926,816	3,850,051	*76,766
8 mos. gross	47,953,021	53,887,210	5,934,189

*Increase.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL for February—

Gross	4,644,521	4,973,153	328,632
8 mos. gross	42,547,670	45,116,290	2,568,620

YAZOO & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY for February—

Gross	942,858	986,386	43,528
8 mos. gross	7,987,518	8,938,827	951,309

MINERAL RANGE for January—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Gross	61,370	41,402	19,968
Net	8,391	9,751	*1,360
Def. aft. chgs.	3,861	2,603	1,258
Gross, 7 mos.	458,186	214,023	244,163
Net	122,847	†7,131	129,478
Sur. aft. chgs.	39,695	†89,768	129,463

PERE MARQUETTE for January—

Mileage	2,312	2,325	*12
Gross	1,408,091	1,300,635	107,456
Net aft. taxes	186,125	†38,202	224,327
Gross, 7 mos.	10,758,799	10,374,907	383,892
Net aft. taxes	2,570,433	846,019	1,724,414

*Decrease. †Deficit.

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN for January—

	1915.	1914.	Decrease.
Mileage	451	451	
Gross	377,614	367,330	*10,284
Net aft. taxes	76,803	87,611	10,808
Oth. inc. debit	40,276	27,629	*13,374
Total income	36,527	59,982	23,454
Gross, 7 mos.	2,669,585	2,802,201	132,617
Net aft. taxes	528,362	832,110	303,747
Oth. inc. debit	155,549	133,469	289,018
Total income	372,812	965,578	592,766

VIRGINIAN RAILWAY for January—

Mileage	504	503	*1
Gross	511,843	583,594	71,751
Net aft. taxes	215,861	257,940	42,079
Gross, 7 mos.	3,565,461	4,147,719	582,258
Net aft. taxes	1,408,939	1,882,019	473,071

*Increase.

WABASH, PITTSBURGH TERMINAL for January—

	1915	1914	1913
Gross	46,344	43,815	57,854
Oper. deficit	5,760	7,943	305
7 mos. gross	504,266	567,200	474,664
Net after taxes	113,958	125,818	65,660

YOUNGSTOWN & OHIO RAILROAD for January—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Gross	22,530	21,661	969
Net after taxes	7,644	7,533	111
Sur. aft. chgs.	3,477	3,366	111
7 mos. gross	173,758	166,826	6,932
Net after taxes	62,811	60,569	2,242
Sur. aft. chgs.	33,645	31,402	2,243

Miscellaneous Earnings.

LIGGETT & MYERS TOBACCO CO., for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1914	1913	1912
Net prof. op.	....	7,860,985	8,575,192
Div. subsi. cos	....	447,681	452,500
Total prfs.	7,231,161	8,308,666	9,027,692
Chargs, &c.	1,839,987	1,848,936	1,858,506
Surplus	5,391,174	6,459,731	7,169,186
Pfd. divs.	1,076,866	1,076,866	1,076,866
Balance	4,314,308	5,382,865	6,092,320
Com. divs.	3,439,424	3,439,424	644,892
Balance	874,884	1,943,441	5,447,428
Prev. sur.	7,746,491	5,803,050	355,623
Total sur.	8,621,376	7,746,491	5,803,051

MUCH GRAIN STILL HERE.

Heavy Drain by Exportation Has Hurt Us Little.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Despite the much discussed effect of grain exports to Europe on the home supply, today's official report by the Department of Agriculture on the percentage of the 1914 wheat, corn, oats, and barley crops remaining on farms March 1, shows only slight decreases when compared with the percentages of last year.

The department's crop reporting board, from reports of its correspondents and agents throughout the country, estimates the amount of wheat, corn, oats, and barley on farms, with comparisons of preceding years, the proportion of each crop which will be shipped out of the counties were grown, and the percentage of the 1914 corn crop which was of merchantable quality, as follows:

Wheat—About 152,903,000 bushels, or 17.2 per cent. of the 1914 crop remained on farms March 1, 1915, compared with 151,809,000 bushels, or 19.9 per cent. of the 1913 crop remaining in 1914; 156,483,000 bushels, or 21.4 per cent. of the 1912 crop remaining in 1913, and 122,025,000 bushels, or 19.6 per cent. of the 1911 crop in 1912.

About 60.7 per cent. of the 1914 crop will be shipped out of the counties where grown, against 53.9 per cent. of the 1913 crop so shipped, and 61.6 per cent. of the 1912 crop so shipped.

Corn—About 910,894,000 bushels, or 34.1 per cent. of the 1914 crop remained on farms March 1, 1915, compared with 866,392,000 bushels, or 35.4 per cent. of the 1913 crop in 1914, and 1,289,655,000 bushels, or 41.3 per cent. of the 1912 crop in 1913.

About 18.6 per cent. of the 1914 crop will be shipped out of the counties where grown, against 17.2 per cent. of the 1913 crop so shipped, and 21.8 per cent. of the 1912 crop so shipped.

The proportion of the 1914 crop of merchantable quality is about 84.5 per cent., compared with 80.1 per cent. of the 1913 crop, and 85.0 per cent. of the 1912 crop.

Oats—About 379,369,000 bushels, or 33.2 per cent. of the 1914 crop remained on farms March 1, 1915, compared with 419,476,000 bushels, or 37.4 per cent. of the 1913 crop in 1914, and 604,212,000 bushels, or 42.6 per cent. of the 1912 crop in 1913.

About 29.4 per cent. of the 1914 crop will be shipped out of the counties where grown, against 26.5 per cent. of the 1913 crop so shipped, and 30.9 per cent. of the 1912 crop so shipped.

Barley—About 42,889,000 bushels, or 22.0 per cent. of the 1914 crop remained on farms March 1, 1915, compared with 44,126,000 bushels, or 24.8 per cent. of the 1913 crop in 1914, and 62,233,000 bushels, or 27.6 per cent. of the 1912 crop in 1913.

About 45.1 per cent. of the 1914 crop will be shipped out of the counties where grown, against 48.4 per cent. of the 1913 crop so shipped, and 53.7 per cent. of the 1912 crop so shipped.

THREE DIRECTORS CHOSEN.

Elected by New York Mortgag and Security Company.

Stockholders of the New York Mortgage and Security Company yesterday elected as Directors to fill vacancies Henry E. Cooper, Vice President of the Equitable Trust Company; Guy Du Val, of W. A. & A. M. White, and Wilson P. Foss, President of the Conklin & Foss Company, 17 Battery Place.

The annual report showed net earnings in 1914 of $201,495, of which $21,495 was carried to the surplus account after 12 per cent. in dividends had been paid. The net decrease in outstanding mortgages in the year was $1,660,716, owing largely to slackened demand for loans in the early months of the war. The amount of outstanding guaranteed mortgages on March 1 was $35,991,129. The company's cash on hand or in bank at the close of the year was $503,853 and the capital, surplus and undivided profits aggregated $2,722,859.

SUIT AGAINST LEWIS NIXON.

Mortgagee Would Foreclose on His New York Home.

A suit to foreclose a mortgage of $5,146 on the white marble home of Lewis Nixon at 22 East Fifty-third Street, corner of Madison Avenue, was begun in the Supreme Court yesterday by William J. Scanlon. The suit is directed against Mrs. Sally Nixon and the original amount was $22,000.

Mr. Nixon became the guarantor. The mortgage was to run from Jan. 14, 1909, at 6 per cent. The money was to be paid in two installments of $11,000 each, one on Dec. 14, 1910, the other on July 14, 1911. The first installment was paid promptly. The other lapsed, but enough was paid on account to bring the amount down to that sued for.

The mortgage was taken by Joseph Schans, who assigned it to the plaintiff. The suit is directed against Mr. Nixon as well as his wife. Isaac S. Rossell, holder of a prior lien on the property, also is made a defendant.

Mr. Nixon is the Acting Commissioner of Public Works of Richmond County at $8,000 a year. He lives at Ward Avenue, Stapleton, S. I. He could not be reached last night.

GARY PLANT TAKES SHELTER

Submits to State Regulation, Thus Barring Utility Competition.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 8.—The Gary (Ind.) Heat, Light, and Water Company, a subsidiary of the United States Steel Corporation, today of its own accord surrendered to the Indiana Public Utilities Commission all of its permits and franchises. In accordance with the law, the company will receive an indeterminate permit to conduct its business, and all future rates will be determined by the Utility Commission.

Hostile local legislation and the activity of would-be rivals are said to have caused the company to make the move. Today's action, it is said, will bar a prospective competing company. In 1907 the present company, financed by United States Steel and New York capitalists, installed a water, gas and electric light system costing several million dollars.

LIGGETT & MYERS DIVIDEND.

Extra Payment of 4 Per Cent. Declared, Due April 1.

The Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company, a former member of the old tobacco trust, has declared an extra dividend of 4 per cent. on the common stock, payable April 1. The declaration was made out of the profits of 1914, which aggregated $7,231,161, as compared with $8,308,667 in 1913.

The annual statement yesterday showed a balance of $4,314,309 remaining after interest and preferred stock dividends had been paid, against $5,382,865 a year before. Surplus was increased by $874,885, making the total profit and loss surplus at the end of the year $8,621,376. The report showed that $121,300 of the company's 7 per cent. bonds were retired in the year. The management set aside $2,021,278 for a depreciation reserve. In the preceding year no reserve of this sort was included in the annual report.

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 8.—Weekly statement of national banks:

	March 6.	Increase from Prev. Week.
Circulation	$9,366,000	*1,000
Loans Disc. inv.	235,079,000	*38,000
Ind. Dep. Inc. U. S.	175,447,000	*3,771,000
Due to banks	89,854,000	4,617,000
Time Deposits	6,030,000	324,000
Exc. for Clear. House	12,897,000	*21,000
Due from Banks	25,513,000	837,000
Cash Reserve	19,916,000	*735,000
Re. In. Fed. Res. Bank	9,413,000	503,000
Reserve Other Banks	32,929,000	369,000
Cash Excess	7,407,000	*721,000
Excess in New York	20,420,000	383,000
Excess Fed. Res. Bank	3,158,000	510,000
Total Excess	30,985,000	172,000

*Decrease.

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

The Philadelphia National Bank

Philadelphia, March 4, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$43,991,610.27
Due From Banks		9,059,499.18
Exchanges for Clearing House	$3,105,543.12	
Cash and Reserve	17,723,423.47	20,828,966.59
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit and Acceptances		4,232,985.57
		$78,113,061.61

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock		$1,500,000.00
Surplus and Net Profits (Earned)		5,061,777.95
Circulation		648,997.50
Letters of Credit and Acceptances		4,879,031.17
Deposits:		
Individual	$43,505,291.77	
Bank	22,517,963.22	66,023,254.99
		$78,113,061.61

FINANCIAL.

THE WASHINGTON WATER POWER COMPANY OF SPOKANE, WASHINGTON, First Refunding Mortgage 5% Bonds of 1909, Due 1939.

The Trustee has $29,266.49 to invest for the quarterly purchase of bonds for the Sinking Fund, and will receive offers of bonds up to noon on Monday, March 15, 1915. Proposals should be directed as follows:

"Proposals to Sinking Fund of The Washington Water Power Company, The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Nos. 16-22 William Street, New York, N. Y."

Circulars giving details may be had on application.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.
By Edwin S. Marston, President.

New York, March 1st, 1915.

ARGENTINE GOVERNMENT
5% Internal Gold Loan 1909

The Argentine Government invites tenders for Gold $320,000 nominal value Internal Gold Loan, 1909, under par, said tenders to be cabled to Messrs. ERNESTO TORNQUIST & CO., Limitada, BUENOS AYRES, before March 15, 1915. Bonds accepted will be payable on April 1, 1915. We will cable tenders received at our office, 23 Wall Street, New York, prior to 12 o'clock noon Saturday, March 13, 1915.

J. P. MORGAN & CO.
Dated, New York, March 2, 1915.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Stock Certificates Nos. 105676/80, for 10 shares each, issued in the name of Bourke, Schiff & Co., of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company common stock have been lost in transit from London, England, to New York. Application having been made for the issuance of new certificates, all persons are warned against negotiating or attempting to transfer the above certificates.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
E. C. HEBBARD, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF COMPUTING-TABULATING-RECORDING-COMPANY

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Directors and the approval of the acts of the Directors, Executive Committee and Officers during the past year, and for such other business as shall come before said meeting, will be held at its office, No. 25 Broad Street, New York, N. Y., at Noon on the 16th day of March, 1915.

Computing-Tabulating-Recording-Co.
J. S. OGSBURY, Secretary.
Dated New York, N. Y., March 2nd, 1915.

Aetna Explosives Company, Inc.

New York, N. Y., February 27th, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Aetna Explosives Company, Inc., will be held at the office of the company, Room 1,210, No. 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 16th day of March, 1915, at ten o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing five Directors for the ensuing year and three Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

W. H. EVANS, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.
NOTICE OF MEETING.
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company in Anchorage, Jefferson County, Kentucky, on Wednesday, April 7, 1915, at twelve o'clock noon, standard time, for the following purposes, viz.:

1. To elect fifteen Directors.
2. To authorize, approve and consent to the purchase by the Company of the properties of the following companies, the capital stock of which is now owned by this Company, viz.:

The Coos Bay, Roseburg & Eastern Railroad & Navigation Company;
Corvallis & Eastern Railroad Company;
Pacific Railway & Navigation Company;
Portland, Eugene & Eastern Railway Company;
Salem, Falls City & Western Railway Company;
Willamette Pacific Railroad Company.

3. To transact all such other business as may legally come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all action of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company.

For the purposes of the meeting, the books for the transfer of stock will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday, March 8, 1915, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M., Thursday, April 8, 1915.

By order of the Board of Directors.
HUGH NEILL, Secretary.
Dated January 2, 1915.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

General Office, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, 7th January, 1915.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on Tuesday, the 9th day of March, 1915, at 11 o'clock A. M., in Horticultural Hall, Broad Street below Locust Street, Philadelphia, at which meeting will be submitted for consideration and action by the Stockholders the Annual Report of the Board of Directors for the year ended 31st December, 1914; agreements for the acquisition by this Company of the corporate property, rights and franchises, credits of the Lancaster and Quarryville Railroad Company, the Pennsylvania, Monongahela and Southern Railroad Company, the Lewisburg and Tyrone Railway Company; an increase of the indebtedness of this Company, and other appropriate subjects, such increase of indebtedness to be made from time to time, when and as in the judgment of the Directors it may be required by the corporate needs of the Company, and as they may, by appropriate resolution, authorize and prescribe.

Stockholders may obtain copies of the Annual Report of the Company, and the necessary tickets of admission to the meeting, on and after the 2d day of March next, by personal application or by letter, at the Secretary's office, Room 289 Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

LEWIS NEILSON, Secretary.

MEETING OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS will be held at the Office of Corporation at 16 West 32nd Street, New York, on March 27th, 1915, 2 P. M.

A. KALISCHER COMPANY.
C. F. BARNES, Secy. and Treas.

NEW MERCHANDISE.

The Business Page of The New York Times is consulted for latest news in fashions and manufactures. Best means of reaching host of buyers.—Advt.

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

[No. 9,717.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE GOTHAM NATIONAL BANK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts			$1,732,635.14
Overdrafts, unsecured			364.47
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)			200,000.00
Other bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits		$100,000.00	
Other bonds pledged to secure postal savings		47,000.00	147,000.00
Other bonds, securities, &c., owned unpledged (other than stocks), including premiums on same			362,310.50
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank	$18,000.00		
Less amount unpaid	12,000.00	$6,000.00	
All other stocks, including premium on same		1,111.00	7,111.00
Furniture and fixtures			38,771.05
Due from Federal Reserve Bank			191,367.08
Due from banks and bankers (other than above)			191,425.62
Fractional currency, nickels and cents			2,050.09
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank			11,345.20
Exchanges for clearing house			102,403.41
Notes of other national banks			26,760.00
Federal Reserve Notes			14,995.00
Lawful money reserve in bank:			
Specie		$253,346.95	
Legal-tender notes		42,095.00	295,441.95
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent. on circulation)			10,000.00
Total			$3,333,980.51

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$200,000.00
Surplus fund		100,000.00
Undivided profits	$70,761.59	
Reserved for taxes	1,200.00	
	$71,961.59	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	16,078.49	55,883.10
Circulating notes		200,000.00
Due to banks and bankers (other than above)		40,256.85
Demand deposits:		
Individual deposits subject to check	$2,393,890.74	
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days	121,382.42	
Certified checks	14,012.75	
Cashier's checks outstanding	87,199.41	
United States deposits	105,937.76	
Postal savings deposits	46,000.00	2,718,423.08
Time deposits:		
Certificates of deposit due on or after 30 days	$4,000.00	
Deposits subject to 30 or more days notice	15,250.00	19,250.00
Liabilities other than those above stated		167.48
Total		$3,333,980.51

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, THOMAS C. FRY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
THOMAS C. FRY, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of March, 1915.
J. JOSEPH KIERAN,
Notary Public, New York County, No. 2020, N. Y. Reg. No. 5,123.
Correct—Attest:
H. H. BIZALLION,
SAMUEL H. E. JENNINGS, } Directors.
FREDERICK FOWLER,

[No. 1,080.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE MERCHANTS EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,

at City of New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4, 1915:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts			$7,628,848.85
Overdrafts, secured			400.02
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation, (par value,) $500,000			495,000.00
U. S. bonds deposited to secure U. S. deposits, (par value)			1,000.00
Other bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits		$101,640.00	
Other bonds pledged to secure postal savings		376,360.00	478,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c., pledged as collateral for State or other deposits, (U. S. postal savings excluded)		$245,000.00	
Other bonds, securities, &c., owned unpledged, (other than stocks,) including premiums on same		672,514.61	917,514.61
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank	$96,000.00		
Less amount unpaid	64,000.00	32,000.00	
All other stocks, including premium on same		4,475.00	36,475.00
Due from Federal Reserve Bank			662,717.25
Due from other banks and bankers			439,049.53
Outside checks and other cash items, $148.11; fractional currency, nickels, and cents, $3,694.47			3,842.58
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank			24,335.74
Exchanges for Clearing House			259,687.49
Notes of other national banks			21,445.00
Lawful money reserve in bank:			
Specie		$922,474.05	
Legal-tender notes		216,950.00	1,139,424.05
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, (not more than 5 per cent. on circulation)			25,000.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer			82,000.00
Total			$12,214,740.12

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in			$1,000,000.00
Surplus fund			600,000.00
Undivided profits	$216,666.60		
Reserved for taxes, internal revenue	255.97		
Reserved for interest accrued payable	1,100.66	$218,023.23	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid		41,124.70	176,898.53
Circulating notes		$500,000.00	
Less amount on hand and in Treasury for redemption or in transit		4,500.00	495,500.00
Due to banks and bankers			4,483,044.17
Dividends unpaid			207.00
Demand deposits:			
Individual deposits subject to check		$4,730,843.40	
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days		25,650.00	
Certified checks		119,722.18	
Cashier's checks outstanding		30,734.96	
United States deposits		92,179.88	
Postal savings deposits		346,460.00	
State, county, or other municipal deposits secured by bonds, securities, &c., pledged as collateral		82,000.00	5,427,090.42
Time deposits:			
Certificates of deposit due on or after 30 days			82,000.00
Total			$12,214,740.12

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, E. V. GAMBIER, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. V. GAMBIER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of March, 1915.
JOHN P. LAIRD, Notary Public, N. Y. Co., No. 2,104.
Correct—Attest:
LORENZO BENEDICT,
H. D. KOUNTZE, } Directors.
GEO. A. GRAHAM,

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Lackawanna, Erie County, New York, February 15, 1915.

To the Stockholders of the Lackawanna Steel Company:

Please take notice that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Lackawanna Steel Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Lackawanna, County of Erie, State of New York, on Wednesday, March 10, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing seven Directors of the class whose current term expires March, 1915, to serve for the full term of three years thereafter; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The Stock transfer books of the Company will be closed on February 18, 1915, at the close of business on that day, and will be reopened on March 11, 1915, at 9 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board.
E. A. S. CLARKE, President.
FRED. F. GRAHAM, Secretary.

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

[No. 9955.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK

at 527 Fifth Ave., New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts			$11,097,246.02
Overdrafts, secured, $902.96; unsecured, $29.39			932.35
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)			100,000.00
Other bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits			50,000.00
Premium on bonds used for circulation			1,180.31
Other bonds, securities, etc., owned unpledged (other than stocks), including premiums on same			689,443.60
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	$60,000		
Less amount unpaid	40,000	$20,000.00	
All other stocks including premium on same		38,188.87	58,188.87
Safe deposit vaults			50,000.00
Due from Federal Reserve bank			975,227.89
Due from banks and bankers (other than Federal Reserve bank)			2,955,292.22
Outside checks and other cash items, $13,838.68; fractional currency, nickels, and cents, $280.37			14,119.05
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank			18,781.17
Exchanges for Clearing House			203,902.54
Notes of other national banks			11,050.00
Federal Reserve notes			5,800.00
Lawful money reserve in bank:			
Specie		$1,000,907.50	
Legal tender notes		87,100.00	1,088,007.50
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent. on circulation)			5,000.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer			172,000.00
Total			$17,495,671.32

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$500,000.00
Surplus fund		500,000.00
Undivided profits		464,558.91
Reserved for taxes		3,000.00
Reserved for contingencies		4,399.61
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	$87,844.76	
Circulating notes	100,000.00	
Less amount on hand and in Treasury for redemption or in transit	305.00	99,695.00
Due to banks and bankers	$6,561,788.56	
Demand deposits:		
Individual deposits subject to check	8,286,798.49	
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days	54,284.33	
Certified checks	64,651.97	
Cashier's checks outstanding	103,180.17	
United States deposits	50,000.00	
Time deposits:		
Certificates of deposit due on or after 30 days	853,384.28	15,924,617.80
Total		$17,495,671.32

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, JOHN A. NOBLE, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JOHN A. NOBLE, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of March, 1915.
FREDERIC S. BOWEN, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
SAMUEL S. CAMPBELL,
ANCELL H. BALL, } Directors.
MICHAEL DREICER,

[No. 345.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

IRVING NATIONAL BANK

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4th, 1915:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts			$46,568,784.50
Overdrafts, unsecured			713.23
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)			1,140,000.00
U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)			1,000.00
Customers liability letters of credit and acceptances			483,788.99
Other bonds, securities, etc., owned unpledged, (other than stocks,) including premiums on same			1,111,190.06
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank	$420,000.00		
Less amount unpaid	280,000.00	$140,000.00	
All other stocks, including premium on same		36,300.00	176,300.00
Due from Federal Reserve Bank			4,040,549.00
Due from banks and bankers			1,666,872.09
Fractional currency, nickels and cents			4,243.25
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank			104,527.30
Exchanges for Clearing House			3,407,480.35
Notes of other national banks			26,150.00
Federal Reserve notes			89,365.00
Lawful money reserve in bank:			
Specie		$10,027,402.50	
Legal-tender notes		2,553,270.00	12,580,672.50
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent. on circulation)			57,000.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer			135,000.00
Total			$71,593,586.27

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$4,000,000.00
Surplus fund		3,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$1,087,835.40	
Reserve for taxes	9,324.00	
Reserved for expense	16,016.70	
	$1,113,176.10	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	315,760.75	797,415.35
Circulating notes		1,140,000.00
Due to banks and bankers		31,230,477.70
Dividends unpaid		832.00
Demand deposits:		
Individual deposits subject to check	$28,279,062.53	
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days	355,339.77	
Certified checks	412,517.22	
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,594,553.46	
United States deposits	1,000.00	30,642,472.98
Time deposits:		
Certificates of deposit due on or after 30 days		145,659.84
Letters of credit		518,344.41
Acceptances		123,383.99
Total		$71,593,586.27

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, J. F. BOUKER, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. F. BOUKER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of March, 1915.
E. D JUNIOR, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
LEE KOHNS,
WARREN CRUIKSHANK, } Directors.
S. Z. MITCHELL,

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, March 23, 1915, for Contract 123, for the construction of six concrete-stone and brick buildings at and near the Kensico reservoir, in the town of Mt. Pleasant, Westchester County, New York. The largest of the buildings is, approximately, 100 feet by 82 feet by 45 feet and the smallest 39 feet by 31 feet by 30 feet. The substructures or foundations of these buildings have been built and The City will furnish and erect the roof covers for the buildings.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10.) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars, apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

KNOXVILLE RAILWAY & LIGHT COMPANY
Forty-Year Consolidated Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of 1945.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York, successor to The Standard Trust Company of New York, Trustee, under the Indenture securing the above issue, dated September 1, 1905, HEREBY INVITES proposals for the sale of as many of the above bonds as can be purchased for the sum of Eighteen thousand, one hundred and two dollars and six cents ($18,102.06). Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City, until 10 o'clock A. M., Friday, April 2nd, 1915. Bonds offered at the lowest price (not exceeding 107½ and accrued interest) will be accepted proportionately and paid for on Monday, April 5th, 1915, upon delivery, together with accrued interest to that date.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
March 4th, 1915.

PROPOSALS FOR CLOTHING AND MATERIALS. Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y., February 18, 1915. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 1 o'clock P. M. March 10, 1915, for furnishing and delivering at either the Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, St. Louis, or San Francisco depots of the Q. M. Corps, 180 pairs Rubber Boots; 40,000 yards Blue Denim; 68,000 pairs Summer Drawers; 50,000 yards O. D. Shirting Flannel; 4,000 pairs Cotton Gloves; 36,000 pairs Canvas Leggins; 180,000 pairs Woolen Stockings; 180,000 Cotton Undershirts. Information upon application. A. L. SMITH, Col., Q. M. C., Depot Q. M.

Office of the Commissioners, District of Columbia, Washington, D.C., March 1, 1915.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 2 o'clock P. M., March 15, 1915, for grading certain streets, aggregating 80,000 cubic yards of grading. Blank forms of proposals, specifications, and all necessary information may be obtained from the Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, Room 427, District Building, Washington, D. C. Oliver P. Newman, Louis P. Brownlow, C. W. Kutz, Commissioners, District of Columbia.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business, March 4, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$80,664,023.77
Overdrafts		1,210.06
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		375,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		150,000.00
Bonds, securities, etc		3,609,493.46
Banking house		5,300,000.00
Due from banks and bankers		7,392,057.07
Checks and other cash items		91,184.43
Exchanges for Clearing House		9,923,879.70
Notes of other national banks		15,000.00
Nickels and pennies		4,492.10
Specie		16,632,034.70
Legal tender notes		3,437,527.00
Due from Federal Reserve Bank of New York		7,466,923.63
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer		18,750.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, (other than 5 per cent. fund.)		112,000.00
		$135,193,577.92

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$3,000,000.00
Surplus fund		14,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		1,352,844.26
National bank notes outstanding		305,000.00
Dividends unpaid		1,519.00
Individual deposits subject to check	$30,770,478.83	
Demand certificates of deposit	1,840.27	
Certified checks	6,984,914.56	
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,566,623.10	39,323,856.76
Due to other national banks	$34,169,609.25	
Due to State banks and bankers	18,031,768.61	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	24,815,564.53	77,016,942.39
United States deposits		151,987.30
Reserved for taxes		41,628.21
		$135,193,577.92

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier of The Hanover National Bank of the City of New York, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 8th day of March, 1915.
W. I. THOMAS, Notary Public, New York County.
Correct—Attest:
WILLIAM WOODWARD,
ELIJAH P. SMITH, } Directors.
ERNEST ISELIN,

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BROOKLYN, N. Y.

March 4, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$2,981,067.61
Securities	1,449,835.74
Banking house and safe deposit vaults	158,000.00
Cash and due from banks	1,229,644.88
	$5,818,548.23

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$300,000.00
Surplus	500,000.00
Undivided profits	180,853.24
Circulation	300,000.00
Deposits	4,537,694.99
	$5,818,548.23

Joseph Huber, President; John W. Weber, Vice Pres.; William S. Irish, Vice Pres. & Cashier; Ansel P. Verity, Asst. Cashier.

THE NASSAU NATIONAL BANK OF BROOKLYN.

Brooklyn, N. Y., March 4, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and investments		$8,518,181.37
Due from banks		186,967.56
Exchanges for Clearing House		342,205.54
Due from Federal Reserve Bank	$557,381.45	
Cash reserve	1,415,553.78	1,972,935.23
Total		$11,020,289.70

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and profits	1,125,971.96
Circulation	265,200.00
Deposits	8,629,117.74
Total	$11,020,289.70

Daniel V. B. Hegeman, Pres.; Robt. B. Woodward, Vice Pres.; Edgar McDonald, Chairman; G. Foster Smith, Cashier.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF JERSEY CITY.

Jersey City, N. J., March 4, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$4,042,782.76
Due from banks and bankers	3,620,557.44
Real estate and securities	548,250.00
United States Bonds	550,000.00
Cash	817,581.04
	$9,579,171.24

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$400,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	1,265,524.75
Circulation	392,597.50
Deposits	7,521,048.99
	$9,579,171.24

GEO. T. SMITH, President.
ROBERT E. JENNINGS, Vice President.
EDWARD I. EDWARDS, Cashier.
HENRY BROWN, Jr., Asst. Cashier.

How and why the Stock Exchange was closed—an insider's story.

Good roads vs. bad roads as a profitable investment.

Two articles well worth reading in

The Annalist
On News Stands Today.
10c. a copy; $4.00 a year.
Times Square, New York

Trustees For Trust Funds

The bond market today offers wonderful investment opportunities.

Do you realize that bonds which ordinarily sell close to a 4% basis are now selling at prices which yield an income of from 4¾% to 5%?

We have prepared a list of high grade bonds, with their present market price and yield, which we will gladly send on request.

Correspondence Invited.

Eastman, Dillon & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Investment Bankers
71 Broadway New York

The business man who is seeking a liquid investment should not overlook stability and income return.

Public utility companies sell a staple product. Their short term securities possess a ready market, and on account of their high income return they are an unusually attractive investment at this time.

We will be glad to have you 'phone, call or write for our current List T of $100, $500 and $1,000 denominations,

Yielding
6 to 6¾%

BOND TOPICS, our monthly paper, is also free upon request.

A-H-Bickmore & Co.
111 Broadway, N.Y.

A Selection For Investors

The inability of many investors to decide how, upon safe and profitable uses for their money, has prompted us to prepare a special letter which explains briefly the advantages of purchasing the particular securities it suggests.

Send for letter No. 151

William P. Bonbright & Co.
Incorporated
14 Wall Street, New York
Philadelphia Boston Detroit
London Paris
William P. Bonbright & Co. Bonbright & Co.

Harris, Forbes & Co
Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

deal in high grade municipal, railroad and public utility

Bonds for Investment

Harris Trust and Savings Bank
Bond Department
Chicago

N. W. Harris & Company
Incorporated
Boston

Exempt from income tax

Berkeley, Cal.
School 5% Gold Bonds
Due Serially 1925 to 1949

Legal investment for savings banks in five New England states.

Bonded debt approximately 3% of assessed valuation.

Prices to Yield 4.60%

Complete details on request for circular

N. W. Halsey & Co
49 Wall Street, New York
Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco
Boston Baltimore St. Louis

$100,000
State of Maryland 4s
99½ and interest

A list of our Municipal Bonds will be sent on request.

Estabrook & Co.
Members { New York Stock Exchange / Boston Stock Exchange
24 Broad St. New York

You Can Invest

in any high-grade securities, stocks or bonds, by depositing with us small amounts from time to time, as we specialize in

ODD LOTS { On Margin / Or Full Payment

Send for Our Booklet Suggestions to Investors.

CHISHOLM & CHAPMAN
Members New York Stock Exchange
Members New York Cotton Exchange
71 Broadway, New York City.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Further Advance in Stocks—Two Syndicates Formed to Bid for New York State Bond Issue.

An advance which extended to practically all the stocks traded in carried the market yesterday substantially above the highest point reached last week, and at the day's close showed net gains of a point or more in a number of stocks, including some of the leading issues, notably United States Steel and Union Pacific. There was a considerable amount of news, some of it of definitely favorable market influence, such as the Supreme Court decision which declared invalid the minimum passenger rate law of West Virginia; but the rise in prices took its chief inspiration from the talk of early peace.

Had there been no better basis for the recovery which has been under way during the past fortnight than the prediction that peace in Europe would soon be restored, the market would have been built merely on hopes which seemed to have little practical basis. There were better grounds than that for the upturn in prices, and one of them was that, while nothing had come to hand which indicated early peace, events were taking a course which seemed to promise a shortening of the struggle. The check to the German advance in Russia, the indicated ineffectiveness of the German submarine blockade of England, England's plan to shut out all supplies from Germany, and the progress made in the forcing of the Dardanelles, all seemed to promise a shortening of the time of the war, though none of those things, nor all of them together, suggested peace within a few weeks. Yesterday this latter suggestion seemed to dominate market discussion, but the talk came from quarters which did not make it particularly impressive in view of the known facts and the contrary opinion held in important banking circles. Influenced partly by the thought that the market had placed too much reliance on this peace talk, and partly by the fact that since the middle of last week prices have moved forward rather briskly, short selling increased yesterday, although it failed to make much impression upon the level of prices.

The grain market had no reason for hoping that news would be received over Sunday of the completion of the forcing of the Dardanelles, but it acted yesterday almost as if it had expected such news and had been disappointed. Wheat opened at a substantial advance over Saturday's closing price and ended the day very near the highest at a net advance of over 8 cents a bushel. Perhaps a more practical reason for the rise is to be found in the fact that the Government's estimate of wheat remaining in farmers' hands on March 1 fell considerably short of some recently compiled well-thought-of estimates. The Government's figures showed less than 153,000,000 bushels remaining on the farms, only about 1,000,000 bushels more than last year, although last year's crop ran far ahead of the previous year's.

In the bond market there was much more activity on the Stock Exchange than off of it. The chief matter in hand among bond houses was the gathering together of two syndicates which plan to bid for the entire issue of New York State bonds, for which public bids are to be received tomorrow. Plans are under discussion for the issuance of several new note issues to take the place of notes that will mature a little later on, but none of these discussions seems yet to have been carried to conclusion. The strength in New Haven, which showed a net gain considerably beyond the average, was attributed in part to discussion of plans for the financing of that road's requirements when the notes put out last year fall due.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Specialties Profit in Strong Market.

A survey of the active list of stocks after the close of yesterday's market showed that substantial progress had been made on the upward side of prices, but the selection of certain specialties displayed some really exceptional advances. Minneapolis & St. Louis preferred with a net rise of 10 points was one of these, and Woolworth, up 5¼ points, was another. American Express, advancing nearly 3 points, made up a good part of its sudden loss one day last week when 100 shares found a thin spot in the market, and International Harvester preferred, with an increase of 3 points, ran sharply counter to its recent tendency in the market. The tobacco shares were others that had to be bid for by buyers who of late days gave small signs of interest in them.

***

Southern Railway's Issues Up.

The recovery by Southern Railway preferred of 3¼ points was a source of gratification to many followers of the road's fortunes. The advance, of course, was from one point of view merely a reflection of the day's buoyancy of stocks generally, but it could be argued that recent quotations have been lower than the Southern's prospects warranted. There are indications that the business depression of the region served by the company has passed the worst stage. The road's earnings have been poor for months, as compared with 1913-14, but the beginning of another agricultural season is at hand. Evidence of belief in the bond market that the development 4 per cent. issues were selling on a low basis has been presented in an advance in a week from 63 to 65¾.

***

Silver at High Point.

Lack of a steamer sailing to English ports for a week caused a rise of silver here yesterday to 50⅛ cents per ounce. The upturn followed an advance abroad. At this level the metal reached its highest point since 50¼ cents was quoted on Dec. 8 last year, and stood in comparison with 48 cents, the lowest figure of the Winter, which was reached toward the end of February. The increased market value of silver was quickly seized upon by Curb traders in mining stocks for imparting a little life in Tonopah issues. Those representing silver-producing properties were carried forward to a moderate degree, even though it appeared to some in the crowd a far call to unite a temporary hiatus in ocean transportation with increased earnings at the mines.

***

Position of Rock Island Ry. Shares.

The old Rock Island Railway stock recently sold between 23 and 24. On the Stock Exchange's list of minimum prices it is marked "free." This designation was originally applied to issues which were selling at $15 a share or under, so it would seem that Rock Island Railway is making a good showing in respect to its actual market position. There is a glamour of the mysterious about this stock. In the opinion of several capable engineers millions of dollars will need to be spent before the property can be considered first class. On the other hand company officers have been quoted as saying that the road and equipment are in shape to handle a great deal of traffic economically. In one direction lie possible assessments; in the other possible dividends by and by. There appears to be room for demonstration of both buying and selling of a speculative sort in the shares.

***

Elimination of the Goulds.

George J. Gould has upset many a prediction. It was regarded as significant that he should not be a member of the group of financiers and railroad men who journeyed to St. Louis yesterday in a special car for the meeting today of the stockholders of the Missouri Pacific. It may be that Mr. Gould preceeded the men who are shouldering the project of lifting the Missouri Pacific out of its hole and that he will be on hand as usual, to upset all predictions bearing on the elimination of the Goulds from the once famous Gould property. Expressions in Wall Street, however, were to the effect that George J. Gould had seen the "handwriting on the wall" on this occasion in unmistakably plain letters and that he would not come out on a dark horse today. It was pointed out that Otto H. Kahn, as leader of the opposition against the Goulds, would not have consented to heading the delegation to St. Louis without the necessary proxies to make the proposed reorganization plan effective.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, MARCH 8, 1915.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	267,806
Same day last year	335,665
Year to date	10,778,593
Same period last year	18,153,683
Average price and change 50 stocks	61.81 + .60
Same day last year	69.06 ..

	High.	Low.
Year's range to date	64.68 Jan. 22	58.99 Feb. 24
Same period last year	73.30 Jan. 31	67.50 Jan. 3
Range year 1914	73.30 Jan. 31	57.41 July 30
Range year 1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
30⅝	30¾	3,500	Alaska Gold Mines	30¼	30⅞	30	30¾	+⅞
55⅜	55⅝	10,800	Amalgamated Cop.	54¾	55⅞	54⅝	55½	+¾
49	50	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	50	50	50	50	+⅛
39¾	40	1,700	Am. Beet Sugar	40¼	40⅜	39¾	39⅞	−⅛
85	87	175	Am. Beet Sugar pf.	86	86	86	86	+1
28	28¼	3,310	Am. Can	27¾	28⅝	27⅝	28⅛	+¼
95	95¾	1,125	Am. Can pf.	95	95½	95	95⅛	+⅝
42	43½	100	Am. Car & Fdry	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	+⅛
113	115	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf.	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	+¼
46⅝	47	1,500	Am. Cotton Oil	46½	47	46½	46¾	+½
85	90	170	Am. Express	87	87	87	87	+2¾
[illegible]								
71½	75	100	U. S. Express	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛	+1⅛
18	20	100	U. S. Indus. Alco.	20	20	20	20	+5
56½	56¾	400	U. S. Rubber	56¼	56¾	56½	56⅝	+⅛
103	103½	200	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	103½	103½	103⅛	103⅛	+⅛
45⅝	45¾	38,990	U. S. Steel	45	46	44⅝	45⅝	+1
104⅝	105	1,000	U. S. Steel pf.	104¾	105¼	104⅝	104¾	−¼
53⅛	53⅝	3,900	Utah Copper	52⅞	53⅜	52⅝	53⅝	+¾
..	83	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf.	82½	82½	82½	82½	+1
87	89½	100	Wells-Fargo Exp.	88	88	88	88	+¼
20¼	21	650	Western Maryland	20⅛	21	20⅛	20½	+¼
63½	63¾	700	Western Union Tel.	63¾	63⅞	63⅝	63⅝	+⅛
68	69	1,150	Westingh. E. & M.	68¾	69	68¾	69	+½
117	120	10	Westingh. 1st pf.	118	118	118	118	...
100	101	700	Willys-Overland	99	100⅜	99	100⅜	+1⅛
100	101	1,820	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co.	97	100¼	97	100¼	+5¼
117½	118	100	Woolworth pf.	117⅞	117⅞	117⅞	117⅞	+¾

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	Days. 30 or Less.	30 to 60.	60 to 90.	Over 90.
Boston	4	4	4½	5
New York	4	4	4	5
Philadelphia	4	4	4½	5
Cleveland	4	4	4½	5
Richmond	4½	4½	4½	5
Atlanta	4	4	4½	4½
Chicago	4	4	4½	5
St. Louis	4	4	4½	5½
Minneapolis	4	4½	5	5
Kansas City	4	4	4½	5½
Dallas	4	4	4½	5½
San Francisco	4	4	4½	5

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Sixty days .... 2¼@2⅜
Ninety days .... 2⅜@2½

COLLATERAL LOANS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Renew. Rate.
On call	2	1¾	2	1¾

	60 Days.	90 Days.	6 Mos.
On time	2½@2¾	2½@3	3¼

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best Known Names.
4 months....3½@3¾ 6 months....3½@4
Sixty to ninety days........3¼@3½

Other Names.
4 months....4 6 months....4 @4½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Cable and Sight Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.
Demand sterling	$4.81 1-16	$4.80¾	$4.80¾
Cables	4.81 3-16	4.81¼	4.81¼

Closing Rates.

	Demand (or check.)	Cable.
London	$4.80¾	$4.81¼
Paris	5.26	5.25¾
Berlin	.82⅞	.83
Switzerland	5.45	5.48½
Holland	.39 15-16	.40 1-16
Italy	5.84	5.83½

South American Rates.

	Demand (or check.)	Cable.
Buenos Aires	.4230	.4225
Rio	.26	.25¾

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.79⅛	$4.78¼	$4.78¾	$4.78

New York Clearing House exchanges, $214,[illegible]; balance, $12,506,097; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $508,020.

The local banks have lost $2,749,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Exchanges on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 5c premium; St. Louis, 5c premium; San Francisco, 50c premium; Minneapolis, 30c premium; Cincinnati, 10c discount; Montreal, $7.50 premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver in London, 23⅝d, up ⅝d; in New York, 50⅛c, up ⅝c.

LONDON MARKET ACTIVE.

War Loan Again Easy—Money Plentiful and Discount Rates Steady

LONDON, March 8.—A good business was transacted in investment shares at steady prices on the Stock Exchange today. Japanese bonds and home rails were maintained, but the war loan again was easy. Oil shares were active and firm with a large business in Egyptians and Russians. Mining stocks were in increased demand at higher prices.

Canadian Pacific was the only active stock in the American section which closed dull. Money was plentiful and discount rates were steady.

Paris Prices Irregular.

PARIS, March 8.—Prices were irregular on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 70 francs 30 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 25 francs 34½ centimes.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Market Only Moderately Active and Prices in Most Instances Little Changed.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 158,053 shares of stock and $126,000 of bonds. In addition, there were sales of 1,700 rights. The sales of the stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 15,730; oils, 933, and mining, 141,390. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	†Hous. Oil pf.	54	54	54	54
85	In. M. Ma. ctf.	1⅛	1⅛	1	1
20	Kelly Sp'f'd T.	112	112	112	112
2,500	Cor. of R. & H.	6⅞	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛
2,000	R. & H. new.	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜
900	Sterling Gum.	3⅛	3½	3⅛	3½
3,700	U. C. S., new.	9⅛	9⅜	9⅛	9⅜
1,100	U. C. S. pf. new	11½	11½	11½	11½
25	U. C. S. of Can.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
3,500	Un. P. Sh. new	3⅜	3½	3⅜	3½
100	Way. O. & G.	3½	3½	3½	3½
1,800	†World Film.	5	5	4⅞	5
	RIGHTS.				
1,700	N. Y. Central	⅝	11-16	⅝	11-16

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
520	A.-Am. Oil	‡15	14⅝	14¾	−⅛
5	Continental	223	223	223	+2
37	Illinois Pipe L.	129	128	129	+1
5	N. Y. Transit	209	209	209	..
50	Ohio Oil	132	131	132	..
40	Pierce Oil	14	13½	14	..
60	Prairie P. L., w. i.	149	147	147	..
15	So. Penn. Oil	267	265	266	−1
10	So. Pipe Line	208	206	206	−2
105	S. O. of Cal.	295	293	294	+1
5	S. O. of Ind.	410	410	410	..
21	S. O. of N. J.	396	394	396	+3½
30	S. O. of N. Y.	193	191	192	+1
10	Swan & F. Co.	125	125	125	−5
20	Un. Tank Line	82	82	82	..

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
14,500	†*Atlanta	34	35	32	32
5,000	*Booth	29½	32	29½	31
2,300	†Blue Bull	6	7	6	7
500	Braden Cop.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
500	*Cal. Mining	77	77	77	77
1,000	*C. O. D. Con.	6	6	6	6
100	Can. Copper	1	1	1	1
800	Con. Ariz. S.	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
2,100	Con. Nev.-U.	¼	5-16	¼	5-16
100	Crown Res.	13-16	13-16	13-16	13-16
800	First Nat. C.	1¼	1⅝	1¼	1 7-16
1,200	*Florence	60	63	60	62
1,500	Goldfield Con.	1⅝	1 11-16	1½	1⅝
16,000	Gold. Merger	26	26	22½	22⅞
57	Greene-Can	27	27½	27	27½
100	Halifax Ton.	36	36	36	36
1,600	Iron Blossom	1 1-16	1 1-16	1	1
46,700	Jumbo Ext.	1⅛	1 3-16	1	1 1-16
150	Kerr Lake	4½	4½	4½	4½
5,400	†Kewanas	19	21	18	18
708	La R. Con.	11-16	¾	⅝	11-16
2,500	Lone Star	8	9	8	8½
1,250	*McK.-Darr.	55	55	50	50
750	Nip. M. Co.	5½	5⅝	5½	5⅝
1,500	*North Star	15½	15½	15½	15½
8,000	*†Oro	10½	10½	9¼	9½
800	St. Sil.-Lead	1¼	1 5-16	1¼	1 5-16
3,025	Stewart	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
100	Tono. Belmont	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
250	Tono. Ext.	2 13-16	2⅞	2 13-16	2 13-16
900	*Ton. Jim B.	76	78	76	78
2,100	*Tono. Merger	42	43	42	43
11,000	*Tono. Mid.	17	17	15½	15½
750	Tono. Mining	7¾	7¾	7½	7⅝
500	*Tono. Mizpah	33	33	33	33
400	Tono. Montana	48	49	48	49
850	Tono. of Nev.	7½	7¾	7½	7¾
1,000	*Tono. Sil. P.	9	9	9	9
1,000	Tri-Bullion	3-16	3-16	3-16	3-16
1,200	W. End Con.	51	52	51	52
2,500	*W. End Ext.	3½	4	3½	4
200	Yukon G. M.	2⅞	2⅞	2¾	2¾
	BONDS.				
$1,000	Chile Cop. 7s.	106	106	106	106
92,000	New Y. State 4¼s, w. i.	103⅝	103¾	103⅝	103¾
33,000	W. Pac. 5s, fl.	31	31¾	31	31¼

*Sells cents per share. †Unlisted. ‡Odd lot.

***

Bid and asked quotations of issues not traded in, compared with those of the previous day:

	March 8. Bid.	Asked.	March 6. Bid.	Asked.
Brit.-Am. Tob. Co., ordinary	17¼	17½	17¼	17½
Brit.-Am. Tob. Co., ordinary bearer	17½	18¼	17½	18¼
Electric Boat	34	36	34	36
Electric Boat pf.	53	57	53	57
Houston Oil	9	11	9	11
Int. Rub. Tr. ctfs.	6	7	6½	7
Inter. Mer. Marine pf., ctf.	4½	5	4	5
Kelly Sp'f'd Tire new 1st pf.	83	84	83	85
Kelly Sp'f'd Tire new 2d pf.	118	125	123	125
Lehigh V. C. S. Co.	156	162	156	162
Manhattan Transit	7-16	9-16	7-16	9-16
Marconi of America	2⅜	2½	2⅜	2½
Nat. Cloak & Suit	53	55	52	54
Nat. Cloak & Suit pf.	95	97	95	97
N. Y. Transportation	8	9	8	9
Savoy Oil	5	6	5	6
Tobacco Prod.	55	60	55	60
Tobacco Prod. pf.	91½	93	91½	93
Un. C. St. Co. of Am.	90	93	90	93
Wayland Oil & Gas	3¼	3¾	3¼	3¾
MINING STOCKS.				
Beaver Consol	26	30	26	30
Blue Bell	3	4	3	4
Buffalo Mines	⅝	⅞	⅝	⅞
Butte & New York	½	⅝	½	⅝
Canada Copper	13-16	1	13-16	1
Caribou Cobalt	45	55	45	55
Comb. Fraction	8	10	8	9
Diam. Black Butte	3	4	3	4
El Paso Con.	1¼	1¾	1¼	1¾
Gold Hill	1-16	3-16	1-16	3-16
Greenwater	3	5	3	5
International Mines	23	25	24	26
Mines of America	2⅛	2½	2	2¼
Nevada Hills	25	28	27	28
North Butte Dev.	¼	¼	⅛	¼
Pacific Smelters	1-16	3-16	1-16	3-16
South Utah Mines	10	15	10	15
Tularosa	⅛	3-16	⅛	3-16
Tuolumne Copper	25	30	25	30
White Knob Cop. pf.	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
BONDS.				
Braden Copper 6s	139	141	139	141
Calaveras 6s	115	125	115	125
Can. Pac. 6% Notes	102½	103¼	102½	103¼
Chi Elevated 5s	94	98	94	98
Gov. of Argen. 6s (a)	100⅝	100⅞	100⅝	100⅞
Gov. of Argen. 6s (b)	100¼	100½	100¼	100½
Gov. of Argen. 6s (c)	100¼	100½	100¼	100½

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday and of these two groups of stocks combined with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	69.31	68.65	69.03	+.65
Industrials	54.80	54.24	54.59	+.54
COMBINED AVERAGE.				
March 1	60.41	59.86	60.14	+.12
March 2	60.58	59.98	60.30	+.16
March 3	60.96	60.36	60.80	+.50
March 4	61.14	60.67	60.71	−.09
March 5	61.48	60.72	61.42	+.71
March 6	61.40	61.13	61.21	−.21
March 8	62.05	61.44	61.81	+.60

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.		Low.		Last.
Mar., 1914	71.32	Mar. 23	68.66	Mar. 9	70.20
Mar., 1913	74.58	Mar. 5	70.99	Mar. 19	73.85
Mar., 1912	81.74	Mar. 27	76.29	Mar. 1	80.81
Year's range to date	64.68	Jan. 22	58.99	Feb. 24	61.81
Year, 1914	73.30	Jan. 31	57.47	July 30	60.26
Year, 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.04
Year, 1912	85.52	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.80
Year, 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Atl. Coast Line	1914-'21	4 @4½	4.60	4.40
Balt. & Ohio	1914-'23	4½	4.62	4.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1914-'30	4½@5	4.65	4.45
Canadian Pacific	1915-'28	4½	4.90	4.80
Ches. & Ohio	1914-'24	4½	4.75	4.60
Chicago & N. W.	1914-'23	4½	4.55	4.38
Chi., Ind. & Lou.	1914-'23	4½	5.12	4.62
C., St. L. & N. O.	1915-'24	5	4.75	4.62
C., C., C. & St. L.	1915-'29	5	5.25	5.00
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	4.55	4.40
Erie Railroad	1914-'23	4½@5	5.00	4.85
Hocking Valley	1914-'23	4 @5	4.85	4.70
Illinois Central	1914-'23	4½@5	4.65	4.50
Louis. & Nash.	1914-'23	5	4.60	4.40
Mo., Kan. & T.	1914-'23	5	5.60	5.20
Mo. Pacific	1914-'23	5	6.15	5.20
N. Y. Cen. Lines	1915-'28	4½@5	5.00	4.90
Norf. & Western	1915-'24	4½	4.50	4.35
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1915-'28	6	5.25	5.00
Penn. Gen. Frgt.	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.40	4.20
St. L., I. M. & S.	1914-'24	5	5.30	4.90
Seaboard A. Line	1914-'23	5	5.00	4.85
So. Railway	1914-'24	4½@5	4.90	4.60
So. Pacific	1914-'23	4½	4.60	4.50
Virginian Ry.	1914-'19	5	5.10	4.80

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales March 8, 1915	$2,630,000
Same day last year	2,807,500
Year to date	116,937,500
Same period last year	176,597,000
Average price and change 40 bonds	82.93 + .19
Same day last year	88.26 − .15

	High.	Low.
Year's range to date	83.97 Feb. 4	81.51 Jan. 2
Same period last year	89.42 Feb. 4	86.40 Jan. 3
Year 1914	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2
Year 1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18

Jap Gov 4½s, ster l
9,000.......... 80
2d Ser, German stamp
7,000.......... 75⅝
3,000.......... 75
5,000s20f....... 75
Rep of Cuba 5s, 1904
6,000.......... 93⅜
N Y City 4s, 1958
1,000.......... 95½
1,000.......... 95⅝
5,000.......... 95½
4s, 1959
4,000.......... 95½
4¼s, 1960
1,000.......... 99⅞

Chi Gr Westn 4s
5,000.......... 70¼
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4½s
1,000..........100¾
gen 4s, Ser A
3,000.......... 89½
4s, 1934
1,000.......... 88¼
15,000.......... 88
conv 4½s
6,000.......... 96⅜
5,000.......... 96¼
conv 5s, Ser B, sub r, full pd
12,000..........101⅝
14,000..........101½
70,000..........101⅝

2,000.......... 98
Iowa Cent ref 4s
1,000.......... 51
1,000.......... 52
1,000.......... 54
10,000.......... 55
Lake S & Mich S 4s, 1928
4,000.......... 90⅝
3,000.......... 90½
1931
27,000.......... 90¼
L V of N Y gtd 4½s
1,000s20f.......101⅜
Ligg & Myers 5s
1,000..........100⅛
registered
500.......... 99¾

Pac T & T 5s
5,000.......... 97⅝
Penn R R con 4½s, temp ctfs, full paid
69,000..........103⅞
gtd 4½s
1,000s20f.......100½
conv 3½s
20,000..........100
Reading gen 4s
5,000s20f....... 92½
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940
5,000.......... 93¾
St L, Ir Mt & So gen 5s

[illegible]

C, R I & P R R 4s, Cent Tr ctfs
19,000.......... 23¼

I R T 1st & ref 5s
6,000.......... 98
17,000.......... 97⅞

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	98½	98⅞	Pan 2s, c, 1938	98½	..
2s, c, 1930	98⅝	99½	Pan 3s, r, 1961	101⅞	102½
3s, r, 1918	101½	..	Pan 3s, c, 1961	102¼	..
3s, c 1918	101½	..			
4s, r, 1925	109½	110			
4s, c, 1925	110½	..			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98½	..			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	81	84	Cluett-P.	..	60
Allis-C M.	8½	9¼	Do pf.	100½	102
Do pf.	31	36	Col & So.	24	25
Am Ag Ch pf.	89	93	Do 1st pf	48	..
A B S & Fdy	87¼	93	Do 2d pf.	37	..
Do pf.	132½	135	Cons C pf.	90½	92½
Am C pf.	..	50⅝	Crex Carp.	45	65
Am Coal.	80	..	C-Am S pf	93	95
Am C Pr.	80	81½	D & Co pf.	..	85
Do pf.	107	108	D, L & W.	400	430
Am Cot O pf.	95	97¼	D & R G.	6	7¼
A H & L.	5	5½	Do pf.	10	11¼
Am Lin.	8½	9	D M & Ft D pf.	30	..
Do pf.	26	29	Det Ed.	113¼	113¾
Am Malt.	4¼	5	Det. & M.	70	..
Do pf.	28½	30½	Do pf.	80	..
A S pf, B.	..	80	Det U Ry.	..	62
Am Snuff	152	155	D. S S & A	3	5
Do pf.	103	106	Do pf.	6	10
Am St Fd.	24	25	Du P de N Pow pf.	88	..
A S R pf.	110	112	East Kod.	500	..
A T & C.	59	61	F M & S.	..	8
Am Wool.	15½	17¼	Gen C pf.	106	107½
Am Wr Pa pf.	7	9	Gen M pf.	94½	95½
Ann Arbor	..	30	G'drich (B F) Co pf.	97	98½
Do pf.	..	70	Hav E Ry, L & P.	68	71
Assets R.	..	8	Do pf.	88	95
A M 1st pf	..	95	Helme (G W) Co.	160	185
Do 2d pf.	..	98½	Do pf.	113	117
Batop M.	½	⅝	Hock Val.	..	125
B'ch Cr'k.	85	..	Homestake	116	117
Brown Sh.	..	40	Ill Cent.	103¾	108
Do pf.	..	85	Inger-R.	107	115
Bruns Ter.	4⅜	4½	Do pf.	90	..
B, R & P.	..	90	Int Agric.	..	12
Canada So.	56⅝	..	Do pf.	6	9
Case (J I) pf.	76	85	Int H, N J, pf.	..	111
Cent L pf.	103	103½	Int H Cor.	65	73
C R R of N J.	..	325	Do pf.	94	101
Chi & Alt.	..	8¾	Int St P.	¾	2
Do pf.	11	..	Do pf.	6	9
C. M & St Paul pf.	123½	125	Iowa Cent.	7	9
C & N W.	123	124	Do pf.	15	25
Chi, St P, M & Om.	..	130	K C, Ft S & M pf.	..	65
Do pf.	..	150	Kan C So pf.	56	57¼
C, C, C & St L.	25	39	K & D M.	4	10
Do pf.	53	60	Do pf.	36	..
Cleve & P.	159	..	Kresge (SS) Co pf.	106	106¾
Do spec.	89	..			

[illegible]

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
M Wd pf.	111	115	Tex Pac.	13	13½
Mor & Es.	166½	169	T P L Tr.	96	..
N C & St L	..	130	T, St L & West	1½	2
Nat B pf.	122	124	Do pf.	3	7½
Nat En pf.	80	88	T C R T.	96½	97½
Nat L pf.	106	108	Und T pf.	97½	100
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	12	16	U B & P pf.	22⅝	27
Do 2d pf.	4¾	5	Un P pf.	79⅞	80
N Y A B.	55	57	Un Cig M pf.	100	104
N Y, C & St L.	..	35	Un Dry G.	..	50
Do 2d pf.	..	80	Do pf.	51	60
N Y, L & W	113	121	U Rys Inv pf.	26	27
Norf So.	..	25	U S C I P	9	12
N & W pf.	83	85	Do pf.	33	35
Nor Cent.	84	..	U S Ind A pf.	73	80
N W Tel.	100	..	U S R & I.	38	43
Ont Min.	2	3	Va-Car Ch.	21	21⅛
Pabst B pf	..	92	Va R & P.	..	47
Pac Mail.	20	20⅞	Wabash	½	⅝
P T & T.	25¼	28½	Do pf.	1½	1¾
Do pf.	87¾	90½	W Md pf.	32	35
Peo & E.	6	9	West A B.	..	236
Pett-Mull.	14	17	Weym-B.	220	300
P, C, C & St L.	70	72	Do pf.	114	118
Do pf.	..	100	W & L E.	2¼	2¾
P, Ft W & C	159	..	Do 1st pf	8	14
Pitts S pf.	..	82	Do 2d pf.	3	4
Pr St Car pf.	..	88	W-Ov pf.	96½	97
			Wis Cent.	32	35

THE CITY'S FINANCIAL OPERATIONS.

Cash Position, March 6, 1915.

CITY TREASURY.

Balance Feb. 27 .... $31,951,627.54

Receipts—
Taxes and other revenues $2,189,327.59
Temporary loans 5,907,883.56
.... 8,097,211.15
.... $40,048,838.69

Payments—
General administration $6,659,030.17
Repayment of temporary loans 5,000,000.00
Redemption of bonds 127,000.00
Interest on bonds 6,301,246.81
.... 18,087,276.98

Balance March 6 .... $21,961,561.71

SINKING FUNDS.

Balance uninvested Feb. 27 .... $2,531,001.92
Receipts 512,652.67
Balance uninvested March 6 .... $3,043,654.59
Aggregate balances March 6 .... $25,[illegible]5,216.30

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Monday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin	50.00	52.00	48.50	50.00
Lead	3.90	4.00	3.90	4.00
Iron, No. 2X fdy.	14.00	14.50	14.00	14.50
Spelter	..	11.50	10.95	11.45

Electrolytic copper, 30 days, is quoted 14⅝@14¾c a pound, unchanged, in the open market.

London market quotations were:

	Monday. £	s.	d.	Friday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	63	17	6	63	10	0
Copper, futures	64	7	6	64	0	0
Tin, spot	190	0	0	184	0	0
Tin, futures	166	0	0	162	10	0
Lead	20	13	9	20	6	3
Spelter	44	10	0	44	10	0

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Receipts and expenditures:

	March 6.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$694,550	$4,948,470	$143,632,091
Internal rev.	1,171,635	5,957,223	222,226,187
Corp. & inc. tax	19,335	208,990	10,618,051
Miscellaneous	101,643	4,742,235	50,815,746
Total receipts	1,987,164	15,856,919	427,292,976
Expenditures	2,088,089	13,463,981	508,256,061
Surplus	......	2,392,937	......
Deficit	100,924	......	80,963,084

WE OFFER
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RAILWAY
Equipment Trust 4½s
Series "N,"
Secured on
6 Mikado Type Locomotives
2,000 Steel Coal Cars
CASH EQUITY 20%
MATURITIES 1920-1922
TO YIELD 4.65%
Send for Descriptive Circular
FREEMAN & COMPANY
Car Trust Securities.
Tel. 5089—John. 34 Pine St., N. Y. City.

The Utmost Safety and No Income Tax
for 1915 and succeeding years. These advantages may be secured by purchasing now
Municipal Bonds
We are offering over fifty issues
Yielding 4½% to 6%
Exempt from Income Tax
Send for Circular A-83
Spitzer, Rorick & Co
Successors to
SPITZER & CO
Established 1871
5 Nassau Street, New York
Toledo Chicago

We Will Buy
50 Am. Graphaphone Pfd. & Com.
10 Atlas Portland Cement Com.
20 Adder Machine Co.
10 American Shipbuilding
25 Biograph Company
100 Cuban Amer. Sugar Com. & Pfd.
25 Chi., Wilm'g'n & Verm. Coal Pfd.
25 Crex Carpet
25 Childs Company Pfd.
100 E. W. Bliss Co.
10 Eastman Kodak Com.
15 General Film Pfd.
20 Mutual Film Com.
25 Singer Mfg. Company
50 Wash'n Steel & Ordnance Pfd.

We Will Sell
50 Am. Graphaphone Com. & Pfd.
10 Anheuser Busch Brew. Ass'n.
25 Brown Shoe Company
100 Cuban Am. Sugar Com. & Pfd.
10 Cuba Distilling Pfd.
10 Dupont Powder Com. & Pfd.
10 D., L. & W. Coal
50 E. W. Bliss Co.
10 General Film Pfd.
25 Gen'l Fire Extinguisher Com.
10 Hercules Powder Com.
50 Milwaukee Elec. Ry. & Lt. Pfd.
25 Sherwin-Wil'ms 7% Pfd. of Can.
10 Singer Manufacturing Co.
10 Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.

Gilbert Eliott & Co
27 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 6210

Ten Shares
Divided up so that you have one share in each of ten sound corporations, your income is safer than if you have ten shares in one corporation.
Send for List 135.
"Ten Shares for $1,000."
John Muir & Co.
SPECIALISTS IN
Odd Lots
Members New York Stock Exchange.
MAIN OFFICE, 74 BROADWAY, N. Y.
42d St. & B'way—Longacre Bldg., N. Y.
290 Lenox Avenue, cor. 125th Street, N.Y.
National State Bank Bldg.—Newark, N.J.

Dardanelles
THEIR POSSIBLE OPENING WITH EFFECT ON WORLD'S
WHEAT SITUATION
Send for our
Special Letter "429"
RENSKORF, LYON & CO.
Members { New York Stock Exchange. / New York Cotton Exchange. / New York Coffee Exchange. / Chicago Board of Trade.
33 NEW ST. (GROUND FLOOR) NEW YORK

We Will Buy
25 American Lt. & Tract. Pfd.
100 Cities Service Com.
We Will Sell
50 American Gas & Elec. Com.
100 Central States Elec. Pfd.
GWYNNE BROTHERS
Private Telephone to Boston
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 3232 Broad.

BONDS
Wm. Morris Imbrie & Co
Established 1882.
61 BROADWAY NEW YORK
Harris Trust Building, Chicago.
BONDS

Municipal Bonds
Send for Offerings
Redmond & Co.
33 Pine Street - New York

WANTED
Western Power Pfd.
Western Ry. & Lt. Pfd.
Utah Sec. Corp. 6% Notes
E. & C. Randolph
Members New York Stock Exchange.
111 Broadway, New York.

Attractive Municipal Bonds
On request special circulars will be mailed, describing Bonds legal for the investment of Savings Banks funds.
Farson, Son & Co
Members New York Stock Exchange.
115 Broadway, New York City.

WHAT CAPITAL WILL COST

Will capital be cheap or dear after the close of the war? A discussion of this problem and its effect on present investments, which is of interest to all buyers of securities, appears in the current issue of the Straus Investors Magazine.

This publication will be sent on request, together with a copy of

Booklet No. T-846

S.W. STRAUS & CO.
MORTGAGE AND BOND BANKERS
ESTABLISHED 1882
STRAUS BUILDING CHICAGO
ONE WALL STREET NEW YORK
Telephone Rector 4695

Corporation For R. & H. Stock

The Riker & Hegeman Company, of which Corporation for R. & H. Stock owns approximately 51%, is doing the largest business in its history.

The total business in its 100 stores in 1914 aggregated $18,000,000.

We are certain that this Company will prove to its present stockholders as handsome an investment as United Cigar Stores Company of America, its policy and methods being closely patterned after the latter.

We specialize in this issue, the same as we do in United Cigar Stores Co. of America.

BAMBERGER, LOEB & CO
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 5501 Broad

We Have Orders In

Public Utilities
Elgin, Aurora & So. 5s 1916
Utah Securities Corp. 6s 1922
Waterloo, Cedar Falls & Nor. 5s 1940
Youngstown-Sharon Ry. & Lt. 5s 1931

Railroads
Fonda, Johnst'n & Glov'sville 4½s 1952
Chicago & Pac. West. 5s 1921
L. & N. St. Louis Div. 6s 1921
Norfolk & Western Gen. 6s 1931
Phila. & Erie 6s 1920

Industrials
Adams Express 4s 1947
Amer. Type Founders 6s 1939
American Piano Pfd. & Com.
S. S. Kresge Pfd.

Geo. H. Burr & Co.
Private Telephone to Boston.
14 Wall Street. Tel. 8740 Rector. NEW YORK
Boston Chicago Philadelphia
San Francisco St. Louis Seattle

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
100 Bush Terminal Com. Stock
10 Continental Insurance Stock
100 Dome Mines Company, Ltd., Stock
100 E. W. Bliss Com. Stock
100 Great Northern Paper Stock
100 Ingersoll-Rand Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 Interborough Rapid Transit Stock
10 Mechanics & Metals Bank Stock

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
100 Crocker-Wheeler Com. Stock
100 Deere & Company Pfd. Stock
20 Home Insurance Stock
100 Interborough Rapid Transit Stock
50 International Salt Stock
50 Pittsburgh Gage & Supply Co. Stk.
50 Rem'g'n Typew'r (all issues) Stock
100 Royal Baking Powder Pfd. Stock
15 Singer Manufacturing Stock

J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4001 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

We Have For Sale
50 Am. Druggists Syndicate
25 Childs Co. Pfd.
25 Singer Mfg. Co.
50 Am. Bank Note Pfd.
5 Gamewell Fire Alarm 6s
50 A. B. Kirschbaum Pfd.
50 Cuba-Conn. Tobacco
50 Colorado Yule Marble 2nd
5 Acker, Merrall & Condit 6s
2 Am. Malting Co. 6s
90 Phoenix Silk Mfg. Pfd.
5 Ward Baking Co. 6s

TOBEY & KIRK
25 BROAD ST. NEW YORK.
Phones Broad 4293-4-5-6-7-8.

Perpall, Shaskan & Droge
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of N.Y.
50 Broad St., N. Y. TELEPHONE 1630 BROAD.
SPECIALISTS IN ODD LOTS
STOCKS
Our books audited by certified public accountants for protection and information of clients. Send for Special Circular 43 of stocks on which we are bullish.

D. M. & Ft. Dodge R. R. Com. & Pfd.
Detroit & Mackinac R. R. Com. & Pfd.
Crex Carpet Co.
Minneapolis & St. Louis Pref.

E. BUNGE & CO.
44 BROAD ST. Phone 6951-6 Broad.

American Public Utilities Co.
Young—Vigorous—Progressive
ALWAYS A MARKET.
H. F. McConnell & Co.
25 Pine St. Tel. 6064 John, New York.

Sulzberger Pfd.
Stewart Warner Com. & Pfd.
United Gas & Elec. Stks.
Illinois Traction Com.

John Burnham & Co.
Private Wire to All Markets.
31 Nassau St. Tel. Cort. 2880. New York.

WANTED
Atlantic Fruit Pfd.
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
30 Broad St., New York.
Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia.

MARKET FOR COTTON STEADY BUT NARROW

Very Little for Sale and Prices Are Easily Advanced in the Early Trading.

CLOSE 1 TO 3 POINTS OFF

British Regulations for Exports Will Give Shippers Time to Catch Their Breath.

Prominent among the news items in cotton yesterday was a cable from London stating that the British Government was willing to modify to a certain extent the blockade proposal announced a week ago. This modification would recognize shipments of cotton to neutral countries for which contracts had been entered into before March 2. Such sales would be allowed to go unmolested or would be bought at contract price, provided the ship sail before the end of March. Similar treatment would be accorded all cotton insured before March 2, provided the cotton should be brought on board ship not later than March 16. The cable stated that all cotton claiming this protection would have to be declared before sailing with documents and certificates obtained from Consular officers or other authorities fixed by the British Government.

This mitigation of the blockade decree at least affords a certain amount of time for cotton exporters to catch their breath. Old contracts will not have to be canceled, and it seems probable that there will be a great rush to get cotton out before the end of March. It would not be surprising, therefore, if clearances during this month should break all previous records for this stage of the season.

Export clearances yesterday reached a total of nearly 73,000 bales. These shipments, of course, were not actuated by the cable advices noted above, but they show quite clearly that a great deal of cotton has been made ready for export in the last week or so. The total included 41,000 bales to Great Britain and 31,000 to the Continent.

Yesterday's market was very steady, but narrow. There was very little cotton for sale, and whenever buyers attempted to fill orders of any size, prices shot up sharply. Toward the close there was some realizing, but the net loss was a matter of only 1 to 3 points.

An Alabama firm which deals largely in fertilizers, as well as mules, sent a letter to a local brockerage house which throws some interesting light on the acreage outlook. The letter says:

"At this time last year this town had received and delivered more than 2,000 tons of fertilizers. Thus far the fertilizer sales will not aggregate 200 tons. Last season the mule dealers here shipped in more than thirty cars of mules. Since the first of last September there has been shipped away from here ten carloads of mules, and only one carload has been shipped back. You can see from this showing that there must be something in the talk of a reduction of acreage."

Southern spot markets as officially reported were steady, 6 to 15 points higher. The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged, 8.75c for middling upland. The range of contract prices was as follows: (Closed steady.)

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	8.64	8.56	8.59@8.61	8.62@8.63
May	8.85	8.75	8.80@8.81	8.83@8.84
July	9.08	8.98	9.04 flat	9.06@9.07
October	9.35	9.24	9.30@9.31	9.31@9.32
December	9.53	9.44	9.49@9.50	9.52@9.53
January	9.60	9.60	9.57@9.58	9.60@9.62

RECEIPTS AT LEADING PORTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Galveston	11,995	17,471	6,125
New Orleans	8,988	3,601	5,167
Mobile	73	642	220
Savannah	7,233	7,187	1,592
Charleston	3,076	1,490	315
Wilmington	3,050	3,181	263
Norfolk	3,182	3,474	2,507

Total port receipts 45,046, against 18,877 same day last year.

RECEIPTS AT PRINCIPAL INTERIOR POINTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Augusta	574	607	323
Memphis	1,958	6,308	3,216
St. Louis	126	4,751	878
Houston	14,693	19,241	11,325

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

	Today.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	14,000 to 15,000	34,392	14,093
N. Orleans	12,000 to 13,500	11,604	8,444

Total exports yesterday, 72,978; so far this season, 5,675,440, against 7,375,087 for same period last year.

SPOT MARKETS.

Sales.		Price Middling.	Stocks. 1915.	Stocks. 1914.
3,360	New Orleans	8	360,993	223,596
—	Mobile	—	55,461	24,415
1,221	Savannah	8½	230,419	76,897
200	Galveston	8.60	501,718	336,212
—	Wilmington	8	55,963	15,304
—	Norfolk	8	75,837	59,492
1,234	Augusta	8	140,172	70,619
3,400	Memphis	8.12	222,336	158,834
85	St. Louis	8½	36,794	33,363
4,976	Houston	8.50	175,121	162,952

The Liverpool market opened firm. There was an improved request business in spot cotton, with middling 4 points advance at 5.09d. Sales, 8,000 bales. Receipts, 4,960 bales. American none. Closed barely steady.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Gas Co.	100	101
American Light & Traction	310	313
American Light & Traction pf.	107	109
Adirondack Electric Power	11	13
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	40	42
*American Gas & Electric	89½	91
*American Gas & Electric pf.	47½	49
American Power & Light	62	65
American Power & Light pf.	81	83
American Public Utilities	30	32
American Public Utilities pf.	61½	64
American Waterworks & Electric	3½	4¼
Am. W. W. & El. partic. pf.	9	13
Am. W. W. & El. 1st pf.	40	45
Cities Service	45½	47½
Cities Service pf.	55	57
Colorado Power	14	16
Colorado Power pf.	87	92
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	53½	55
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	81½	82½
Dayton Power & Light	27	32
Dayton Power & Light pf.	80	85
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	89	91
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	45	53
Electric Bond & Share pf.	98½	100
Empire District Electric 5s	71	75
Empire District Electric pf.	50	70
Federal Light & Traction	16	18
Federal Light & Traction pf.	55	60
Gas & Electric Securities	65	75
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	..	80
Lincoln Gas & Electric	15	25
Northern Ontario Light & Power	11	14
Northern Ontario Light & P. pf.	50	54
Northern States Power	24	27
Northern States Power pf.	80	83
Ozark Power & Water	15	20
Pacific Gas & Electric	43	45
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	81	83
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	16	17
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	65½	67½
Southern California Edison	74	76
Southern California Edison pf.	90	92
*Standard Gas & Electric	4	5
*Standard Gas & Electric pf.	17	18
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	7	8
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power pf.	32	35
United Light & Rys.	45	47
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	68	70
United Light & Rys. 2d pf.	65	68
Utah Securities	13	15
Western Power	16	18
Western Power pf.	61	63

*Par value $50.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS AND NOTES.

		Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
6s	Sept., 1915	101⅛	101⅜	101⅛	101⅜
6s	Sept., 1916	102⅝	103	102⅝	103
6s	Sept., 1917	104⅛	104⅝	104⅛	104⅝
4½s	March, 1963	104⅛	104⅝	104⅛	104⅝
4½s	May, 1957	104⅛	104⅝	104⅛	104⅝
4½s	Nov., 1957	104⅛	104⅝	104⅛	104⅝
4½s	May, 1917	100⅝	101	100⅝	101
4½s	Nov., 1917	100⅝	101	100⅝	101
4¼s	March, 1964	99⅝	99⅞	99½	99⅞
4¼s	March, 1962	99½	99⅞	99⅜	99⅞
4¼s	Sept., 1960	99½	99⅞	99⅜	99⅞
4¼s	March, 1980-60	99⅝	99⅞	99⅞	100⅛
4s	May, 1959	95⅛	95½	95	95⅜
4s	Nov., 1958	95⅛	95½	95	95⅜
4s	May, 1957	95⅛	95½	95	95⅜
4s	Nov., 1956	94½	95⅛	94½	95⅛
4s	Nov., 1955	94½	95⅛	94½	95⅛
4s	Nov., 1936	95½	96¼	95½	96¼
4s	1918-1919	99	..	99	..
3½s	Nov., 1954-5	84⅝	85	84⅝	85
3½s	May, 1954	84⅝	85¼	84⅝	..
3½s	1950-1954	84½	85½	84½	85

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Some of the best trading since the Consolidated Stock Exchange reopened for business in December was witnessed early in the day, when prices were advancing to new high levels for the latest upward movement. The market evinced strength from the opening. There appeared to have been an accumulation of buying orders over Sunday which had an immediate effect upon prices. The subsequent advance was under the lead of such prominent stocks as United States Steel, Reading, Union Pacific, and Amalgamated Copper. Commission houses handled a large volume of orders. In the grain department wheat developed great strength, with the dealings on a heavy scale. The May delivery opened at $1.51⅞ to $1.52⅛, against a closing price on Saturday of $1.49⅛, and advanced to $1.57⅝, closing at $1.57⅛.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
30	Alaska Gold	30	30⅞	30	30⅞
2,070	Amal. Cop.	54⅝	55⅛	54⅝	55⅛
370	Am. Beet Sug.	40⅛	40⅛	39⅞	40⅛
810	Am. Can.	27⅞	28⅜	27⅞	28⅜
40	Am. Cot. Oil	47	47	46⅞	46⅞
180	Am. Ice Sec.	28	28⅜	28	28⅜
510	Am. Smelt.	63⅝	64⅛	63¼	64⅛
30	Am. Sugar	102⅝	102⅝	101⅜	101⅜
30	Am. C. Cop.	26½	26½	26½	26½
60	At., T. & S. F.	96¼	96¼	96	96
30	Balt. & Ohio	68⅞	68⅞	68¼	68⅞
140	Beth. Steel	55⅝	56⅛	55⅞	55⅞
140	Brook. R. T.	88⅛	88⅞	88⅞	88⅞
220	Cal. Pet.	18⅜	18⅜	17⅞	17⅞
140	Can. Pacific	159	160⅛	159	160⅛
460	Cent. Leath.	34⅞	34⅞	34¼	34¼
30	Ches. & Ohio	43⅜	43⅜	42⅞	42⅞
20	C., M. & St. P.	87⅞	88⅛	87⅞	88⅛
10	Chino Cop.	36⅛	36¼	36⅛	36⅛
30	Con. Gas	117½	118⅜	117½	118⅜
20	C. Products	10⅛	10⅛	10	10
360	Erie	22¼	22⅜	22	22¼
10	Erie 1st pf.	36	36	36	36
30	Good. Rubber	31⅜	31⅜	31⅜	31⅜
20	Gt. Nor. Ore	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞
20	Inspirat'n Cop.	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
100	Inter. Met.	13	13⅛	13	13
910	Int. Met. pf.	59¼	60	59⅜	59⅞
50	Kan. City So.	22½	22½	22½	22½
260	Lehigh Valley	135	136	135	135⅞
410	Mex. Petrol.	66⅝	68⅛	66⅝	67⅞
10	Mo., K. & Tex.	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
490	Mo. Pacific	12¼	12⅞	12½	12⅞
220	Nat. Lead	54⅜	55⅛	54⅞	54½
80	N. Y. Cent.	83⅝	84½	83⅝	84⅜
460	N. Y., N. H. & H.	51	52½	50½	52⅛
10	Norf. & West.	102	102	102	102
20	North. Pac.	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜
20	Pennsylvania	105⅜	105⅜	105⅜	105⅜
10	Ray Cop.	17½	17½	17½	17½
6,220	Reading	145⅛	146⅝	145	146
10	Rep. I. & S.	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞
350	South. Pac.	84¾	85	84½	84⅞
10	South. Ry.	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
20	Tenn. Cop.	27½	27½	27½	27½
470	Third Av.	49⅝	51¼	49⅝	50⅝
1,870	Union Pac.	119⅝	120⅝	119⅝	120⅛
10	U. S. Rubber	56⅝	56⅝	56⅝	56⅝
6,850	U. S. Steel	44⅞	46	44½	45⅛
20	U. S. Steel pf.	105	105½	105	105½
100	Utah Copper	52⅞	53⅜	52⅞	53½
80	West Un. Tel.	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝
80	Westing. El.	69	69½	69	69½
24,400					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,200	Atlanta	.34	.34	.32	.32
400	Consol. Va.	.16	.17	.16	.17
3,500	Gold. Merg.	.25	.25	.23	.23
2,700	Jumbo Ext.	1.22½	1.22½	1.02½	1.02½
600	Montana	.47	.49	.47	.49
1,500	Oro	.10½	.11	.10½	.11
300	Tono. Merg.	.42	.42	.42	.42
200	Tono. Min.	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50
1,000	Un. Gold M.	.05	.05	.05	.05
12,400					

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
Anglo-American	14½	15	14½	15
Atlantic Refining	540	545	540	545
Borne-Scrymser	250	260	250	260
Buckeye Pipe Line	106	108	107	109
Chesebrough Mfg.	645	655	645	655
Colonial Oil	90	100	90	100
Continental Oil	220	225	220	225
Crescent Pipe Line	36	38	36	38
Cumberland Pipe Line	47	50	47	50
Eureka Pipe Line	217	223	215	220
Galena-Signal Oil	160	163	160	163
Galena-Sig. Oil pf.	135	140	135	140
Illinois Pipe Line	128	130	128	130
Indiana Pipe Line	96	98	96	98
National Transit	31	33	31	33
New York Transit	207	212	205	210
Northern Pipe Line	88	90	88	90
Ohio Oil	131	133	131	133
Pierce Oil	13½	14	13½	14
Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '24	78	80	78	80
Prairie Oil & Gas	224	227	224	227
Prairie P. L., (w. i.)	147	150	146	149
Solar Refining	235	240	230	240
Southern Pipe Line	205	210	205	210
South. Penn. Oil	265	270	263	268
S. W. Penn. P. L.	114	117	115	118
Stand. Oil of Cal.	292	295	291	293
Stand. Oil of Ind.	405	410	405	410
Stand. Oil of Kan.	335	345	335	345
Stand. Oil of Ky.	253	258	253	258
Stand. Oil of Neb.	310	320	310	320
Stand. Oil of N. J.	394	397	391	394
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	191	193	190	192
Stand. Oil of Ohio	415	425	415	425
Swan & Finch	125	130	125	130
Union Tank	81	83	82	84
Vacuum Oil	180	183	180	183
Washington Oil	30	35	30	35

BOND INTEREST DISPUTE.

Arbitrators for New York Railways Bonds to Meet on Thursday.

Settlement of the dispute over the interest to be paid by the New York Railways Company on its 5 per cent. adjustment income bonds for the six months ended Dec. 31 is in the hands of the same experts who arbitrated the question of interest last year. The railway company selected H. H. Porter of Sanderson & Porter. The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, as trustee for the bond issue, selected James Marwick of Marwick, Mitchell & Co., and these two selected W. C. Ross. The first of the arbitration meetings will be held on Thursday.

The payment on the bonds for the last half of 1913 was 2.345 per cent. and the total for the year was 3.98 per cent. The rate for the first six months of 1914 was 1.288 per cent. Three insurance companies holding $2,000,000 of the bonds have demanded payment of the full 5 per cent.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Am. Locomo.	5	July, 1915	100¼	100½	3.50
Am. T. & T. sub	5	Apr., 1916	100⅝	100⅞	4.40
Am. Tob. sc.	6	Sep., 1915	100⅞	101⅛	3.50
Ana. Cop. Co.	5	Mar., 1917	99⅝	99⅞	5.25
Argen. Gov't.	6	Dec.15,'15	100⅝	100⅞	4.90
Argen. Gov't.	6	Dec.15,'16	100⅜	100⅝	5.60
Argen. Gov't.	6	Dec.15,'17	100⅜	100⅝	5.75
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1915	100⅛	100⅜	2.95
Beth. Steel	5	June11,'15	100¼	100½	3.30
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	99⅞	100	5.00
Can. Pacific	6	Mar. 2,'24	102⅝	103⅛	5.60
Ches. & Ohio	5	June, 1919	90	90½	7.70
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1915	100⅜	100⅝	3.75
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1916	94½	95½	8.25
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99½	100	5.00
Con. Pow. Co.	6	May, 1917	97½	99	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1915	100	100¼	2.00
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1915	100⅛	100⅜	3.70
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	98⅛	98⅞	6.25
Gen. Motors	6	Oct., 1915	101⅛	101⅜	3.70
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	100⅛	100⅜	3.75
Har. R. & P.	5	May, 1915	98⅛	99	11.00
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1915	101⅛	101¼	4.10
Int. Harv.	5	Feb.15,'18	99⅞	100	5.00
Lack. Steel	6	Mar., 1917	97½	98	7.00
L. S. & M. S.	5	Sep., 1915	100⅜	100⅝	3.45
L. S. & M. S.	5	Dec., 1915	100⅜	100⅝	3.80
Louis. G. & El.	6	Apr., 1918	97	98½	6.50
Minn. G. El.	6	June, 1918	99½	100	6.00
Mo. Pacific	6	June, 1915	89	90	46.00
Mon. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	100	100¼	2.95
New. E. Nav.	6	May, 1917	92	92⅞	9.55
N. Y. Cent.	5	Apr., 1915	100	100⅛	2.00
N. Y. Cent.	4½	May, 1915	100⅛	100⅜	2.20
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep.15,'15	100⅜	100⅝	3.60
N. Y. Cent.	5	Oct., 1915	100⅜	100⅝	3.65
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	May, 1915	98⅞	99½	8.00
Pac. G. & El.	5	Dec.15,'15	100	100⅜	4.55
P. R. R. cv.	3½	Oct., 1915	100	100⅛	3.25
P. S. Corp. of N. J.	5	Mar., 1916	99⅞	100¼	4.80
Seab'd Air L.	5	Mar., 1916	98⅞	100	5.00
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	99⅛	99⅜	5.30
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	97¼	97⅝	6.15
Sulz. & Sons	6	June, 1916	99⅞	100	6.00
U. S. Smelt.	5	June, 1918	94	96	6.40
Union Typew.	5	Jan.15,'16	96	97½	7.90
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	101	101⅜	5.35
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	97¼	97⅞	5.75
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	97	98	7.00
West P. Tr.	6	Mar., 1917	96	99	6.50
West. Power	6	July, 1915	99⅞	100½	5.00
W. S. G. & E.	6	Oct., 1917	96	97⅞	7.00

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
American Cigar	110	115	110	120
American Cigar pf.	97½	99	97½	99
Am. Mach. & Fdy.	65	73	65	73
Conley Foil Co.	275	300	275	300
Johnston T. F. & M.	125	175	125	175
J. S. Young	150	160	150	155
J. S. Young pf.	106	108	106	108
MacAndrews & F.	170	177	170	177
MacAndrews & F. pr.	99	101	99	101
P. R.-Am. Tobacco	215	230	220	230
P. R.-Am. Tob. scrip	163	173	160	170
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	280	290	280	290
R. J. Reynolds T. pf.	118½	119½	118½	119½

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Equitable Trust Company, A. B. Leach & Co., and E. H. Rollins & Sons offer investors at 99⅝ and interest, yielding 5⅛ per cent. $2,500,000 Province of Saskatchewan, Dominion of Canada, three-year 5 per cent. gold debentures.

Henry L. Allen has joined the firm of Hornblower & Weeks as manager of the bond department in this city.

W. C. Langley & Co. are offering Empire Gas and Electric Coke Company joint first and refunding mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds at 93½ and interest to yield 5.47 per cent. These bonds are tax free in New York State and free from normal Federal income tax.

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	Adventure	1	1	1	1
10	Ahmeek	280	280	280	280
7,371	Alaska	30⅛	30⅞	30	30⅝
5	Allouez	41½	41½	41½	41½
466	Amalgamated	54⅝	55⅛	54⅝	55⅛
3,240	Am. Zinc	28¼	28¾	27½	28½
620	Arizona Com.	4½	4⅝	4½	4⅝
5,505	Butte & Sup.	49	49	48½	48½
156	Cal. & Ariz.	54½	54½	53⅞	54⅛
12	Calu. & Hecla	395	397	395	397
50	Centennial	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜
195	Chino	36⅛	36⅜	36	36⅛
275	Cop. Range	35½	35½	35¼	35¼
150	Daly-West	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
345	East Butte	9⅞	10	9⅞	10
100	Franklin	5½	5½	5½	5½
95	Granby	68	68½	68	68
215	Greene-Can.	27	27	26⅞	27
35	Hancock	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
20	Inspiration	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜
10	Island Creek	44⅜	44⅜	44⅜	44⅜
22	Isle Royale	21⅛	22⅛	20⅞	21⅛
37	Kerr Lake	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
20	Lake	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
70	Mass. Con.	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
10	Miami	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞
90	Mohawk	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛
160	New Arcadian	5⅞	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝
326	Nipissing	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
955	North Butte	25½	25½	24½	25½
42	Old Dominion	40	40	38½	39
166	Osceola	72	75	71½	75
125	Pond Creek	14	14	14	14
25	Quincy	57	57⅛	57	57⅛
80	Ray Con.	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
75	Shannon	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
250	Superior & Bos.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
85	Sup. Copper	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛
15	Tamarack	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
980	Trinity	3⅛	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛
150	U. S. Smelting	20⅞	21⅜	20⅞	21
70	U. S. Smelt. pf.	40⅛	40⅞	40⅛	40⅞
650	Utah Apex	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
150	Utah Con.	10⅛	10⅝	10⅛	10½
230	Utah Copper	53	53⅝	53	53½
175	Winona	2½	2½	2½	2½
45	Wolverine	44	44	43	44
50	Wyandotte	65c.	65c.	65c.	65c.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	A., T. & S. F.	96⅛	96⅛	96	96
10	A., T. & S. F. pf.	98	98	98	98
138	Boston & Al.	175	175	175	175
35	Bos. Elevated	89⅞	90	89⅞	90
50	Bos. & Lowell	112	112	112	112
368	Boston & Me.	27⅞	28	27⅞	28
27	Fitchburg pf.	57½	57½	56	56
16	Mass. Elec. pf.	46	46½	46	46
5	N. Y. Central	84⅜	84⅜	84⅜	84⅜
1,085	N.Y.,N.H.&H.	51⅛	52⅝	50⅝	52⅛
8	Old Colony	151	151	151	151
106	W. E. St. Ry.	68⅞	70	69⅞	70
10	W.E.St.Ry.pf.	92	92	92	92

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
25	Am. Ag. Ch.	49½	49½	49½	49½
57	A. Ag. Ch. pf.	90¼	90¼	90	90
90	Am. Sugar	102⅛	102⅞	102	102⅛
5	Am. Sugar pf.	110½	111	110½	111
596	Am. T. & T.	120⅞	121	120⅞	121
180	Am. Wool. pf.	80⅛	81⅛	80⅛	81⅛
235	Edison	242½	242½	242	242
46	Mass. Gas	82⅛	82⅛	82⅛	82⅛
68	Mass. Gas pf.	88⅛	88⅛	88	88⅛
18	McElwain pf.	102	102⅛	102	102
94	Pullman	150⅛	150⅛	150⅛	150⅛
95	Swift & Co.	108⅛	109	108⅛	109
50	Torrington	28	28	28	28
72	United Fruit	118⅛	118⅛	118	118⅛
3,826	Un. Shoe Ma.	58	59⅜	56⅛	57⅛
60	Un. S. M. pf.	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
909	U. S. Steel	45⅛	46	44⅞	45⅛
86	U. S. Steel pf.	104⅞	105⅛	104⅞	105⅛
250	West. Union	63⅝	64	63⅝	63⅝

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	A. T. & T. 4s	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛
2,200	A. T. & T. cv. 4½s	99	99¼	99	99¼
5,000	Am. Z. 6s, '15	110	110	110	110
10,000	Chi., B. & Q. joint 4s	95⅝	96	95⅝	96
1,000	Chi. J. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Mass. Gas 4½s, 1929	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼
1,000	M. R. Pow. 5s	73½	73½	73½	73½
4,000	N. E. Tel. 5s, 1932	101	101¼	101	101
5,000	Un. Fruit 4½s, 1925	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜
2,000	W. E. 4s, '17	99	99	99	99
2,000	West. Tel. 5s	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado	.60	1	Iron Blos.	.99	1⅛
B. St. Gas.	.09	.10	La Rose	.68	.72
Begole	1⅛	1⅝	Majestic	.13	.15
Bohemia	1	1⅛	McK.-Dar.	.45	.51
Boston Ely	.14	.17	Mex. Mets.	.15	.16
Butte & L.	.17	.20	M. of Am.	2	2¼
Chief Con.	.80	.82	N. Baltic	1⅛	2
Calaveras	1	1⅛	Nev. Doug.	.33	.40
Con. Ariz.	.25	.35	Old Domin. Tr. rcts.	5	5½
Cortez	.15	.30	Ohio Cop.	.09	.11
Con. Cop.	⅛	1	Oneco	.50	.60
Crown Res.	.82	.88	Raven	.08	.10
Davis-Daly	.82	.85	So. Lake	5¼	5⅝
Eagle & B.	.75	.85	Stew. Min.	1⅛	1⅝
First Nat.	1½	1⅝	Un. Verde	2⅞	3
Gold. Con.	1⅛	1⅛	Yukon	2⅝	3
Houghton	1⅛	1⅛			

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10	Cons. Coal	92	92	92	92
65	Cons. Power	107	107	107	107
6	Con. Pow. pf.	113⅝	113⅝	113⅝	113⅝
7,425	Con. Pow. rts.	13c.	13c.	10c.	11c.
25	Cosden	5½	5½	5½	5½
10	Nor. Central	85	85	85	85
150	Un. Rys. & El.	26½	26½	26½	26½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Balt. El. 5s, s.	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞
10,000	City B. 4s, '62	94½	94½	94½	94½
400	City B. 4s, '61	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
300	City B. 4s, '54	94½	94½	94½	94½
2,000	Con. Coal r. 5s	88⅜	88⅜	88⅜	88⅜
1,000	Con. Gas 4½s	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛
5,000	Dav. Chem. 6s	99	99	99	99
1,000	Fla. Sou. 4s	86½	86½	86½	86½
5,000	Kirby L. 6s, c.	93½	93½	93½	93½
1,000	Un. Rys. & E. inc. 4s	61¼	61¼	61¼	61¼
2,000	Va. M. 5th 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
75	Booth Fish. pr.	70	70	70	70
5	Chi Pneu Tool	47⅞	47⅞	47⅞	47⅞
20	Chi. Ry. Ser. 2	27	28	27	28
40	Com. Edison	138	138	138	138
65	Dia'ond Match	92	92¼	92	92
180	Peo. Gas	119¼	120⅛	119¼	120
4	Pub. Ser.	82	82	82	82
11	do. pr.	98	98	98	98
3	Quaker O. pf.	103½	103½	103½	103½
70	Sears Roebuck	203½	203½	203½	203½
136	Swift	109	109	108⅞	109
100	U. S.	45	45	45	45
25	Union Carbide	155¼	155¼	155¼	155¼

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Chi. Ry. 5s	76	76	76	76
8,000	Chi. Ry. B. 5s	77⅛	77⅞	77½	77½
2,500	Chi. Rys I. 4s	42½	42⅞	42½	42⅞
15,000	Chi. C. Ry. 5s	98⅛	98⅞	98⅛	98⅜
20,000	Comw. Edi. 5s	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
5,000	Morris 5s	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞
1,000	Met. Gold 5s	76	76	76	76
4,000	Ogden Gas 5s	93½	93½	93½	93½
10,000	Swift 5s	96	96	96	96

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am. Beet Sug.	40	40	40	40
20	Am. Can	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼
23	Am. Gas	100½	100½	100⅜	100½
25	Am. Rys.	38	38	38	38
20	Am. Rys. pf.	100	100	100	100
100	Anaconda	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜
10	Baldwin Loco.	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜
27	Bald. Loco. pf.	94	94	92½	94
10	Cal. Petroleum	18	18	18	18
5	Cambria Iron	42½	42½	42½	42½
50	Elec. Stor. Bat	48⅜	48⅜	48⅜	48⅜
128	Gen. Asph. pf.	60	60	60	60
33	I. Co. of N. A.	21	21	21	21
16	Lehigh Nav.	75	75	74½	75
55	Lehigh Valley	67⅞	68	67⅞	68
10	Mo. Pacific	12½	12½	12½	12½
25	Phil. R. T. cfs.	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞
143	Penn. R. R.	52⅞	52⅞	52⅛	52⅞
300	Phila. Co.	30	30	30	30
209	Phila. Elec.	24¼	24¼	24⅛	24¼
171	Phila. Trac.	78	78	78	78
290	Penn. Salt Mfg	81⅛	81⅛	80⅞	80⅞
230	Reading	73⅛	73⅛	72⅞	73⅛
100	Southern Ry.	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜
1,798	Tono. Belm't.	5	5	4⅞	4⅞
1,865	Tono. Mining	7⅝	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜
313	Un. Gas Imp.	82	82	81⅞	81⅞
2,505	U. S. Steel	44⅞	46	44½	45⅝
10	U. S. Steel pf.	105	105	105	105
328	Union Trac.	35⅞	36	35⅞	36

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$100	Am. G. & E. 5s	85¼	85¼	85¼	85¼
11,000	Bald. Loco. 5s.	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
1,000	Int'state Ry. 4s	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛
1,000	L. V. gen. con. 4½s, reg'd	100	100	100	100
1,000	L. V. con. 4½s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
1,000	L. V. Coal 5s, cp.	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞
23,000	Pa. R. R. con. 4½s, 1960 cfs.	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞
3,485	Phil. Co. sc. '16	90	90	90	90
218	Phil. Co. sc. '18	80	80	80	80
1,000	Phil. Elec. 5s	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛
300	Phil. Elec. 5s	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛
5,000	Phil. El. 4s, cfs	79	79	78⅞	78⅞
200	Phil. El. 4s, cfs	80	80	80	80
460	Cam. S. sc. '16	96	96	96	96
1,136	Cam. S. sc. '17	96	96	96	96

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
140	Citizens Traction	50	50	50	50
50	Columbia G. & El.	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
40	Cons. Ice	5	5	5	5
140	Crucible Steel	13¼	13⅛	13¼	13¼
30	Crucible Steel pf.	76⅞	76⅞	76⅞	76⅞
120	Ind. Brewing pf.	16	16	16	16
60	Nat. Firep'fing	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
280	Nat. Firep'g pf.	18	18	17½	17½
10	Ohio Fuel Oil	14½	14½	14½	14½
60	Pitts. Brewing	4	4¼	4	4¼
10	Pitts. Brew. pf.	15⅞	15⅞	15¼	15¼
470	Pitts. Coal	20⅛	20⅞	20⅛	20⅞
13	Pitts. Pl. Glass	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞
165	Pure Oil	14⅛	14⅛	14½	14½
11	Union Nat. Gas	132	132	132	132
55	Union Sw. & Sig.	95	95	95	95
10	W'house Air Br.	119	119	119	119
10	Mfrs. Light & H.	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛

$2,500,000
PROVINCE OF SASKATCHEWAN
DOMINION OF CANADA
Three-Year 5% Gold Debentures

Dated February 1, 1915 Due February 1, 1918

Both principal and interest payable in gold coin of, or equal to present United States standard of weight and fineness at the office of The Equitable Trust Company of New York, or at the option of the holder at the offices of the Union Bank of Canada in Winnipeg, Montreal or Regina, Canada.

Coupon bonds in demonination of $1,000.

Legal opinion of Isaac Campbell, K. C., of Winnipeg, Canada, and Messrs. Hawkins, Delafield & Longfellow, of New York City.

The following statement shows the financial condition of the Province, including the present financing:

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Gross Debt		$24,687,367.31
Less Sinking Funds	$439,046.55	
Regina Loan	490,275.00	
Co-operative Elevator Loans	1,848,000.00	
Telephone	7,152,000.00	
Drainage District Debentures	100,000.00	
		10,029,321.55
NET DEBT		$14,658,045.76
Population (Present Estimate)	691,000	

Revenue of the Province for 1913-1914 (14 mos.)—$7,310,382.57.

On basis of population the Province is the third largest in the Dominion of Canada, being surpass d only by the Provinces of Ontairo and Quebec.

A large amount of these Debentures already having been applied for, we offer the balance when, as, and if issued at

99⅝ and interest to net 5⅛%

The Equitable Trust Co. of New York
37 Wall Street

A. B. Leach & Co.
New York Boston Chicago
Philadelphia

E. H. Rollins & Sons
Boston New York Chicago
San Francisco

Benjamin Franklin says:
"Weighty questions ask for deliberate answers."

ONE of the weightiest questions affecting every business man concerns the *administration* of his estate in accordance with his desires.

We maintain a trained and efficient organization to furnish *deliberate* answers to such questions and to assist in carrying them out.

Our booklet *"Trust Company Services"* will be sent upon request.

Established 1888
Franklin Trust Company
New York Office: 46 Wall Street
Brooklyn Offices: 166 Montague Street
569 Fulton Street

Interest Credited Monthly

paid on accounts subject to Check. Special rates on time certificates of deposit.

United States Mortgage and Trust Company
55 Cedar St.
B'way at 73d St. 125th St. at 8th Ave.

Liquidation and Realization Corporation.
55 Liberty St., New York.
CAPITAL $500,000.00
ESTATES IN LIQUIDATION WILL BE PURCHASED.
COMPOSITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY FINANCED.
REORGANIZATIONS FINANCED.
ESTATES IN REVERSION OR EXPECTATION PURCHASED.

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
New York.
LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W.; 26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

Commercial Trust Company of New Jersey
Main Office, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City

Capital, Surplus and Profits over - $3,500,000.00

The new Inheritance Tax Laws of New Jersey are of special advantage to non-residents.
Write for Booklet.

Transacts a General Banking Business

United Cigar Stores Co. of America

in the past ten years has made truly marvelous progress. 100 shares of stock of this Company bought ten years ago at a cost of $45,000 is now worth approximately $625,000.

United Cigar Stores Company of America has grown continuously, IS DOING the best business in its history right NOW, and, as far as the future is concerned, is still in its infancy.

We have specialized in this stock practically since the Company was organized, and continue to recommend its purchase to any one wishing to combine SAFETY OF PRINCIPAL WITH AN ATTRACTIVE AND GROWING INCOME.

BAMBERGER, LOEB & CO.
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 5501 Broad

We offer
To Yield 5½%
First Mortgage Bonds
of an Electric Lighting Co. serving a population of 60,000 in a substantial suburban territory on Long Island.

Net earnings are at the rate of 2½ times Bond Interest charges.

Bankers Trust Co., N.Y., Trustee
Tax Exempt in N. Y. State
$100, $500, $1,000 Denominations
Send for Circular No. 87.
J. A. Clark & Company
14 Wall St., New York
Tel. Rector 8690

WARRANTS
FOR STOCK OF
Chic., Rock I. & Pac. Railway Co.
BOUGHT AND SOLD
William E. Lauer & Co.,
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange,
74 BROADWAY.
Telephone 4130 Rector.

G. M.-P. Murphy & Co. Inc.
43 EXCHANGE PLACE
NEW YORK

Examinations
Liquidations
Reorganizations

WAR
Affects the Demand for Wheat
1,000 Bushel Job Lots
(Corresponding to 10 Shares)
Bought and Sold in Chicago by
Morris & Wilmarth
Tel. Broad 2538-9. 32 Broadway, N. Y.

Utah Securities Stock & Notes
Western Power Com. & Pfd.
Pacific Gas & Electric Com.
HATCH & STEELE
25 Broad St. Tel. 5495 Broad.

The profit making possibilities of
Sterling Gum Company
United Cigar Stores, Ltd.
World Film Corporation
are intelligently commented upon in the current number of our Weekly Market Letter.
Ask for Circular No. 409
HARVEY A. WILLIS & CO.
(Established 1901)
32 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
'Phone 127-8-9 Broad.

All WALL STREET reads
DOW, JONES BULLETINS & TICKERS
Investors read
THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

FOR PRESERVING PICTURES.
Binders to hold twenty-six Picture Sections of Sunday's New York Times sent, carriage paid, cloth for $1.75, imitation leather for $2.25, and in half leather for $2.75. Size 16x22 inches.—Advt.

STATE OF NEW YORK
4¼ Per Cent Gold Bonds
EXEMPT FROM TAXATION, INCLUDING THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX
AMOUNTING TO
$27,000,000.00
Issued in Coupon or Registered Form
Will Be Sold WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1915, at 12 o'clock, noon
At the State Comptroller's Office, Albany, N. Y.
This is the only public sale of New York State bonds that is contemplated during the present calendar year

These bonds have been segregated into two classes, and bidders will be required to state clearly in the proposal the class of bonds and the amount and price for each $100 bid for, coupon bonds being issued in denominations of $1,000.00 and registered bonds in denominations of $1,000.00, $5,000.00, $10,000.00, and $50,000.00.

Class No. 1. $8,000,000.00 for the Improvement of the Erie, Champlain and Oswego canals, dated January 1, 1915, due January 1, 1965; $4,000,000.00 for the Improvement of the Cayuga and Seneca canal, dated January 1, 1915, due January 1, 1965; $10,000,000.00 for the Improvement of Highways, dated March 1, 1915, due March 1, 1965.

As the bonds enumerated above are all 50-year bonds, bearing 4¼ per cent interest, the Comptroller will reserve the right to allot to the successful bidder, bonds of any or all of the above issues in Class No. 1, notwithstanding the specific issue may be stated in the bid.

Class No. 2. $5,000,000.00 for the Construction of Barge Canal Terminals, dated January 1, 1915, due January 1, 1945.

Temporary receipts will be issued which will be exchanged for the permanent bonds when ready for delivery.

These bonds are Legal Investments for Trust Funds

No bids will be accepted for less than the par value of the bonds nor unless accompanied by a deposit of money or by a certified check or bank draft upon a solvent bank or trust company of the cities of Albany or New York, payable to the order of the Comptroller of the State of New York, for at least two per cent of the par value of the bonds bid for.

All proposals, together with the security deposits, must be sealed and endorsed "Loan for Improvement" and enclosed in a sealed envelop directed to the "Comptroller of the State of New York, Albany."

All bids will include accrued interest.

The Comptroller reserves the right to reject any or all bids which are not in his opinion advantageous to the interests of the State.

Circular descriptive of these bonds and of outstanding state bonds, sinking funds, etc., will be mailed upon application to

EUGENE M. TRAVIS, State Comptroller, Albany, N. Y.

Albany, February 13, 1915.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

C. H. TENNEY & CO.
CERTIFICATE OF CONTINUED USE OF PARTNERSHIP NAME.

Whereas, The co-partnership heretofore existing between CHARLES H. TENNEY and DANIEL G. TENNEY, under the firm name of "C. H. TENNEY & CO.," transacted business in this State under said name, for more than three years; and

Whereas, The said firm has been dissolved and the business of said co-partnership will continue to be conducted by the said DANIEL G. TENNEY; and

Whereas, The said DANIEL G. TENNEY is desirous of continuing the use of the firm name of "C. H. TENNEY & CO.," in accordance with the terms of the statute in such cases made and provided;

Now, therefore, I, the undersigned, pursuant to the provisions of the Partnership Law, do hereby make and sign this certificate and declare and certify that I, DANIEL G. TENNEY, intend to transact business under the said firm name of "C. H. TENNEY & CO." That my residence is at No. 830 Park Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York.

Dated, March 6th, 1915.
DANIEL G. TENNEY.

County and State of New York, ss.:

On this 6th day of March, 1915, before me personally appeared DANIEL G. TENNEY, to me known and known to me to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and he duly acknowledged to me that he executed the same.

BENJ. KLINGER,
Comm. of Deeds,
N. Y. City.

C. H. TENNEY.
CERTIFICATE OF CONTINUED USE OF PARTNERSHIP NAME.

WHEREAS, the co-partnership heretofore existing between CHARLES H. TENNEY and DANIEL G. TENNEY, under the firm name of "C. H. TENNEY," transacted business in this State under said name, for more than three years; and

WHEREAS, the said firm has been dissolved and the business of said co-partnership will continue to be conducted by the said DANIEL G. TENNEY; and

WHEREAS, the said DANIEL G. TENNEY is desirous of continuing the use of the firm name of "C. H. TENNEY" in accordance with the terms of the Statute in such cases made and provided;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, the undersigned, pursuant to the provisions of the Partnership Law, do hereby make and sign this certificate and declare and certify that I, DANIEL G. TENNEY, intend to transact business under the said firm name of "C. H. TENNEY." That my residence is at No. 830 Park Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York.

Dated, March 6th, 1915.
DANIEL G. TENNEY.

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, SS.:

On this 6th day of March, 1915, before me personally came DANIEL G. TENNEY, to me known and known to me to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and he duly acknowledged to me that he executed the same.

BENJ. KLINGER,
Comm. of Deeds, N. Y. City.

NOTICE.

THE ROCK ISLAND NATIONAL BANK, located at Rock Island, in the State of Illinois, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

H. E. CASTEEL, President.

Dated at Rock Island, Illinois, this 3rd day of March, A. D. 1915.

The Third National Bank of Jersey City located at Jersey City, in the State of New Jersey, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment. J. HENRY CASTENS, Cashier.

Dated, Jan. 18, 1915.

DIVIDENDS.

INTERNATIONAL SALT COMPANY,
2 Rector Street.
New York, March 2, 1915.

A dividend of ONE-HALF OF ONE PER CENT has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable April 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 15th, 1915, on which date the transfer books, at the office of the Transfer Agent, the Corporation Trust Company, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., will be closed until April 2d, 1915.

WILLIAM H. BARNARD, Treasurer.

Tobacco Products Corporation.
March 8, 1915.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day the ninth reqular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. was declared upon the preferred stock of the Company, payable April 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 20th, 1915. Checks will be mailed.

GRAY MILLER, Treasurer.

THE NATIONAL SUGAR REFINING COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY.
New York, March 9th, 1915.

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable April 2, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 13th, 1915.

H. F. MOLLENHAUER, Treasurer.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
JERSEY CITY, N. J., March 4, 1915.

A Dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid April 1, 1915, to the registered holders of March 9, 1915. Transfer books will be closed on the 9th inst., and will be reopened March 15, 1915.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

NORFOLK & WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. upon the Common Stock of the Company, payable at the office of the Company, Commercial Trust Building, Philadelphia, Pa., March 19, 1915, to the Common Stockholders as registered at the close of business February 27, 1915. E. H. ALDEN, Secretary.

CENTRAL LEATHER COMPANY.

The interest due April 1, 1915, on the coupon and registered bonds of this Company will be paid by the Central Trust Company of New York. The transfer books for the registered bonds will close March 16, 1915, and reopen April 2d, 1915.

H. RAPHAEL, Treasurer.

New York, Feb. 24, 1915.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company,
St. Louis, Mo., March 8th, 1915.

An extra dividend of Four (4%) Per Cent. was this day declared upon the Common Stock of Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company, payable April 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 19th, 1915. Checks will be mailed.

T. T. ANDERSON, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

THE COLORADO FUEL AND IRON CO. invites proposals in writing, to be sent to the Metropolitan Trust Co., City of New York, on or before April 5, 1915, for the sale to it of forty (40) outstanding 6 per cent. bonds of The Colorado Fuel Co., due 1919. Such bonds to be delivered and paid for May 1, 1915, at the Metropolitan Trust Co., 49 Wall St., New York City.

Denver, Colo. Feb. 27, 1915.
A. D. MOSS, Asst. Treas.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN TRIPLICATE will be received by the Quartermaster General of the Army, Washington, D. C., until 2 o'clock P. M., Eastern time, April 7, 1915, for furnishing cordage, rope and twine for delivery during the fiscal year 1916 at depots of the Quartermaster Corps listed in schedule. Schedules furnished upon application to Quartermaster General, U. S. Army, Washington, D. C., or by Depot Quartermaster, No. 39 Whitehall Street, New York City.

MARIE CAHILL A BANKRUPT.

Actress Indorsed Notes for Daniel V. Arthur, Her Husband.

Marie Cahill Arthur, the actress, who is the wife of Daniel V. Arthur, yesterday filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $35,402 and nominal assets of $23,827 causes of action against Daniel V. Arthur, as maker of notes which she indorsed. The petition shows that the actress owns also a bed worth $150, wearing apparel, including a wedding ring, of $250; dressing table, $10, and a desk, $10, which are exempt.

She has eleven creditors, among them being the Hudson Trust Company, $10,000 on a note which she believes she indorsed several years ago. She is not sure of the maker, she says, but probably it was Daniel V. Arthur. She is not sure of the payee or the other indorsers. She says she believes the note was discounted by the Hudson Trust Company, but she has no clear recollection of anything connected with it except that the amount is $10,000.

The Greenwich Bank is a creditor for $7,327 judgment on a note dated Oct. 19, 1912. Another creditor is Lord & Taylor, $5,823. Miss Cahill says she was guarantor on an account of Daniel V. Arthur which was included by him in his schedules, from which he was discharged from bankruptcy in 1912. Other creditors are Stern Brothers, $2,434, dry goods in 1912 and 1913; Jeannette Company, $1,558, dresses and costumes; Revillon Frères, $777, furs, and Renee, London, $500, clothing. Included in her schedules is accommodation paper for $7,000 made by D. V. Arthur, which she indorsed.

Mr. Arthur filed a petition in bankruptcy on March 30, 1912, with liabilities of $154,124 and nominal assets of $39,000, and he received a discharge a few months later.

AUCTION SALES.

MERCHANDISE.

Fashionable and Select Stock of

DRESSES WAISTS and SUITS

Made of the finest Crepe de Chine, Satins, Crepe Meteor, File Silks, Taffetas, Broadcloths, Imported Serges, Velvets, Broadtail Cloth, Gabardines, Fancy Suitings, Imported Cotton Fabrics, Lawn, Batiste, etc., ranging in price as high as $175.00 per garment, will be sold

To-day, Tuesday, March 9th, 1915, At 10:30 A. M., at Salesroom, 15-17 Mercer St., Near Canal St., N. Y. C.,

By D. Hartmann, Auctioneer.

NOTICE—This entire offering is one of the classiest sold for a long time, and deserves the attention of the most critical buyer. All will be sold strictly without reserve. For information telephone Spring 4299.

VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctioneers, Will Sell Today, Tuesday, March 9th, At 10:30 A. M., at Our Salesrooms, 15-17 GREENE STREET, N. Y.,

Bankrupt Stock

Of the Bosse-Burke Shoe Co., Baltimore, Md. $20,000 Worth Very Latest Styles High-grade

MEN'S SHOES

Retailing Up to $8.00 a Pair, Including a Large Quantity of

Dr. Reed's Cushion Sole MEN'S SHOES

BANNISTERS, JOHNSON & MURPHY, and other prominent makers.

DEALERS—Every pair is the latest last, low heel and flat toe. Department stores should give this sale their attention. ALSO 500 PAIRS HIGHEST GRADE Slippers, Romeos and Nullifiers, 200 Cases Men's, Women's & Children's RUBBERS.

$20,000—VALUATION—$20,000. The Entire Stock of the Acme Embroidery Co. of West New York, N. J., bought from the Receiver and removed for convenience of sale. Tremendously Large Stock of About 60,000 Yards

LACES EMBROIDERIES

Lace Cloth, Net Voiles, Organdies, Insertions, &c.; about 40,000 yards Raw Material, viz., Grey Goods, Mercerized and Silk Yarns, Lace and Net Cloth, Crepe, Pique and Organdy; Lingeries, Voiles, Seneca Voile, Grey Cloth, Grey Actz, Colored Organdy, Swiss Organdy, Actz Chiffon, White Mercerized, Natural, Grey and White Bobbins Silk Yarn, Madeira Blue, Persian Silk Yarn, 1,000 lbs. Mercerized and Spool Silk.

M. JAFFE & J. H. FRIEND, Auctioneers, SELL TO-DAY, MARCH 9, 10:30 A. M., on Premises, 1,787 LEXINGTON AVENUE, Near 111th Street, N. Y. C. Auctioneer's Offices—1,787 Lexington Ave. Phone 2,997 Harlem. 819 Myrtle Ave., Brooklyn. Phone 2,452 Williamsburg.

DAVID W. BIOW CO., 520-522 Broadway. (Tel. 6680-6681 Spring), near Spring St. To-day, Tuesday, March 9, 10:30 A. M., Special Peremptory Auction Sale

Extensive Lines of Dry Goods, Hosiery, Underwear, Umbrellas, Cotton Goods, Embroideries, Kimonos and House Dresses, White Goods, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S Wearing Apparel

CHARLES SHONGOOD, AUCTIONEER. By order of the Administrators of the Estate of Daniel Rosendorf, deceased, and by order of SAMUEL ROSENDORF, as surviving member of the firm of Rosendorf & Co., I will sell at public auction upon the premises No. 545 Broadway, New York City, Manhattan Borough, on March 19, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., all the stock-in-trade consisting of hosiery, underwear, knit goods, and similar commodities; also the fixtures and safe, and the good will of said business, and also all outstanding accounts of said business.

CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer, 539 Broadway, New York City, Manhattan Borough.

KANTROWITZ & ESBERG, Attorneys for Samuel Rosendorf, and for administrators of Estate of Daniel Rosendorf, deceased, 320 Broadway, New York City, Manhattan Borough.

FURNITURE—RUGS—ART.

KEELER ART GALLERIES 12 Vesey St., near Broadway. (Subway Station at Fulton St.) AUCTION SALES THIS WEEK. TOMORROW (WED.) AT 2 P. M. Choice Household Furnishings, Including Irish Linen Table Cloths, Napkins and Toweling, a Lorillard Refrigerator, Bric-a-Brac, Pictures, Books, etc. THURSDAY AT 2 P. M. ORIENTAL RUGS and Carpets, all sizes and weaves. FRIDAY AT 3 P. M. A Collection of 75 OIL PAINTINGS to Close Various Estates. Mr. GEORGE W. KEELER, Auct'r.

JEWELRY.

WHOLESALE JOBBER'S STOCK SOLID GOLD STAPLE JEWELRY

SAMUEL MARX, Auctioneer, SELLS THURSDAY, MARCH 11TH, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., on premises, NO. 35 MAIDEN LANE, THIRD FLOOR, ROOM 21, (no flag displayed,) a large, desirable stock of above, consisting of cuff buttons, studs, fobs, charms, bar pins, pin sets, hatpins, cuff pins, brooches, lockets, pendants, scarfpins, tie clips, &c. All solid gold, in large lots, strictly without reserve. Exhibition on Wednesday, March 10th, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. Auctioneer's office, Woolworth Building, Suite 2,120-2,126. Tel. 6911-12 Barclay.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MORTGAGE SALE. VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctrs., Will Sell Thursday, March 11th, at 11 A. M., on premises, 156 Berriman St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Jacob Fisher, Mortgagee, Beninger Swiss Embroidery Machine, with frames 4½ yards; Zurich Swiss Embroidery Machine, with frames 4½ yards; 5-Yard Saxonia Swiss Embroidery Machine, with frames; one Shuttle Machine, bearing No. 5499; one Shuttle Machine, bearing No. 6630.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

45 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

PAJAMAS.—Wm. H. Towles Mfg. Co. of Baltimore are now showing their best lines at the WORLD'S MARKET CORPORATION, 28-30 West 23d St., N. Y. C., to which address all buyers are directed.

Salesman for New York State, Pennsylvania, and Ohio, to handle the cleverest $9 cotton and silk waist line for the trade; must have established trade; strictly commission basis. X 256 Times Annex.

We have 10,000 crepe de chine and crepe Georgette waists for immediate delivery at $2.25; regular $5 sellers. Chelsea Waist Co., 152-156 West 25th St. Phone 9745 Farragut.

SALESMAN wishes connections several reliable houses as agent; lines must be for jobber or large retailer for Baltimore territory; best references. X 258 Times Annex.

CONTRACTORS ON WASH DRESSES, from $2.50 to $7.50; must furnish own samples; immediate orders; call all week, afternoons, 3d floor, 37 West 32d St.

JOBBING TRADE, M. M. Kirschenbaum & Bro., Baltimore; best made pile and cloth coats. Showing Room 300, Broadway Central Hotel.

HAVE QUANTITY black velvet ribbons, Nos. 1 and 1½; very low price to close; will submit samples. S., Box 321 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Bags, belts, and kindred lines to sell department stores, New York City and New England; commission. M 173 Times.

Jobber looking at wash dresses, price $2.50 to $7.50. Call morning up to 12 o'clock, top floor, 37 West 19th St.

CLOAK, suit, waist and dress man, active American, aged 24, desires position as assistant resident buyer. M 128 Times.

BIG JOB of party and evening dresses to close out very cheap. Grand Dress Co., 38 and 40 West 33d St.

Jobber looking at wash
and silk dresses.
Room 1,804, 15 East 26th.

WE ARE OPEN for snappy numbers of suits and silk waists. Twelfth floor, Room 1,201, 108 and 110 West 34th.

JOBBER is open for better priced wash dresses, placing quantity orders. 130 West 29th St., 1st floor.

Cloak Salesman, catering to jobbers, catalogue houses and large retailers, desires connection with reliable house. M 11 Times.

Ready to place orders on snappy Spring and Summer dresses. Call all week, 145 Wooster St., 6th floor.

Julliard's, French serge—4408 at less than mill prices; also other Spring woolens. S 26 Times.

SALESMAN on dresses to sell jobbers and manufacturers; commission only. S 28 Times.

Cash for jobs; ladies', misses' wearing apperal. Gross, 29 Greene Street; Spring-886.

Salesman.—Crackerjack salesman wishes to handle coats, suits or dresses. M 157 Times.

WE ARE OPEN FOR WHITE DRESSES from $2.50 to $7.50. Tenth floor, 6-8 W. 32d.

JOBS in men's and boys' clothing; cut prices. A. Schaap & Sons, A'ct'rs, 394 Broadway.

FIFTEEN PIECES of satin duchess to close out, all colors. M 175 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..3½@4 per cent. for the best names
Saturday...3½@4 " " " " " "

The quotation is for six months' paper.

⁂

Fancy Top Shoes Will Stay.

Manufacturers and wholesalers of shoes are now planing for Fall business. It looks as if fancy tops are going to stay, which means the reducing of more lines of black shoes in the retail stores. According to the Morse & Rogers bulletin, an attempt has been made toward a Russian military boot effect in women's footwear. Samples have been shown that are made on a regular riding-boot pattern with patent leather vamp, colored kid top, and patent leather cuffs. Samples are also being made of a black lace high-cut shoe with the boot effect in front and cuff top. This shoe will, cource, fit tight around the ankle, where the regular boot is baggy.

⁂

Should Also Visit Customers.

Commenting on the best way for a house to be up to the minute in its styles, the representative of a prominent clothing concern said that it is a very good thing not only for the members of the firm, but also the designer and piece-goods buyer, to get around among the retailers. In this way, he pointed out, the men who really have the choosing of styles are able to keep in touch with retail conditions and are thereby so much better qualified to make selections and create designs that the salesmen will have little difficulty in selling. In this particular concern the designer, who has attained an enviable reputation in his profession, makes a practice of seeing the retailers at least four or five times a year and picks up many valuable ideas on these trips.

⁂

Bleached Goods Are Active.

There is little complaint heard in the local dry goods market these days concerning the demand for bleached goods. The agent for one of the best-known lines in the country said yesterday that in the last three months there had been the most active demand for the goods in question that had been seen in twenty years. Other prominent factors in this branch of the trade also tell of good business, the buyers apparently realizing that circumstances are entirely in their favor. There is no question in the minds of either buyers or sellers that prices are "right," and that waiting will do the former more harm than good. Already prices have been advanced on one very well-known brand a quarter of a cent a yard from the low point recently touched.

⁂

French Strength Tests of Cloth.

Regardless of the fact that it is impossible to obtain the same values in the piece goods market now as was the case six months ago, the French seem intent on raising the strength test for the uniform cloth they desire without making a proportionate allowance in the price to be paid. For this reason a large order figuring in the millions goes begging in the market, with no factor willing to take it over. While the original test asked for was 88 for the warp and 77 for the filling, the French representatives have made a concession to the extent of lowering this to 60 and 70. They are willing to pay $1.37½ a yard, while the selling agents contend that $1.50 would be a low price. The cloth made six months ago was only subject to a test of 46 and 54, and this, it is said, sold at $1.50.

⁂

Better Call for Small Wares.

There was a picking up yesterday in the call for small wares in this market, the demand for which had tapered off somewhat last week. Much of the buying is being done by representatives of stores operating special bargain departments or stores which use cheap merchandise as leaders for sales. In fact, it was said by one well-posted merchant yesterday that considerably more business was coming from those sources now than from the regular 5, 10, and 25 cent stores. In addition to the regular lines of merchandise that are offered for the stores in question, in one of the exhibitions a pop-corn machine is shown the idea of the manufacturer being that a store purchasing one of the machines, which are operated by electricity, can make the investment profitable by selling the product it turns out in 5, 10, and 25 cent packages.

⁂

Situation Very Unsettled.

The salesmen for the clothing manufacturers, who will start shortly on their Fall trips, have never probably faced a more difficult situation than the one they are entering. Every man seems to have a different idea of the conditions that will be encountered. Some believe that they will find the retailers in a buying mood owing to the more confident turn that the country has taken. They figure that the active character of the duplicate Spring business that is now being turned in is a healthy sign. On the other hand, those pessimistically inclined quote the conditions that have prevailed during last Fall and this Winter. While the shrinkage amounted in some cases to as high as 40 per cent. with the manufacturers due to adverse weather conditions, the retailers even when they bought sparingly were unable to clear out heavyweight stocks.

⁂

A Good Mail Business Was Done.

Yesterday was another good day in this market for mail business, many of the commission houses getting liberal orders from the jobbers in this way, in spite of the fact that many of the salesmen are now in from the road. Some of the jobbers also got good business in this way on the less seasonable merchandise, the call for the latter being stopped from several sections of the country by the reappearance of Winter last week. In the mail of the commission houses were found orders covering a wide variety of merchandise, indicating that the jobbers outside of the city find little to complain of. Orders that came from Southern points continued to show the improvement in the situation there that has been noticeable now for several weeks, in spite of the uncertainty regarding future exports of cotton to Germany. It was said that orders from the agricultural districts of the Middle West were especially liberal.

⁂

Gray Goods Demand Continues.

There was a good business done in the gray goods market yesterday, printcloths showing much of the activity that characterized them late last week. Bids of 5⅝ cents for 39-inch 80 squares for late delivery were refused, though some of the mills would be willing to let these goods out at 5¾ cents for delivery up to Sept. 1. Sales of 39-inch 72-76s were made at 5 cents for spot shipment and for delivery during the next sixty days, but bids at the same price for deliveries running well into the Fall were declined. A report was heard in the market during the day that 39-inch 68-72s had been disposed of for June-September shipment at 4⅝ cents, but inquiry could not verify it. Business was done on 38½-inch 64-56s at 3¾ cents for delivery in June, July, and August, while spot 64-60s in that width were said to be getting very scarce at 3¾ cents. Narrow goods were quiet, with prices more or less nominal. The day's spot sprices, which are a sixteenth to an eighth under contract figures, follow:

39-inch, 80-80s....5⅝c	38½-inch, 64-56s...3⅝c
39-inch, 72-76s....5c	38½-inch, 60-52s...3⅜c
39-inch, 68-72s....4⅝c	38½-inch, 60-48s...3⅛c
38½-inch, 64-64s...3⅞c	27-inch, 64-60s...2⅝c
38½-inch, 64-60s...3¾c	27-inch, 56-52s...2⅛c

DYESTUFFS COMING HERE.

Matanzas Due Soon with a Very Large Cargo of Them.

No credence was given in shipping and importing circles here yesterday to an alleged cable dispatch to the effect that the steamer Matanzas, which was to sail from Bremen with a big consignment of German dyestuffs, had been compelled by the Government authorities to unload her cargo. According to the cable, the steamship was to have left Bremen last Saturday, but at the last moment the dyestuffs were taken out of her hold. No reason for this action was given in the dispatch.

At the general offices of the Ward Line, Pier 14, East River, nothing was known of the reported hold-up of the ship's cargo. "According to our advices," said a representative of the steamship company, "the Matanzas left Bremen for this port Feb. 28 with a full cargo of colors and other ingredients used in dyeing operations. The vessel is supposed to now have been out of port nine days, headed for New York. We have heard nothing to indicate that the cargo was removed, or that there has been any untoward incident in her voyage. She is expected here within a few days."

At the offices of the Badische Company, 128 Duane Street, an official said that while the dye importing business at the present time is a "maze of complications," his concern had received no information contrary to the understanding among importers that the Matanzas was now well on her way here with a good-sized cargo. As the Badische Company is one of the largest handlers in this country of German dyes, it was regarded as probable that had the incident referred to in the cables actually occurred the firm would have been informed by cable. A similar statement was made by a representative of the Farbwerke-Hoechst Company, formerly H. A. Metz & Co.

The Matanzas was chartered from the Ward Line by Roger Brothers of Richmond, Va., to take a cotton cargo to Bremen. When the ship arrives here, it was said, the charterers will turn her over to a consignee who will arrange for the distribution of the dyestuffs. According to one of the biggest dyesuff importers, the Matanzas' cargo of colors has a value exceeding $1,500,000, covering goods for practically all of the leading firms in this city. The Ward Line received many inquiries yesterday regarding the Matanzas, but to all the same answer was given, that the ship is supposed to be nearing this port.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Duties Are Fixed on Statues, Lumber, and Other Articles.

Wells Fargo & Co. were overruled yesterday by the Board of General Appraisers in a claim for the free entry of small statues of porcelain containing pictures of saints. Duty was taken under the Act of 1913 as porcelain ware, while the importers contended that the articles are "artistic antiquities" exempt from duty. The board held that the evidence does not warrant upsetting the Collector's classification.

D. Ullmann & Co. imported coronation cord and battenberg rings, which were returned for duty at the rate of 60 per cent. ad valorem under the Tariff act of 1909, as cords. The claim was that the goods are properly dutiable at 45 per cent. ad valorem as manufactures of cotton. The board decided that the battenberg rings are dutiable at the lower rate claimed, but affirmed the higher customs tax on the coronation cords.

The Central Vermont Railway Company was sustained in the claim for free entry under the present law of maple flooring, planed on two sides, tongued and grooved on ends and edges and with the undersides furrowed. The same action was taken relative to birch flooring prepared as above but matched on ends. The Collector exacted a duty of 15 per cent. ad valorem as manufactures of wood. Judge McClelland says in sustaining the protest that it was the purpose of Congress in the latest revision of the tariff to place all kinds of lumber, regardless of how it is treated, as long as it has not lost its identity as lumber, on the free list.

R. S. Wheeler, San Francisco, failed to obtain free entry for sawn Japanese white oak permitted under the present tariff law. The authorities took duty at 15 per cent. ad valorem as cabinet wood, whereas the importer claimed free entry as sawed lumber. The protestant failed to attend the hearing. The decision says a perusal of the official papers in the case discloses no error on the part of the Collector.

Marshall Field & Co., and other importers, Chicago, were overruled in protests against the Custom House assessments made on buttons and braids. They were taxed under the present tariff either as buttons or botton forms, at various rates. Several claims were filed for lower duties, but at the trial the importers failed to substantiate their contentions.

E. de Grandmont lost in a controversy over the size of the yarn in cotton cloth. It was classified as exceeding No. 39, but not exceeding No. 49, and duty was assessed at the rate of 20 per cent. ad valorem under the Act of 1913. The importer claimed the yarn is of a lower number, carrying duty at only 15 per cent. As an analysis in the local Appraiser's office showed that the average size is 45, the Collector's classification was affirmed.

LARGE CONCERNS INVOLVED.

List of Drawback Revocations and Suspensions Received.

The complete list of Treasury decisions providing for the payment of drawbacks on articles manufactured in the United States with use of imported materials, which were either revoked or suspended last week by Assistant Secretary Peters, was received at the Custom House yesterday, and contains the names of over 700 individuals and firms formerly receiving refunds on duties paid.

In the case of revocation of drawbacks the official statement says the action is taken because a great majority of the manufacturers have indicated to the department that they do not intend to claim further drawback under these decisions, while, in the case of suspensions of decisions, the Assistant Secretary states that the conditions of manufacture have changed materially and the department desires "a reinvestigation at the factory of the manufacturer prior to payment of drawback under any of the rates mentioned in order to avoid confusion and error in the drawback claims."

Some of the leading concerns affected by the Treasury's action include the Bigelow Carpet Company, American Lead Pencil Company, Baldwin Locomotive Works, Eugene Dietzen Company, Edison Electric Light Company, International Steam Pump Company, National Wire Corporation, Nassau Smelting and Refining Works, Otis Elevator Company, Oxford University Press Company, Roessler & Hasslacher Chemical Company, Southern Cotton Oil Company, Waltham Manufacturing Company, Southern Pacific Company, United States Cartridge Company, New York Leather Belting Company, and International Harvester Company.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Leon Meyer, well known in the clothing trade as one of the leading advocates in the "Votes for Salesmen" movement, has severed his connection with Cohn, Brown & Co. and now represents Ivan Frank & Co., manufacturers of young men's, boys', and children's clothing, 783 Broadway.

Sidney Webster, manufacturer of silk and cotton petticoats, has opened up an office and salesroom at 320 Fifth Avenue.

The Cotton Garment Manufacturers of New York will hold their annual meeting on April 5.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

AKRON—M. O'Neil Co.; J. D. Martens, domestics, wash goods, linens; 37 West 26th.
ALBANY—Walsh Sons; P. J. Walsh, hats; Navarre.
ALBANY—M. P. Freedman, men's, women's clothing; Longacre.
ALBANY—W. M. Whitney & Co.; W. Taylor, upholstery goods; P. J. McManus, cloaks, suits; J. A. Roberts, dry goods; 41 Union Square.
ALLENTOWN—Hess Bros.; E. Osmun, flannels; 315 4th Av.
ATLANTA—M. Rich & Brothers Co.; L. J. Rich, cloaks, suits; 148 West 23d.
ATLANTA—J. Duffy, furn. goods; Gerard.
ATLANTA—J. Buchman, dry goods; Broadway Central.
AUGUSTA, Ga.—J. B. White & Co.; J. W. Pearce, domestics, linens, blankets; 214 Church; Prince George.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss C. H. Fuld, children's wear; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Julius Gutman & Co.; E. J. Gutman, ladies' ready-to-wear; McAlpin.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss M. G. Townsend, embroideries; Miss J. Armstrong, waists; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—W. Koch Importing Co.; F. A. Finke, domestics; Broadway Central.
BALTIMORE—A. A. Brager; M. M. Levy, clothing; Wallick's.
BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; J. E. Berk, waists, muslin underwear; 470 4 Av.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; B. R. Reid, dress goods; S. Lansburg, general merchandise; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Brothers; S. Lustig, laces, embroideries, notions, leather goods; 470 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Brothers; J. Wolf, cloaks, suits; Strand.
BALTIMORE—John E. Hurst & Co.; A. C. Wilson, underwear; 15 E. 26th.
BALTIMORE—A. A. Brager; L. Goldberg, general merchandise; 116 West 32d.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss R. Sperzel, muslin underwear; Miss E. M. Curry, toilet articles; 220 5th Av.
BERWICK, Penn.—Berwick Stores Co.; W. C. Garrison, general merchandise; Breslin.
BOSTON—William Filene's Sons Co.; Mrs. Louis, trimmed millinery; Mr. Dutch, untrimmed millinery; Miss Busbee, millinery, trimmings, (basement buyers;) Mr. Kich, millinery; Mr. Ring, dresses; Mr. Bradley, furnishing goods; Mr. Cooper, coats, suits; Mr. Levy, waists; A. C. Smith, infants', children's, juniors' coats, dresses, petticoats, dresses; 116 West 32d.
BOSTON—Shepard, Norwell, Co.; G. E. Miller, furs; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—T. P. O'Connor & Co.; P. L. Flynn, cloaks, suits; Great Northern.
BOSTON—Shepard-Norwell Co.; E. Gillis, domestics; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; I. Friedlander, boys' clothing; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON—L. & F. Mfg. Co.; H. Fox, pants; Imperial.
BROCKTON, Mass.—Fraser D. G. Co.; I. Seaton, cloaks, suits, waists, underwear; Broztell.
BAUFFALO—Flint & Kent; W. O. Ransley, notions; Miss Sturtevant, fancy goods; 220 5th Av.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; T. Moffatt, hosiery, gloves, furn. goods; 18 W. 35th.
BUFFALO—Clawson & Wilson Co.; J. Wilson, furs; 43 Leonard.
BUFFALO—Weisseman-Eiss Co.; C. H. Weisseman, dry goods; Herald Square.
BUFFALO—I. S. Given, cloaks, suits; 72 Madison Av.
CHICAGO—Rosenwald & Weil; J. Rosenwald, Summer clothing; 220 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; H. E. Bruce, dressmaking; 115 Worth.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; F. C. Wettler, knit underwear; C. E. Warren, dressmaking; W. Williams, W. Nelson, millinery; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss F. S. Tarrson, Miss Malecek, women's waists, petticoats, wrappers, underwear, infants' wear; 15 E. 22.
CHICAGO—Siegel-Cooper Co.; H. L. Bernbaum, women's ready to wear; Miss M. E. Noonan, women's waists, sweaters; 15 E 22.
CHICAGO—C. A. Stevens & Brothers; S. Willard, cloaks, suits; 40 East 22d.
CHICAGO—Sears-Roebuck & Co.; C. A. Walter, toilet goods; 438 Bwy.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; H. S. Manchester, cloaks, suits; 104 Worth.
CINCINNATI—M. Kuppin, notions; Breslin.
CINCINNATI—Miller Bros & Co.; T. J. Miller, hosiery, gloves; J. Fanning; Flanders.
CLEVELAND—The Bailey Co.; A. Ahrens, children's wear; Miss H. Tyroler, waists; Miss A. Feihn, dresses, bathing suits; 71 West 23d.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Miss Frehn, dresses; A. H. Keske, boys' clothing; W. K. Scott, men's clothing; 71 W. 23d.
CLEVELAND—Browning, King & Co.; C. A. Dolan, clothing; 16 Cooper Square.
CLEVELAND—Browning, King & Co.; T. J. Wise, clothing; 16 Cooper Square.
CLEVELAND—Scott, Griggs, Co.; P. J. Dolt, general mdse.; 4 W. 22d.
CLEVELAND—Morehouse Co.; Mrs. Keyes, ladies' wear; Collingwood.
COLUMBUS—Tracy-Wells Co.; W. P. Tracy, housefurnishing goods; Navarre.
DAVENPORT, Iowa—Abrahams & Schultz; B. W. Abrahams, cloaks waists; 1,161 Bwy.
DAYTON—Elder & Johnston Co.; L. Hunkler, house furn. goods, china, toys; 2 Walker.
DENVER—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.; Miss N. M. Miller, dressmaking; 71 W. 23d.
DENVER—Morey Mercantile Co.; J. Fairbanks, groceries; Algonquin.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; A. H. Schrashun, jewelry, leather goods; 50 Union Square.
DETROIT—Kline Garment Co.; Miss J. Sharp, waists; 95 Madison Av.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Mrs. D. J. Springer, children's wear; 50 Union Square.
DES MOINES—Lederer, Strauss & Co.; M. Sannsh, flowers, feathers; 621 Bwy.
DES MOINES—Harris-Emery Co.; W. P. Gerber, ready to wear; 1,270 B'way.
ELYRIA, Ohio—J. Lersch & Co.; R. Lersch, ready to wear; 1,270 B'way.
ERIE—F. L. Streuber, laces, handkerchiefs; York.
FALL RIVER—Troy Store; Miss Sullivan, cloaks, suits; Miss Cahill, waists; Imperial.
FRANKLIN, Penn.—Edward Harris, suits; 43 W. 27th.
GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y.—Sykes Millinery Co.; Mrs. C. E. Sykes, millinery; Breslin.
GRAND RAPIDS—Spring D. G. Co.; E. J. Sullivan, representing; 214 Church.
GRAND RAPIDS—C. Frankla & Co.; C. Trankla, general mdse.; 432 4th Av.
HARTFORD—Brown-Thomson Co.; F. W. Blauvelt, furn. goods, hosiery, umbrellas; Miss Ryan, women's wear; 2 Walker.
HARTFORD—Emporium World Millinery Co.; H. L. Isenberg, jobs children's hats, millinery; 621 Broadway.
HARTFORD—G. Fox & Co.; J. L. Fox, hosiery, gloves; 320 Church.
HIBBING, Minn.—Boston Department Store; H. Bromm, cloaks, suits, dresses, skirts; Broadway Central.
HOLYOKE—McAuslan & Wakelin Co.; Miss Labarre, ladies' wear; Miss A. Collins, waists; J. Wakelin, silks; Navarre.
INDIANAPOLIS—Pettis D. G. Co.; W. D. Sandford, china, glass, 2 Walker.
INDIANAPOLIS—J. A. Rink, millinery; Imperial.
JACKSONVILLE—Kohn-Furchgott Co.; L. Furchgott, bargain basement; 110 Worth.
JAMESTOWN, N. Y.—Hammerstein-Freed D. G. Co.; J. P. Danielson, dry goods; Wallick's.
KANSAS CITY—G. B. Peck D. G. Co.; Miss K. Finnagan, ready-to-wear; 230 5th Av.
LAWRENCE, Mass.—Robertson-Sutherland Co.; Mrs. M. R. Johnson, neckwear, ribbons; 432 4th Av.; Herald Square.
LEWISBURG, Penn.—G. Kohler & Co.; G. Kohler, general merchandise; St. James.
LINCOLN—Miller & Paine; E. C. Miller, upholstery goods, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
LOS ANGELES—Jacoby Bros.; B. Strauss, bargain basement; 116 W. 32.
LOUISVILLE—Mayer Skirt Co.; M. Mayer, skirts; Herald Square.
MEMPHIS—Bry-Block Mercantile Co.; I. D. Block, women's neckwear, handkerchiefs, laces, embroideries; J. Weinberg, men's furnishing goods, clothing; M. J. Starr, millinery; 353 4th Av.
MIDDLETOWN, N. Y.—A. E. Ruggles, clothing, furn. goods; Gregorian.
MILWAUKEE—Milwaukee Apparel Co.; L. Elias, ladies' ready-to-wear; Claridge.
MILWAUKEE—Herzfeld-Phillipson Co.; J. J. Jacklin, sporting goods, toys, china; Mr. Gullach, men's, boys' clothing; 31 Union Square.
MURPHY, N. C.—Chandler Department Store; Mrs. C. Ottinger, ladies' wear; G. W. Chandler, dry goods; Aberdeen.
NASHVILLE—Lebeck Brothers; J. H. Goodman, silks, dress goods; C. Hirshberg, dry goods; 1,261 Broadway; Somerset.
NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—J. V. Spare D. G. Co.; A. W. Peters, hosiery, gloves; 116 W. 32d; Navarre.
NEW HAVEN—Bowditch Co.; G. W. Crane, furniture; Murray Hill.
NEW HAVEN—M. Ripps Co.; M. Ripps, dry goods; St. Denis.
NEW HAVEN—J. Weissman, pants, overalls; New Victoria.
NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche; S. Mann, blankets, flannels, silks, dress goods; 114 5th Av.
NORFOLK—B. Altschul, suits; 1,133 Broadway.
OMAHA—Burgess-Nash Co.; E. S. Beale, pianos, talking machines; 1,133 B'way, Knickerbocker.
OXFORD, Penn.—Watson & Winchester; J. R. Winchester, clothing; York.
PAWTUCKET—D. Harley Co.; D. H. Borden, notions, furnishing goods, ribbons; Breslin.
PAWTUCKET—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; C. H. Clark, cloaks, suits, waists; 75 Spring.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Wolfson, dry goods; Grand.
PHILADELPHIA—C. S. Tanguay & Co.; C. S. Tanguay, waists; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—Bettlehem & Coyne; J. J. Coyne, cloakings; 1,182 Bwy.
PHILADELPHIA—Wm. Steppocher & Bro.; Wm. Steppocher, shirts; 200 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Silverman & Son; S. B. Koeffler, laces; W. Silverman, cotton, woolen goods; A. Silverman, ready-to-wear; 7 West 22d.
PHILADELPHIA—Berg & Berg; Miss Dorfman, ready-to-wear; 200 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—Berg Brothers; Miss Parness, dresses; 71 West 23d.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Miss L. Avery, ribbons; Miss B. E. Ramsey, infants' wear; E. Bohn, leather goods; J. Scammell, books; Miss A. Guggenheim, umbrellas; C. N. Whiteley, linings; E. Goldman, merchandise manager; Mrs. L. B. Walter, jewelry, silverwear, clocks; G. B. Dunn, art needlework, artists' materials; D. S. Scott, furnishing goods; B. F. Montague, gloves; Broadway and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—Penn Furniture Co.; A. Gusdorf, carpets; Marseilles.
PITTSBURG—Arbuthnot-Stephenson Co.; E. C. McCabe, notions, jewelry; F. L. Flynn, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
PHILADELPHIA—J. W. Wilson & Co.; J. W. Wilson, dry goods; Empire.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; Mr. Finkelhar, Miss McGreevy, suits; Miss Jacobs, coats; I. Seder, general; 364 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—J. T. Winn, clothing; Wellington.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; J. H. Harris, china, crockery, toys; Miss M. Gibian, jobs, waists; L. Silverstein, rugs, carpets, upholstery goods; 200 5 Av.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—England Brothers; C. D. Pease, silks; 1,270 Broadway; Herald Square.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—Jones & Logan; T. H. Logan, general dry goods; Grand.
POTSDAM, N. Y.—H. J. River, silks, dress goods, general ready to wear; Woodstock; Miss M. Seamen, millinery; Grand.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann, Baer & Co.; Miss G. O. Preston, ready-to-wear garments; 95 Madison Av.
PITTSBURGH—Lewin-Neiman Co.; B. Neiman, coats, suits; 470 4th Av.
PROVIDENCE—Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; A. L. True, J. W. Cole, furn. goods; 2 Walker.
PROVIDENCE—S. Rosendale, millinery; Flanders.
PROVIDENCE—Collender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; B. Martin, house furn. goods; 2 Walker.
QUITMAN, Ga.—Laarus Bros.; P. Laarus, L. Lazarus, dry goods; Albert.
READING—Kline, Epplhimer & Co.; F. M. Rieser, dress goods, silks, cloaks; 315 4th Av.
READING—Kline, Epplhimer & Co.; D. Mould, cloaks, suits; 315 4th Av.
READING—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; J. A. Burkey, upholstery goods; 2 Walker; Herald Square.
READING—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; W. G. Munshower, knit underwear; 2 Walker; Wallick's.
ROCKFORD, Ill.—W. S. Martin Co.; H. L. Wortham, ready to wear; 69 5th Av.
ROCHESTER—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; T. A. Weaver, drugs; 432 4th Av.; Prince George.
ROCHESTER—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; G. M. Pratt, domestics; E. C. Meachum, jewelry; 432 4th Av.
SALEM, Mass.—Almy, Bigelow & Washburn; W. L. Shaw, silks; 2 Walker.
SALT LAKE CITY—Zion Co-op. Merc. Institution; D. Lang, clothing, furn. goods; 75 Leonard.
SAN FRANCISCO—Prager Co.; A. M. Eisenfelder, laces, embroideries, neckwear, veilings, hdkfs.; 200 5th Av.
SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—H. S. Barney Co.; J. F. Harmon, general mdse.; 75 Spring.
SCRANTON—Moses Bros. & Co.; B. Moses, furn. goods; Belleclaire.
SEATTLE—MacDougall & Southwick Co.; M. Evoy, dress goods silks; 214 Church; McAlpin.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Smith & Murray; A. Leith, cloaks, suits; 432 4th Av.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—A. Steiger & Co.; J. B. Dorey, draperies; 105 Grand.
SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—E. Wren Co.; E. F. Meyers, clothing; 1,270 Bwy.; Woodward.
STAUNTON, Va.—Big Dept. Store; J. H. Bryan, dry goods; Breslin.
ST. LOUIS—L. Herzog & Bro. D. G. Co.; F. Herzog, dry goods; 72 Leonard.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; A. R. Whitehouse, ready-to-wear; 470 4th Av.; Cumberland.
ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; A. Jungk, hosiery; W. J. Cardle, corsets, women's neckwear, notions, gloves, ribbons; 258 Church.
ST. LOUIS—S. A. Rider Jewelry Co.; H. Reinberg, dolls, novelties; 31 Union Square.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. Dry Goods Co.; Miss McClusky, waists; 470 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; Mr. Page, ladies', misses' white, colored, wash dresses; 37 West 26th.
ST. PAUL—Golden Rule; P. A. Broeker, hosiery, knit underwear; 1,270 Bwy.
SYRACUSE—Neal & Hyde; T. H. Neal, domestics, dress goods, silks; 72 Leonard; Park Avenue.
UTICA, N. Y.—Reed Clothing Co.; G. W. Reed, men's, women's ready-to-wear; Navarre.
TOLEDO—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss A. M. Cole, gloves; 50 Union Square.
TOLEDO—Thompson, Hudson, Co.; H. J. Mason, dress goods, silks; 50 Union Square.
TOLEDO—W. L. Milner & Co.; Miss A. M. Jensen, millinery; 20 W. 22d.
TOLEDO—Kline Cloak Co.; M. Tobias, ready-to-wear; W. Isaacs, ready-to-wear; 95 Madison Av.
TROY—W. P. Herbert & Co.; W. P. Herbert, cloaks, suits; 60 West 33d.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lathrop; Mrs. M. Johnson, ladies' hosiery, knit underwear; Miss S. Eber, millinery; Miss Carroll, cloaks, suits; Mrs. J. C. Nourse, notions, art goods, trimmings; Miss Steigall, waists; 334 4th Av.
Miller, ladies', infants' wear, corsets; 15 W. 26th.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; H. Grunebaum, dress goods, silks; 15 West 26th.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; A. H. Baum, housefurnishing goods; 15 West 26th.
WHEELING—Stone & Thomas; E. J. Stone, W. E. Stone, ready to wear; 1,270 B'way.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; Miss K. E.
WORCESTER—John C. MacInnes Co.; G. W. Aubuchon, hosiery, gloves; G. L. Moran, linings; 432 4th Av.
WORCESTER—Barnard-Sumner Putnam Co.; Miss J. Ossene, ribbons; 75 Spring; Collingwood.

Will Curb Trade Abuse.

It was reported yesterday that a movement will shortly be started in the ready-to-wear trades to do away with the practice of filling open orders in a way that practically amounts to selling the goods on consignment. While it is said that not many of the manufacturers take this means of getting business, it is intimated that enough of them do it to encourage the retailers to demand such an arrangement under penalty of transferring the business to some more obliging house. The biggest problem at the moment is the way in which the offending manufacturers can be got after, there being no legal means in sight of stopping the evil. Just how far a campaign of "education" would go toward bringing about the desired result is problematical, for it is said that the kind of manufacturers who do this sort of thing do not take kindly to any knowledge that will tend to flatten their purses.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

A strong upward movement occurred in the wheat market, and at the close of the day values were 3¼@8⅛c above the final of Saturday and 9⅛@13¾c above the low point of the recent downward movement which culminated on Friday. The May position showed the greatest strength. Cash wheat was scarce in all positions and premiums were firm. The Government crop report, issued after the close of the market, made the amount of wheat in farmers' hands on March 1 152,903,000 bushels, compared with 151,809,000 last year. These figures, with the visible supply on March 1 of 49,687,000 and a Western authority's figure on supplies in second hands of $115,000,000, make the total available supply 317,590,000 bushels. In the local cash market No. 2 red Winter wheat was quoted at $1.61¼ and No. 2 hard at $1.63¼, all rail, cost, insurance, and freight; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.56¼, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.57¾, cost, insurance, and freight, Buffalo.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	..	..	1.59¼	1.49¾	1.01⅜
July	..	..	1.28	1.23	96⅞

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.57⅞	1.51⅞	1.57¼	1.49¾	..
July	1.28¼	1.25¼	1.28¼	1.23	..

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.49½	1.43½	1.49¼	1.41⅛	93
July	1.19½	1.16	1.19⅝	1.15	97⅝

CORN.

The corn market was stimulated by the strength in wheat, but encountered considerable selling pressure on the advance, and net price changes for the day were gains of ⅝c. The visible supply showed a decrease for the week of 1,291,000 bushels, but the total was 39,947,000, or about 20,000,000 in excess of last year's figures. The Government report showed farm reserves of 910,894,000 bushels, compared with 866,392,000 last year, and, with the visible supply, the total figures amount to 952,632,000, or 65,560,000 in excess of last year's available supply. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 84¾c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	74	73¼	73¾	73⅛	66¼
July	76⅜	75½	75¾	75⅛	65⅞

OATS.

Oats were firmer with the other markets and on export sales of abut 500,000 bushels, closing 1⅛@1½c net higher. The visible supply decreased 3,026,000 bushels for the week, compared with in increase of 88,000 last year. The farm reserves were placed at 379,369,000 bushels, which, with the visible supply, indicate a total of 412,627,000, or about 32,000,000 less than last year. The local cash market was firm; standard quoted at 62½c; No. 2 white, 63c; No. 3 white, 62c; No. 4 white, 61@61½c; fancy clipped white, 64@65c; ordinary clipped white, 62@64c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	57⅞	56⅝	57½	56	39¾
July	53	52¼	53	51⅞	39¼

COFFEE.

The coffee market was inactive, with total sales for the day aggregating only 5,500 bags, but the tone was heavy, and at the close of the day values were 1 to 5 points net lower. In the local spot market trading was quiet, but a steadier tone prevailed, with Rio 7s quoted at 7¾c.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	..	..	5.64@5.05	5.68
April	..	..	5.72@5.73	5.76
May	5.81	5.77	5.77@5.78	5.82
June	..	..	5.79@5.81	5.84
July	6.83	6.82	6.82@6.83	6.84
August	..	..	6.89@6.91	6.91
September	7.00	7.00	6.97@6.98	6.99
October	..	..	7.02@7.03	7.05
November	..	..	7.08@7.10	7.11
December	7.19	7.19	7.15@7.17	7.18
January	7.26	7.26	7.21@7.23	7.22

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was firmer, owing to the strength in grain and in hogs, while at the same time considerable emphasis was placed on the larger export clearances during the past week, especially of lard. Shipments from New York last week amounted to 16,774,000 pounds of lard, compared with 5,806,000 the previous week. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 26,000; estimated for Tuesday, 17,000. Kansas City received 6,000 and Omaha 2,700.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	10.65	10.57	10.62	10.50	10.75
July	10.95	10.80	10.90	10.75	10.92
Ribs—					
May	10.22	10.12	10.22	10.05	11.52
July	10.50	10.42	10.50	10.37	11.62
Pork—					
May	17.92	17.70	17.92	17.62	21.52
July	18.32	18.10	18.32	17.97	21.60

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was more active, and early in the day prices showed an upward tendency owing to active covering prompted by the firmness in lard and the strength in grain. Toward the close of the day selling pressure increased and values lost part of the early gain, closing net unchanged to 5 points higher.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.75@ ..	6.70
March	..	..	6.83@6.95	6.75
April	..	..	6.95@7.05	6.92
May	7.07	7.05	7.05@7.07	7.00
June	7.19	7.16	7.18@7.19	7.07
July	7.28	7.25	7.26@7.27	7.24
August	7.36	7.32	7.33@7.34	7.33
September	7.44	7.44	7.42@7.45	7.40
October	..	..	7.07@7.40	7.00

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 5,228 packages. The market held steady on the top grades of fresh creamery because of the relatively small proportion of such. Trade, however, was quiet. The secondary grades were very plentiful and pressed for sale at irregular rates. No new business in storage creamery. Renovated in buyers' favor. Ladies and packing stock are lower. Creamery, extras, (ninety-two score,) 30c; higher scoring, 31c; firsts, 26½@29½c; seconds, 24@26c; thirds, 22@23c; creamery, held, extras, (ninety-two score,) 26@27c; firsts, 24½@25½c; seconds, 23@24c; thirds, 20@22c; State, dairy, finest, 28c; good to prime, 25@27c; common to fair, 20@24c; renovated, extras, 23½@24½c; firsts, 22@23c; lower grades, 20@21c; imitation creamery, firsts, 22c; ladles, current make, firsts, 19½@20½c; seconds, 18@18½c; lower grades, 16@17½c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 16½@17c; lower grades, 14@16c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 26,390 cases. Fresh arrivals were very heavy and the pressure to sell became so strong that prices were reduced about 1c per dozen. The early transactions on 'Change were at 19¼@19½c for firsts, but the price soon settled to 19c for good Western marks, with considerable Southern stock going at 18¾c. It took very fine graded eggs to bring 19½c. Dirties quiet at 17@17¼c. Nearby eggs are also lower and the market is very fully supplied. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 20½@21c; extra firsts, 19½c; firsts, 18¾@19c; seconds, 18@18¼c; thirds and poorer, 17½@17¾c; dirties, No. 1, 17@17½c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery whites, fine to fancy, 22@23c; defective, 20@21c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 20@21c; Western, gathered whites, 20@21c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 21c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 20c; duck eggs, Baltimore, per dozen, 36@38c; Western, 35@36c; Tennessee and other good Southern, 34@35c; Far Southern, 30@33c.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 8.—Sixty-five corporations, establishing the record for one day, were incorporated by the Secretary of State. Their combined capitalization was $4,500,000.

Sheepshead Bay Speedway Corporation, maintain speedway, auto racing, athletic contests, trials speed and strength, restaurant, $2,500,000; A. M. Fowler, G. H. Brevillier, Louis P. Reeder, 314 Eighth Av., Brooklyn.

Securities Bureau Corpn., promoters, contractors, commission, realty, patents, $300,000; Paul R. Borland, H. F. Rhatigan, H. E. Ringholm, 43 Exchange Pl.

Eastern Tripolite Corporation, quarrying, metallurgical operations, powders, fabrics of wood, metal, glass, wool, cotton, explosives, $300,000; Howard C. Dickinson, Clarence E. Russell, Henry L. Sloan, 132 Nassau St.

Manufacturers Import and Export Co., $200,000; products, raw material, live stock, grain, mills, fruit, plantations, mines, $200,000; Siegfried Fliess, George S. Thurston, Paul E. Theis, 392 First St., Brooklyn.

Defender Mfg. Co., textiles, dry goods, department store, $100,000; Perry D. Bouge, Alexander New, Howard B. Keppel, 214 Avenue C.

The Teck-Neak Corporation, gas consuming apparatus, talking machines, telegraph, telephone apparatus, hydro-carbon gas, $100,000; William F. McCord, Harry E. Randolph, Miles R. Bracewell, North Adams, Mass.

The Dur-Eco Electric Co., electric cooking, deodorizing, fumigating devices, engineers, $100,000; H. Preston Coursen, Walter G. Merritt, Scott McLanahan, 135 Bway.

Union Cutlery Co., Olean, $75,000; Anna Hout, J. W. and W. R. Brown, Olean.

Koppe Chemical and Oil Co., $50,000; Isidor Niuer, Wm. J. Magee, Harry F. Mela, 217 East 61 St.

Seeman Brothers, Brooklyn, ladies,' children's apparel, $50,000; Wm. A. Ihne, Wm. R. Jackson, Emanuel Newman, 391 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Tietig-Wooten, Inc., ladies,' children's hats, $50,000; Jesse B. Wooten, Johanna and Frederick Tietig, 48 West 38 St.

Hydrolose Process Corporation, promote industries and projects, $40,000; Harry E. Randolph, Edmund J. Sampter, Tracy L. Freedman, 30 East 42d St.

Fried, Gross & Co., children's, misses' furs, trimmings, $30,000; John Fried, Serene and Max Gross, 600 West 161 St.

Estate of Diedrich Maarket, realty, storage, household furniture, autos, $25,000; John B. B. Douglas, Allen J. C. Schmuck, F. L. Oertel, 29 B'way.

Whipple-Winckel Co., Frankfort, builders, contractors, merchandise, furnishings, $25,000; Jos. Hollingsworth, Geo. F. Winckel, John D. Whipple, Frankfort.

Bacon, Vincent & Smith Co., Buffalo, school supplies, secure positions for teachers, $18,000; Hiram E. Vincent, Isaac B. Smith, Hiram D. Bacon, Buffalo.

John H. Meyn, Inc., Brooklyn, insurance, $15,000; John J. Kelle, Peter Horn, JoJhn H. Meyn, 188 Hendrix St., Brooklyn.

Seagrist House Wrecking Corp'n, wrecking, contractor, trucking, $10,000; Wm. A. Wallace, Fredk. and Katherine Witz, 1,202 Lexington Av.

The Rapid Drill Co., Geneva, tools, implements, machinery, $25,000; Wm. O'Hanlon, Oswald, J. C. Rose, Wm. E. Sill, Geneva.

Union Engineers of New York, contracting, construction, heating, ventilating, electric work, $12,000; Sarah L. Moxham, Wm. E. McKeen, Frank L. Clark, 125 East 28d St.

White Coal Co., coal, building materials, heating, lighting, ventilating, cereals, fabrics, leather, hardware, wharfage, cranage, $10,000; Walter M. Sundheimer, Thos. J. Bannon, Matthew J. White, 1,494 University Av., Bronx.

Utopia Film Corp'n, motion pictures, amusement enterprise, $10,000; Clement Giglio, Marcus Rosenthal, John Falco, 401 East 115th St.

The Sweet-Bromley Co., hotels, restaurants, $6,000; Frances Oliver, Bertha H. Wilkinson, Wilhelmine W. Bromley, 133 West 79th St.

Charak, Rinder & Co., diamonds, jewelry, $8,000; Jacob and Morris Rinder, David Charak, 120 1st St.

Di Menna & De Paola, Bronx, construct roads, tramways, buildings, $10,000; Michel A. De Paola, Michael A. and Lucia Di Menna, 600 East Fordham Road.

Dual Boro Corp'n, Flushing, realty, $10,000; Laprence B. Halleran, Daniel J. Stack, Frank E. Jockers, 110 14th St.

Goodman & Bloomberg, millinery, flowers, feathers, $10,000; Abram Bloomberg, Maurice and Herman Goodman, 594 3d Av.

Diamond Tire Sales Co. of Long Island, Freeport, tires, accessories, $10,000; Julius Bindrim, Alexander and Thos. P. C. Forbes, Freeport.

Twenty-fifth Avenue Hotel Co., hotels, aprtments, restaurants, cafes, $10,000; Wm. J. Knott, Alfred O. Hayward, David H. Knott, 102 Waverley Pl.

Jas. E. Sullivan Supply Co., paper, inks, supplies for publishers, printers, $5,000; Elizabeth W. Sloane, Julie S. Abel, Margaret E. Sullivan, 540 West 114 St.

Isidore Hammer, Inc., textiles, $5,000; Ida Cohen, Lola and Isidore Hammer, 1,270 Fifty-first Street, Brooklyn.

J. M. J. Garage, Inwood, taxicab renting, livery, contracting, $5,000; Martin Morrison, Lester Jacobson, Albert H. Jenkins, 48 Nostrand Ave., Far Rockaway.

The Interior Mosaic and Tile Co., Buffalo, $5,000; Samuel L. Robertson, Frederick Chinell, Jas. F. Sinnott, Buffalo.

Building Specialties Co., Rochester, weather strips, screens, fireplace products, $5,000; Clarence Culver, Vincent Bennett, F. Haskell Fredman, Rochester.

James Kellmurray Co., Utica, clothing, apparel, $5,000; Leo O. Coupe, Jas. M. Kellmurray, Arthur W. McLoughlin, 1,008 Dudley Ave., Utica.

Bay Amusement Co., Richmond Borough, restaurant, hotel, amusement, $5,000; Edward Stork, Wm. E. Rogers, Albert Hergenhan, Rosebank.

Crystal-Birnbaum Contracting Co., Bronx, general contracting, $5,000; Morris Grossfield, Jr., Israel Crystal, Jacob J. Birnbaum, 452 Westchester Ave., Bronx.

Marks Brothers' Holding Co., realty brokerage, $5,000; Geo. Giuliani, Louis and Morris Marks, 72 Lenox Ave.

Authorization: Auto Air-Rotar Co., Portland, Maine, $15,000; repr., Frank E. Teneyck, 10 Garden Street, Auburn.

Capital increases: Rochester Germicide Company, Rochester, $60,000 to $150,000; German Laboratory, Buffalo, $25,000 to $50,000; Wm. Enders Mfg. Co., New York, $1,000 to $2,000.

Capital reduction: John Clarke Estate, Brooklyn, $270,800 to $170,800.

Voluntary dissolutions: Koppe Chemical and Oil Co., New York; Clarkson Land and Mortgage Co., New York.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., March 8.—Charters filed:

Consolidated California Nevada Company, New York, $5,000,000; to buy, sell, treat prepare and refine for market all kinds of minerals, including gold, silver, copper, lead, zinc, graphite, brass and other ores and metals; Arthur W. Middleton, New York; David T. Gatley, Brooklyn, N. Y.; George E. Beht, Pieche, Nevada.

Locomotive Pulverized Fuel Company, New York, $5,000,000; to carry on a general investigation into new methods and improvements now in existence for economical separation of energy from natural fuel, by means of combustion for light, heat and power; Samuel G. Allen, New York; John E. Muhfeld, Scarsdale, N. Y.; Herman F. Ball Legrand, Parish Mountain View, N. J.; Josel S. Coffin, Englewood, N. J.

THE OFFICE BOY can purchase just as safely at THE BIG STATIONERY STORE as THE BOSS HIMSELF

The same low prices and attention to everybody.

E. FABER'S MONGOL PENCILS Any Number 39c Doz.

CONTINENTAL PAPER CLIPS Easily Applied Hold Firmly 10c per 1,000.

GOLDSMITH BROS. Manufacturing Stationers & Printers. 77 Nassau St. Between John & Fulton Sts.

"We Retail at Wholesale Prices."

Our Advertised Prices Are Permanent —you can buy our advertised articles from us any time at the same low prices.

BUYERS OF SPECIAL LINES & GENERAL MERCHANDISE FOR ALL DEPARTMENTS

Not a Hap-Hazard Collection of Merchandise Sorely Trying Your Patience, But a Boiled Down

EXHIBIT OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Showing the Best Values, Sold Direct to You BY THE MANUFACTURERS—THE NEW WAY.

The Shrewdest Buyers Acclaim Its Success. Each Department in Charge of an Expert.

The General Merchandise Exchange, Inc., 11 to 19 W. 19th St., 10 to 16 W. 20th St., New York.

5-10-25c MERCHANDISE

OVER 50,000 DIFFERENT ARTICLES ON DISPLAY. 375 BEST MANUFACTURERS' LINES NOW READY. The Five and Ten Cent Exchange, Inc., 10-16 West 20th Street, New York.

See This Suit $11.50 All Worsted Serge—Peau de Cygne Lined ODD SIZES Our Specialty. Myer Gans, Sons & Co. 134-140 West 26th St. (Wholesale Only.) We Fit the Fat N. B. Only one merchant sold in a town.

3535 35 W. 35th St., Our new address 3535 Greeley, Our new phone ROYAL MFG. CO., Scientific Producers of North Shore Wash Dresses $1.00 to $7.50 retail

Crepe de Chine WAISTS $16.50 per doz. (Regular) Plain and Embroidered. Snappy Lace & Silk Waists —the $3.75 kind at $2.25 THE SWAN WAIST CO., 49 EAST 21ST STREET

Suspender GIRDLES SHOWN BY SLOTE & SCHAFFER "The Belt House of N. Y." 49-53 East 21st St. Complete Showing of Women's and Children's NEWEST BELTS.

APRONS. DEAN'S Lockstitched APRONS 25 cents up 1000 Styles At All Stores Look for This Label DEAN'S APRONS Send for Catalog 45 East 17th St.

GREENE MFG. CO. 36 WEST 24TH ST. Crepe de Chine Waists The $3.75 Kind at $2.25 A Look Will Convince You.

PEARL BUTTONS APPELBEE & NEUMAN, 23-25 Greene St. Tel. Spring 8991

The BIG STATIONERY STORE Retails at Wholesale Prices. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

S. STEINFELD & CO. 43-45-47 WEST 23D ST. Offer Special Value in Satin Stripe Tub Silk WAISTS at $18.00 per dozen. Immediate delivery.

TRADE-MARK MERCHANDISE

ARTICLE.	TRADE MARK.	SOLD BY
A Wide Variety of Fabrics for Manufacturers and Jobbers.	Hydegrade WEAVES	A.G. Hyde & Sons NEW YORK & CHICAGO
MIDDY BLOUSES Rompers, Bloomers, Etc.	PAUL JONES REG'D. U.S. PAT. OFFICE Morris & Co. BALTIMORE.	Morris & Co., 1270 Broadway, New York Office
BRUSHES	See the "V" that "Zel" locks the bristles.	Holton & Adams DISTRIBUTORS, 29-31 East 22d St. NEW YORK
Iwanta ROMPERS PAJAMAS SLEEPERS	REGENT MIDDY BLOUSES	Regent Co., Inc., 200 5TH AVE., NEW YORK
To open bag release handle and press back lock. AUTOMATIC LOCKING BAG		ELKUS & OLIAN Inc., 640 Broadway, Brooklyn. Williamsburgh 4679.

MADE IN U. S. A.

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY On 40 of My Best Models. Silks, Challies, Serges, $7.50 to $16.50. PHIL GILL DRESS VALUE CREATOR 39 W. 32d St. In the Heart of the Trade.

Crochet, Beading, Tinsel, Silk and Cotton Work of All Kinds. HAND EMBROIDERIES AMERICAN ART EMBROIDERY CO., M. MARKEL. 25 E. 20th St., New York. EMBROIDERY ON DRESSES, CLOAKS, and WAISTS for the Trade.

"Something New Always Shown" in Popular Priced DRESSES Cotton & Silk HANDEL & CO. Leaders in Cotton Dresses, 40-42 West 27th

SILK SPECIALTIES at $12.50 Rose Dress Co. 25-29 W. 31st St. Costumes & Dresses $8.50 to $16.50

Buyers say our Values cannot be duplicated elsewhere SILK COATS $4.75 Up Delivery NOW G. Rodbell 258-264 West 27th St.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

James F. McKinney of New York City was admitted to practice.

91—Michigan Central R. R. Co. v. Michigan R. R. Commission.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

420—Northern Pacific Ry. v. State of North Dakota, and

421—Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Ry. Co. v. State of North Dakota.—Judgments reversed, with costs, and causes remanded.

197—Norfolk & Western Ry. Co. v. V. G. Conley.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and remanded.

46 and 159—Linn & Lane Timber Co. v. U. S.—Decrees affirmed and remanded.

715—Ramapo Water Co. v. City of N. Y.—Decree affirmed, with costs.

168—People of the State of Illinois v. Forest Home Cemetery Co. of Chicago.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

171—G. W. Caldwell v. C. E. Bauer.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

789—M. G. Cohen v. U. S.—Final order affirmed.

Original—Commonwealth of Virginia v. J. Pierpont Morgan.—Motion for leave to file bill granted, and process ordered to issue.

813—O. P. Newman v. U. S.—Motion to advance granted, case assigned for April 5.

407—Central Vermont Ry. Co. v. M. T. White, and

791—Texas & Pacific Ry. Co. v. M. J. Murphy.—Ordered that these cases be placed on summary docket.

451—S. A. Stead v. I. M. Curtiss.—Motion to dismiss or affirm or place on summary docket denied.

801—A. Geglow v. B. H. Uhl, Acting Commissioner of Immigration of New York Port.—Petition for writ of certiorari granted.

816—C. Luckens Pooler v. Jennie Hyne, and

817—Same v. Silas Hyne.—Petitions for writs of certiorari denied.

827—Frisco Lumber Company v. O. E. Hodge.—Petition for writ of certiorari denied.

834—New York, Susquehanna & Western Railroad v. Annie Thierer; and

835—Same v. Joseph Thierer.—Petition for writs of certiorari denied.

697—Manuel Cerecedo v. U. S.—Motion to dismiss or affirm or place on summary dockets submitted.

860—W. E. Helm v. E. E. McCall.—Motion to advance submitted.

862—C. A. Crane v. People of the State of New York.—Motion to advance submitted.

848—C. Cushman v. Warren-Scharf Asphalt Paving Co.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted.

166—St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad v. F. M. Conarty.—Leave granted to counsel for defendant to file additional brief within four days.

217—C. & G. Merriam Company v. System Publishing Co.—Motion to dismiss submitted.

554—C. Hartwell Carter v. A. W. Carter.—Motion to advance to be heard after Case 174 is submitted.

825—Hart Steel Co. v. Railroad Supply Company.—Petition for writ of certiorari submitted.

Original—Ex parte in re Helen C. Sheckles.—Motion for leave to file petition for writ of mandamus submitted.

190—Dalton Adding Machine Co. v. State Corporation Commission for the Commonwealth of Virginia.—Submitted.

177—Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway v. Wisconsin State.—Argument commenced.

181—L. & N. Railway Co. v. G. A. Maxwell.—Submitted.

183—Same v. W. U. T. Co.—Argument commenced.

Adjourned until today.

Call for today, 183, 184, 185, 187, 188, 189, 191, 192, 193, and 194.

860—W. E. Helm v. E. E. McCall.—Injunctive order of March 4 modified.

Southern District.

COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ.—Room 433, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.
Lines<Atl Transp Co.
Neville<Harlem River No. 10.
Re Bolognesi.
Leh Val Coal Co<Calansky.
Hotchkiss<Nat City Bank.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 337, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar.
Herbst<Fowler.
Higgins<Penn R. R.
Schamansky<Penn RR
Re New Center Co.
Tide W Oil Co<Globe Indem Co.
Devlin<Hallenbeck, &c, Co.
Fiske Rubber Co<Auto Tire Co.
Olsen<Penn RR.
Cases to be sent to Rooms 407 and 227, as required.

DISTRICT COURT—Hunt, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Robinson<Van Riper
Same<Vanoscope.
Avavaga<P & R Coal.
Westheimer<P R R.
Rubin<Borden's C M.
Petrosino<MacCorry.
Lange<Whist.

DISTRICT COURT—Humphrey, J.—Room 401, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
US<Bill Blackfoot M.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg., 12th Fl., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar.
Sundh Elec Co<Cutler-Hammer Mfg Co.
Schroeder Lamp Wks<Nat Metal S & S.
Burke Elec Co<Ind Pneu Tool.
Robins Convey Belt Co<Link Belt Co.
Bosch Magneto Co<Baker, (2.)

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M. in R. 323, P. O. Building.
Re Shu Jin Lan.
Re Lan Loo Yee.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M. in R. 312, P. O. Building.—Admiralty calendar.
Fletcher Co<Sylvan Dell.
Knowles<Bklyn Union Gas Co.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR.
Malcomson<Monaton Rty Invest Co.
Terragni<Illinois Sure.
Mulligan<Sinski.
Buckley<Stansfield.
Carr<Kimball.
Sadan<Crystal.
Jacoby<B,Q C & S RR
Davern<Drew.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Laughlin, Clarke, and Scott, JJ.—At 2 P. M.—Enumerated motions.
Lieman<Kulla.
Glover<Nat Bk of Cm.
Rand<Public Bk.
Foy<Purcell.
Brock<Poor, (4 acts.)
People<Sylvestro.
First Bk of Notasulga<Jones.
Todd<Brown.
Cohen<Lukather.
Rummell<Blanchard.
Bockhaus<Int R T Co.
Leonard<Quayle Co.
Assets Coll Co<Meyers
People<De Meo.
Duffy<Wills.
Bitolls<Bradley Con.
Moore<O'Rourke.
Colligan<Woolworth.
Halstead<Simmons.
Syenite Trap R Co<Williams.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Bijur, J.—Litigated motions, at 10:30 A. M.
CNY<Winter Garden.
Re Zerega (Barnard.)
Belanger<Cowan.
Donohue<Co of Essex (4.)
Breen<same.
Gran Soap Co<Soapitor Sales Co. (2.)
Re McClellan.
Goldberg<Kaplan.
Gerschenson<Stone.
Basini<McPartland & O'Flaherty.
Boldt<Auchmuty.
Lichtenker<Rehling.
Gerken<Van Schaick Estates.
Nagelbush<Rty Red'n.
Hennessy<NY Con RR
Brennan<CNY.
Otterson<Booker & Co.
Walsh<Koehler & Co.
Hoffman<Town of North Hempstead.
Palma<same.
Excelsior Sav Bk<Donnelly.
Costantino<McMullen, Snare & Triest.
Kruse<Hud & M RR.
McWilliams<McWil'ms
Pease<I R T.
Baehr<Smith.
Biro<Wurster.
Met Trust Co<Long A El L & Pow Co.
Mott<James.
Leary<Leary.
Lowe<same.
Cohn<Cohn.
Getz<Lazarowitz.
Van Hoven<Van Hov'n
Baruch<Ziegfeld.
Abelson<Carlew.
Getz<Lazarowitz.
Minsky<Minsky.
Re Vrabeck Auto Sup.
Spector<NY Butch Dr Meat Co.
Springstein<Butler.
Moore<Moore.
Brown<Nat Corps, &c.
Huber<Muller.
Wright<Prendergast.
Hirschowitz<Hirschowitz.
Holzwarth<Hall & Co.
Re Hudson P Rose Co. (Leland Av.)
Kaplan<Levy.
India Wharf Brew Co<Amer Molasses Co.
Chertow<Shipley Con & Supply Co.
Re Farley (Powell.)
Hicks<Hicks.
Drew<Clark.
Same<Woodin.
Same<Coleman.
Hicks<Hicks.
Matthews<Singer Sew Machine Co.
Hyatt<Weisenberg.
Thomas<Manatuck Pk
People<Fried (Feinberg) (2.)
Baulieu<Baulieu.
Rodewald<Rodewald.
Harburger<West Fire I
Hosmer<Agricul Ins.
Reif<Reif.
Raczinski<Smith.
Dennin<Columbia Bk.
Baum<Stockell.
O'Hare<Casey, Inc.
McCullough<McCul'gh.
Oceanic Inv Co<28th & 7th Av Realty Co.
Reese<Fidel & Cas Co
Gable Flat H & E<West Elec Hair C.
Goodman<Bassett.
Kraus<Kraus.
Kuntze<Meehan.
Gluckman & Son, Inc<Strauch Co.
Hall<Wright.
Re Hasbrouck.
Burtis<Kalmanson.
Schwartz<Liebovitz.
Peterkin<Lauterstein.
Reiner<Van Tuyl, Jr.
Hartman<Hartman.
Cruikshank<French.
Furst<Stevenson, (2.)
London Finance Co<Sueden.
Same<Healy.
Same<Esselborn.
Same<Landers.
Same<Spanier.
Same<Hveen.
Same<McCormick.
Shea<Reinhart.
Same<Rahilly.
Friedman<Gans.
Strogatz<Strogatz.
Cassanos<Cacavas.
Decker<Decker.
Tabular Disp Co<State Bd of Tax Comm.
Sullivan<Bloch.
Goldman<Bodine.
Franco-Am Chem Co<Import Chem Co.
O'Donnell<Keyrouse.
Pritt<Holzman.
Thomas<Purdy.
Alpha Port Cement Co<Gabriel Bros Con.
Batashoff<Johnson.
Johns<Ellis.
Cammann<Mackay.
Hechter<Baratz & H.
Infeld<Bates.
Benham<Char Feat C.
Kasin<Brinn.
Flynn<Schmieder.
Geiger<Geiger.
Loewy<NY R E Sec.
Boomgaarden<Gr East Casualty Co.
De Hirsch Fund<Koplik, (2.)
Lange<Dickey.
Baldwin<Gregory.
Coffey<Pruss.
Kinsella<Kinsella Un Properties Co.
Enright<Press Pub.
Folz<Lowenstein.
Corn<Corn.
Hyman & Oppenheim<Mittelstaedt.
Libman Con Co<Oltarsh Ir Wks (2.)
Bobbs & Merrill Co<Leibow.
East States Refrig<White.
O'Neill<Mechner.
City R E Co<Shea.
Irene<Vulcan Met Co, Inc.
Adams<Stewart.
Re Hydrocarbon Con.
Jones<Woodin.
Re Jarvis (E 174 St.)
Munroe<Com Fran de Navigation (2.)
Equit Trust<Hammerstein.

PART II.—Gavegan, J.—Ex parte business at 10:30 A. M.

PART III.—Guy, J.—At 10:15 A. M.
Motions:
Archer<EquitL A Socy
Stocker<Hearst.
Haendler & Fils<Herzig & Sons Co.
Corcia<West U Tel Co.
Ingraham Adv Co<Nat 5, 10, & 25c Mag.
Hollingsworth<Hollingsworth.
Christian<Christian.
Forschner<Forschner.
Psaki<Kissel Mot Car.
Policastro<Sprague Co
Silberfield<Kohn.
Preferred causes:
Wright<Northrop.
Inc Property Co<Paine
Kobre<Kramer Con.
General calendar:
Doscher<Phelps Guardian Time L Co.
Metz<Palmer.
Nots<Bosselman.
Levenson<Crawfords.
Bronner<Bronner.
Hussa<Buhlman.
Philips<Philips.
Sanders<Herrick.
Mitchell<Murray.
Coghlan<Corn Exchange Bank.
Simberg<Simberg.
Perry<Perry.
Shinville<CNY.
Rosenthal<Rosenthal.
Pittel<Pittel.
Case on.

PART IV.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Shearn, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—Blanchard, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VII.—No day calendar.

PART VIII.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:20 A. M.
Inq—Nat Print, &c, Co<Kerr.
Inq<Gurwitz<McMahon.
Kass<Blum.
Appell<Mahler.
Ivy Court Rlty Co<Fowler.
Cook<Nat'l Sur Co.
Colon<Siegel.
Heff<Schaffner.
Coffin<Tevis.
Rambaut<same.
Heidelburger<Heidelburger.
Schoenfeld<Dorashinsky.
Re Ash.
Case on.

PART III.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
A Zappola<CNY.
V Zappola<same.
Mendel<Praisner.
Slaughter<Rottman.
Randazzo<Penn RR.
Ferraro<Friel.
Case on.

PART IV.—Delany, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on: Bollinger<Albright.—No day calendar.

PART V.—Adjourned until March 15.

PART VI.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Lippmann<Gaillard, (2 acts)
Barry<Nass El RR
Moran<Reason
Hayes<Cent Un Gas
Judge<same, (2 acts.)
Burns<McMullen, Snare & Triest
Clear.

PART VII.—Philbin, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Brewer<Sun P & P.
Markowitz<Reliance Trading.
Krewitz<Cohen.
Glatt<CNY.
Lacowa<B H RR.
Osder<CNY.
Shapiro<Manacher.
Hudson<Logan.
Undesner<A Bushbaum Co.
Clear.

PART VIII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Roth<B H RR.
Jorgenson<NY Rys, (2 acts.)
Holden<Bronx Bldrs Mach Co.
Buschmann<Nass Elec RR.
Henderson<D Stevenson Brew Co.
Stankoewitz<Smith.
Williams<Esser.
Hennessy<Int R T Co (2 acts.)
Cooper<Int R T Co.
Du Bois<same.
Payer<O'Reilly.
Egarian<Int R T Co.
Light<Hutkoff.
Dwyer<Int R T Co.
Berkowitz<Nas E RR.
Hanley<Kirkcaldy.
Ferraro<McAllister.
Jacobs<Int R T Co, (2 acts.)
Handler<Int R T Co.
Clear.

PART IX.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Lesser<Intl Trust Co.
Benner<Gordon Gallagher Co.
Moran<Cauldwell Wingate Co.
Sanders<Hammer.
Hecht<Lowenfeld.
Murphy<Jagel & Bellis, Inc.
Gottesman<Klein.
Benson<Prior.
Toomey<Delomonicos
Case on.

PART X.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Block<Matthew Wilson Co.
Baur<Church of St Veronica.
Guala<Bath Port Cem Co.
Turchinsky<Bradley Cont Co.
Jacobs<Hartford & NY Transp Co.
Hollender<NY Rys.
Behrans<Rodgers & H
Case on.

PART XI.—Ford, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Purdy<Pitts Con Co.
P Puchalsky<Untermayer Robbins & Co
C Puchalsky<same.
Fekete<Mann Top & Body Co.
McKay<CNY.
Nelson<NY Rys.
Case on.

PART XII.—Adjourned to March 15.

PART XIII.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Del Bene<McMullen, Snare & Triest.
Keppel<Appel.
Renner<Barrett.
Herbert<Am Pastry &c Co., (2 act's.)
Lubasch<H & A Cohen
Martinkovics<Lehigh Coal &c Co.
Gerard<NY Rys.
Kelsey<Bradley.
Case on.

PART XIV.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—Bergh<Schlesinger. No day calendar.

PART XV.—Davis, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Abelman<Indelli & Conforti Co.
Green<Brinn.
Derschuch<J J Hearn Const Co.
Kirschman<Plummer.
Stambul<Est of H C Miner.
Fast<Rose.
Tiemer<NY Edison.
CNY<Nixon.
Wyllys Co.<Nixon.
Scotia Worsted Mills<Cohn.
Esposito<Distefano.
Martin<Long Co.
Miller<Miller.
Pett<Batchelder.
Stewart<Thornburn.
Beedem<Fitchett.
Case on.

PART XVI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Brokaw<Brown.
Mackie<Johnson.
Harvester Truck Co<Goldberg Co.
Cook<Williams & Morford Co.
Scardy<Gersten.
Kampf<Kings Co Dye Works.
Aston Mtg Co<Tenney
Bostwick<L A Burke & Sons Co.
Billups<Wilson.
E Side Fireproof S & S<NY Mail Co.
Ringler & Co<Sansone.
Balichinsky<Ackerman
Welscopf<Fiske.
Pollock<Cent Fish Co.
Dayton Rlty Co<N A Casualty Co.
Harlem Sup<Eckhard.
Case on.

PART XVII.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—Lerzynsky<Lawrence. No day calender.

PART VIII.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.
Alsens Am Portland C Wks<Degnon Cont.
Conklin<Saxe.
Tullis & Blanchard<Plummer.
Barry<Lion Brewery.
Heyman<Friedman Print, Inc.
Cont Curtain Co<Lenave Amuse Co.
Shafler<Nat Appraisal
Beltzer<Consalus.
Steinfeld<Wolf.
Picard<Simpson.
Steinfeld<Peter Cooper's Glue Factory.
Allen<Gen Accid, &c.
Bertini<Heymann.
Blumberg<Lumber Ins
Holland Hold Co<Shuloff.
Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Motion calendar:
Ignace Weber,
Mary E Little,
John E McC Newall, inf.
Mary A Newall,
Frances D Paquin, inf.
John G Lindemann,
Moses Einstein,
Sanford Ennis,
Jacob Aronson,
Yetta Malamud,
Helen M Zarges, inf.
Margaret Zarges, inf.
Alter Grodinsky,
Cono Innammorato,
Paul L T Heroult,
Lorenzo Gardella,
Henry Pasinsky,
Charles M Campbell,
Simon Ungar,
Rudolphina Rust &c.,
David Nugent,
L T Chamberlain
L T Chamberlain.
Thomas R McMann,
Marc A. Blumenberg,
Louis Rosenberg,
Charles H Collins,
Louisa Rosenheimer,
Aloysius F Dunne,
Alfred A Keller
Rudolphine Rust, &c.,
Henry Gebhard,
Rose L Dibble, &c.,
Ayman (Aaron) Streicher,
Kate Faulhaber,
Ferdinando Ivone,
Rosario Di Salvo,
Alfred Hind,
Ellen Philpott,
Cora F Barnes,
Ira Van Girson,
Alexander Kinnear
Hannah J Riordan,
Hagap Ghazarian,
Henry Herman,
John F Coppinger,
Ernest H Behrens,
Elizabeth F Jacoby,
Bridget McDermott, &c
John F Nevins,
John S. Langworthy,
Emma A Mulliken,
Nicola Plegari,
Tillie Volkens,
James Harden,
James Harden,
Simon Haas,
Mary Ward, &c.,
Rosie Moskowitz,
Estates of:
William G Waller,
William Holen,
Matthew Doughty,
William Josephowitz,
George W Hamill,
Herman Frasch,
Wills for probate:
Morris S Heilbrun,
Scheendel Schatten,
Isabella F King,
Mary A. Feeney,
Margaret Forbes,
Flora Jacobi,
Julia R Brown,
Edward Tillon,
Theodore Lee.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Contested will: James Neil, No. 1.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Lynch, J.—Litigated motions, at 10 A. M.
Minokoki<Korn.
Lindsay<Stuyvesant Ins Co.
Owen<Marquand.
Szabo<W Keck Co (3)
Rosalind Rlty Co<West Ins Co.
Same—St Paul Fire, &c, Co.
Shapiro<Berman.
Rogers Peet Co<Ashley.
Shapiro & B<Norden.
Fred<Luxemberg.
Dryfoos<Eberspacker.
Thorner<McTiernan.
Fordyce<Wolff (2.)
Texas Co<W Side Gar
Quirk<D A Calhoun Co.
Meil<Weiss & K Co.
Lehman<Free Synag.
E Gribbon & Sons<H Jacoby & Co.
Stein<Star Co.
Fingerhut<Day Pub Co.
Ludowici-Celadin Co<Gold.
Lester<NY Rys.
Goldstein<Pisko.
Met Print Co<Forrester.
Shapiro & B<Norden.
Robinson<Hesslein.
Donnell<1st Mtg, &c, Co.
Wolcott<Appleby.
Vernon<Balassa.
Stern<S Blumenthal & Co (2.)
Kessler<Kelly.
Santry<Steger.
Kebart<Strysower.
Schultz<Tschoff.
Wolfert<Dorson Co.
Gulick<Investors' Est Corp.
Glauberg<Harris.
Brandagee<Cleary (2.)

PART II.—Lynch, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—La Fetra, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Persicatti<Frenkmen.
Kassin<B H RR.
Cantor<same.
Ashkenazi<Corn Nov Co.
Newman<Cab & Taxi.
Newman<Yellow Taxi.
Halpern<Horowitz.
Glassman<Rubin.
Erich<Wortheimer.
Pollack T & R<Penn Rub Co.
Dwyer<Mills.
Manchuso<C T Wills, Inc.
Ratner<Sadowsky.
Saal<N Y Rys.
Lovitt<Ill Surety Co.
Trosen<N Y Rys.
Farber<Martin.
Meklinsky<same.
Fredericks<N Y Rys.
Cunningham<same.
Dienstfriend<Con Gas Co.
Davidson<N Y C & H R R R.
Wechsler<Wolburg.
Gross<McClinckey.
Farber<Martin.
Meklinsky<same.
Fredericks<N Y Rys.
Cunningham<same.
Davidson<N Y C & H R R.
Wechsler<Wolborg.
Macarovsky<I R T Co.
Dowd<Goode.
Machaelofsky<Tornkel
Smith<Palm Fechteler Co.
Goldsmith<Kaiser.
Burbberg<N Y Rys.
U S Raincoat Co<City Rubber Co.
Wall<Crossley.
Mason<Zimmerman.
Schreck<N Y Rys.
Russo<Nat Firepr Co.
Sweet<Sosht.
Coles<Yellow Taxi Co.
Marzza<Deeves.
Fried<Sieghardt.
Cushman Bread Co<N Y Rys.
Hirchhorn<Model But Works.
Duke<N Y Rys.
Koses<same.
Kesner<same.
Cogert<Chermorsky.
Cohen<Conn Cab Co. (2 acts.)

Friedman<Chelsea Hotel Co.
Watson<same.
Standard Met Mfg Co<Lasky.
Petzing<Timmins.
Manheimer<Hammerstein.
Eckhaus<Reich.
Neuman<Sachs.
Levy<Miller.
Bernstein<Keisel.
Clear.

PART II.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.
Ruby<Windsor L & Imp Co.
Barnett<S Aronson Co
Tompkins<Braun.
Sternberger<Diekroger.
Galasso<Cole.
Weisl<Loft.
First Natl Bk<Longacre Sq Theatre Co.
Case on.

PART III.—Schmuck, J.—Commercial calendar, at 10 A. M.
Stoddard<Durgan.
W Birns, Inc<J Weber Co.
Chambers Pub Co<Nat Devel Co.
Hefferd & Wenz<Winternitz.
Loewenthal Co<Meyer.
Fonda Glove Lin Co<Cohen.
Salomon<Cohen.
Bklyn Struct Stl Co<Lechtman (2.)
Paris<Troubetskoy.
Kassel<Bono.
Dorfman<Ginsberg.
Doyle<McKeon.
Regan<Kelley.
Morschieder<Neier.
German Exch Bk<Londner.
Case on.

PART IV.—O'Dwyer, C. J. Case on.

PART V.—Ransom, J. Clear.

PART VI.—Allen, J. Case on.

PART VII.—McAvoy, J. Case on.

PART VIII.—Zeller, J. Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J.—Schweirer Press<Philip Pub Co—John De Witt Warner.

SUPREME COURT — Guy, J. — Rosenblum<Hechtlinger—Edwin T. Taliaferro.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J.—Augustus Van Cortlandt<Chas E Locke—Chas P Robinson; Margaret Jaeger<Arnold Kadish—Henry Curran.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J.—Beckie Pollack<Louis Pogoda—Samuel J. Levinson.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Jenks, P. J.; Burr, Thomas, Stapleton, Rich, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar, at 1 P. M.
Reargument, Junkermann<Jankelson.
Johnson<Johnson.
Foley<Newman.
Re Marine.
Walsh<B, Q C & S RR
Terry<L I RR.
Fagan<Atl Coast Line.
People<Roemer.
Adikes<L I RR.
NY Rty Owners<Isaacs.
Osborne<Bd of Supar.
Doonan<Killilen.
Grafton<Bull.
Schnibbe<Hauck Mfg.
Beatty<Thompson Starrett Co.
Sahli<Scoril.
Melowsky<Cohen.
Williams<Dickinson.
Whitehill<Hartman Co
Lemaire<N S Trac Co.
Wellbrock<Rody.
Pierce<Willets.
Castle<Armstead.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Kelly, J.—Motions at 10 A. M.
Hodgskin<Gartz.
Beeckel<Story.
Swan<Swan.
Mtg Hold Co<Overton.
Underhill<Com Trav Assn.
Re Thatford Av. (Thomas.)
Weston<Youndhaus.
Hoffman<Hoffman.
N E RR<CNY.
Dime Sav Bk<Tracy.
Bklyn Poster Co<Horn
Monica<Mount.
Barson<Cowperwaith.
Heffron<Pelletreau.
Hoffman<Hoffmau.
Chudnoff<Gerber.
Kirkpatrick<Lorzer.
Eagle White Lead Co<Rosenberg.
Gurian<Goldsmith.
Kenyon<Brown.
Jung<Hinchman.
Suters<Anchor L SS.
Steenworth<Steenw'tn.
Richter<Gartner.
Halprin<Koster.
Kushin<O'Brien.
Re Neustardt, (Walsh.)
Evans<Silsby.
Egan<G Alexander Co.
Mastriani<Josephson.
Kluge<Fetten, (2.)
McGill<McGill.
Re Farrell et al.
Maniello<Scanlon.
Bedford Co-Op Bldg & L Co<McEnaeney.
Pines<Scudder.
Eldert<Cross C RR Co.
Chalmers<Chalmers.
Hammett<Hammett.
Brady<Hogan et al.
Dietz<Hogan et al.
Krazkowska<Balcom.
Re Boulevard, (Triompo.)
People<D'Leen.
Union Bk<Silverman.
Fitzgerald<Woods.
Walter<Woods.
B Greenstein Co<McEmanee.
Georgia Blg Co<Burdett.

PART II.—Clark, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Kelby, J.
Kline<Kline.
Rantine<Kingshire.
Connelly<Feely.
Feldman<Becker.
Kahler<Kahler.
Mauro<Mauro.
Poppolardo<Poppolardo.
Davis<Davis.
Eastabrooks<Eastabrooks.
Clark<Am Steel Barrel Co.
Caselemovo<Caselemovo.
Desmond<Strauss.
Glickman<Glickman.
Ahlstrom<Ahlstrom.
Barrow<Barrow.
C I Jockey Club<Purdy.
Bashist<Bashist.
Koster<Welsheit.
Rath<Temple.
Macon<Macon.
Harris<Brody.

The remaining cases called and marked ready on the reserved calendar of March 4, 1915, will be added to the day calendar from time to time as these cases are disposed of.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Crane, J.; Part II., Benedict, J.; Part III., Manning, J.; Part IV., Garretson, J.; Part V., Van Siclen, J. Causes, irrespective of the time required for trial thereof, will be assigned on Fridays. If not finished that day will be carried over to the following Monday.
Hanly<Cohen.
Farrell<Jordan.
Davidson<Valley Y & W Co.
O'Gara<Nassau RR.
Sanniti<Naumberg.
Okula<B'klyn Vault L Co.
Klein<B, Q Co & S RR
Olsen<B H RR.
Gibson<Namm & Son.
Berry<P & O RR.
Geller<Mornat Rty.
Dixon<Fargo.
Zitomersky<B H RR.
Bruno<Lewis.
Margolin<Collec Hold.
Daly<Franklin Cont'g Co et al.
Dow<Ryan Const Co.
Nagle<C I & B RR.
Byrnes<Fitzgerald.
Dewhurst<Robbins D Dock Co.
Ogey<Chelsea Fibre Mills.
O'Connor<Allen.
Guider<Bartlett Haywood Co.
Kurzyna<Davis.
Johnson<Koerner Const Co.
Miller<Nass RR et al.
Donegan & Redmond<B H RR et al.
Otis<Heidelberger.
Doyle<NY Rys Co.
Spiener<B H RR.
Colangelo<same.
Ryan<Gilbert Box Co.
Tuohy<Kane.
Tippett<Cunard SS Co.
Tartikoff<Eisenberg.
Ellis et al<Wigderson
Weiss<Ward Bread Co
Schaptoff<Colgan.
Wodzynski<Duisburg.
D'Angelo<Reynolds et al.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.
Emig<B H RR.
Zeitz et al<Cook et al.
Webb<NY Rys.Co.
Rosenberg<B H R R.
Hoffman<Krumholz.
Oletto<Ritchie & Co.
Sullivan<Bradley Con Co.
Krasner<Martin.
Weinstein<CNY.
Schweitzer<Scherer et al.
Giovanillo<Powell.
Hamburger<Goldstein.
Deebach<Gair Co.
Parnes et al<Borgenicht et al.
Kahle<Dodd.
Boardman<Bade.
Collins<CNY.
Faggiani<Freitag et al
Pendleton<Nassau RR.
Meagher<Bradley Con.
Wilde<Obermeyer & Liebmann et al.
Ketcham<Wicks.
Gutfarb<I R T.
Thompson<C I & B RR & ano.
Bradley<NY Rys.
Welt<B H RR.
B'klyn Tr Co<Gottlieb.
Greene<Greene.
Cope<Nas R R.
Skelly<Wetmore.
Olson<Mooney.
Krehl<Grether et al.
Mosher<Landsman et al.
Smith<Jacknowitz.
Elberth<CNY.
Steler<Nas R R.
Soslawsky<B H R R.
Streicher<Leibowitz et al.
Brotine<B H R R.
Korb<same.
Alper<Sokol.
Marcin<N Y Rys Co.
Kings Co Lighting Co<CNY.
Meredith<Burt et al.
Highest number reached on regular call, 5992.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
John H Gatje,
Magdelena Pfeiff,
Mary D Oliver,
Edward J Cabble.
Administration of:
Eugene Corning.
Acc't'g in estates of:
William Mounsey,
Catherine Cassidy,
Catherine Sullivan,
Mary L McFeeters,
A Spencer,
Honora Donoughue,
Ellen Johnson,
Johanna Reich,
Michael Feeney,
J Stirrup,
Jane A Gait,
Charles Olsen,
Mary Thompson,
Thomas Cady,
Estate of Wm Watson
CONTESTED CALENDAR—Will of: Lottie Wanzer.

County Court.

PART IV.—Roy, J.
Richardson<B H RR.
Bogue<Nassau RR.
Cohen<B H RR.
Zenna<Empire P Eend
Flanagan<Harden Con
US Title Co<Egbert.
Harvey<Tompkins Amuse Co.
Epstein<Nassau RR.
Sperber<Wax.
Parker<Edison Co.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:
Puckhaber<NassauRR.
Humphreys<Enright.
Zetterlund<Roulston.
Klingon<B H RR.
Dimin<same.
Kirschner<Boguslowsky.
Farrell<Bouert.
Fisher<C I & B RR.
Kane<Powell et al.
Boglioli<Boglioli.
Rosenberg<B H RR.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M. Motion calendar:
Oppenheimer<Jacobs.
Fluhr<Harelick.
Schneider<Schneider.
Blain<NY Rys. Co.
L Blain<same.
Re Salmon.
Ginzburg<Ginzburg.
Franz<Franz.
Creighton<Creighton.
Phraneg<Westchester Woodwking Co.
Holston<Conley.
Kraus<Kraus.
Gourlie<Marran.
Lohmann<Bousha.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS.—Part I.—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Brady, J.
Fahey<Hay Fdy & Iron Works.
Linden<Schlaier Eagle Wr I Wks.
Seidman<Advine Const Co.
Reinhardt<Bottenus.
Meyer<Meyer.
Kurak<McMullen, S & Triest.
Rines<Deutsch.
Silver<Ball.
Gervay<Battaglia.
Ciullo<Underpg & Found'n Co.
Graff<Singer (2.)
Chruscik<Cent Un Gas
Connington<42d St, Manh, &c, Ry.
Churgal<Nord Deutscher Lloyd.
Highest number reached in regular order, 164.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—Dell<Tackney—Joseph R. Truesdale; Dettner<O'Brien—Arthur A. Henning.

COUNTY COURT—Gibbs, J.—Albert<Angel Construction Co—John Boyle.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Morschauser, J.
Young Bros Lu Co<Curtiss.
Daly<Haight.
Klein<Hacker.
Carlough<West Co Br Co.
Hufnagel<Un Tr Co.
Same<Wood.
Beattie<Johnson.

DAY CALENDAR—Part I., Mills, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Nickerson<Elect Sil.
Collins<Pitts Con Co.
Nowakowski<Fargo.
Shaw<Goodwin.
Garry<Page & Co, (2.)
Pennington<Holbrook, C & R Cor.
Wildichic<Ellman.
Cochran<Hardy.
Ella<Hardy.
Jarvis<Rosemont Rty Co.
Langford<Raynolds.
Sulzberger & Sons<Santoro.
Ploxin<B Hts R R Co.

The following causes may either be marked ready or marked over to another day:
Finn<Geiger.
Hayden<Caryl.
Turnier<Kerbaugh, In.
Pennington<Mason & Hanger Co.
Pagano<Webber.
Bielock<Snare & Triest Co.
Young<Keystone St C Co.
Schok<C N Rochelle.
O'Brien<Stern Bros.
Hasselman<Harris.
Crandall<Berlin Cons Co.
Oakley<Fid & Dep Co of Md, (2.)
W Plains Rty Co<Henderson.
Lorio<Viviano.
Michelin Tire Co<Ash.
Kacherevsky<First N B'k of Mamaroneck.
Tierney<Georgi.
Martin<Lockwood.
Leonard<Alexander.
Cohen<NY, NH RR.
Kaldenburgh<Stevens.
Fusillo<I R T Co.
Snyder<Camidella.
Canning<Steinhauer.
Dunson<Connell.
Jacobik<Weston St R R Co.
Montaruli<Home Sav Bank.
Thatcher Furnace Co<Ritchie.
Arbutino<Pitts Con Co
Barrington<Am Mov'g Pict Mach Co.
First Nat Bank of W Plains<Smith.
Semi<Canaran Bros Co.
Bonngiovanni<Canavan Bros Co.
Springsteel<NY C & H R R R Co.
Giordano<Bradley Con Co.
Zibelli<Hamburger.
Garland Refrig Co<Smith.
Barrington<Wood.
Baran<Mason & H Co
Highest number reached on regular call, 955.

Surrogate's Court.

Sawyer, S.—At White Plains.
Wills for probate:
F. A. Lindquist,
Michael Bowes,
Jennie H. Vermett,
Frank S. Reid,
Edith M. Buckhout,
Mary A. Gallagher.
Real estate proceeding:
Arthur Holland.
Order to show cause:
Theodore A. Lord.
Accounting:
Frank Connell.
Compulsory acctg:
Robert L. Foster.
Petition to compel accounting:
William Boggs.
To pay claim:
Jules Fohr.
Executor's acctg.:
W. H. I. Howe,
Henry S. Lander.
At Port Chester tomorrow.
Contested claim: D. L. Merritt.
At Peekskill Thursday.
Wills for probate:
Eugene Travis,
Ralph W. Shertzinger.
Order for examination:
Moses R. McCann.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Blackmar, J.—At 10 A. M.

It is required that the name of trial counsel be filed with the Clerk in Part I. before the calendar is made up.

No case will be held for the engagement of counsel unless his name has been filed with the Clerk.

Attention of the bar is called to Rules 6, 7, and 8, Calendar Rules, Queens County.

Cases must be ready for trial when reached in their order.
Crofton<NY Rys et al.
Hamm<B H RR.
Healy<Man & Q Tr.
Walsh<A C Horn Co.
Grezanie<L I RR Co.
Mack<CNY.
Humphrey<B, Q C & Sub RR Co.
Thuillard<same.
Maruzella<Talmon.
McKevitt<Sherwin.
Gunstensen<B H RR.
Almash<Barrett, as Pres of Adams Exp Co.
Hueg<Belt Line Ry Corp.

Cases will be added to the ready section of the calendar each day. Not more than two cases in which the same trial counsel appears will be placed on the day calendar.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 1,000.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

In Town.

MARIE CAHILL ARTHUR, theatrical performer of 1,730 Broadway, wife of Daniel Arthur, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $35,402 and nominal assets of $23,827, causes of action against Daniel V. Arthur, as maker of notes, which she indorsed.

HARRY J. GUTMANN, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Harry J. Gutmann, Inc., manufacturer of upholstery furniture at 101 Mott Street, by Martin Charles Ansorge for these creditors: S. Buehler & Co., $1,532; W. D. Schartz & Co., $95, and Leonard B. Shoenfeld & Co., $75. It is said the liabilities are $15,000 and assets $10,000.

HOROWITZ AND KURLAND DRESS COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Horowitz and Kurland Dress Company, Inc., manufacturer of dresses at 28 and 30 West Thirty-eighth Street by these creditors: Jacob Cohen, $231; Burr & Hardwich, $144, and Marion Greenberg, $160. Judge Hough appointed W. L. Bryant receiver. Assets are $1,100.

ISAAC EISEN of 44 East Houston Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $18,908 and nominal assets of $4,794 in accounts.

WILLIAM F. MARGERIN, painter and decorator at 358 West Forty-second Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $17,094 and assets $14,052, consisting of stock, $200; ladders, &c., $500; accounts, $351; cash in bank, $1, and real estate, $13,000, at 162 Cottage Avenue, Mount Vernon, mortgaged for $14,000. He also has two shares of stock of the De Forest Angling Association of nominal value, and he has an income of $240 a year from a trust fund.

SAMUEL COHEN, drug clerk of 619 Fifth Street, filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $3,182 and no assets.

ERNESTO CONSENTINO, hatter, of 236 West Fifteenth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $8,488 and no assets. He was formerly a partner in the French-American Hat Company.

HYMAN FLEISCHER, a paper salesman of 616 Fifth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,653 and no assets.

LOUIS KAPLAN, real estate agent and collector, of 32 Pike Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,962 and no assets.

EDWARD F. SCHULTZ.—Judge Hough has appointed W. L. Cannon receiver for Edward F. Schultz, trading as Otto J. Schultz's Son, dealer in furniture and bric-a-brac at 518 Madison Avenue, under a bond of $1,000. The stock is estimated at $5,000.

ABRAHAM SCHNEIDER. — Judge Hough has appointed M. Silberstein receiver for Abraham Schneider, manufacturer of notions and trimmings at 61 East Fourth Street, under a bond of $1,000. Assets are $2,000.

S. J. SINGER & SONS, clothing manufacturers, of 75 Spring Street, have filed schedules showing liabilities of $253,891, of which $226,926 are secured, and assets of $48,071, consisting of cash on hand, $1,640; cash in banks, $1,462; stock, $1,469; notes, $3,000; accounts, $39,500; machinery and fixtures, $1,000, and claims against fire insurance companies for a fire loss. Among the creditors are the American Woolen Company, $49,869; Emile Singer, $24,000; Thomas Oakes & Co., $7,251; Perseverance Woolen Co., $5,291; W. E. Tillotson Manufacturing Company, $5,281, and United States Fashion and Sample Book Company, $4,000.

BENJAMIN JACOBSON, dealer in furniture at 1,313 Boston Road, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $15,203 and assets of $8,545, consisting of stock, $5,500; accounts, $3,000; office fixtures, $25, and cash in bank, $20. He has offered a composition to creditors of 27¼ cents on the dollar.

B. SCHAPIRO & CO., INC.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of B. Schapiro & Co., Inc., manufacturers of ostrich feathers at 92 Bleecker Street, with creditors at 10 cents on the dollar, and all the assets are to be transferred to the Security Ostrich Feather Company. Liabilities were $46,000.

SCHAPIRO & COHEN.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of Schapiro & Cohen, manufacturers of ostrich feathers at 8 and 10 West Third Street, with creditors at 10 cents on the dollar, and all the assets are to be transferred to the Security Ostrich Feather Company. Liabilities were $25,430.

NORTHERN DRY GOODS COMPANY.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of the Northern Dry Goods Company of 546 East 180th Street with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar.

KURASCH & RAVITCH.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of Kurasch & Ravitch, importers of furs and skins at 107 West Twenty-seventh Street, with creditors at 20 cents on the dollar.

COLOMBI DE AGRO COMPANY, INC.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of Colombi de Agro Company, Inc., wholesale grocers at 28 Mulberry Street and at Cleveland, Ohio, with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar, cash.

HENRY J. REICH.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of Henry J. Reich, dealer in dry goods at 1,806 Third Avenue, with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar, cash.

JAMES KNIGHT.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of James Knight, baker at Catskill, with creditors at 13 cents on the dollar.

JOSEPH BLUMENFELD.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition filed against Joseph Blumenfeld, dealer in silks and dress goods at 1,663 Madison Avenue, on a settlement at 20 cents on the dollar.

RUDOLPH BASCH.—Judge Hough has granted a motion to deny a discharge from bankruptcy to Rudolph Basch, trading as R. Basch & Co., manufacturer of clothing at 817 Broadway, against whom a petition was filed on Aug. 9, 1913.

LOUIS BAUER COMPANY, INC., manufacturer of paper boxes at 343 to 347 West Twenty-sixth Street, has made an assignment to Abraham B. Albert. The business was started in 1877 by Louis Bauer. A petition in bankruptcy was filed against him on Sept. 23, 1913. He made a settlement at 25 cents on the dollar, and in December, 1913, the present company was incorporated.

SCHREIBER & KOHN, INC., manufacturers of jewelry novelties and leather goods at 40 East Fourteenth Street, has made an assignment to Marcus Helfand. S. H. Schreiber is President and E. Kohn Secretary.

SMITH & PRATT, INC., dealers in men's furnishing goods at 1,398 St. Nicholas Avenue, have made an assignment to William H. Freedman. George W. Smith is President and W. J. Pratt Secretary.

ABRAHAM RINZLER, manufacturer of skirts and dresses at 77 Greene Street as the World Skirt and Dress Company, has made an assignment to Joseph G. Abramson, giving a preference to Frank Cancro for $300 recently deposited on a contract.

Discharges in Bankruptcy.

Judge Hough yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts:

GEORGE L. UPSHUR, Seventh Avenue and Fifty-fourth Street, speculator at the office of S. H. P. Pell & Co.; liabilities, $70,572.

WILLIAM D. PLUMB, 1,547 Commonwealth Avenue, Bronx; liabilities, $78,347.

EDWARD WHITE, 517 Lexington Avenue, formerly express; liabilities, $38,677.

SAMUEL HANES, 868 Fox Street, formerly wholesale hosiery; liabilities, $22,135.

GEORGE S. COWLES, builder, Yonkers; liabilities, $15,463.

FRED H. HUNECKE, sponges, 259 Pearl Street; liabilities, $11,491.

MARY V. BEY, perfumery, 347 Fifth Avenue; liabilities, $10,296.

FRANK CAPODILUPO, real estate and insurance, 842 East 148th St.; liabilities, $1,575.

MATTEO DE STEFANO, 5 King Street; liabilities, $1,317.

CLARENCE D. FORD, wholesale flour, 526 West 113th Street.

NATHAN GANS, bartender, 176 Second Street; liabilities, $5,951.

CHARLES W. GIBSON, grocer, Poughkeepsie; liabilities, $3,108.

EUNICE E. HUFF, baker of home-made pies, 132 West Eighty-third Street; liabilities, $4,519.

KIFFEL & KIRSCHENBAUM, wholesale notions, 92 Rivington Street; liabilities, $5,938.

VICTOR MENACKER, clerk, 838 Hewitt Place; liabilities, $879.

EMORY B. REMINGTON, advertising agent, 44 East Twenty-third Street; liabilities, $10,721.

ISRAEL SUMMER, woolens, 46 Forsyth Street; liabilities, $5,870.

GEORGE WALLACE, formerly builder, 473 Lenox Avenue; liabilities, $4,923.

HENRY WEITZEN, 911 Southern Boulevard; liabilities, $534.

CALEB NASH, fence construction at Mount Vernon; liabilities, $17,339.

RUBIN & KRAMER, furs and skins, 6 East Twelfth Street; liabilities, $4,031.

SAMUEL L. COHEN, traveling salesman, 970 Tinton Avenue; liabilities, $4,025.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Acker, Robert—Jos. H. Meyer Bros., $158.
Andriaccio, James O.—Francis C. Neale, Inc., $578.
Ackerman, Emil, and Joseph Levy—P. Wasserstein, costs, $107.
Ash, Harry K.—H. Stone et al., $140.
Bergkamp Realty Corp.—S. E. Renner, $7,629.
Bruenn, Julius—S. Maddock, $3,242.
Bogart, Geo. E.—A. P. Hinton et al., $5,262.
Barron, Jacob, and Abraham Fisher—E. L. Richards, $140.
Same—Same, $468.
Same—Same, $239.
Bram, Julius—A. Ottinger, $339.
Bennett, Harry B.—Larned, Carter & Co., $181.
Baron, Samuel—I. Gainsburg, $176.
Bailey, Horace G.—F. Debski, $123.
Colasumonno, Dominick—Kiosk Contracting Co., $113.
Conron, John E.—F. A. Winslow et al., $119.
City of N. Y. and Consolidated Telegraph & Electric Subway Co.—M. McGarrell, $1,667.
Carroll, Bradish J.—O. W. Paper, $114.
El Dia Ins Co.—G. Nikola, $2,068.
Ell Bee Cont. Co., Inc., and John J. Keith—H. L. Chernoff, $424.
Ennever, Elizabeth A.—B. Biglin, $203.
Dannenbaum, Charles, or Chas. J. Dannan—Williams & Morford Co., $595.
Daly, Harold K.—L. Hoffman, $112.
Gorham Construction Co.—Peter H. Reilly & Bro. Co., $121.
Garsson, Max G.—New Trading Co., $100.
Gayetty, Harry K.—R. T. Thompson, costs, $113.
Goldberg, Louis—A. I. Brewster et al., $300.
House, Henry D.—R. Palmer, $165.
Hillebrand, Gesine, and Julia Yullis—B. Korfage, $489.
Heilbrun, Lawrence—R. P. Rumsey, $158.
Haire, Robert J.—F. P. Burns, $126.
Joyce, John W.—Eastern Holding Co., $350.
Koenig, Sidonie—H. Holtz, $111.
Kiefer, Fred—Weber & Don, $115.
Kessler, David—P. P. Cappel, $1,116.
Kutisker, Wolf—F. F. Craft, $340.
Same—Same, $333.
King, Philip M.—E. Lewis, $1,515.
Kaminsky, Morris, and William Horowitz—M. Donley, $400.
Knapp Mfg. Co. and Lucien Knapp—Woodhaven Bank, $1,707.
Levy, Abraham—L. Rocere, $613.
Lederer, Irving R., and Alexander Robitschek—W. B. Jolley et al., $7,725.
Lomenza, Frank—J. Scheuer & Co., Inc., $405.
Lock, Charles A.—S. Baumann, $171.
Lucey, Michael J.—C. E. Annett et al., $415.
Miller, Earl H.—C. E. Winant, $1,578.
Meyer, Daniel J.—J. F. Kearney, $145.
Murray Hill Park, Inc., and William H. Mears—C. F. Winant, $2,878.
Maltby, George K.—R. H. Donnelly, $120.
Manhattan Realty Appraisers—B. Narotsky, $740.
Mallon, Sarah J.—H. Boker & Co., $153.
McGirr, Patrick—Jacob Hoffman Brewing Co., $3,315.
O'Brien, Mary C.—M. Carlin, $1,871.
O'Brien, Jonas J.—J. J. Higgins, $281.
People's National Fire Insurance Co., Philadelphia—I. Blumberg, $1,360.
Power, Maurice J.—William E. Peck & Co., $416.
Raub, Herman—W. G. Mauck, $118.
Reed, Edward—S. Lapidos, $1,030.
Rapelye, George C.—Trustees of First Welsh Congregational Society of Deerfield, $121.
Rubel, Pincus—F. Gens, $166.
Seminole Distilling & Distributing Co.—Bronx Rubber & Auto Specialty Co., $159.
Selnik, Henry—S. Koffler, $119.
Shaw, Frances D.—S. Stein, $3,131.
Speckman, Charles—Schroeder Ice Co., $200.
Shapovitz, Benjamin—B. Lebovitz, $231.
Shanahan, John—C. Ferguson, $269.
Shapsovitz, Benjamin—Nathaniel Fisher & Co., $210.
Tilt, William A.—Delmonico's, $150.
Wainman, Bruce—M. J. Hendricks, $134.
Woods, Westley—Waunegan Realty Co., $224.
William P. McGarry Co.—Integral Waterproofing Co., $123.
Webb, Frank E.—Oneita Knitting Mills, $8,685.
Yockel, Philip—N. Sulsky, $111.
Weledinger, David—J. Greco, $945.
Wilcox, George S.—Home Life Insurance Co., costs, $107.

In Bronx County.

Arena, John—H. H. Galinger, $445.
Bender, Louis—L. Roemer, $144.
Fischer, Ida—Neponsit Realty Co., $137.
Parodi, Robert—State of New York, $1,000.
Witt, Caesar—C. Miller et al., $240.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date that when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Aspegren, Adolf and JJohn—Oliver Refining Co., Nov. 27, 1912, $2,692.
Dunnigan, Ellen and Edward J.—J. Davis, May 6, 1910, $517.
Franklin Savings Bank—G. Pauenstein, July 2, 1914, (canceled.) $1,951.
Greenthal, Bernard—N. Y. Telephone Co., March 18, 1914, $105.
Hayeck, Thomas—S. Bachus, Feb. 17, 1915, $543.
James Everard's Breweries—A. M. Stadler, June 23, 1914, $2,900.
Loeffler, Henry—Emmerich Dolson Co., Nov. 23, 1913, $296.
Leslie Brothers Engineering Co. and Wm. C. Cahn—I. N. Burdick, Inc., Oct. 24, 1914, $477.
S. H. Graham Co., Inc.—Vacuum Oil Co., Feb. 10, 1915, $124.
Siegel, Max—E. T. Burrowes Co., Dec. 24, 1914, $129.
William Haaker Co., No. 1, and William Haaker Co., No. 2—F. Hollender, June 19, 1914, $11,443.
Gold, Jay—W. Slavin et al., JaJn. 4, 1915, $532.
Largy, Arthur J.—Knickerbocker Ice Co., April 22, 1897, $105.

In Bronx County.

Brinckmann, Henry—T. F. Holtorf, March 16, 1914, $1,325.
Gesswein, Lillian—J. Wennstrom, Nov. 25, 1914, $151.
Passafiume, Filipi and Joseph Maurice—North Sand Co., Oct. 30, 1914, $140.

INSTRUCTION.

The Brown School of Tutoring.
Boys' School & Office, 241 W. 75th St. Tel. Col 8294. Girls' School, 239 W. 75th St.
Founded 1906. No classes. 2 years' work in one. All day study supervision. An A-1 school in preparing pupils rapidly and thoroughly for examinations, and in teaching them how to study. A School with an Atmosphere of Work.

MILLER SCHOOL
LEXINGTON AV. AT 23D ST.
All business subjects. Day and night classes. Open the entire year. Catalogue free.

Eastman-Gaines
Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Secretarial, Spanish and Stenotype Departments.
Day & Night Sessions. Call or write for Catalogue.
123d Street and Lenox Avenue.

FOUNDED 1879. STERN'S SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES
961 Madison Av. 200 W. 72d St.

Buccini's SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES. Superior native instructors. Teachers sent. 237A W. 109th St.

BARNARD SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 421 W. 148th St. Kindergarten to college.

Chappaqua Mt. Institute, Valhalla, N. Y. School for Girls, 6 to 18 years. Catalog.

Free Information on all Schools. Amer. Sch. Assn., 1,012 Times Bldg. Bryant 6160.

INSTRUCTION—Musical.

N. Y. German Conservatory of Music, 308 Madison Ave., Near 42d St.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..6:24 | Sun sets..6:01 | Moon rises..2:39

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	1:49	2:27	8:28	8:36
Governors Island	2:11	2:57	9:03	9:13
Hell Gate	4:01	4:47	10:43	10:53

Arrived—Monday, March 8.

SS St. Joseph, Marseilles, Feb. 2.
SS Regina d'Italia, Genoa, Feb. 7.
SS Sixaola, Santiago, March 3.
SS Mexico, Havana, March 4.
SS Main, Norfolk, March 4.
SS Tenadores, Cristobal, March 1.
SS Bermudian, Bermuda, March 6.
SS Momus, New Orleans, March 3.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, March 6.
SS Clothilde Cuneo, Jamaica, Feb. 28.
SS Moldegaard, Cienfuegos, Feb. 22.
SS Gordon Castle, Baltimore, March 4.
SS Duca d'Abruzzi, Naples, Feb. 24.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Minas Geraes	Santos	Feb. 13
George E. Warren	Rotterdam	Feb. 17
Salaminia	Cardiff	Feb. 18
Richard	Rotterdam	Feb. 18
Carpathia	Gibraltar	Feb. 24
Orseolo	Palermo	Feb. 17
Guatemala	Havre	Feb. 24
Strathtay	Rotterdam	Feb. 19
Stephano	St. John's	Mar. 3
Ocean	Amsterdam	Feb. 20
Nickerie	Haiti	Mar. 1
Yaguez	San Juan	Feb. 28
Georgian	Cristobal	Feb. 27
Nueces	Galveston	Mar. 3
City of Everett	New Orleans	Feb. 28
Cretan	Savannah	Mar. 6
Alamo	Mobile	Mar. 2
DUE TOMORROW.		
Niagara	Havre	Feb. 28
Westerdyk	Port Talbot	Feb. 23
Dronning Maud	Macoris	Mar. 3
Camaguey	P'rto Mexico	Mar. 2
El Occidente	Galveston	Mar. 4
Scottish Prince	New Orleans	Mar. 4
Lenape	Jacksonville	Mar. 7
DUE THURSDAY.		
Europa	Naples	Feb. 27
Atahualpa	Para	Feb. 26
Neches	Rotterdam	Feb. 24
Almirante	Santa Marta	Mar. 2
Huron	Jacksonville	Mar. 3
Creole	New Orleans	Mar. 6
DUE FRIDAY.		
Bergensfjord	Bergen	Mar. 3
Oscar II	Christians'nd	Mar. 2
Arabic	Liverpool	Mar. 3
Concho	Galveston	Mar. 6
Maracaibo	Porto Rico	Mar. 6
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Mar. 9
El Alba	Galveston	Mar. 6
DUE SATURDAY.		
Francesco Ciampa	Palermo	Feb. ..
Menelaos	Gibraltar	Feb. 28
Advance	Cristobal	Mar. 6
Petrolite	St. Michaels	Mar. 1
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Mar. 10

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Taormina, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Apache, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
El Mundo, Galveston		12:00 M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Ryndam, Rotterdam	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Marquette, London		10:00 A.M.
Carrillo, Cristobal	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Philadelphia, Porto Rico	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Crofton Hall, Argentina	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Rio de Janeiro, Barbados	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Algonquin, Santo Domingo	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Times, Havana		1:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston		1:00 P.M.
Proteus, New Orleans		12:00 M.
Cretan, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
Madison, Norfolk		3:00 P.M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
United States, Christiansand	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Mexico, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sixaola, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stephano, St. Johns	3:30 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
Colon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Denis, Barbados		7:00 A.M.
El Sud, Galveston		12:00 M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Guiana, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Lenape, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Duca degli Abruzzi, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Niagara, Havre	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Wascana, Argentina	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Havana, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mandeville, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Grayson, San Juan		12:00 M.
Nueces, Galveston		12:00 M.
Alamo, Tampa		1:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah		8:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans		12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston		12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., MARCH 8.

SS Ancona, Naples to New York, was 640 miles E. at 4 A. M.; due 10th, forenoon. Italian Line.

SS Carpathia, Naples to New York, was 193 miles E. at 11 A. M.; due 9th, forenoon. Cunard Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Maracaibo, La Guayra to New York, was 1,276 miles S. at noon 7th.

SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 49 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.

SS Lyra, San Francisco to New York, was 897 miles from Ambrose Lightship at noon.

SS El Occidente, Galveston to New York, was 232 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS John D. Rockefeller, New Orleans to New York, was 136 miles S. E. of Mississippi Bar at noon.

SS Havana, Havana to New York, was 77 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS Alamo, Mobile to New York, was 45 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS Olinda, Antilla to New York, was 190 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS Metapan, Limon to New York, was 72 miles N. of Colon at 7 P. M.

SS El Alba, Galveston to New York, was 50 miles W. of Tortugas at 6 P. M.

SS Almirante, Colon to New York, was 840 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Keene, Belfast to New York, was 98 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at 7 P. M.

SS Nueces, Galveston to New York, was 328 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Concho, Galveston to New York, was 54 miles W. of Tortugas at 8 P. M.

SS Neches, Rotterdam to New York, was 850 miles E. of Cape Henry at noon.

SS Llama, Deal to New York, was 845 miles S. E. of Ambrose Lightship at noon.

SS Cretan, Savannah to New York, was 150 miles N. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS City of Columbus, Rotterdam to New York, was 350 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 495 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Topila, Sabine to New York, crossed Sabine Bar at noon.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Minnehaha, at London, March 8.
SS St. Paul, at Liverpool, March 7.
SS Noorderdyk, at Rotterdam, March 5.
SS Frankmount, at London, March 6.
SS Northern, at Havre, March 6.
SS Vitruvia, at Barrow, March 7.
SS Barneson, at Birkenhead, March 7.
SS Chicago City, at Bristol, March 8.
SS Canning, at Manchester, March 7.
SS Touraine, at Havre, March 8.
SS Korona, at St. Thomas, March 8.
SS Splendor, at Gibraltar, March 7.

Sailed.

SS Adriatic, from Liverpool, March 6.
SS Philadelphia, from Liverpool, March 8.
SS Rochambeau, from Havre, March 7.
SS Straker, from Copenhagen, March 1.
SS Southerner, from Rotterdam, March 4.
SS Dayton, from Junin, March 5.
SS Jacques Fraissinet, from Havre, March 7.
SS Frierfjord, from Christiansand, March 1.

Passed.

SS Rotterdam, New York for Rotterdam, passed Prawle Point.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. about March 20, SS St. Louis.
France—Close at 11 A. M. March 13, SS Niagara.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Gibraltar—Close at 7 P. M. March 15, SS Canopic.
Greece—Close at 12 M. March 16, SS Ioannina.
Liberia—Close at 12 M. March 10, SS Tamele.
Netherlands, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Close at 5 P. M. March 9, SS Ryndam.
Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—Close at 9:30 A. M. March 11, SS United States.
Italy—Close at 5 P. M. March 12, SS Duca degli Abruzzi.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia, (except West,) and specially addressed mails for New Zealand (via San Francisco)—Ventura . . . Mar. 11
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Manoa . . . Mar. 11
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Makura . . . Mar. 12
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed) (via Seattle)—Panama Maru . . . Mar. 13
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Nippon Maru . . . Mar. 15
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Sado Maru . . . Mar. 18

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Shanghai, Feb. 5; Kobe, Feb. 16, and Yokohama, Feb. 17—which arrived per steamer Glengyle, were dispatched east from Seattle on March 5, and are due in New York today.

THE IDEAL TRIP and TIME
Visit the California Expositions
Weather Delightful IN MAY The Expositions Fully Completed
17-Day Cruises through the
PANAMA CANAL
LARGE AMERICAN TRANSATLANTIC LINERS
"FINLAND" Each 22,000 Tons Displacement "KROONLAND"
CUISINE AND SERVICE TRANSATLANTIC STANDARD
From New York MAY 1 From San Francisco MAY 26
and Regularly Every Third Week Thereafter
CIRCULAR TICKET ONE WAY WATER, OTHER WAY RAIL
Panama Pacific Line, 9 Broadway, New York. Tel. 9000 Rector

Georgia-Florida
Trip appealing to everybody in need of rest, relaxation, or exhilaration
SUPERIOR SERVICE and LOW FARES to
SAVANNAH JACKSONVILLE MACON AUGUSTA
ATLANTA BIRMINGHAM MONTGOMERY
and all other Southern Points CONSULT ANY TICKET OR TOURIST AGENT OR
Literature and all information upon request
Savannah Line
NEW YORK OFFICE 501 FIFTH AVENUE Phone 2368 Murray Hill

CUNARD
Established 1840
EUROPE VIA LIVERPOOL
New Triple-Screw Turbine
*ORDUNA
SATURDAY, MAR. 20, 10 A. M.
Spacious, Comfortable Rooms Beautifully Appointed.
LUSITANIA..Sat., Mar. 27, 10 A.M.
Cameronia....Sat., Apr. 3, NOON
*Transylvania..Sat., Apr. 10, 10 A.M.
*Orduna.....Sat., Apr. 17, 10 A.M.
LUSITANIA..Sat., Apr. 24, 10 A.M.
*Calls at Halifax Eastbound.
Gibraltar—Genoa—Naples—Piraeus
CARPATHIA....Tuesday, March 16, Noon
ROUND THE WORLD TOURS
Through bookings to all principal Ports of the World.
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

South America
Montevideo and Buenos Aires
NORTON LINE
Direct Passenger Service
Under American Flag
"Crofton Hall"—March 10
New, 12,000-Ton Steamship. Every modern device for comfort and safety.
NORTON, LILLY & CO., Agents
Produce Exchange Building, N. Y.

American Line
American Steamers
Under the American Flag
Cabin and 3rd Class Passengers Only.
New York—Liverpool. Pier 62, N. R
Phila'phia, Mar. 18, noon | St. Louis, Mar. 20, noon
Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London. Pier 58, N. R.
MINNEHAHA.........MARCH 27, 8 A. M.
White Star Line
N. Y.—Liverpool, Pier 60, N. R., Noon
*Arabic.....Mar. 17 | Adriatic.....Mar. 20
*Cabin & 3rd Class Passengers Only
Azores—Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa
Canopic, Mar. 16, 10 A. M. | Cretic, Apr. 6
Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 9000 Rector.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
POSTAL SERVICE
Sailings for HAVRE
NIAGARA . . Mar. 13, 3 P. M.
ROCHAMBEAU . Mar. 20, 3 P. M.
LA TOURAINE . Mar. 27, 3 P. M.
CHICAGO . . Apr. 3, 3 P. M.
FOR INFORMATION APPLY
Company's Office, 19 State St., N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
Royal Mail Twin-Screw Steamships
NEW YORK to GLASGOW
New Twin-Screw Geared Turbine
TUSCANIA, March 27, Noon
CALLING AT LIVERPOOL
From Cunard Dock, foot W. 14th St.
CAMERONIA, April 3, Noon
DIRECT TO GLASGOW
From Pier 64, N. R., foot W. 24th St.
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N.Y.

FABRE LINES
TO PARIS AND ALL OTHER EUROPEAN POINTS
VIA THE MEDITERRANEAN
S.S. Roma.....Mar. 9† | S.S. Patria.....Mar. 25*
S.S. Madonna.Mar. 16** | S.S. Britannia..Mar. 31†
*To Naples & Marseilles. **To Marseilles Direct.
†From Providence, next day, to Azores, Lisbon, Barcelona, Marseilles.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N.Y.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
21-24 State St., N. Y.
Sailing Under Neutral Flag.
N. Y.-London Via Falmouth Rotterdam
Twin-Screw Sailings Carry U. S. Mail.
†Ryndam.Mar. 10, noon | *Rotterdam....Mar. 27
†N.Ams'd'm.Mar.20,n'n | †Noordam.....Apr. 3
†Rotterdam Direct. *Via Falmouth.

ITALIAN LINES
*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
†LA VELOCE (Fast Italian Line.)
‡Italia Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
To Naples and Genoa direct.
*DUCA D'ABRUZZI.....MAR. 13, NOON
‡Ancona..Mar. 16, noon | *America..Mar. 27, noon
†Europa..Mar. 20, noon | *D.D. Aosta..Apr. 3, noon
New large twin-screw steamers, all outside rooms.
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., 24 Whitehall St.

NEW ZEALAND AUSTRALIA
VIA HONOLULU AND SUVA
PALATIAL PASSENGER STEAMERS
"NIAGARA," 20,000 tons displacement
"MAKURA," 13,000 tons displacement
Sailing every 28 days from Vancouver, B. C. Apply Canadian Pacific Railway, 458 Broadway, New York, N. Y., or to the Canadian Australasian Royal Mail Line, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

LLOYD ITALIANO
TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.
Taormina, March 9, April 17.
Under Italian Flag. Rates, $65 & $90 Up.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 31 B'way, N. Y.

DO NOT ABUSE YOUR MEMORY.
Get The New York Times Index, a comprehensive digest of the world's events with references for immediate location of the facts you need. Published quarterly. Price $2.00 by mail. The New York Times Index, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

Largest, Finest and Fastest Vessels to
§SOUTH & EAST AFRICA BY
UNION-CASTLE LINE
SOUTH AMERICA
"The World's Fastest Growing Continent"
†Peru-Chile EXPRESS SERVICE to & from PANAMA.
16 Days New York to Callao
23 Days New York to Valparaiso.
SERVICES TO Colombia & Ecuador
Also Express Services to
*†‡ Brazil and the Argentine
*The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
§The Union-Castle Mail S. S. Co., Ltd.
†The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
‡The Nelson Lines.
SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agts., 26 Broadway, N. Y.
Or Any Steamship Ticket Agent.

Ideal Tourist Route
"UNDER THE AMERICAN FLAG"
to
BERMUDA
on the "EVANGELINE"
the newest, steadiest and most luxurious steamship in Southern Service.
Sailing enables you to spend Two Full Days at Bermuda, or longer if you wish. Absolutely the finest service; patronage is the proof.
Send for Beautiful Booklet.
PASSENGER OFFICE, 1460 Broadway, at 42d Street. Phone, Bryant 4671. New York.

Go To BERMUDA
TWIN SCREW "Bermudian"
Round Trip $25 and Up.
Largest and Fastest Steamer to Bermuda
Sails Every Wednesday—Carries U. S. Mail.
WEST INDIES
Delightful Cruises—about 28 days, S. S. "GUIANA," March 12; S. S. "PARIMA," March 26, for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadaloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes and Demerara.
A. E. Outerbridge & Co., Agents, Quebec Steamship Company, Ltd., 29 Broadway, N. Y.; Thomas Cook & Son, 245 B'way and 561 5th Ave., or any Ticket Agent.

SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN LINE
Uninterrupted sailing schedule direct from New York, using northern route outside of present "war zone" to peaceful NORWAY, SWEDEN and DENMARK on splendid large fast twin screw mail steamers flying neutral Danish flag.
Daily Connections with All European Cities.
UNITED STATES, Mar. 11 | OSCAR II., Mar. 18
A. E. Johnson & Co., Inc., Agts., 1 B'way, N. Y.

LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
RIO DE JANEIRO
THE CITY BEAUTIFUL
BAHIA, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, and BUENOS AYRES
Frequent sailings from New York by new and fast (12,500 ton) passenger steamers.
BUSK & DANIELS, Gen. Agts., 8 Broadway, N. Y.

MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE
$3 Direct Between NEW YORK & PORTLAND
Reduced Fares All Points. 'Phone 8980 Cort.
EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION.

NORWEGIAN AMERICA LINE.
8-10 Bridge St., New York.

Tours and Tickets Everywhere.
THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway.

FALL RIVER LINE
TO BOSTON $3.00
LV. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., N. Y. Daily at 5 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Music.
New London (Norwich) Line. Lv. Pier 40 N. R., ft. Houston St., week days, 5:30 P. M.; ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P. M.
New Haven Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 3:45 P. M.
Bridgeport Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., week days only, 11 A. M.

BAY STATE LINE
$2.55 BOSTON $2.55
Worcester, $3.00; Providence direct, $1.80
OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.00.
Daily, including Sunday, 5:00 P. M. From Pier 19, E. R. 'Phone 2700 Beekman. City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y. Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.60
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $1.60
Week days and Sundays at 5 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. All Outside Rooms, $1.00 to $3.00. Wireless equipment. Uptown office, Broadway and 23d St. Telephone Spring 9491.

FOR SALE.

VICTORS VICTROLAS
On Easiest Terms.
$1 Down; $1 Weekly and up.
Complete Stock of Records.
Open Evenings.
Write, call, or phone 632 Columbus.
A. H. MAYERS, 1,983 Broadway, near 67th.

DIAMONDS ON CREDIT
L. W. SWEET & CO.

SERVICE BOARD HELD ONE CASE 8 YEARS

And Now Plans a Rehearing to Please Both Sides, Says Decker.

INQUIRY INTO THE DELAYS

Commissioner Explains That Law in Part Is Responsible—"Inexcusable," Asserts Col. Hayward.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 8.—Colonel William Hayward, counsel to the legislative committee investigating the Public Service Commission, spent four hours today asking why the up-State board took eight years to reach a decision in the Westchester Lighting case with the net result that he learned from Commissioner Martin H. Decker that the case, filed early in 1907, has been set down for a rehearing on Thursday of this week.

"Well, this has them all backed off the board," was Colonel Hayward's comment.

Commissioner Decker is the only member of the commission who has held office since the filing of the Westchester case, one of the first to come before the commission. From 1907 until May, 1910, the case was in the hands of Commissioner Frederic W. Stevens, and upon his retirement it was assigned to Commissioner Decker. The testimony today showed that the last hearing in the case was held on March 2, 1912; that the case, then six years old, was ready for decision in January, 1913, and that the final order of the commission was made on Dec. 22, 1914. The order provided for a reduction in electric rates to 12 cents a kilowatt hour and recommended a reduction in gas rates from $1.50 a thousand cubic feet, to $1.25 or lower.

Colonel Hayward thought the long delay was inexcusable and asked Mr. Decker to explain. The Commissioner said that the company had not shown great dispatch in supplying statistics wanted by the commission; that during 1913 there were but three Commissioners; that the questions involved were most complicated; that the "reproduction cost" amendment to the law in 1910 and the retirement of employes who had worked on the case all tended to delay.

Colonel Hayward read letters from residents of Westchester complaining of the long delay and alleging that political leaders in Westchester held stock in the lighting company. Some of the letters were so broad in their criticisms of the commission that Colonel Hayward did not read all of them. He also brought facts before the investigation committee which tended to show that the final order of the commission had afforded little real relief to the Westchester patrons of the lighting company. Mr. Decker admitted this attitude on the part of the patrons of the company, and said it was evidenced by the fact that they had petitioned for the rehearing which had been granted for Thursday. He also called attention to the fact that the company had joined in the request.

"Much of the trouble," said Mr. Decker, "is caused by the fact that the company is not up to date in its business relations with the people. These reductions we ordered should have been made voluntarily."

In explaining why the commission had recommended a reduction in gas rates instead of ordering them, the witness said that the law held the commission close to the testimony brought out at hearings, and there had been no evidence to warrant an order for lower gas rates. He said the recommendation had been based upon his belief that $1.50 was too much for gas and that the lower rate would mean more business for the company.

Mr. Decker then said that some of the delay in cases was not the fault of the commission. He referred to the long process of fixing the "reproduction cost" of public service plants in making rates.

Senator Mills asked the witness about the alleged duplication of the work of the Interstate Commerce Commission by the New York State Board. Mr. Decker said there was very little duplication and what there was did no harm, inasmuch as it consisted largely in corporations supplying the State body with reports which they had to prepare for the Federal body.

Commissioner Decker said he thought three members could not do the work of the up-State district. He said he had always been in favor of allowing the first district board to supervise telephone rates in New York City and that he was opposed to giving the First District commission jurisdiction in Long Island and Westchester. He thought the salary of $15,000 should not be reduced.

The morning session was taken up with a discussion of the consolidation of the Syracuse, Lake Shore and Northern, the Rochester, Syracuse and Eastern, and the Auburn and Northern trolley companies to form the Empire United Railways Lines, and the authorization of a stock issue of $11,000,000 and a bond issue of $9,000,000 on a capitalization of $22,000,000, one-half of which, Colonel Hayward contended, was made up of intangible assets. Colonel Hayward expressed the belief that it was a piece of financial juggling to save the Rochester, Syracuse and Eastern from bankruptcy at the expense of the other lines.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN F. PALMER, Bankrupt.—No. 21,044.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Please take notice that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold at public auction under the direction of Frank J. Waldeyer, the trustee, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, at No. 72 Beaver Street, New York, N. Y., on the 18th day of March, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon.

A general description of the property to be sold is as follows:

Tobacco, cigars, canned goods, teas, spices, and fixtures, consisting of desk, safe, testing table and counters.

The trustee reserves the right to withdraw from sale any property that does not bring at least seventy-five per centum of the appraised value.

The aforesaid property will be open for inspection at the above address on March 15th and 16th, 1915, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

Dated, New York, March 1st, 1915.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
EDWARD L. DENNIS, Attorney for Trustee,
258 Broadway, N. Y.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of GREAT WESTERN FURNITURE CORPORATION, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, will sell on this day, Tuesday, March 9, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at 120 West 18th St., N. Y. City, the assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of beds, dressers, chiffoniers, buffets, rugs, parlor sets, vases, and a general assortment of household effects, and also office furniture, fixtures, etc., together with a large number of active current installment accounts, a list of which can be inspected at No. 120 West 18th St. Further information can be obtained from the undersigned receiver or his attorneys.

CLIFFORD G. LUDVIGH, Receiver,
31 Nassau St., N. Y. City.
OLCOTT, GRUBER, BONYNGE & McMANUS, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, N. Y. City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of SUPREME CHOCOLATE CO., INC., Alleged Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 21,289.

Please take notice that personal property of the alleged bankrupt, consisting of a complete plant for manufacturing candy and confectionery, including machinery, fixtures, and candies and confectionery, will be sold by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at the alleged bankrupt's place of business, No. 33 Commerce Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 16th day of March, 1915, at 10:30 A. M.

The aforesaid property will be open for inspection on the 12th and 13th days of March, 1915, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Dated New York, March 8th, 1915.

CHARLES L. BROOKHEIM, Receiver.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WELLS, MOWBRAY & NEWMANN, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Mar. 9th, 1915, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 125 W. 42d St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of electrical novelties, electric ranges, vacuum cleaners, kitchen novelties, typewriter, safe, fixtures etc.

WILLIAM GOLDSTICKER, Receiver.
GILBERT, LAUTERSTEIN & GILBERT, Attorneys for Receiver, 43 Exchange Place, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. — In Bankruptcy. — In the matter of ROSE ENGELSHER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, Mar. 19th, 1915, by order of the court, at 11:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of shoe laces, corset laces, braids, brushes, shoe dressing, sleeve garters, etc.

WARREN McKENNA, Trustee.
BENJAMIN MARVIN, Attorney for Trustee,
189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 21201.—In Bankruptcy.—DAVID BASIN, Alleged Bankrupt.

Take notice that on March 2, 1915, the above proceeding was referred to me as Referee to pass upon the proposed offer of composition prior to adjudication.

A special meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, New York City, on March 18, 1915, at 2:30 P. M., at which time the said creditors may attend, act upon the proposed offer of composition, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN District of New York.—CHAUNCEY P. McKNIGHT, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Chauncey P. McKnight, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 10th 1915 praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday April 12th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 8th, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—SOLOMON BLINDER, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Solomon Blinder, bankrupt, has filed his petition praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 12, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

AT A STATED TERM OF THE UNITED States District Court held in and for the Southern District of New York, at the Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 4th day of February, 1915.—Present: Hon. Julius M. Mayer, Judge.—In the matter of J. FRED PIERSON, JR., and CLARENCE E. FELL, individually and as co-partners doing business under the firm name and style of J. F. PIERSON, JR., & Co., Alleged Bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 20816.

An order having been granted herein on the 15th day of January, 1915, requiring all creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupts, and all other persons, firms, or corporations, either claiming specific stocks, bonds, securities, sums of money, or other assets or the proceeds thereof, or asserting any alleged preferential claims against the general assets of the estate herein which are or may be in the possession, custody, or control of the Receiver herein, to show cause why they should not file any and all such claims which they or any of them may have, with the Special Master to be appointed for such purpose, and why the claims so filed, if any, should not be referred to said Special Master for hearing testimony and report, and why, in default of the filing and proof of such claims at a time and place and in a manner which this Court may direct, said creditors, persons, firms, or corporations, and any and all of them, should not be barred, foreclosed, and enjoined from making or asserting any such claim or claims;

And on filing the said order to show cause, dated January 15, 1915, and upon the petition of Ralph Wolf, the Receiver herein, verified January 13, 1915, and upon all the papers and proceedings had and taken herein, and proof of the due service of said order to show cause and said petition by the publication of said order in The New York Times once a week for two successive weeks, (to wit, January 15, 1915, and January 22, 1915,) and by mailing a copy to each of the creditors or other persons interested herein, at their respective addresses as the same may appear on the books of the said alleged bankrupts; and after hearing William M. Parke, Esq., one of the attorneys for the Receiver, in support of said motion; and after hearing William Lesser, Esq., attorney for Reinhardt, a claimant, and Martin Charles Ansorge, Esq., attorney for the alleged bankrupts, and R. A. Mansfield Hobbs, Esq., attorney for Schneider, a creditor, and Goldman, Heidenheimer & Unger, Esqrs., attorneys for Van Thyn and Vrieslander, creditors, and others, having appeared upon the return of said motion;

Now, on motion of Stanchfield & Levy, Esqrs., attorneys for the Receiver herein, it is

Ordered, that all creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupts, and all other persons, firms, or corporations either claiming specific stocks, bonds, securities, sums of money, or other assets or the proceeds thereof, or asserting alleged preferential claims against the general assets of the estate herein, which are in the possession, custody, or control of the Receiver herein, be and they hereby are directed to file duly verified statements in writing of any and all such claims which they or any of them have, with Hon. Peter B. Olney as Special Master, at his office at 68 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before March 19, 1915; and it is

Further ordered, that any and all creditors or other claimants claiming specific bonds, stocks, securities, sums of money, or other assets, or the proceeds thereof, and any and all creditors or other persons asserting preferential claims against the general assets of the estate herein, who shall not file their claims to the said stocks, bonds, securities, sums of money, or other assets, or the proceeds thereof, or to the general assets of the estate herein, asserting their right, title, and interest therein and thereto, on or before the 19th day of March, 1915, be and they hereby are forever barred from making any claim against or asserting any right, title, or interest in or to the said stocks, bonds, securities, sums of money, or other assets of the estate herein, or the proceeds thereof, in the possession, custody, or control of the Receiver herein; and it is

Further ordered, that the determination of all right, title, and interest, if any, in and to any or all of the stocks, bonds, securities, sums of money, or other assets, or the proceeds thereof, or to the general assets of the estate herein, be and the same hereby are referred to Hon. Peter B. Olney, who is hereby appointed Special Master for that purpose, to hear and determine the rights of such creditors and claimants; and the said Special Master is directed in all respects to determine, adjust, and adjudicate the right, title, interest, equities, claims, and liens therein and thereto, and to report to this Court his determination thereon; and it is

Further ordered, that the limitation of time within which to file claims as aforesaid shall include only claims to property which is now in the possession, custody, or control of the Receiver, or which prior to March 19, 1915, shall come into the possession, custody, or control of the Receiver, or of the Trustee, if a Trustee is elected or appointed herein prior to March 19, 1915; and it is

Further ordered, that service of this order be made upon each of the creditors or other persons interested herein, by mailing a copy of this order to each of them at their respective addresses as the same may appear upon the books of the alleged bankrupts, and, if any addresses are contained in the schedules herein which do not appear in the books of the said alleged bankrupts, by mailing a copy thereof to the creditors or other persons at such addresses on or before the 13th day of February, 1915, and by publishing a copy thereof in The New York Times and The Daily Trade Record, once a week for five successive weeks, and twice during the week beginning March 15, 1915, the publication each week to be on different days of the week; which shall be and is hereby declared to be sufficient service thereof; and it is

Further ordered, that the Receiver herein, or the Trustee hereafter to be elected or appointed, may apply for such other and further relief in the premises as may be necessary or proper. J. M. MAYER, D. J.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 21025.—In Bankruptcy.—HENRY GREENBERGER, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Henry Greenberger are hereby given notice that on January 25th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, March 19, 1915, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 20869.—In Bankruptcy.—GREAT WESTERN FURNITURE CORPORATION, Bankrupt.

Great Western Furniture Corporation was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 15, 1915, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, City of New York, on March 18, 1915, at 3:30 P. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Twenty-third Street Loft in Deal for East Side Tenements—Riverside Drive Purchase—Gold Street Investment—Astor Leasehold Renewed by Greenhut Company—Buys Irvington Estate.

The Twenty-third Street section of old Chelsea furnished an interesting deal yesterday, involving uptown and New Jersey property in trade. The larger end of the transaction included the big four-story loft at 524 to 546 West Twenty-third Street, fronting 150 feet by 98.9 between Tenth and Eleventh Avenues. It is on a Moore estate leasehold of practically perpetual tenure. The building and leasehold were sold for the estate of James and William Lyall by the Duross Company.

The buyer was the Standard Owners' Realty Company, of which S. Rochelle is President. In part payment the latter gave two Manhattan properties, being the six-story flat at 51 and 53 East Ninety-eighth Street, on plot 50 by 100, and the five-story double flat at 180 East 117th Street, on plot 25 by 100. In addition there was also given a plot 100 by 170 at 176 Chelsea Avenue, Long Branch, occupied by a three-story apartment structure with a garage. The value of the combined properties aggregates about $400,000.

Upper Riverside Drive Deal.

Harris and Maurice Mandelbaum, who have been active operators in upper Manhattan property, have made another investment by purchasing from the Loyal L. Smith estate the vacant plot at the northeast corner of Riverside Drive and 161st Street, 125 by 100. J. Romaine Brown & Co. were the brokers. Through the same agents the Mandelbaums purchased from the same estate a few months ago fifteen lots adjoining on the street and resold later to builders, who are completing three five-story houses.

Gold Street Sale.

The five-story loft building at 8 Gold Street near Maiden Lane, occupying a plot of about 2,000 square feet, has been sold by the Charles F. Noyes Company for Samuel Wacht, President of the T. & S. Realty Company, to Lucius H. Beers. It has been held at $30,000. It was taken in part payment for the seven-story apartment at 1,772 and 1,774 Madison Avenue, the sale of which was announced Sunday.

Tenement Investments.

The five-story tenement, with stores, at 223 East Seventy-third Street, on plot 25 by 102.2, has been sold by Bryan L. Kennelly for A. M. Christie to an out-of-town investor.

Schifter & Jacobs have sold for Cecilie Namm to Jacob Kastler 200 Allen Street, a five-story tenement, 24.2 by 87.8, between East Houston and Stanton Streets.

The Herman Arns Company has sold for the Lawyers Mortgage Company to a client for investment 356 West 124th Street, near Morningside Avenue, a five-story triple flat, on lot 27.10 by 100.11.

Buys Harlem Dwelling.

The three-story dwelling, at 73 West 126th Street, on plot 17 by 100, has been sold by O'Reilly & Dahn for Anna B. Moritz to Henry Bennett.

Marshall Corner Negotiations.

Negotiations are pending for the purchase from the William H. Bryan interests of the former Marshall plot at the northeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street, a plot 98.9 by 244. Foreclosure action was recently started against the owners by the Equitable Life Assurance Society to recover a loan of $500,000 with interest. In July, 1912, the heirs sued the Bryan interests to recover mortgage indebtedness aggregating $430,000, and bid the property in for $702,210. About four years ago, when William H. Bryan bought it, he was reported to have paid $880,000.

Greenhut Co. Renews Astor Lease.

A lease was recorded yesterday by the J. B. Greenhut Company from William W. Astor, involving the upper portion of their big store, being the plot on the southeast corner of Sixth Avenue and Nineteenth Street, fronting 116.3 on the avenue. The property has been leased for twenty years from May 1, 1915, for $27,500 a year.

A Recent Buyer.

W. A. Read of the banking firm of W. A. Read & Co., is the buyer of the property at 2 to 6 East Sixty-third Street, three old dwellings sold in February, 1913, and title to which was taken by Edwin H. Bigelow.

Bronx Borough.

The five-story apartment on the southwest corner of Washington Avenue and 187th Street, plot 50 by 100, has been sold by Samuel Cowen in conjunction with F. W. Temmler for the T. T. Reid Construction Company to an investor. Mr. Cowen has also sold the five-story apartment at 470 East 187th Street on plot 40 by 100.

A plot on the east side of Arthur Avenue, 150 by 119 and irregular, 125 feet south of 180th Street, has been sold by Kurz & Uren for the Berenson Realty Company to Richard Dunn.

The three-story two-family brick house at 937 East 156th Street has been sold by Nicholas Lopard for Goldie Cowen and Carrie Lazar to Lena B. Florel.

William J. Diamond, a builder, has bought a plot of four lots, 100 by 95, on the northeast corner of Mohegan Avenue and 179th Street.

E. Osborne Smith has sold for Everett V. Meeks 2,157 Walton Avenue, a two-story dwelling, on lot 19 by 78, near 181st Street, to James Graham.

Brooklyn.

G. Carlucci, in conjunction with the William Rae Company, has sold the four-story dwelling at Nostrand Avenue and Halsey Street to B. Casagrande.

Thomas & Son have sold for Thomas J. Morrison to a client the two-story frame dwelling, with garage, at 1,933 Eighty-fifth Street, Bensonhurst, on lot 60 by 100.

Irvington Estate Sold.

Kenneth Ives & Co. have sold the country home of the late Mrs. Julia H. Worthington, known as Rossiter, at Irvington-on-Hudson, to Dr. Theodorus Bailey. On the property are a large stucco residence, stables, greenhouse, &c. The plot contains eight acres fronting on Broadway and Sunnyside Lane. It was held at $55,000.

New Jersey.

Charles P. Doelger has increased his holdings in New Jersey by the purchase from William H. Chesebrough of about sixty-two acres of land fronting on Rumson and Ridge Roads and Hance Avenue, between Red Bank and Seabright. Mr. Doelger acquired the property for the purpose of enlarging his country estate, which adjoins.

The property just sold was acquired by Mr. Chesebrough in three parcels, one from the Rumson Country Club, the Rumson Road frontage, which was the old polo field, comprising eighteen acres; from George S. Ingraham the Ridge Road and Hance Avenue frontages, comprising thirty-one acres, and from the Cadwalader estate the intervening land, comprising about thirteen acres.

G. Carlucci & Co. have sold for Antonio Pumo the two-story brick dwelling, with garage, at 124 Twenty-first Street, West New York.

Red Hook, Dutchess County, Sale.

Horace S. Ely & Co. have sold for George W. Platt a plot containing approximately eleven acres, with bungalow and outbuildings, situated at Red Hook, Dutchess County, New York. The purchaser is Louis Gordon Hamersley, who recently purchased through the same brokers adjoining properties, which now give him an estate of about 774 acres.

Commercial Leases.

Clark T. Chambers has leased for E. and M. L. Host the store and basement at 14 East Forty-eighth Street, for ten years, to James A. Jenkins, books and stationery, now at 311 Madison Avenue.

Robert F. Bonsall has leased for the Wendel Estate to William G. Willmann the five-story building at 51 Beekman Street, extending through to Ann Street, for a term of years.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased the store at 245 West Fifty-fifth Street to Gray & Davis, Inc.

Pease & Elliman have rented for Charles B. Halsey and T. J. S Flint the store in their new building at the northwest corner of Fifty-fourth Street and Madison Avenue to the Berger Valeting Company.

J. Arthur Fischer has leased to Koerzner Brothers the store at 636 Sixth Avenue, adjoining the corner of Thirty-seventh Street, for the sale of typewriting supplies, and to Louise T. Smith the parlor store at 125 West Fortieth Street for J. Hatfield Morton.

William A. White & Sons have rented for L. Tanenbaum, Strauss & Co. the building at 29 West Street to the J. W. Fiske Iron Works.

The H. E. Verran Company, located for sixteen years at 583 to 587 Broadway, has leased through Pease & Elliman the Van Beuren Building at the northwest corner of Union Square and Fifteenth Street, which remained untenanted since its erection several years ago.

Dwelling Leased.

The A. N. Gitterman Corporation has rented to a client of Pocher & Co. the four-story private dwelling at 65 West Fifty-second Street.

N. Y. Mortgage and Security Co.

At the meeting yesterday of the stockholders of the New York Mortgage and Security Company, held at 135 Broadway, the following Directors were elected to fill vacancies: Henry E. Cooper, Vice President of the Equitable Trust Company; Guy Du Val of W. A. & A. M. White, and Wilson P. Foss, President of the Conklin & Foss Company.

Harry A. Kahler, President, presented the annual report, which indicated net earnings for the fiscal year of $201,495.29. After deducting 12 per cent. dividends, amounting to $180,000, there remained a balance of $21,495.29, which was carried to undivided profits.

Building Consolidation Views.

Laurence M. D. McGuire, President of the Real Estate Board, said yesterday, in discussing the Lockwood bill, which is supported by the board, that under "the first city charter there was a centralized Building Department, which worked so badly that it became necessary to provide in the new charter for local building bureaus. Since the establishment of these bureaus they have performed their duties admirably, and there is not the slightest complaint against them in any of the boroughs. All the Lockwood bill seeks to do is to put back in those bureaus certain special inspection features which in response to accelerated public sentiment have from time to time been taken from them."

Albert S. Bard, Chairman of the Legislative Committee of the Citizens' Union, in a letter on the bill says:

"The real estate interests, with some creditable exceptions, are doing their best to repeal consolidation and to erect five municipal communities within the greater city, to compete with each other in the non-enforcement of such real estate regulations as may nominally be imposed upon all five. The issue is whether we shall have a genuine City Government or five separate borough Governments, tempered by a union of the five territories into a metropolitan district, for police, fire extinguishment, (not prevention,) water supply, and a few other purposes."

$83,000 Brooklyn Apartment.

Shampan & Shampan are preparing plans for a five-story high-class apartment house to be erected on a plot 87 by 100 on the north side of Ross Street, 275 feet east of Bedford Avenue, to cost $83,000, for I. Haft as owner. It is to be erected on the site of the Ross Street Presbyterian Church, which has been consolidated with another church. The church was one of the landmarks of the section.

Realty Notes.

The New York Title Insurance Company has taken a mortgage of $80,000 on 206 West Ninety-fifth Street, a six-story structure.

A meeting of the Harlem Property Owners' Association will be held on Thursday evening at 147 East 125th Street.

The realty holdings of the H. B. Claflin Company, which went into the hands of a receiver last year, are to be sold at auction on Friday at the County Court House. The properties are located at 59 to 69 Thames Street, 99 and 101 Sullivan Street, 34 to 52 Worth Street, and 155 and 157 West Broadway. There is also a large parcel situated in Glasgow, Scotland. The sale will be conducted by Joseph P. Day at noon.

An addition to the Finch School for Girls is to be erected on the property at 54 East Seventy-eighth Street, which was purchased last week by J. G. Cosgrove.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Minetta St, 4, w s, 131.1 ft n of Bleecker St, 22.1x75x21.11x75, two-story tenement, tax lien; Rudolph Wallach Co. against M. G. Palliser et al.; August Weymann, attorney; A. M. Levy, referee; due, $1,178.75; taxes, &c., $323; to Lavina Leitch, a party in interest, for $3,200.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Broadway, 1,651 to 1,665, w s, whole front between 51st and 52d Sts, 201x108.2x200.10x103.11, five-story brick hotel; Louis Leavitt et al. against Waldemar Co. et al.; Lindsay, K. & P., attorneys; H. C. Wilcox, referee; due, $110,527.12; taxes, &c., $1,900; subject to ground rent of $41,000.

127th St, 5 and 7 West, n s, 100 ft w of 5th Av, 40x99.11, three-story dwelling, one-story rear building; S. H. Atkinson et al. against National Nassau Bank et al.; L. A. Ackley, attorney; J. F. Couch, referee; due, $17,608.55; taxes, &c., $403.60.

By Henry Brady.

16th St, 24 West, s s, 455 ft w of 5th Av, 25x103.5, four-story dwelling; K. B. Belloni against Mary Casey; Reeves & T., attorneys; J. J. Dwyer, referee; due, $26,734.68; taxes, &c., $2,117.35.

Eldridge St, 113, w s, 87.6 ft s of Broome St, 25x119.10, five-story front and rear tenements; J. H. Simpson against Morris Lipschitz et al.; Joseph Michel, attorney; L. I. Covillier, referee; due, $8,361.28; taxes, &c., $70; subject to a first mortgage of $32,500.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

82d St, 533 East, n s, 125.4 ft w of East End Av, 36x102.2, five-story tenement; C. F. Klippert et al. against Hannah Solomon et al.; Amend & A., attorneys; D. A. Speilissy, referee; due, $21,177.36; taxes, &c., $1,198.65.

By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

112th St, 250 and 252 West, s s, 150 ft e of 8th Av, 50x100.11, six-story tenement; Esther Schilt et al. against R. S. Abrams et al.; Myron Sulzberger, attorney; Phoenix Ingraham, referee; due, $10,643.11; taxes, &c., $2,000; subject to first mortgage of $58,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Charles A. Berrian.

214th St, 738 East, s s, 369 ft e of White Plains Road, 25x190; R. C. Schlegel against Pietro Serrill et al.; M. B. McHugh, attorney; F. S. McAvoy, referee; due, $1,201.80; taxes, &c., $825.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Broadway, w s, 188.7 ft s of 218th St, for a one-story store, 50x55; R. E. Simon, 30 East 42d St, owner; Kreymborg Architectural Co., 1,029 East 163d St, architect; cost, $10,000.

Bowery, 71, for a one-story store, 35x46; N. B. Watson, 43 West 37th St, owner; G. M. McCabe 96 5th Av, architect; cost, $350.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY MARCH 8.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

DELANCEY ST, n s, 32.6 ft e of Orchard St, 27.6x75; Albert A. Volk to Sussman-Volk Co., 88 Delancey St, (mtg $27,000,) March 5; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Percival C. Smith to same, (mtg $27,000,) March 5; same attorney.....$10,000

GREENWICH ST, 94, n w corner of Rector St, 20.11x90.8; William Arrowsmith, executor of Penelope McCrea, to Vasco P. Abbott, 153 East Main St, Gouverneur, N. Y., Feb. 17, ½ part, all title.....$1

PARK AV, 1,680, n w corner of 118th St, 25.11x90; Lyondale Realty Co. to Emma Pfund, 7 Manhattan Av, (mtg $30,500,) March 5; attorney, I. J. Ettinger, 99 Nassau St.....$100

7TH ST, 270 East, s s, 183.8 ft w of Avenue D, 22.6x90.5; James A. Foley, referee, to Caroline Hurry, Short Hills, N. J., et al., trustees of William Hurry, March 6, (foreclosure March 5;) attorney, L. S. Hulse, 66 Broadway.....$12,600

11TH ST, s s, 125 ft w of Avenue D, 72.4x90.1; Rockaway Rolling Mill to Samuel P. Schlansky, 17 East 97th St, (mtg $17,500,) March 6; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co, 135 Broadway.....$1

55TH ST, 150-152 West, s s, 181.3 ft e of 7th Av; Frederic J. Middlebrook to Belfort Realty Corporation, 46 Cedar St, mtge $71,000, Dec. 22, 1914; attorneys Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St.....$1

72D ST 429 East, n s, 175 ft w of Avenue A, 25x102.2; Fannie Cronheim to H. A. Uterhart, 34 East 81st St, all liens, mtg $13,000, March 6; attorneys, Uterhart & Graham 27 Cedar St.....$200

103D ST, 125 to 133 East, n s, 185 ft e of Park Av, 77x100.11; Isaac Lowenfeld et al., executors of Pincus Lowenfeld, to Monmouth Holding Co., 46 Cedar St, ½ part, March 1; attorney, Irving I. Rosenbaum, 149 Broadway.

SAME PROPERTY; William Prager to same, ½ part, b. and s., all liens, March 1; attorney, same.....$1

104TH ST, 69 West, n s, 135.8 ft e of Columbus Av, 27x100.11; Seligman Baum to Jane E. Luckings, 851 Amsterdam Av, mtge $36,500, March 6; attorneys, Rounds, H. D. & D., 62 Cedar St.....$100

108TH ST, 165 East, n s, 165.9 ft e of Lexington Av, 16.9x100.11; Morris Kohn to Joseph Abraham, 367 Pearl St, (mtg $15,000 on this and 167 East 108th St,) March 8; address, 1,723 Lexington Av.....$100

115TH ST, 73 East, n s, 115 ft w of Park Av, 25x100.10; Albert Weiss to Mollie Sherower, 73 East 115th St, (mtg $15,000,) all liens, March 3; attorney, E. A. Isaacs, 55 Liberty St.....$100

134TH ST, 119 West, n s, 300 ft w of Lenox Av, 25x99.11; Fannie Ottensoser to Southern Globe Realty Co., March 4; attorney, M. H. Salzer, 299 Broadway.....$1

134TH ST, 120 West, s s, 346.6 ft w of Lenox Av, 28.6x99.11; same to same, March 4; same attorney.....$1

171ST ST, n s, 100 ft e of Fort Washington Av, 279.1x95; Hy. R. Hoyt et al., executors of Alfred W. Hoyt, to John Cabot, Jr., Weehawken, N. J., all liens, April 18, 1913; attorneys, Daly, H. & M., 15 William St..$1

204TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 150x99.11; Alfred H. Townley, referee, to Arthur M. Du Bois, 119 East 57th St, March 6, (foreclosure Feb. 26;) attorneys, Taft & Sherman, 15 William St.....$61,000

Bronx.

CAULDWELL AV, 667, w s, 25x115; Johanna Arens to Otto Wagner, 130 East 122d St, (mtg $13,500,) Feb. 24; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 B'way.$1

EVERGREEN AV, e s, 184 ft n of Westchester Av, 40x100; David G. Patton to Rose Patton, 2,694 Briggs Av, (mtg $25,000,) March 4; attorney, Rose Patton, 2,694 Briggs Av.....$100

HOE AV, 1,228, e s, 50x100; Cioffi Co. to Pietro Brescia, 973 Aldus St, (mtg $10,500,) March 1; attorney, Herman Gottlieb, 299 Broadway.....$100

HOME ST, n s, 100 ft w of Fox St, 27.4x64; Nicola Apostolico to Pietro Brescia, 973 Aldus St, (mtg $5,000,) Jan. 31; attorney, Herman Gottlieb, 299 Broadway.....$100

HONEYWELL AV, being n w ½ of Lot 287, map of Tremont, 44x112.6; Joshua Haberman to Emanuel Telesca, 2,728 23d St, Brooklyn, (mtg $5,000,) March 2; attorney, P. E. Ittman, 132 Nassau St.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Emanuel Telesca to Daniel Gibbons et al., 49 7th Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $5,000,) March 3; same attorney.....$1

LESTER ST, n s, 125 ft e of Barker Av, 25x105; Mary McGarry to Amanda Hanff, 667 Lester St, Oct. 23, 1914; attorney, F. McGarry, 660 Burke St.....$1

LOTS 14 to 17, Block B, Map of Lester Park, 100x100; North Bronx Realty Co. to Edw. McGarry, 660 Burke Av, March 8; attorney, Edw. McGarry, 660 Burke Av...$1

LOT 47, Block 17, map of Morris Park; Edw. S. Henesy et al. to Lavinia C. Moseman, 731 Hamilton Av., Richmond Hill, L. I., Feb. 11; attorney, S. H. Voris, 336 Fulton St, Jamaica, L. I.....$1

MORRIS AV, 557, w s, 25x100; Antonio Santini to Bernardino Colasacco, 557 Morris Av, (mtg $5,500,) March 6; attorney, Leandro Cesario, 363 East 149th St.....$100

OAKES AV, e s, 90.11 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 50x100; Henry Seinfel to Samuel Malsky, 1,415 Stebbins Av, March 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

VYSE AV, 1,981, w s, 20x100, also Vyse Av, 1,985, 20x100; Fremont Realty Co. to Fridolin Mehler, 3,763 Olinville Av, (mtg $12,500,) April 30, 1913; attorney, John Kadel, 2,069 Westchester Av.....$100

139TH ST, 308 East, s s, 18.9x100; Thomas D. Malcolm Construction Co. to Hjalmer Lindberg, 429 East Kingsbridge Road, (mtg $9,000,) March 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co. 176 Broadway.....$100

179TH ST, 939 East, n s, 37.2x97.1; Joseph A. Wasserman to Mary A. Wasserman, 1,223 River Av, (mtg $18,500,) March 6; attorney, Mary A. Wasserman, 1,223 River Av....$100

179TH ST, 931 East, n s, 38.2x97.1; Jos. A. Wasserman to Harriet A. Hamill, 747 East 168th St, (mtg $19,500,) March 6; attorney, Harriet A. Hamill, 747 East 168th St...$100

201ST ST, w s, 110 ft s of Briggs Av, 25x100; Katharina Hatt to Charles G. Keets, 18 East 126th St, March 6; attorneys, O'Hara Brothers, 200th St and Webster Av.....$100

229TH ST, s s, being Lot 708, map of Wakefield, 52.6x114; Golane Publishing Co. to Antonio Brandi, 3,677 White Plains Road, (mtg $9,000,) March 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

241ST ST, n s, 100 ft w of Martha Av, 52.4x100; Moser Arndtstein to Marie Schrader, 612 East 234th St, (mtg $1,750,) March 4; attorney, John V. Sheridan, 3,678 White Plains Road.....$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

DELANCEY ST, n s, 32.6 ft e of Orchard St, 27.6x75; Sussman Volk Co. to Percival C. Smith, 310 West 79th St, March 5, prior mtg $27,000, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$7,000

GREENWICH ST, w s, 50.6 ft s of Cedar St, 25.6x99; Augusta F. Bowen to Allen W. Evarts, 124 East 29th St, March 1, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Evarts, C. & S., 60 Wall St.....$1,500

PERRY ST, 104, s s, 25x95; Lenox Avenue Union Church to Gustave Neubeck, 669 9th Av, March 8, prior mtg $9,000, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Leonard Morgan Co., 104 West 42d St.....$2,000

7TH AV, w s, 26 ft n of 118th St, 24.11x100; Sandford Realty Co. to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, March 8, 5 years. $23,000

38TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of 9th Av, 125x—; George Kern to Elsie K. Powell, 130 East 70th St, March 8, prior mtg $218,000, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, William Powell, 7 Wall St.....$50,000

39TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of 8th Av, 25x98.9; Gerson Mordo and another to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, March 8, due as per bond.....$12,000

58TH ST, s s, 361.5 ft w of Avenue A, 20x84; Rosella Hirschfeld to George Thompson, 1,379 Lexington Av, March 6, due May 1, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, Edgar Hirschberg, 340 3d Av.....$1,000

71ST ST, n s, 90 ft e of Columbus Av, 21x102.2; Mary A. Mortimer to Sylvester Pope et al, trustees, 424 Central Park West, March 2, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$28,000

80TH ST, n s, 156.7 ft w of Avenue A, 18.2x102.2; Augusta P. Price to Weadyslaw Bacynski, 150 Chestnue St, Brooklyn, 3 years,, 6 p. c.....$1,200

Bronx.

CAULDWELL AV, 667, w s, 25x115; Otto Wagner to Johanna Arens, 323 50th St, Brooklyn, March 6, due Sept. 1, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1,500

HONEYWELL AV, s e s, being n w ½ of Lot 287, map East Tremont, 44x112.6; Daniel Gibbons et al. to Alexander Zakka, 395 Henry St, Brooklyn, and another, prior mtg $17,000, March 5, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, London & D., 55 Liberty St.$1,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Jennie Wolff, 3,768 Barnes Av, prior mtg $10,000, March 5, due as per bond; attorney, P. E. Itmann, 132 Nassau St.....$3,500

LOT 26, map of Haight estate; August Newkirk to Andrew Nebel, 311 East 85th St, March 6, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, William S. Matthies, 506 East 175th St.....$1,000

139TH ST, 308 East, s s, 18.9x100; Hjalmer Lindberg to Thos. D. Malcolm Construction Co., 3,651 3d Av, (prior mtg $7,500,) March 6, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,500

187TH ST, n s, 250 ft e of Park Av, 50x112.6; Martin G. Dyer to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, March 6, 5 years; attorney, M. J. Scanlon, 51 Chambers St.....$3,000

201ST ST, w s, 110 ft s of Briggs Av, 25x100; Chas. G. Keets to Katharine Hett, 2,964 Decatur Av, March 6, 3 years; attorneys, O'Hara Bros., 200th St and Webster Av.....$4,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, March 6, installments, 6 p. c.; same attorney.$1,500

224TH ST, 862 East, 33.4x114; Virginia Pleasants to Henry Roeder, 1,170 Stebbins Av, March 8, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,000

226TH ST, s s, 105 ft e of Barnes Av, 50x114; Louis Fitzek to Henry J. Bergener, 1,489 Fulton St, Brooklyn, March 4, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 109th St, store and basement; Annie Marder to the Holsten, 2,632 8th Av, 5 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, A. D. Pape, 95 Liberty St. $1,800

BROADWAY, s w corner of 96th St, store; Jesse W. Ehrich et al. to New Cafe Co., 2,559 Broadway, 7 years and seven months from March 1, 1915; attorney, J. Cronin, 370 Columbus Av.....$6,000

BROADWAY, 1,382, store and basement; James & Morgan Manufacturing Co. to J. Canby Morgan, 120 East 40th St, 9 2-12 years from Feb. 12, 1915.—

GRAND ST, 83-87, store and part of basement; U. S. Trust Co. of New York to Eagle Printing Ink Co., 24 Cliff St, 5 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, H. D. Donnelly, 293 Broadway.....$3,000

ORCHARD ST, 185, store floor; Ida Gelfan to Nathan Finkel, 185 Orchard St, 3 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, Harris Koppelman, 144 Rivington St.....$924

HUDSON ST, 520, store and basement; Isidore S. Korn et al., executors and trustees, to John J. Hickey, 363 Hudson St, 10 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, Patrick J. O'Beirne, 132 Nassau St.....$900

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 1,367, 2 floors over store; William J. Coyle to Chu John, 463 Columbus Av, 5 years from Oct. 15, 1913; attorney, McLoughlin & Martin, 309 Broadway...$720

1ST AV, 179, store and basement; Edward Rafter to Abraham Goodman, 179 1st Av, 5 years from May 1, 1912.....$2,400

2D AV, 123, 2 floors; Albert Sokolski to David Elfenbein, 107 2d Av, 9 years and two months from March 1, 1915; attorney, B. Drashenberg, 115 Forsyth St.....$3,500

2D AV, 1,024, store and basement; Eliz. Bohmfalk to Laura Bogathy, 1,038 2d Av, 5 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, John H. Emmerich, 3,429 3d Av.....$1,200

3D AV, 39, the land; Hamilton Fish to John Sinnott, Philadelphia, Penn., 13 5-12 years from Feb. 1, 1915; attorney, Harry L. Horwitz, 291 Broadway.....$1,175

6TH AV, s e corner of 19th St, 116.3x—, all; William W. Astor to J. B. Greenhut Co., 294 6th Av, 20 years from May 1, 1915; attorneys, Rose & Paskus, 128 Broadway. $27,500

7TH AV, 789, store; Thomas Cunningham to John Crowley, 1,288 Amsterdam Av, 5 years from March 1, 1915; attorneys, Hirsh & E., 15 William St.....$1,980

9TH AV, 154 East, store and basement; Margrette H. Edgar to Howard M. Burns and another, 154 9th Av, 10 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, William H. Burns, 154 9th Av.....$780

37TH ST, 438-448 West, 9th floor; Elise T. Underhill to A. T. De La Mare Printing and Publishing Co., 2 Duane St, 10 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, Wilson, B. & W., 48 Wall St.....$7,500

116TH ST, 68 West, store and part of basement; S. E. & M. E. Bernheimer Co. to David Fuchs and ano., 144 Manhattan Av, 5 years and four months from Jan. 1, 1914; attorney, Grossfield Bros., 116 Nassau St.. $2,500

128TH ST, 102 East, all; Rachel Mayer to Julius Blumenfeld, 274 West 143d St, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1915; attorney, Grossfield Bros., 116 Nassau St.....$2,700

Bronx.

WALKER AV, 2,425, store and 4 rooms; Lucy E. Elliott to Gertrude Wiertz, 2,425 Walker Av, 2 years from May 15; attorney, Gertrude Wiertz, 2,425 Walker Av.....$360

180TH ST, n s, 50 ft w of Vyse Av; Moving Picture and Airdrome Arc Realty Co. to Pictorium Amusement Co., Inc., 3d Av and 161st St, from April 1, 1915, to Nov. 30, 1923; attorney, H. G. Guttman, 161st St and 3d Av.....$3,600 to $6,500

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

1ST AV, 408; Max Balik against F. W. Kroehle, owner; Resburgo Contracting Co., Inc., contractor.....$79

8TH AV, 353; John Borkel & Co. against Elisabeth A. Demarest, owner; Gabriel I. Lewis, contractor.....$124

83D ST, 308 East; Morris G. Gluck against Bert S. and Florence Cuddeback, owners; Mrs. Nahrwold, contractor.....$16

Bronx.

SHAKESPEARE AV, e s, 175 ft s of 169th St, 25x100; Thomas M. Cantwell against Thomas H. Bell, owner and contractor...$75

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, e s, 74 ft n of 183d St, Berger Mfg. Co. against West 184th St Construction Co. et al., June 7, 1912....$85

GRAND AV, 2,146; David Durie, Jr., against John Nagleston et al., Dec. 10, 1890.....$210

32D ST, 22 to 26 West; Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. against Midwest Realty Co. et al., May 17, 1913.....$2,611

78TH ST, 221 West; same against Susan M. Daly et al., Feb. 3, 1915.....$35

128TH ST, 28 and 30 West; Emerico Grimaldi against Leonhard Realty Co. et al., June 27, 1912.....$600

SAME PROPERTY; Joseph I. Ruffino et al. against same, Jan. 14, 1913.....$786

Bronx.

LAND bounded by Corsa Lane on s; by Gunther Av on e; by Crawford Av on n, and Laconia Av on w; Teresa Rizzetta against Laconia Land Corporation et al., Jan. 7, 1915.....$185

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

CHRYSTIE ST, 80; Margaret Jaeger against Arnold Kadish et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Perlman.

MADISON AV, s w corner of 53d St, 100x28; William J. Scanlon against Sally W. Nixon et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, I. Zion.

LOT 1, Block, Section 3; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. against Anastasio C. M. Azoy et al, (amended foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, H. Swain.

WADSWORTH AV, w s, 50 ft n of 179th St, 75x100; Joseph Starobin against William Hobson et al, (actions to foreclose liens;) attorney, S. S. Marcus.

77TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Columbus Av, 18.6x104; Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York against Leah A. Piza Weil et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. L. Allen.

96TH ST, 109 East; Robert W. Schumann et al against John A. Schumann et al, (partition;) attorney, M. Wolff.

103D ST, 159 East; City Real Estate Co. against Samuel Cohen et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

113TH ST, n s, 397 ft e of Lenox Av, 18x100.11; J. Blackburn Miller against Minnie A. Cohen et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. Witschief.

127TH ST, 26 West; Sarah Dahlman against Jacob Wiener et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. Putzel.

Bronx.

EASTERN BOULEVARD, n w s, 284.2 ft n of Willow Lane, 175x200; Commonwealth Savings Bank of New York City against Colorado Realty Co. et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. H. Hyde.

ROSELLE ST, w s, 81.7 ft s of Poplar St, 50x122.2; Max Herzig against Cecelia F. Brennan et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. L. Davis.

SEATON AV, w s, 425 ft s of Randall Av, 25x100; Trustees of Exempt Firemen's Benevolent Fund Association of the 23d Ward against Owen Coyle et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Heiderman.

WOODLAWN ROAD, s w corner of East 212th St, 51.6x95.1; James B. Kilsheimer, Jr., against Diederick Schaffer et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Dutton & Kilsheimer.

164TH ST, 484 East; Bernard Greenthal against Annita Realty Co., (action to compel specific performance of contract;) attorney, A. Kaplan.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

EDWD. CORNING PRES. CHAS. F. BERGER C.E. V. PRES.
EDWARD CORNING CO.
BUILDERS
100 WM. ST. NEW YORK

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 21170.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of Alfred W. MAURICE, trading as MAURICE, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 2nd day of February, A. D. 1915, a petition in bankruptcy was filed against the above-named bankrupt, and that said bankrupt has filed schedules of his property and a list of his creditors as required by law, which schedules may be examined at this office.

And you are further notified that after the bankrupt has been examined in open court the said bankrupt proposes to offer terms of composition to his creditors of 30%, payable in three notes of 10% each due June 15th, 1915, November 15th, 1915, and February 15th, 1916, and that a meeting of the creditors herein will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 19th day of March, A. D. 1915, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time, the creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the bankrupt, act upon the composition proposed by the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before the said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, March 8th, 1915.

NO. 20771.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—MORRIS LEVITZKY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Morris Levitzky, bankrupt, has filed his petition, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 12, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 21183.—In Bankruptcy.—GREGORY D. VOGEL AND GUS SCOURBY, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Gregory D. Vogel and Gus Scourby are hereby given notice that on February 13th, 1915, they were duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, March 19, 1915, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 21131.—In Bankruptcy.—ADOLPH PLATT and the firm of GRASSER AND PLATT, Bankrupts.

Creditors of said Adolph Platt and the firm of Grasser and Platt are hereby given notice that on February 9th, 1915, they were duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, March 19, 1915, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

95% OF FIRES
In Sprinklered Buildings Extinguished or Checked,
Resulting in Proportionately Reduced Insurance Rates. benefiting Owner and Tenant alike, affecting Contents and Building.
In conjunction with our other branches the Sprinkler overhead is relatively small, with a consequent competitive advantage.
Piping cut and assembled at our own works insures speedy installation.
WELLS & NEWTON CO.
Engineers and Contractors,
292-298 Avenue B,
NEW YORK CITY.
Telephone, 1530 Stuyvesant.
Plumbing. Heating. Ventilation.
Automatic Sprinkler Installations.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.
MORGENTHAU JR CO
AUCTIONEERS
35 LIBERTY ST
AUCTION OFFERINGS
are bringing much less than actual intrinsic value.
If you wish to invest in real estate
Here is your opportunity!!!
Sales at Noon at 14 Vesey St.
March 18th—791 Second Ave., near 42nd St.
5-story tenement 25x80.
Assd. $25,000—claims about $19,500.
Robert C. Birkhahn, Esq., Referee.
Harold Swain, Esq., Attorney.
March 19th—28 West 31st St., near 5th Ave.
4-story altered Bldg. 25x98.9.
Assd. $101,000—claims about $70,500.
Isidore Niner, Esq., Referee.
Carry & Carroll, Attorneys.
March 22d—1,969-71 Amsterdam Ave.
6-story apt. near 157th St., 50x100.
Assd. $78,000—first mtge. $59,000.
Joseph L. Prager, Esq, Referee.
Lese & Connolly, Attorneys.
March 22d—N. E. cor. 5th Ave. and 16th St.
13-story store and loft, 49x141.1 irreg.
Assd. $715,000—claims about $611,000.
Earnest R. Eckley, Esq., Referee.
B. Aymar Sands, Esq., Attorney.
We specialize in mortgage investments.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
PRICE $4,250—FLATBUSH!
Strictly modern 7 room stucco house on beautiful street; $1,000 under price through builder's loss. 3 min. to Av. J St. Brighton "L". A truly remarkable opportunity. Photos upon request. OTTO SINGER, East 13th St., near Av. K. Bklyn.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
WATERFRONT PLOT
About 400 feet square, opposite East 79th St., New York, on Vernon Ave., Sanford St., Public Park and East River, suitable any wholesale business requiring water front and shipping facilities, adjoining New Barge Canal Terminal. Further particulars consult Duross Co., 155 West 14th St.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.
GREENACRES RENTALS
Only 2 houses left for rent in this popular suburban colony at Hartsdale; 20 miles from Grand Central; 10 rooms, 3 baths; $90.00 per month. Several for rent furnished, 3 to 5 months. Send for particulars or call at
SCARSDALE BOOTH,
Country Life Exposition,
Grand Central Terminal, N. Y. City.

BRONXVILLE OPPORTUNITIES
If you are looking for a home to rent or purchase, let us send you our list. Call or write.
BRONXVILLE BUREAU,
Country Life Exposition,
Grand Central Terminal, N. Y. City.

HUDSON RIVER RENTALS.
Furnished and Unfurnished. Send for list or call.
HUDSON RIVER BOOTH,
Country Life Exposition,
Grand Central Terminal, N. Y. City.

BARGAIN AT NEW ROCHELLE
Substantial home, 12 rooms, 2 baths, gas, electricity, hot water heat; plot 100x170; garage; splendid location. Price, $12,000.
★O'CONNOR & McCANN★
221 Huguenot St. Tel. 594 New Rochelle, N. Y.

ABSOLUTE SACRIFICE, AT WHITE PLAINS.
20 acres, dwelling 14 rooms, 4 baths, sleeping porch, garage, stable, other outbuildings, beautiful grounds, shrubs, shade trees.
FOX REALTY COMPANY

NEW ROCHELLE
Attractive Summer rentals in furnished homes, near water front and in beautiful high section near golf course.
MATTHEW DRUMMOND,
202 Huguenot St. Tel. 3242. New Rochelle.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
For Sale
at ELBERON, N. J.
by order of Executors
Ocean Front Cottage and Garage
adjoining the Pullman Cottage and opposite the property of the Estate of Thomas T. Eckert.
For full particulars apply to
Geo. R. Read & Co.,
30 NASSAU STREET, N. Y.

A BARGAIN
Handsome house, ten rooms, on large plot, in New York's best nearby suburb; house contains large living room, library with huge fireplace, handsomely decorated dining room, butler's pantry, sanitary kitchen, plenty closet room, four master's bedrooms, handsome bathroom, two maids' rooms, &c.; ideal all-year home. Full particulars and price mailed upon request. E. D. Paulin, owner, 47 West 34th St., City.

A PRETTY HOME
at bargain price, $5,500, including garage; $500 cash required; owing to financial conditions must sell; new house; 7 large rooms, cozy inglenook, open fireplace, large closets, sanitary gas kitchen, up-to-date bathroom; located 30 minutes from Manhattan; good transportation. Full particulars, Waggoner, Room 516, 47 West 34th St., City.

MODERN NEW HOUSE
8 rooms, tiled bath, sleeping porch, large living room, 8-foot brick open fireplace, oak floor, steam heat, every modern improvem't; 30 min. from N. Y.; 65 trains daily. $6,000.
F. C. OGDEN, Rutherford, N. J. $500 CASH

FORCED to sacrifice my beautiful suburban residence, just completed; 10 rooms, 3 baths, solarium, sleeping porch; all latest appointments; excellent location; 12 miles from N. Y.; worth $11,000; must have cash; sell for $7,800. Mrs. E. Dearborn, 141 Williamson Av., Bloomfield.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 21296.—In Bankruptcy.—MORRIS A. MISHEL and HYMAN H. MISHEL, individually and as copartners under the firm name of MISHEL BROS., Bankrupts.

Creditors of said Morris A. Mishel and Hyman H. Mishel, individually and as copartners under the firm name of Mishel Bros., are hereby given notice that on March 2nd, 1915, they were duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held in my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, March 19, 1915, at 11.30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.
8 WEST 40
NEW 20-STORY BUILDING
OFFICES TO RENT
Number 8 WEST
229 SQ. FT. —TO— ENTIRE FLOOR 4600 SQ. FT.
EWING BACON & HENRY
101 PARK AVE. TELEPHONE 2500 Mur. Hill.

Unusual Opportunity.
3 large, light LOFTS
10,000 sq. ft. to each floor.
52-58 DUANE ST.
Corner Elm St.
PRINTERS' SECTION.
Most central location for PRINTERS, LITHOGRAPHERS, BOOKBINDERS, &C.
Light on all sides. Strictly fireproof building, two freight and two passenger safety elevators.
Apply on premises or
DE SELDING BROS.,
128 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. Cortlandt—8408.

NOMINAL RENT.
3,500 Square Feet,
Suitable for
Office and Show Rooms,
Herald Square Section.
Cross & Brown Company,
18 East 41st St.
Telephone 4000 Murray Hill.

We've something new and superior in office lighting—the new Nitrogen Electric Lamp combined with indirect lighting. Call and see what it means to you.
41 Park Row & 147 Nassau St.
Junction Park Row, Spruce and Nassau Sts., Opposite City Hall Park.
OFFICES TO LET. Bldg. 16 stories high. 3 sides open on 3 streets.
Modern Building Continuous Service
Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

369 BROADWAY
Running Through to Franklin Place.
Store, Basement & Sub-Basement.
Also Lofts to Let.
Passenger and Freight Elevators. Steam Heat and Electric Lights.
Rents Low.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY,
141 Broadway.

FIREPROOF LOFT
Elegant, Light, Steam-heated Fireproof Loft on 3rd Avenue, between 37th and 38th Streets; up-to-date in every respect; low insurance; very low rent; concessions to desirable tenant. Inquire on premises.
HENRY HOF,
567 THIRD AVENUE.

101 Park Ave.
N. E. Cor. 40th St.
ARCHITECTS BUILDING
OFFICES
390 to 1600 sq. ft.
EWING, BACON & HENRY,
Phone 2500 Murray Hill. 101 Park Ave.

48 WEST BROADWAY.
First, second and third Lofts to let; size 25x50; steam heat.
RENTS VERY REASONABLE.
Possession at once.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

WATER FRONT LOTS.
ALSO VACANT LOTS, conveniently near river, accessible to all parts of city.
LARGE LIGHT LOFTS on South Street.
Apply Brookman Estate, 52 Exchange Place.

A STORE TO LEASE
643 Sixth Ave. (37th-38th Sts.)
Modern Front, Light Rear, High Ceiling.
Apply on Premises, or
J. E. Whitaker, 2108 Broadway, at 73d St.

Brooklyn.
LARGE FACTORY BUILDINGS
190,000 Square Feet Floor Space.
Heavy mill construction, with sprinklers; conveniently situated in Brooklyn, with complete power equipment divided in units. Near canal, with railroad sidings easily obtainable. Very low rent. Further particulars,
A. FELDMANN, Room 1,011 Times Bldg.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED
GRAMERCY PARK SECTION
111 EAST 19TH ST.
Four-story private dwelling; twelve rooms and three baths; all imp'ts; excellent order.
INNES & CENTER, 30-32 EAST 20TH.

BROOKLYN.
Beautiful Brick Houses
FOR RENT, $30.
Semi-detached, 7 rooms, steam heat, elegantly decorated—some for sale—easy terms; send for booklet. MANAGER, 60A Liberty St., N. Y. Phone Cort. 2552.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
DORILTON

MAGNIFICENT STRUCTURE
Unusual sunny exposure. Express subway station 100 feet away. Free electric light and refrigeration. 7, 8, 9 and 10 room vacancies at $2,000 to $3,500. See resident Superintendent.
BROADWAY & 71ST ST.

Skylight Studios
5 West 16th Street
Bachelor Apartments
$30 to $60

BARGAIN
254-256-258 W. 25th St.
6 rooms and bath, elevator, electric light, telephone, hardwood floors, etc., at cheapest rent ever offered. Supt. on premises.

West Side, Above 110th Street.
THE ENDYMION
352 WEST 117TH ST.
Close to transit lines and park; refined home apartment; very moderate rent; seven rooms; modern appointments; only $45 and $55; diagrams, &c., of Superintendent on premises, or
Wilcox & Shelton, Mgrs.,
2,107 7th Av., at 125th St.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The weather pressure has fallen decidedly west of the Rocky Mountains ,and a Southern Pacific disturbance now over Arizona and South Utah has been attended by snows and rains in Arizona, New Mexico, and Texas. Elsewhere between the Rocky and Allegheny Mountains high pressure and generally fair weather prevailed. Pressure has risen considerably in the Atlantic States with clearing weather.

Low temperatures continue throughout the Central Valleys, the Plains States, and the South, and there was a decided fall since Saturday night in the Southwest, khile over the North and extreme West temperatures have risen generally though slightly.

There will be snow Tuesday in the Central and South Rocky Mountain regions and the Central Plains States, and rain or snow in the Southwest, probably continuing Wednesday except in the mountain districts, and extending eastward into the East Gulf States, the Middle Mississippi and lower Ohio Valleys. Elsewhere fair weather will prevail Tuesday and Wednesday.

It will be somewhat warmer Tuesday in the Plains States and on Wednesday in the Gulf States, but over the remainder of the country temperature changes wil not be important.

Warnings of frost or freezing temperature have been issued for the South.

Winds for Tuesday and Wednesday along the North and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be moderate northwest, becoming variable Wednesday; South Atlantic Coast, moderate northwest to north.

FORECASTS—TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

New York, New Jersey, New England, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1914.	1915.		1914.	1915.
3 A. M.	31	32	4 P. M.	38	40
6 A. M.	30	30	6 P. M.	35	39
9 A. M.	33	30	9 P. M.	32	31
12 M.	36	34	11 P. M.	30	30

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 35; for the corresponding date last year it was 34; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 35.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 30; at 8 P. M. it was 34. Maximum temperature, 40 degrees at 4 P. M.; minimum, 30 degrees at 8 A. M. Humidity, 69 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 58 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.74 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.82 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.
1:55—190 Lincoln Av.; Louis Depela....$100
4:45—9-11 W. 37 St.; Elite Styles.......$100
5:11—Metcalf Av. and Harlem River; Rogers & Haggerty........Not given
5:20—45 E. 59 St.; Brillman Bros....Slight
6:10—Cor. Pelham Bay Park and Marshall's Corner, (trolley car)..Slight
9:45—494 E. 167 St.; Philip Diamond..Slight
10:45—100 Stanton St.; Hyman Reinstein.........................$1,500
11:10—7 E. 28 St.; Reisman Co..........$5,000
11:50—623 E. 12 St.; Sarah Delinsky..Slight
11:55—201 Amsterdam Av.; Morris Gouze..$40
P. M.
12:50—12 Cannon St.; Joseph Weisberg..Slight
1:00—1,644 Mad. Av.; Barnett Mitchell..$500
1:10—119 E. 104 St.; Max Engel.....Slight
1:20—109 Monroe St.; Max Levy.......Slight
5:30—1,128 Lind Av.; J. Ferguson.....None
7:15—204 W. 140 St.; George Jacobs..Slight
8:40—11 W. 17 St.; M. Schlessel.......$5,000
9:45—190 Orchard St.; Louis Battlin...Slight
10:35—226 Bowery; F. Jorrish...........Slight

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers and Assignments, 4 P. M., March 6: Patrol. A. T. Wing, 16 Insp. Dist., to 21; D. McChinn, 147, to 16 Insp. Dist.; 4 P. M. March 9: J. J. Tynan, 65, to 63; J. J. Dunn, 69, to 63; C. Wodicke, 63, to 65; W. Kelly, 63, to 69; E. Hilfiker, 9 Insp. Dist., to 143; M. F. Barr, 9 Insp. Dist., to 151.

Temporary Assignments: Sergts. R. B. Watt, 32, to C. O., duty in office of Third Deputy Comr., 15 days, 8 A. M. March 11; J. B. Rigney, 277, to B. B. H. Squad, duty in Special Squad 1, 30 days, 8 A. M. March 9; Patrol. T. L. England, 2, and P. S. Regan, 65, to D. B., 10 days, 9 A. M. March 9; Francis O'Hara, 5, to C. O., duty in corridors, County Court, 10 days, 9 A. M. March 8; J. M. Coffey, 10, to 1st Insp. Dist., 10 days, 4 P. M. March 6; J. R. Leahy, 14; P. Murphy, 37, and J. T. Donohue, 39, to D. B., 10 days, 8 A. M. March 10; A. D. Sindt, 18; E. F. McEvoy, 21, and T. Brawley, 63, to D. B., 10 days, 6 P. M. March 10; H. L. Hoffmann, 26, to D. B., 5 days, 9 A. M. March 9; J. J. Kilroy, 31, and J. E. Smith, 35, to C. O., duty in Special Squad 3, 30 days, noon March 9; J. J. Love and J. Fitzgerald, 37, to D. B., 10 days, 4 P. M. March 9; D. Caso, 39, and C. P. Lander, 162, to D. B., 10 days, 4 P. M. March 11; D. J. Kelly, 151, to B. B. H. Squad, duty in Warrant Squad, 30 days, 8 A. M. March 8; R. W. Hamel, 151, and W. E. Barrett, 277, to D. B., 10 days, 8 A. M. March 11; F. J. McKenna, 168, to Boiler Squad, 10 days, 9 A. M. March 10.

Leaves of absence, (without pay:) Patrol. M. Blake, 61, 1 day, 4 P. M., March 9; J. J. Downey, 65, 1 day, 8 A. M., March 7; A. Heilman, 165, 1 day, 4 P. M., March 6; J. A. Murray, 167, 1 day, 8 A. M., March 8.

Fines imposed: Patrol. S. H. Johnson, 1, 5 days; D. O'Rourke, 13, 3 days; D. Pisapia, 16, ½ day; G. Reis, 18, 15 days; R. Duffy, 18, ½ day; P. J. McCluskey, 18, 1 day; P. P. Murphy, 28, (2 charges,) 4 days; T. Lynam, 29, (2 charges,) 6 days; J. J. Dunn, 31, 3 days; P. J. Daub, 32, 4 days; H. A. Berry, 38, 5 days; B. J. Higgins, 38, 3 days; J. E. Ackerman, 40, 5 days; C. J. Campbell, 149, (2 charges,) 30 days; P. L. Winter, 151, (2 charges,) 5 days; R. G. Becker, 171, 4 days; F. A. Schlegel, 171, 10 days.

Reprimanded: Lieut. D. Wall, 5; Patrol. W. Ryan, 4; F. E. Eschbach, 12; W. Kiernan, 16; L. Juna, 26; M. de Guiro, 26; W. C. Hettler, 38; A. Keane, 42; R. M. Shaw, 146; F. Cordes, 153; J. Allen, 155; H. L. Scharnikow, 167; M. A. Corcoran, 172; R. W. Stanley, 172; E. Rieckhoff, 278; G. H. Nuppenan, 283; T. A. L. Duane, 285; R. Hall, 285; G. Heck, 285.

Restored to duty: Patrol. Jas. McCarron, 26, 10:04 A. M., March 5.

Suspended from duty: Patrol. Jas. McCarron, 26, 10:06 A. M., March 5.

Fire Department.

Reinstated as third gr. fire. at $1,000 a year, time actually served prior to resignation to be counted on service record, at 8 A. M. March 9: C. J. Whatley, to Eng. 33; as fourth gr. fire. at $1,000 a year, time actually served prior to resignation to be counted on service record, C. Loughlin, to Eng. 19.

Special leave without pay: Lieut. W. R. Lanahan, Eng. 74, 72 hours, 8 A. M. March 8.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 8.—Forecasts:

N. Car.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; gentle to moderate n. w. to n. winds.

S. Car.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; gentle to moderate n. winds.

Ga.—Fair Tues. Wed., cloudy; gentle to moderate n. winds.

Fla.—Fair Tues. Wed., fair in e. and s.; unsettled, probably rain in n. w.; gentle to moderate n. winds, becoming n. e. over n. w.

Ala.—Fair Tues. Wed., unsettled, probably rain; gentle to moderate n. and n. e. winds.

Miss.—Unsettled Tues.; rain at night or Wed.; gentle to moderate n. e. winds.

La.—Rain Tues. in s., rain or snow in n. Wed., unsettled, probably rain and warmer; gentle to moderate n. to e. winds.

East. Tex.—Snow or rain Tues. Wed., probably fair and warmer; moderate n. e. to e. winds.

West. Tex.—Snow in n. and w., snow or rain in s. e. Tues. Wed., fair, warmer.

Utah—Fair in n., snow in s. Tues.

Okla.—Snow Tues. Wed., rain or snow and warmer.

Ark.—Unsettled Tues.; rain or snow by night and on Wed.; warmer Wed.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Tues. Wed., unsettled, probably rain or snow in w.

Ohio—Fair Tues. and Wed.; gentle to moderate n. w. to n. winds.

Ind.—Fair Tues. Wed., unsettled, probably rain or snow in s.

Ill.—Fair Tues. Wed., unsettled, probably rain in s.; gentle tomoderate n. winds, becoming e. Wed.

Lower Mich.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; gentle to moderate n. w. to n. winds.

Upper Mich.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

Wis.—Fair Tues. Wed., fair in n., unsettled in s.; gentle to moderate n. to n. e. winds.

Minn.—Fair Tues. and Wed., warmer in w.

Iowa—Cloudy Tues. Wed., unsettled, probably rain or snow.

Mo.—Fair in e. rain or snow in w. Tues. Wed., rain or snow and warmer.

N. Dak.—Fair Tues. Wed., fair and warmer.

S. Dak.—Fair and warmer Tues. and Wed.

Neb.—Snow Tues. or Tues. night and probably Wed., warmer Tues. in w., warmer Wed.

Kan.—Snow Tuesday. Wed., rain or snow and warmer.

Young Lawyer
Entering Career
Moderate Expenditure
Office Rented in
TIMES BUILDING,
Times Square,
From $30.00 a Month Up.
Rental Agent—Room 406.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The class in physics at the New York Evening High School for Women is entering on the subject of electricity, and will give special attention to the practical applications of the subject in the home and industry.

The evening class in photography at the Washington Irving High School Building is still open. Films taken by the students are developed, printed, and enlarged in the laboratory ,and study is made of the conditions and methods for obtaining perfect pictures at all seasons. Classes meet Monday and Wednesday evenings.

There will be a discussion of "Nature Work and Gardening" at the meeting of the New York Public School Kindergarten Association in Hunter College tomorrow afternoon.

A meeting of the Frank A. Young Alumni Association of P. S. 25 and 52, the Bronx, will be held in the auditorium of P. S. 52 on Friday evening.

The Male High School Teachers' Association will hold a meeting on Thursday afternoon in the New York University building, Eighth Street and University Place.

The Mothers' Club of P. S. 6, Madison Avenue and Eighty-fifth Street, will hold a meeting tomorrow afternoon.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The issuance of applications for medical clerk, Grade 2, will be begun today and will be continued until 4 P. M. on March 23. Candidates must be graduates of a recognized medical college. The duties are to pass upon certificates of death. Subjects and weights are: Duties, 50; report, 20; handwriting, 15, and arithmetic, 15. The minimum age is twenty-one years. The annual salary is $1,200.

United States.

The commission announces for March 17 at the New York Custom House a competitive examination for field matron to fill vacancies in the Indian Service at salaries ranging from $600 to $840 a year. The following vacancies exist at the present time: Shawnee Agency, Oklahoma, $600 a year; Tongue River Agency, Montana, $720 a year, and Western Shoshone Agency, Nevada, $720 a year. Eligibles unincumbered with the care of children or other dependents are desired. Competitors will be examined in keeping accounts, essay, elementary sewing, cooking and general household management, sanitation, hygiene, care of sick, and care and feeding of children; home gardening and poultry raising, methods of social work, and training and experience. Applicants must have reached their twenty-fifth but not their forty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

GRIFFIN, THOMAS F., (Feb. 12;) realty, $8,000; personalty, about $10,000; Mark P. Griffin, brother, $50; one-third of residue to widow, Sarah; rest equally to sisters of decedent, Kate, Nellie, and Mary.

KANE, ELIZABETH F., (Feb. 27;) personalty, about $2,000; sisters, Catherine A. and Agnes G., $750 each; niece, Marie C. Walsh, $500; son, William A., punch bowl; certain pieces of jewelry to William A., John, Dorothy, May, and Gertrude Kane, Agnes Walsh and Henry S. Cook; household furnishings equally to sisters; Thomas Thompson, $200, and the residue to the Church of Perpetual Help.

KRAUSE, JOHANNA, (Dec. 15, 1914;) personalty, upward of $40,000; Ella Krause, daughter, gets income from $26,000; Louis, son, discharge of notes for $5,000 and gets one-fourth of residue; Frederick and Oscar Krause, discharge of notes for $30,000 and one-fourth of residue to each; there are some contingent legatees.

POWERS, ELIZA, (March 2;) personalty, $1,500; $1 each to children, John Henry, Margaret Emily, and William A. Powers; $2,000 to daughter, Elizabeth Jane Powers.

TAG, ROBERT, (Feb. 23;) personalty over $5,000; Robert P., son, gets $10; widow, Mary, gets more than $4,900.

TERRY, EDWARD SAYRE, (Feb. 4;) personalty, over $10,000; all to widow, Marie L. Terry, of Greenwich, Conn.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—A Board of Customs, to consist of Major G. R. Lukesh, Capt. J. J. Kingman, and First Lieut. J. Atkinson, Corps of Engineers, is appointed to meet at Washington Barracks in December, to award the marks on papers submitted by candidates who were examined for promotion.

Capt. C. A. Dolph, Corps of Engineers, is assigned to 7th Inf. April 1.

Orders Feb. 19, relating to Capt. W. H. Noble, Q. C., Inf., revoked. He is assigned to the 29th Inf. June 1.

Capt. T. A. Pearce, 29th Inf., transferred to 8th Inf. June 1. On expiration of leave he will sail for Manila.

Capt. R. B. Harper, Q. C., to Omaha, Neb., temporary charge of general depot of the Quartermaster, relieving Capt. W. L. Luhn.

Lt. Col. MacSchofield, Q. C., proceed about March 9 to Phila. to official, then to his station.

Major R. G. Paxton, Q. C., to Army and Navy Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark., sick.

Orders March 4 amended to read: Capt. C. F. Martin, 8th Cav., extension until April 4, and Col. C. M. Truitt, 22d Inf., 5 days.

Navy.

Lt. Commander W. W. Galbraith, works of Tredgar Camp, Richmond, Va., and Raleigh Iron Works Co., N. C., to Bureau of Navigation.

Jr. G. Lt. E. H. Connor, the Milwaukee, to temporary duty, Bureau of Ordnance.

Ensigns: J. H. Culin to the Oregon; R. H. Grayson, Newport training station, to the Brooklyn; C. L. Pearse, Great Lake training station to the Maine; G. S. Dale, Norfolk receiving ship, to the Neptune; W. H. O'Brien, the Paul Jones, to the Yorktown; S. B. Robinson, the Yorktown, to the Whipple, and R. B. Daughtry, the Whipple, to the Paul Jones.

Bos'n G. Dahlman to retired list.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Tonopah at Pensacola; Denver at Guaymas; Vulcan at Phila.; San Diego at San Francisco; Orion at Guantanamo; Arethusa at Port Arthur, Texas; Perkins at Key West; Terry at Charleston; Oregon off Exposition grounds; Iris, Perry, Stewart, K-3, K-4, K-7, and K-8 at San Pedro, and the Olympia at Guantanamo.

Sailed—Annapolis, La Paz for San Diego; Nereus, Nagasaki for Olongapo; Petrel, Mobile for Vera Cruz; Washington, Port-au-Prince for Guantanamo; North Carolina, Alexandria for Beirut; Raleigh, San Diego for west coast of Mexico; Cleveland, Mazatlan for La Paz, and the Glacier, San Diego for San Francisco.

The Olympia has been assigned to duty with the R. Squadron, Atlantic fleet.

The Fulton, now at Boston, will proceed to New York, thence in company with the G-1 and G-2 to Hampton Roads.

The Tacoma, now at Port-au-Prince, Haiti, has been ordered to proceed to Vera Cruz, Mexico.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

WILLIAMS, FRED S., (Dec. 17, 1911;) net estate, $39,972; Mrs. Louise M. Williams, widow, is given personalty appraised at $762 and a life interest in $39,210; at her death the bulk of the remainder passes to Harry Herman Williams, son; personalty, $762; stocks and bonds, $17,944; deposits, $6,589; notes and mortgages, $16,781; the decedent owned seventy-two shares Borsum Bros, Inc.

GILMAN, KATE, (Sept. 19, 1914;) net estate, $22,088; Helen Fennell and Emma F. Spear, sisters, each get $6,794; Beatrice Fennell, niece, $8,000, and Emma Sweeney, aunt, $500; two lots at Jamaica Heights, Queens County, $1,000; deposits, $6,369; jewelry, $180; mortgage, $5,000; stocks, $10,210.

City Property.

Thirty cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

BIGGEST BARGAIN IN NEW YORK. 14-room house, completely furnished, 3 baths; excellent business location; near 96th St., Broadway; (sale or lease.) Phone Riverside 4607.

Private house opportunity, 64th St., near Broadway; four-story, high stoop; terms to suit; cheapest on the block. Goodale, Perry & Dwight, Inc., 1,133 Broadway. Farragut—9494.

Fine sixteen-room house, opposite Grant's Tomb, overlooking Hudson River, on bluff; sale or lease. B. Stack, 406 Lafayette St.

For Rent—Private house, 12 rooms, good neighborhood, $1,000; owner will offer inducements. 237 West 130th St.

11 Bleecker St.—Three-story building; store suitable for bakery; price reasonable. Apply H. N. Flanagan, 53 Bond St.

Executor's Sale.—East 62d St; house, (assessed $13,500,) $11,000. Miller, 767 Lexington Av.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Two-family house, 13 rooms, all improvements, near McKinley Square; worth $11,000; price $7,600. Hickey, 818 East 169th.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

BEAUTIFUL HOUSE NEAR WATER; Long Island Sound; 32 minutes from Penn. station; water front rights to fine bathing beach; near station; dock for your yacht or motor boat; electricity and gas; cement sidewalks and sewerage; very select and refined neighborhood; terms, $250; balance, $30 or more monthly; title perfect; descriptive booklet. B. Stephenson, 243 West 34th St., N. Y.

FINE COTTAGE, $18 A MONTH; just over city line; good neighborhood; 7 large, beautiful rooms and bath; everything like new; 2 lots; handy to all stores, school, trolley, &c.; don't overlook this bargain; must be sold this week; possession on very small cash payment. C. McCaw, 243 West 34th St., New York.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

162d St., 519 West.—Eleven dooms, 2 baths, 3 toilets; $75 monthly.

Mortgage Loans.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

$2,000,000 building loan money; 33d to 59th, Lexington to 7th Av. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

City Property.

Thirty cents an agate line.

Real Estate Wanted.

Attention, Owners! — Will fill vacancies and reduce expenses if you let us manage your property; references. Wm. Bettmann, 2,232 7th Av. Phone 3323 Morningside.

PROPERTY OWNERS' ATTENTION. Will manage your property and guarantee income. John Hoeckh, 650 9th Av.

Cash promptly paid for property threatened with foreclosure; give details. G. Rampolla, 192 Bowery, New York City.

Accessible subdivisions wanted anywhere for immediate selling. Baker, 7 East 42d.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents an agate line.

Suite of offices, suitable for architect, contractor, or building material concern, for rent. Apply Room 402, 103 Park Av., New York, opposite Grand Central Station.

HALLENBECK-HUNGERFORD BUILDING, LAFAYETTE, FRANKLIN & WHITE STS.

Store, southeast corner 14th St. and 7th Av. E. S. Willard & Co., 52 William St.

Lofts, offices, showrooms. Rothschild Realty Co., 98 5th Av. Phone 4990 Chelsea.

Warehouse, 263 Front St.; five stories; cellar. C. B. Meyer, 80 Maiden Lane.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

DESK ROOM WANTED. Bond broker wants desk room, with clearance privileges, in New York Stock Exchange house. Address V 45 Times Downtown.

Property Out of the City.

Thirty cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

ARDSLEY. — FOR PERMANENT RESIDENCE OR SUMMER HOME, MAGNIFICENT VIEW-PLOT, 5,000 SQUARE FEET; ALL IMPROVEMENTS; SMALL PAYMENTS. "BARGAIN," W 129 TIMES.

HOMES AND ESTATES FOR SALE OR RENT. ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Larchmont.

Come and see homes and bungalows at Larchmont. Leo Bugg, 40 West 32d St.

New Rochelle.

FURNISHED & UNFURNISHED HOMES. Frederick Jenkins, (Tel. 406,) New Rochelle.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

$10 a month buys my fine, well located chicken farm; just the place for a laborer or mechanic to make a good living; nice house and enough land for chicks, vegetables, berries, &c.; small amount down; possession at once. D. Farm, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, near Subway station.

YOUR RENT MONEY CAN BE MADE TO pay for a beautiful Colonial brick home in JAMAICA—18 minutes from N. Y., hundreds of trains a day. See Samuel Knopf, 220 W. 42d St., or representative on premises, 55 Middletown St., two blocks north L. I. R. R. Station, Jamaica.

AT NORTH FREEPORT. 6 rooms, bath, laundry, pantry, reception hall, all modern improvements and steam heat; fine shade; near trolley and stores; $2,600, $100 cash, $20 monthly. C. Behr, Roosevelt, L. I.

2½ acres, with 175 feet deep-water shore front; 12-room cement-block house; all improvements; 1½ hours out, North Shore; might consider exchange. Stephen Yates, 243 West 34th St.

CORNER PLOT, 40x100.—9-room house, stucco or shingles; all improvements; hardwood trim; $4,200. C. G. Stewart, Bellaire Park Gardens, Queens, L. I. Phone 6123W Hollis.

FOR LOW-COST, high-grade bungalows, visit Brightwaters; Booklet 3 on request. T. B. ACKERSON CO., 1 West 34th St., N. Y.

Summer water front bungalow; 4 rooms, bath, gas, electricity; new; $2,000; plots. F. A. Dalton, Main St., Babylon.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Bargain, $11,000; easy terms.—Country home; large grounds; library hall, huge living room with open fireplace; 6 bedrooms; every convenience; electric light, steam heat; oak floors, hardwood trim; servants' bath, toilet; huge veranda with fireplace; separate entrance; high in healthy hills; near express station, Lackawanna, 27 minutes on train. Room 802, 41 Park Row.

REAL ESTATE for safe investment for sale by Banking Dept., State of New York—Building lots, modern houses and bungalows at bargain prices; 1,000 properties at Grantwood, Palisade, Morsemere, Leonia, and Hudson Heights, New Jersey. Titles guaranteed. Liberal terms. Write for full details to BENJ. D. HAIGHT, Special Deputy Superintendent of Banks, 601 Times Building, New York City.

Montclair, N. J.—Attractive residence; large living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, 5 bedrooms, 2 baths; large plot; excellent location; valued $10,000, but will sacrifice for $7,700 to close estate. Murdoch, op. Lackawanna Ter., Montclair.

Rare opportunity, lot 70x550; new house, 6 rooms, bath, steam heat, oak floors, fireplace; 20-mile view; select neighborhood; near station; $5,000; terms. Smith-Singer, Ridgewood, N. J.

Alfalfa and potato farm, 195 acres, all valley land on macadam road, $68 per acre to close estate. It cost just double. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Bargain, $1,200 plot, 50x150 feet, sell $650; select neighborhood; 35 min. to N. Y., Lackawanna. Room 802, 41 Park Row, N. Y.

Big Bargain.—Six-room cottage; $25 monthly covers everything; illustrated pamphlet free. Bargain, P. O. Box 416, New York.

Westfield, N. J.—Large, sunny rooms with board; modern house; near station. 425 Summit Av.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—House of 15 rooms; running spring water in 5 rooms; barn, hen house, ice house, &c.; 16 acres fine land; situated in Durham, Conn., one of the prettiest towns in New England; formerly Halfway House between Boston and New York; history of Durham states that George Washington stopped at this house; principals only. Apply to owner, E. Burkell, Meriden, Conn.

BEAUTIFUL NEW 14-ROOM HOUSE, on water front at Riverside, Conn., cheap. H. W. HOPTON, 542 5th Av., New York City.

Nearby Connecticut inland and short front acreage. John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., New York.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Houses and lots exchanged for income property or acreage; fine income investments. Piquet, 354 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

West Side.

A large five-room apartment to sublet; all modern improvements; one block from Columbia; rent $59. 414 West 121st St. Apt. 41.

Sublet at sacrifice, 6 rooms; bath, elevator, telephone; first-class, modern house; $55 monthly. Apt. 43, 128 West 11th St.

180th, 804 West, corner Pinehurst Av.—Beautiful seven-room elevator apartment; improvements.

15 Fort Washington Av., (Rio Grande, near 159th and Broadway.)—2, 3, 5 rooms; $30, $60; river views.

Admanston, 90th St. and West End Av.—10-room duplex apartment, 3 baths.

Lenox Av., 342, near 125th Subway.—5 rooms, bath, hot water, steam heat; $22.

110th, 137 West, (Semiramis.)—Facing Park; 6, 7 rooms; $55-$70; concessions.

838-844 Riverside Drive; near 158th St.; 6 and 7 rooms; $780 to $1,100.

101st St., 201 West.—Corner apartment; five rooms, private hall, and bath.

East Side.

To sublet, furnished or unfurnished, seven rooms and bath, all outside. Apply to superintendent, 136 East 49th St.

Madison Square apartments to lease. 40 East 26th St.

Brooklyn.

1,045 Sterling Place, (Near Brooklyn Av.)—Beautiful apartments, 4 and 5 rooms; steam heat, electricity, phone, vacuum cleaning, $30 up. Apply premises. Phone 1978 Main.

Bronx.

Franklin Av., 1,321, (169th.)—Elegant 4-5 room apartments; every improvement; select tenants.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

West Side.

To Sublet.—Six rooms, beautifully furnished; southern exposure; fireproof apartment; from May 1 to Sept. 30. The Braender, 418 Central Park West. See Superintendent.

Attractive two-room, kitchenette, bath; new building; most livable quarters for gentlemen; centrally located. Maye, 301 West 57th.

146th, 600 West.—Light corner apartment, 7 rooms, well furnished, overlooking Hudson; near Subway. Telephone Audubon 2440.

113TH, 507 WEST.—Four-room apartment, completely furnished, to sublet. Inquire office.

Furnished apartments, short or long term leases. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th St., Col. Av. SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE 2 AND 3 ROOMS, with private bath and kitchenette, nicely furnished, $40-$55 up monthly. Complete outfit—Dishes, silver, cooking utensils. Special concessions on lease and unfurnished to October 1st. Near Subway and "L." Must be seen to be appreciated. Phone River 3970.

A.—A.—THE WILSONIA, 225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway. 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $45 up. 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $55 up. Exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable tenants. Phone, elevator service; maid service optional. Near Subway, "L," and surface cars. REFERENCES ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL. Superintendent on premises. Phone 9920 Col.

176th, West, (214 Audubon Av.)—Front corner; elevator; 5 delightfully large rooms; ideally furnished, every detail; complete housekeeping; immaculate home. Markham, Phone Audubon 3610.

143D, 502 WEST.—Four-room elevator apartment, furnished; rent, $48. Inquire office.

Furnished apartments, 4 to 10 rooms and bath. Fred'k Zittel & Sons, 79th and Broadway.

East Side.

Private house; floor; specialist, physician with large practice; improvements. 58 East 86th.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

5TH AV., 47.—Fine suite and rooms; modern conveniences; table board; references.

11TH ST, 17 EAST.—Rooms with private bath and meals, $15 weekly and up; rooms without bath, $12; hotel service.

17TH, 116 EAST.—Newly furnished, large, small rooms; excellent table board. Stuyvesant 4275.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Large rooms; steam heat; excellent table; reasonable.

34TH, 117 and 119 EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Large and single with board.

45TH ST., 8 EAST.—Large and small rooms with table board; Southern cooking.

MADISON AV., 839, (70th.)—Large and small rooms with board; breakfast served in rooms; table board; references.

West Side.

47TH, 48 and 50 WEST.—Large, attractive rooms, private baths; table board.

53D ST., 37 AND 52 EAST.—Rooms, with board; references; table board.

54TH ST., 54 WEST. Rooms; table board.

57TH, 351 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room; excellent board; electricity; telephone; references.

68TH, 72 WEST.—Desirable accommodations; homelike house; table guests accommodated; references exchanged.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Artistically furnished room; exceptionally appointed house; private bath; electricity.

69TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive rooms, connecting private bath; table guests; reasonable; references.

70TH, 55 WEST.—An exceptional opportunity, beautiful double room; also single room; refined surroundings; excellent table; reasonable. Spier.

70TH, 62 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large room; southern exposure; private bath; electricity.

71ST ST, 340 WEST.—Single rooms; exceptional; strictly kosher; table board; accommodations; reservation can be made for the Passover Holiday.

72D, 242 WEST.—Handsome large, sunny room, well appointed house; references exchanged.

72D ST., 253 WEST.—Double second story, back, with bath, $28; single room; southern exposure; superior home table.

72D, 308 WEST.—Southern house, desirable double rooms; suites with bath; excellent table.

72D, between Broadway and West End, in beautiful private residence, will accommodate refined couple. Phone 8350 Columbus.

72D, 122 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private baths; parlor suite; electricity; fine table.

73D, 251 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private baths; modern conveniences; private house; Subway; references.

74TH ST., 181 WEST.—20th year. Sunny rooms; excellent table; references.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Beautiful warm, large and small rooms; gentlemen; private family.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive pensions, with large parlors, tea room, and lounge; steam heat; private telephones. Booklet on request.

80TH, 106, 108, 110 WEST.—A satisfactory home for refined people; new, high type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; references.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Medium sunny front rooms; continuous hot water; moderate; references.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Large rooms; southern exposure; running water; also small; excellent cooking; moderate.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Now open for transients and permanent residents; attractive, modern; references. Write for booklet.

82D, 174 WEST, (The Little House.)—Large, small rooms; exceedingly comfortable, homey atmosphere.

82D, 52 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; also small rooms; references.

82D, 55 WEST. — Exclusive house; sunny hallroom; conveniences; $8; superior board.

83D, 17 WEST.—High-class Jewish house; large room; moderate; table guests.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable room, suitable gentleman; superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

88TH, 180 WEST.—Desirable appointments; Summer rates, if permanent; exclusive. Bell No. 2.

92D ST, 7 WEST.—Comfortable room, breakfast, dinner, $10; references. Apartment 65.

94TH ST., 142-144 WEST. Desirable rooms; table guests.

103D, 250 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable accommodations, well appointed home; excellent table; references.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Good rooms, good table, good service; references; reasonable; Southerners.

113TH, 617 WEST, (Riverside.)—Widow having luxurious apartment will board gentleman, couple; attractively furnished room; exclusive. Day.

141ST, (Riverside.)—Charming home; elevator apartment; 2 lovely rooms, overlooking river; 2 well-bred men, couple; excellent table; references. Audubon 6480. Apt. 5A.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; electricity; closets; unexcelled cuisine; reference.

149TH, 544 WEST.—Near Broadway Subway, beautiful Riverside; The Audubon; select family hotel; among 100 bright rooms variety at $14 for two; another at $16; single, $8 and $10; floor of two large rooms and bath, $25; rates include excellent board and services; every comfort. Telephone 2757 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Elegant rooms, superior board; $12 weekly. 4960—Morningside. Payne.

THE EVELYN LODGE. Charming family hotel of highest order; healthful location. 20 min. B'way, 5c. fare; lovely furnished rooms, suites, all comforts; most excellent cuisine; separate tables; rare, homelike atmosphere; worth investigation; weekly, $10-$12 per adult, with meals. 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Take Sub., "L," or Trolley to South Ferry.

Country Board

Thirty Cents a Line.

Westchester County.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Spring and Summer engagements now made; spacious dining room; unexcelled home cooking; river view. W. E. Robinson, 2161 Yonkers.

Long Island.

An ideal place for rest and recreation; beautiful suburban home, now open for guests; modern conveniences; excellent table. For terms telephone Bath Beach 3226.

New Jersey.

Hotel Francis, 65 Prospect St., East Orange, N. J. A quiet, restful family hotel, in most desirable section; rates moderate; tennis courts free; eight minutes to station.

TRUELL COURT, Central Av. and 4th St., Plainfield, N. J.—Well-furnished rooms, with or without bath; excellent table; moderate prices.

TRUELL INN, PLAINFIELD, N. J. A quiet, restful family hotel in most exclusive section; rates moderate.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

15TH, 105 EAST, (Opposite Union Square Hotel, Subway express, Apt. 94.)—Delightful sunny parlor, bedroom, bath; electricity, elevator, telephone; handsome, fireproof building; bachelors; reasonable.

30TH, 119 EAST. — Newly furnished room; modern conveniences; private house; reasonable; gentleman.

34TH ST., 46 EAST.—Elegant large room, with bath, electricity, $10; telephone.

35TH, 20 EAST.—Desirable large room, southern exposure; private bath; electricity, telephone.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

43D ST., 130 EAST.—In private family; beautifully furnished room for business lady or gentleman; connecting bath; separate entrance; near Grand Central; references. First bell.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath; single room; breakfast optional; references.

45TH, 19 EAST.—Nicely furnished apartment, two rooms and bath, with kitchenette; other rooms; excellent neighborhood.

53D, 65 EAST.—Two large rooms, kitchenette, private bath; private house; telephone, references.

56TH, 63 EAST.—Reduction to monthly tenants; desirable rooms; French teacher. 7983 Plaza.

64TH, (Lexington Av., 858.)—Double, single rooms; private bath; Summer prices; private residence.

93D, 31 EAST. — Private house; attractive double; single single room suitable couple, gentleman; reference.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 834, (63d St.)—Front and back parlor; other rooms; conveniences; telephone.

West Side.

12TH ST., 34 WEST.—Select, large and small rooms; private bath; steam, electricity; telephone.

29TH ST., 118 EAST.—Single room; private house; all improvements; telephone; near Subway.

54TH ST., 7TH AV.—Sunny outside room, with or without board; hotel service; reasonable. Oregon, Mrs. Anderson, Apt. 5-A.

55TH, 329 WEST.—Nice, quiet, clean rooms; references; telephone; near Subway, "L."

55TH, 361 WEST.—Single and double rooms; running water; private house; phone.

47TH, 1 WEST.—Splendid large front room, private shower bath, electricity, steam; select.

56TH, 314 WEST.—Hall room; newly decorated; private residence; moderate; telephone.

69TH, 103 WEST.—Large room, bath; steam; small room; reasonable; private family.

70TH, 220 WEST.—Large, small, well furnished; gentlemen; finest locality; Subway, elevated.

70TH ST., 204 WEST.—Medium sized; hot and cold water, shower.

71ST ST., 221 WEST.—Bright, newly renovated rooms; hot and cold water; business people; references asked; house under new management.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Well-furnished room; gentleman; moderate terms; reference.

71ST, 115 WEST.—Large room, private bath; gentleman; private apartment. Col. 10106.

72D, 240 WEST.—Large, attractive suite, suitable studio or living; unusual improvements; references.

73D, 153 WEST.—Attractively furnished large room, running water, electricity, telephone; subway express.

73D, 256 WEST.—Attractive, single room; superior table; also table guests.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Desirable room, adjoining bath; private house; telephone; conveniences; references.

74TH, 134 WEST. — Private family; large room; private bath; high-class references. Owner.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Newly furnished private house; large rooms; private baths; small; breakfast.

76TH, 113 WEST.—Large, attractive room; suitable two; reasonable; heat, hot water.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Sunny front rooms; handsome back parlor with private bath.

77TH, 64 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, facing museum; board optional. Schuyler 5199. Mrs. McGregor.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive second-story, front room; all conveniences; references; reasonable.

77TH, 124 WEST.—Comfortable double room; unusually attractive house; meals optional.

77TH, 131 WEST.—Elegant rooms, single, en suite; private baths; board optional.

78TH 136 WEST.—Attractive, large room; all conveniences; light housekeeping; $8.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful large room; private bath; small room; opposite Subway.

79TH, 225 WEST.—Large front room; electricity; private home; Subway; reference.

82D, 152 WEST.—Comfortable, well furnished, large, small rooms; conveniences; Summer rates; references.

82D, 80 WEST.—Large, well furnished, adjoining bath; electricity; telephone; $3.50. Anderson.

82D, 33 WEST.—Two beautifully furnished front rooms; private bath; phone; references.

83D, 11 WEST.—Warm outside room, private bath, lavatory; quiet, refined surroundings.

84TH, 133 WEST.—Front room, suitable 2 or 3; housekeeping if desired. Guldenmeister.

84TH, 29 WEST. — Sunny outside, medium room; quiet private apartment; $3.50. Ochs.

85TH, 330 WEST. — Beautiful front suite; piano; connecting rooms; conveniences; breakfast served. Young.

86TH, 306 WEST.—Front room; running water, telephone; Subway station; gentlemen; references.

86TH, 337 WEST.—Large, sunny room; dressing room; attractive; skylight; sunny basement room.

87TH, (West End.)—Exclusive private house; large, small sunny rooms; kitchenette. 10476 Schuyler.

87TH ST., 14 WEST.—Nice, light, airy room; conveniences; private house; telephone.

93D ST., 303 WEST.—High-class rooms; private house; all improvements; board optional.

94TH, 20 WEST.—Bright, attractive small rooms, near Park; telephone; references.

95TH, 255 WEST.—Exceptionally large, comfortably furnished corner room, adjoining bath; shower; private family; breakfast optional. Linz.

95TH, 310 WEST.—Beautiful front room; all conveniences; elevator; kitchen privilege. Johnson.

96TH, 38 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, single or en suite; moderate; meals exceptional. Mrs. Fick.

97TH, 229 WEST.—Elegant room, high-class apt.; moderate. Phone Riverside 9431. (4 D.)

98TH, 315 WEST.—Bachelor can have spare room in elegant apartment, near Riverside; kitchenette, bath, telephone, piano; $6; references. Call Lieberman, 8 to 9 P. M.

98TH, 243 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Cheerful, homelike room; southern exposure; moderate. Apt. 6 B.

98TH, 243 WEST.—Pleasant living room, bedroom adjoining; two gentlemen. Myron.

98TH 254 WEST.—Elegantly kept apt.; large room, bath; gentlemen. Apt. 7.

104TH, 135 WEST.—Private family; clean, airy, quiet room; modern. Goodrich. River 2935.

110TH, 207 WEST.—Two front rooms, beautifully furnished, facing Central Park West; business gentlemen; telephone, electric lights; private family. Apt. 20. Mrs. A. White.

110TH, 207 WEST.—A nicely furnished, light room to let; telephone, electric light; private family. Mrs. A. White.

111TH, 536 WEST.—Superior accommodations for gentleman in exclusive private home. Call evenings.

113TH, 617 WEST.—In homelike, modern apartment, beautiful front, sunny room; breakfast optional; home conveniences; moderate. Apartment 83.

114TH, 610 WEST.—KITCHENETTES, PRIVATE BATHS; OTHER ROOMS.

149TH, 512 WEST, (Near 145th Subway.)—Select neighborhood; private house offers entire second floor suite, two magnificent large rooms, private bath, $15 per week, or separate; references. Tel. 2758 Audubon.

156TH, 501 WEST.—Attractive room; conveniences; private family; reasonable. Conried, Audubon 6496.

164TH, 559 WEST.—Beautiful very large room, adjoining bathroom, with private family, for lady. Apartment 62.

ALLERTON HOUSE, 300 WEST 22D ST., (For Bachelors Only.) Hotel and club conveniences; new fireproof building; elevator; hot and cold water in every room; tub and shower baths; all outside rooms; single rooms, $4 to $7 weekly; rooms for two, $3 to $3.50 weekly each.

BROADWAY, 2,030. — A handsome single room for business gentlemen or couple; southern exposure. Railing.

HOTEL ABERDEEN, 32d St., Between Broadway and 5th Av.—Large, light rooms, with private bath, $9, $10, and $12 per week.

LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS, with private bath, $9, $10, $12 per week. Same rate for one or two people in room. Some rooms at $7 per week. New Hotel Strand, 32d St., off Broadway.

MANHATTAN AV., 298.—Elegantly furnished; suitable two; overlooking Morningside Park. Mrs. Ward.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 44, (Corner 115th.)—Sunny room, overlooking park; light housekeeping. Henry.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 106.—Beautiful outside front rooms; single, en suite. Apt. 92.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583, (Apt. 46.)—Large room; board optional; all conveniences. 4830 Morningside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 454, (1 B.)—Two desirable rooms, bath; single, en suite; convenient locality.

Bronx.

175TH, 486 EAST.—Large front room; bath, phone, kitchen; suitable one or couple.

Situations Wanted Female

Fifteen cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER.—Cost accountant; corporation controlling; experienced; eight years; highly educated; $16; age, 25; references. G., 330 W. 141st.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST. — Expert trial balance; modern methods controlling accounts; $10-$12. M 110 Times.

CARETAKERS.—Respectable, clean German couple, grown-up daughter, wish positions as caretakers; best references. Eckert Court, 111 Manhattan St.

DRESSMAKER.—Competent; home, out. Telephone 6416 Audubon. 3,575 Broadway, southwest corner 147th.

GOVERNESS.—North German nursery governess, with long experience and highest references, good sewer, desires position. E. Z., 235 East 80th.

NURSE.—Girl over 8; Protestant; prefer country; pleasant. 2,110 Mapes Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly qualified stenographer; Eastman graduate; knowledge of accounts; good hand writing; neat in appearance; hard worker; $7 per week. Miss F., 36 West 123d St. Phone 518 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Ten years with one firm; efficient, dependable, conscientious, possessing desirable and essential qualifications; nice appearance; A1 references; salary $15. Valuable, Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER. — Double entry bookkeeper; high-school graduate; six years' experience; assume responsibilities; good references; $12. G 365 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Export, import 5 years; accustomed rapid dictation; Standard operator; quick figurer; highest credentials; $12. G 362 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Typewriter, capable; plain girl; American; six months' experience; rapid, careful, neat; no agency; $6. Miss G., 345 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Conscientious, reliable, painstaking; good grammarian; 2 years' technical experience; $8; unquestionable references. X 330 W. 141st.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; five years' experience; competent, reliable; possessing initiative and discretion; $12. Miss R., 1,654 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER, graduate of good business college, desires position; will start low. Frances Schwartz, 605 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER.—German and English dictation; high-school graduate; references; experienced. F. L., 1,112 Jackson Av. Phone 7426 Melrose.

STENOGRAPHER, 18 years old, desires morning position; at present studying law. Henrietta Brown, 1,858 Lexington Av. Phone Lenox 3032.

STENOGRAPHER, bright, with 3 years' experience, desires permanent position; salary $10; good references. E. R., 349 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Reliable; good grammarian; charge correspondence; best references; $8. G 364 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, brainy, quick, apprehension, common sense, good grammarian, speller; $10. M 162 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Educated beginner; obliging, quick, accurate; anxious to connect; $6-$8. M 169 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Tactful, ambitious; five years' experience; Standard operator; $10. G 361 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' commercial experience; familiar office details; willing, neat. M 139 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' practical experience; familiar office detail; $10. G 358 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience, commercial, literary; competent. G 353 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat appearing; 3 years' experience; accurate; $8. G 366 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and touch typist, 20 years old; 3 years' experience. G 351 Times Downtown.

WOMEN.—Go out sewing, mending, and darning. Peters, 88 Horatio St.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St.; first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; city, country; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1899.

COLORED DOMESTICS.—Houseworkers, $25-$30; Cooks, $30-$35; Chambermaids-Waitresses, $20-$25; Laundresses; city, country. Domestic Service Agency, 203 West 98th St. Telephone 4375 Riverside.

COMPETENT colored help, short notice; references. TULL AGENCY, 2,297 7th Av. 8022 Morningside.

COOKS.—Norwegian, $30; French, German, $35; houseworkers, Hungarian, Irish, $25; partly trained, $16; waitresses, nurses, $25. Domestic Exchange Agency, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

Half-time day's work, permanent; white, colored. Noel's Agency, (5062 Riverside.) 101 W. 95th.

HOUSEWORKERS. — English-speaking girls, seeking positions. Polish-American Agency, 299 East 11th. Orchard 5607.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6916 Morningside.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

COOK.—Must be good cook and very clean in kitchen; for family of two, and three other servants, who speak only French and German; prefer Belgian, German, or French, lately landed. In reply in English or French state references and wages. R. B. S., Normandy Farm, Gwynedd Valley, Penn.

HOUSEWORKER wanted in an American family of two adults in a small apartment, on Broadway in the Seventies; a good cook and breadmaker; no colored; city reference; permanent place. M 152 Times.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO., 34TH STREET WEST. REQUIRE AN EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER ABOUT 30 YEARS OF AGE. APPLY AT SUPT.'S OFFICE.

PERFUME DEMONSTRATOR. The Lundborg Co, 227 to 239 West 17th St. Apply 8 to 4 P. M.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted stenographer for banking institution. Write, stating education, experience if any, references, and salary expected; New York City residence preferred. Bank, X 260 Times Annex.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER and BOOKKEEPER for downtown mercantile house; $12; good advancement. National Employment Exchange, 30 Church St.

STENOGRAPHER and BOOKKEEPER; must be thoroughly experienced in both branches and a well-educated young woman; salary $20. National Employment Exchange, 30 Church St.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES at a reliable school. Registered and inspected by the Regents of the State of New York. Day and evening session. Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country for thorough work.

FILING.—The only office vocation for women where the supply does not exceed the demand. Day, evening and correspondence courses. New York School of Filing, Singer Building, New York.

Business Notices

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Jewelry.

Diamonds Retailed at Wholesale Prices.—Bought, sold, exchanged and appraised. A. Mandelberg, 180 Broadway, Suite 72.

Diamonds at Wholesale.—Bought, sold, and appraised. M J. Averbeck, 10 Maiden Lane.

Business Loans.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

MONEY LOANED on outstanding accounts with or without notifying customers; notes discounted; confidential. Z 331 Times Annex.

Manufacturers' and wholesalers' outstanding accounts financed, notes purchased. Nassau Finance, 119 Nassau.

Make loans outstanding accounts, notes, bank books. Security Finance Co., 149 Broadway.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Pearls, Diamonds, Silver Antiques; Provident tickets purchased. Robert Enako, 598 Madison Av.

Unfurnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

97th, 130 West.—Entire floor, three rooms, bath, kitchenette; one large room; references.

West End Av., 794.—2 rooms, private bath; maid service; $35 up.

Situations Wanted Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT, age 30, broad training, industrial, commercial, financial, corporations, exceptional ability; credentials. William A. Smith, 125 Wadsworth Av.

ACCOUNTANT—CERTIFIED. Audits; systems installed; superior service. Kenneth Fairbanks, 55 Liberty St. Cortlandt 6970.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN.—American; age, 25; eight years' practical experience; good reference; salary, $20. M 164 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, CORRESPONDENT.—Married, 28, seeks engagement; ten years' practical experience; thoroughly efficient; modern methods; highly endorsed. M 174 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Entire charge; double entry, trial balance, typewriter; five years' mfg. experience; good indorsements; $12. M 160 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry, cost accountant; 8 years' experience; $15. A., 330 West 141st.

CHARGE of an estate or other important position, by elderly gentleman of high character; an office in a financial institution; pay commensurate with responsibility. Address Capable, M 120 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, careful driver, competent mechanic, wishes position as chauffeur, valet, or useful; steady position only; willing, sober; references. Mori, 184 High St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored; careful driver; mechanic; ten years' references. Toles, 10 West 99th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced; best of references; city or country. W 150 Times.

CLOAK SALESMAN, catering to jobbers, catalogue houses and large retailers, desires connection with reliable house. M 11 Times.

DRAUGHTSMAN.—Ornamental and structural iron; best references. M 159 Times.

GARDENER. — Life experience in all branches. Address Aphein Co., Aphein, Madison, N. J.

LEATHER GOODS MANUFACTURERS.—Young man, (25,) producer and hustler, with successful selling record, desires position as traveling salesman; commission or salary; six years' experience difficult lines; large acquaintance retail trade, Jersey and Pennsylvania, but will go anywhere; can furnish A1 references. Leather, G 363 Times Downtown.

MAN AND WIFE wish position on farm; wife for housework; man, outside work. Poppa, 129 Wadsworth Av.

OFFICE MANAGER, bookkeeper, credit man, systematizer; 22 years' office experience. G 355 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE APPRAISER with knowledge of banking desires trustworthy position. G 356 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Experienced in foreign shipments, in engaging freight, making out bills of lading, consular manifests, and clearing at Custom House; salary, $12. Telephone Henry Nicholas, 8,171 Cortland.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Thoroughly experienced young man desires responsible position; extensive secretarial and office experience; engaged at present; best references. G 324 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, finished thorough course; American boy; intelligent worker, plain penman; no agents; $8. G 346 Times Downtown.

WORK WANTED for office help (male and female) of all kinds; best references; no fees.
WALL STREET EMPLOYEES' RELIEF COMMITTEE,
20 Broad Street.
Room 109. Tel. 3099 Rector.

YOUNG MAN, 6 years' experience advertising department of New York daily, open to offer from newspaper or business house where opportunity for advancement may be had; salary minor consideration. G 347 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, thorough knowledge office details, knowledge stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping; highest references, seeks business connection. M 168 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, good education, 3½ years' business experience, office, stock, routine, desires position; unquestionable references. G 357 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, WITH MECHANICAL ABILITY, DESIRES POSITION, WHERE AMBITION MERITS ADVANCEMENT. M 172 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, 22 years old, 6 years advertising solicitor, desires position with reliable house; selling preferred. G 359 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, former teacher, would like position as private instructor; references exchanged. F. C., 417 Gifford St., Syracuse, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, (26,) strong, intelligent, wishes position at anything with opportunity to advance. H. R., 342 East 194th St.

YOUNG MAN, (21.)—Experienced bookkeeper, stenographer; references; H. S. graduate. G 350 Times Downtown.

YOUNG man, capable of doing general office work or take charge of stock. D. Brand, 277 9th Av.

YOUNG MAN, 19, bookkeeping knowledge, desires clerical position, with advancement. M 158 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 32, requires a position; salesman; good references; commission. M 151 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires clerical position; accurate at figures. Rinkel, 203 East 81st.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR who knows magazine field thoroughly, for important position with publishing house of high standing; no others need apply; state age, experience, reference, and salary desired. X 259 Times Annex.

BOY wanted, 16 years old, in office wholesale dry goods house; salary, $20 per month. Address G 354 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Wanted office boy; state age, particulars, wages expected. M 156 Times.

CONTRACTORS wanted on fine silk waists. 152 West 25th, tenth floor.

FOREMAN, CUTTER, AND MARKER WANTED ON FINE SILK WAISTS. APPLY BY MAIL ONLY, GIVING PARTICULARS, SALARY, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, EDWARDS, 429 6TH AV.

FOREMAN.—For upholstery workroom; capable of cutting and planning hangings and coverings; young, first-class man; state age and experience. Schwegler & Co., 6,501 Euclid Av., Cleveland, Ohio.

PRINTING OFFICE MAN, one who is thoroughly experienced and competent to handle orders in large plant, from an office standpoint from the time received by salesman until job is completed; one familiar with papers, engravings, linotype and monotype composition, flat bed and rotary presswork and binding. Write fully, giving experience, former connections, references, salary expected. M 167 Times.

SALESMEN, having experience in I. C. S. or insurance work, for a business where it requires a salesman to both sell and collect; where he builds up his business and looks after all details; give age, married or single, positions last five years; must reside in Brooklyn. M 130 Times.

SALESMAN.—Large publishing house wants experienced printing salesman; application by letter, giving references, salary, experience, &c. M 165 Times.

SALESMAN on dresses to sell jobbers and manufacturers; commission only. S 28 Times.

SALESMEN, auto tire experience, selling users; commission. Write Q., 161 Madison Av.

SOLICITOR.—Young man to solicit orders for strictly fresh eggs during spare time; daily shipments received direct from country; strictly commission. Adams, 561 Walton Av., Bronx.

WINDOW DRESSER, &c.—Young man for window dressing and card writing, for Virginia store. Apply 9 A. M., D. Kohen, 1,199 Broadway.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MEN—Learn a high-skilled, well-paid trade, photo engraving; positions plentiful at $28 to $45 weekly; no book study, no lectures, only demonstrations and practical work; 3 to 6 months' course; day and night classes; easy terms. NEW YORK INSTITUTE OF PHOTOGRAPHY, 1,269 Broadway, at 32d St.

MEN—LEARN MECHANICAL DENTISTRY. Short course; day or night; easy payments. Exceptionally high-paying professional trade. Steadily growing demand; grand possibilities. THE DENTAL SCHOOL OF AMERICA. (Most complete and select.) 25 W. 45th St.

MEN—EARN $25 TO $75 WEEKLY. Great demand for mechanical dentists. BODEE'S DENTAL TRADE SCHOOL, Est. 1892. 489 5th Av., bet. 41st and 42d.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. 4 months for $5 and up. Initial payment applies if purchased. AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.
345 Broadway, at Leonard St.
956 Broadway, at 23d St.
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane.
TEL. 5498 FRANKLIN.
101 West 42d St., nr. 6th Av. Telephone 256 Bryant.
10 Barclay St. Telephone 6353 Cortlandt.

Lost and Found

Forty-five cents an agate line.
Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST.—Lady's watch and pin; Franklin Simon & Co. to 57th; watch is Swiss, back crossed with bar of diamonds and pearls; pin, griffin with sword, diamonds and pearls; suitable reward. Provost, 132 Nassau St. Phone 2419 Beekman.

LOST—A pear pearl; lost in the opera house Friday evening or in taxicab from Broadway entrance to 14 East 65th St.; finder rewarded. Mrs. M. D. Odiler, 14 East 65th St.

LOST—Brooch set with tourmaline brilliants; vicinity Riverside Drive, between 155th and 180th Sts., or Fort Washington Av.; reward. Miss Maud Safford, 46 West 9th.

LOST.—Three-stone diamond ring, Tiffany setting, between 181st St. and Liberty St., last Wednesday; liberal reward. H. Felt, 720 W. 181st St.

LOST—Gold bag, containing indorsed check, at or near Ritz or Booth Theatre. Return to F. McClurg, 116 East 63d, and receive liberal reward.

LOST.—On Pullman car, Florida train, two diamond rings and one pearl and diamond ring; liberal reward if returned. Lassner & Co., 6 Maiden Lane.

LOST.—Stickpin with blue stone and nine diamonds, in neighborhood of Colonial Theatre and East 79th. Phone 4563 Plaza.

LOST—Lady's open-faced watch, monogram, on St. Nicholas Av., (187th-191st,) Subway to 42d; reward. Kellogg, 618 W. 187th.

LOST—Pear pearl, lost in the opera house Friday evening or taxicab from Broadway entrance 14 East 65th; finder rewarded.

LOST—Lady's gold open-face watch, monogram "E. C. H.," and silver fob; reward if returned to Hanf, care Hill, 64 Wall.

LOST—Between 40th and Liberty Sts., blueprint of property at Larchmont; liberal reward. Waldorf, 19 Jay St.

LOST—Gold cigarette case, Sunday evening; initials "E. McL."; reward for return. M 166 Times.

LOST—Suitcase with school books, 6th Av. "L." Sprague, 120 West 46th St.

LIBERAL REWARD for return of bill folder, containing $27, lost Monday night on Broadway, between 115th and 116th Sts. Morgan, 610 West 116th.

REWARD—Gold watch, Elgin, silk fob, sterling silver charm, woman's head, Fulton to Hudson Terminal. Hazlett, 133 W. 44th.

LOST—Pair of glasses, on St. Nicholas Av., from 114th to 110th St. Reward. Return to 80 St. Nicholas Av.

$100 REWARD No questions asked; diamond bar pin, fifteen stones, platinum setting; lost March 8, between 94th, Broadway, 14th, Subway. Return Hotel Apthorp, 94th St. and Broadway.

$50 REWARD—Gentleman's ring, diamond, sunken in setting, between Singer Building, Waldorf, and 44th St. Theatre, on Saturday; reward. Room 725, Singer Building. Tel. 533 Cortlandt.

Public Notices

Forty-five cents an agate line.

TO ALL CONCERNED: HE, THE UNDERSIGNED, WILL NOT be responsible for any debts contracted by his wife, Mrs. E. G. SCHELLING.
Mr. E. G. SCHELLING,
181 Smith St., Evergreen, L. I.

ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that I shall not be responsible for any debts incurred by my wife or otherwise than by myself personally.
ROBERT WARWICK.

Business Opportunities

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Advertiser has just secured managerial control of once profitable manufacturing concern which in late years has suffered from poor management; company manufacturing large line small staple metal goods and has ready market for its products; orders for important new lines in hand; additional capital is needed; opportunity to greatly expand business in present and kindred lines; company's trade outlets very important; unusual chance for quick investor with or without services; $15,000 to $25,000 required. X 253 Times Annex.

Established first-class grocery and meat business in Dutchess County, 50 miles from N. Y., doing about $20,000 yearly; stock, fixtures, &c., will inventory about $3,800; terms very reasonable to responsible party; owner has other interests to protect an investment and cannot look after both. M. T. F., 47 East Main St., Beacon, N. Y.

A GREAT OPPORTUNITY TO BUY A GOING BUSINESS AT A BARGAIN. Manufacturer of high-class dresses and costumes, best location in New York, desires to sell entire plant, fixtures machinery, business, good will, and stock; excellent three-year lease. Address L. E., Box 129 Times Downtown.

Have option on established business including valuable patents; want gentleman with small capital take active part; device has been thoroughly demonstrated, now in use; over 40% profit in business and large field; quick action very necessary. D. Walker, 64 Bay Ridge Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Well-established, profitable business of importing raw material for sale, owing to retirement of owner; no liabilities; present owner will instruct purchaser; $10,000 and banking facilities required to continue business. B 15 Times Annex.

Japanese merchant with business ability will act as sales agent in Japan, China, and India; something of American manufacture wanted; must be large, reliable firm; will give cash security and bank reference. M 163 Times.

Good opportunity for partner with $5,000 to $10,000 capital in a patent article now sold on the market; convince yourself before investing. B 16 Times Annex.

For Sale.—Moving-picture theatre; profitable; bargain; good location; investment practically guaranteed returned besides profits. S 312 Times Downtown.

For Sale.—Housefurnishing department in a department store; good, lively town in N. Y. State; $10,000 cash required. X 254 Times Annex.

Sub-manufacturer of dresses will sublet office and showroom for mercantile purposes; very reasonable. Elite Dress Co., 15 West 17th St.

Young man for active interest, established office business of well-rated concern; $2,000 investment required. Investigate, 167 Times.

Salesman wanted as active partner, prosperous manufacturing business; investment required. X 232 Times Annex.

Teacher with capital to take interest and manage branch business school. X 241 Times Annex.

Patent lawyer and solicitor will sell outfit, good will, on percentage. M 62 Times.

Motion-picture theatre, 600 seats; airdrome attached. Pitzer & Smith, 1,480 Broadway.

Printing and Multigraphing

Forty-five cents an agate line.

MULTIGRAPH letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5850. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,003.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Marathon 5-passenger touring; purchased late 1914; practically new now; excellent condition; elegantly equipped; cost $1,600; must sell, $550. Mrs. Stroub, 442 St. Nicholas Av.

Cadillac 5-passenger touring; purchased 1913; elegantly equipped; practically new; electric lights, self-starter; need cash; $600. Inquire 235 St. Nicholas Av.

Pullman 5-passenger touring; purchased late 1912; excellent condition; cost $2,150; must sell, $400. Inquire 235 St. Nicholas Av.

Packard (1915) landaulet, 48 H. P. Turner, St. James Hotel. Phone 3247 Bryant.

Automobiles for Rent.

For hire, fully equipped, brand new 5-passenger car, with chauffeur; rent, $50 a week. Address S 27 Times.

Packard limousine; hourly, monthly; owner drives. Verlangieri, 4832-4421 Harlem. 156 East 120th St.

Packard landaulet; monthly, weekly, daily, hourly; shopping. Gilbert, 1780 Circle.

Seven-ton truck, day or month. Manly, 250 West 54th St. Columbus 996.

Automobile Repairing.

Auto painting, repairing, tops, slip covers, overhauling a specialty. Universal Auto Painting Co., 602 West 52d. (4425 Columbus.)

Expert overhauling, repairing, machine work, imported gear forgings. Manly, 250 W. 54th.

Automobile Supplies.

Modernize your car! Equip it with Starting, Lighting, Detachable Wire Wheels, High Grade Mechanical, Electrical Repairs. JESCO COMPANY, 245 W. 55 St. Col. 6245.

Automobiles, bodies, tires, tubes, sundries; lowest prices anywhere. 1,763 Broadway, (upstairs.)

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted—Automobile to rent by the month; first-class landaulette. H. Katz, Savoy Hotel.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL 225 W. 57th St. Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7020 Col. Special class for women.

THAW, PUT ON TRIAL, PLANS SANITY FIGHT

Counsel to Contend He Was Illegally Held at Asylum and Had Right to Escape.

ANHUT MAY BE CALLED

State Combats Mentality Question—Jury Quickly Chosen—Quigg Added to Defense.

THE THAW JURY.

Foreman—FRANK F. BAILEY, 33, married, 2,314 Broadway; salesman for Otis Elevator Company.
2—CHARLES E. CASKEY, 45, married, 415 Fort Washington Avenue; public accountant.
3—WILLIAM R. PRICE, 35, married, 118 West 111th Street; salesman for school supply house, 70 Fifth Avenue.
4—FREDERICK J. EMMERICH, 49, married, 660 West 179th Street; contractor at 564 West 173d Street.
5—CHRISTOPHER SCHULTZ, 65, married, 153 West Ninety-second Street; produce dealer at 32 Jay Street.
6—FRANK E. MAINHART, 48, married, 217 West 125th Street; real estate operator.
7—LAWTON MacKALL, 26, married, 620 West 122d Street; writer.
8—CHARLES B. CURTIS, 37, married; 1,303 Lexington Avenue; mechanical engineer at 17 Battery Place.
9—EUGENE FOLEY, 33, single, 291 Edgecombe Avenue; assistant manager of metal manufacturing company at 242 Water Street.
10—HARRY N. McCONNELL, 30, 15 Fort Washington Avenue; manager at 61 Broadway.
11—ROBERT O. WINDLE, 60, 212 West Fifteenth Street; clerk.
12—JOHN D. BLACKBURN, 40, married, 415 Fort Washington Avenue; agent at 379 Broadway.

Harry K. Thaw will base his latest fight for freedom on the contention that he was actually sane when he fled from the State Asylum at Matteawan in August, 1913, despite the commitment issued by Justice Victor Dowling on Feb. 1, 1908, following his acquittal for the murder of Stanford White on the grounds of insanity, and the subsequent decisions of three Supreme Court Justices before whom habeas corpus proceedings were brought. He will allege that he was illegally confined, and, being sane, committed no overt act in making his escape, because the State should have granted him freedom.

John B. Stanchfield, chief of counsel for the prisoner, at the opening session of the trial of Thaw and five others yesterday on the charge of conspiracy, before Supreme Court Justice Alfred R. Page, made the frank statement that he would employ every means at his disposal to make the question of Thaw's sanity the big issue. He was prepared, he said, to prove by many witnesses that Thaw was sane at the time of his escape and had shown no signs of mental aberration since his escape.

Stanchfield Outlines Plans.

"The prosecution," he said, "says that we cannot inject the question of sanity into this conspiracy trial; that it has nothing to do with it. That, of course, is a matter which the court will have to decide. But we can show that Thaw, a sane man, was illegally held at the asylum and had the right to get out if he was able to do so. If we can obtain a verdict of not guilty on such evidence, at this trial, then I feel that the way is clear for Thaw to obtain his liberty. I know that despite the decision of this jury the commitment issued by Justice Dowling would remain operative, but we would then immediately sue out a writ of habeas corpus with the purpose in view of showing that, in view of the verdict here, the Dowling commitment is illegal and should be discontinued."

Deputy Attorney General Franklin Kennedy, representing the State, will oppose this new move with vigor. He asserted heatedly during the proceedings yesterday that the question of Thaw's mental condition was in no way relevant to the conspiracy trial.

He was confident, he said, that Thaw would be found guilty of conspiracy and would be returned to Matteawan. Mr. Kennedy will begin the presentation of the State's case today without regard to the question of Thaw's sanity at the time of his escape.

Mr. Kennedy sprang a surprise by stating that he might call John Nicholas Anhut, the lawyer who was sentenced to from two to four years in Sing Sing on May 23, 1913, for offering a twenty-thousand-dollar bribe to Dr. John W. Russell, then Superintendent of Matteawan, in an attempt to obtain freedom for Thaw.

It was reported that Thaw would probably take the stand in his own defense, principally for the purpose of giving the jury an exhibition of his mental condition. Mr. Stanchfield would make no positive statement to that effect, but if the court permits the question of sanity to enter into the trial he will undoubtedly call Thaw.

Trial Opening Delayed.

While there were six defendants placed on trial yesterday, five of them were practically lost sight of, for Thaw held the centre of the stage. The other men were ex-Assemblyman Richard Butler, Roger Thompson, Thomas Flood, Michael O'Keefe, and Eugene Duffy, all charged with having conspired with Thaw. The opening of the trial was delayed twenty-five minutes by the absence of Butler and Flood. Owen W. Bohan, their counsel, explained that they had probably been "up late last night." He received word that they were on the way, and at 10:55 A. M. they put in an appearance. Justice Page warned Bohan that he would have the defendants confined if they did not appear promptly in the future.

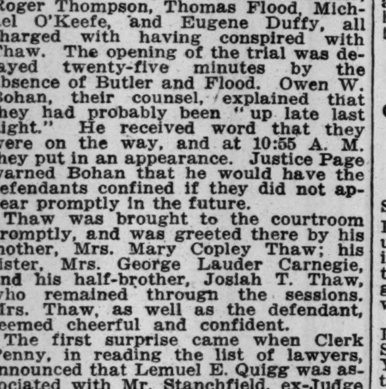
Thaw was brought to the courtroom promptly, and was greeted there by his mother, Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw; his sister, Mrs. George Lauder Carnegie, and his half-brother, Josiah T. Thaw, who remained through the sessions. Mrs. Thaw, as well as the defendant, seemed cheerful and confident.

The first surprise came when Clerk Penny, in reading the list of lawyers, announced that Lemuel E. Quigg was associated with Mr. Stanchfield, ex-Judge Morgan J. O'Brien, Morgan J. O'Brien, Jr., and Abel J. Smith, as counsel for Thaw. Mr. Quigg was present both in the morning and afternoon.

The State's attorneys included Mr. Kennedy and Deputy Attorney General Frank K. Cook, and Assistant District Attorney James O'Malley appeared for the county. Capt. John Lanyon, a private detective who has been active in preparing the Thaw case for several months, had about fifty of the State's witnesses within call.

A big crowd sought admission at the morning session, but none was allowed in the courtroom except those who had business there, and the curiosity seekers soon left. For a time the reserves from the Elizabeth Street Police Station aided the court officers in keeping the crowd away from the doors.

The jury box was filled when adjournment was taken, a feat considered remarkable in view of the importance of the case. A panel of 200 men had been summoned, of which but thirty-five were called, and each side used but three of the allotted five peremptory challenges.



E W BURT & Co.-Patentees-Write for Medical-Book, etc.

DO YOU WEAR ARCH SUPPORTS?

Then buy a pair of our Ground Gripper Shoes and throw away the unnatural supports, as other New Yorkers are doing.

Without plates, braces or other artificial means, our shoes alleviate as well as prevent broken arches. Our shoes are just as normal and pleasing in appearance as any shoes, and they give to the foot its natural and graceful lines.

Call today at either of our stores and examine them. Then judge for yourself.

FOR MEN, WOMEN, CHILDREN
TWO STORES:
41 West 35th St. 42 Maiden Lane
E. W. BURT & CO.

DR. GULICK DEFENDED.

Dean Balliet Answers Critics of Camp Fire Chief.

Dr. Thomas M. Balliet, Dean of the School of Pedagogy of New York University, and a director of the Camp Fire Girls of America, gave out a statement last night defending Dr. Luther H. Gulick, President and founder of the latter organization, and replying to those who have criticized Dr. Gulick's methods as "arbitrary" and his policy as "aristocratic."

Dean Balliet is a member of a committee that has been investigating conditions within the organization since trouble arose over the resignation of Miss Grace Parker, former financial secretary, last July.

According to Dean Balliet, the report "answers most of the criticisms" that Miss Parker's friends have levelled at Dr. Gulick's regime.

"Speaking of specific statements," he said, "the charge is made that four of Dr. Gulick's family are on the pay roll. This is false. Our committee found that Mrs. Gulick received a salary of $100 per month from January to October, 1914. For a few months one of her daughters was on a salary of $75 a month last Winter. Our committee found that Mrs. Gulick has put more money in cash into the organization than she has ever received from it. The report gives all the details of this point which any Guardian can desire. Dr. Guilck's salary is $6,000, and this is no more than is usually paid in similar organizations.

"The statement that there is a serious split in the organization is untrue. There is a dissatisfied faction which is small. Many Guardians have been misinformed and have signed petitions under false impressions given them. When our committee report is published, the Guardians will learn the facts."

Dean Balliet attributed the whole disturbance to "a few mischief makers who were actuated by personal feeling" and to others who "did not understand the facts." The resignations of George W. Perkins and the late Miss Grace M. Dodge, he said, had been accepted more than two years ago, and had nothing to do with the present troubles.

SNOW COST CITY $96,000.

49,500 Men Employed on Removal, Now Practically Finished.

It took 49,500 men, of whom 34,000 were employed by the city, to tackle Saturday and Sunday's snow storm. The contractors furnished 10,500 men and the railways 5,000. The city paid off its extra men yesterday for their Saturday night and Sunday work, and it took just $45,000 to do it.

Of the 6,000 extra men employed by Street Cleaning Commissoiner Fetherston only four gangs won the bonus offered to squads by the Commissioner for quick work in cleaning off a prescribed area. These men received $3.20 for an eight-hour shift, while the others got their regular remuneration of 30 cents an hour, or $2.40.

The Commissioner was well pleased at the way his forces handled the first big snowfall of the year. The call for men was sent out at 8 P. M. Saturday night, and at midnight Saturday there were 10,000 emergency men and 3,000 regulars on the job.

The contractors on Sunday had 10,500 men at work and the railways 5,000 men. The contractors paid out approximately $50,000 for snow removal on Sunday. They had 3,020 trucks at work Sunday and yesterday and it is estimated that for the two days they hauled away 25,800 truck loads of snow. The Commissoiner estimated that at an early hour this morning the snow removal work was practically finished.

HOT FIGHT IN WEIL CASE.

Lawyers So Fiery That Court Talks of Calling the Militia.

CHARLESTON, West Va., March 8.—Circuit Court continued today to hear arguments on the writ of prohibition sought by A. Leo Weil of Pittsburgh to prevent the Prosecuting Attorney of Kanawha County from proceeding with indictments against him. Weil is charged with conspiring to attempt to bribe H. N. Ogden and C. H. Bronson, members of the West Virginia Public Service Commission.

Congressman S. B. Avis, concluding his argument for the State, declared that Weil, through C. D. Elliott, had offered $46,000 to the Service Commissioners to swear to facts against themselves. He argued that it was unnecessary to offer money to have the men tell the truth. George E. Price of counsel for Weil said the indictments do not allege a felony or misdemeanor punishable by West Virginia laws. He said that if Weil in Pittsburgh used Elliott as an accessory the crime was in Pennsylvania and not in this State. He argued the intermediate court had no right to interfere with matters before the United States Supreme Court, as the indictments charged the Commissioners were to testify to that court.

Feeling between opposing counsel became so spirited that the court had to admonish them repeatedly, and once said he would call out the militia to maintain peace.

CLEARS PALM BEACH CLUB.

Grand Jury Dismisses Gambling Charge for Lack of Corroboration.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 8.—The State's case against Edward and John Bradley, proprietors of the Beach Club, under arrest on a charge of maintaining a gambling room there, collapsed today when the Grand Jury failed to get corroborative testimony. The case was dismissed.

At the close of the proceedings Judge Pattershall called Colonel James M. Schoonmaker and A. H. Gleason of New York in contempt of court and fined them $25 each for not attending today's session. They testified on Saturday, and said tonight that they were unaware that their further attendance was required by law.

"The charge was a part of a political game, nothing more," said John Bradley tonight.

When the jury met this morning it sent the Sheriff with subpoenas for Guy Thomas, J. Stevens Ullman of New York, and John Kennedy of Boston. He returned late in the afternoon, saying he could not find them.

J. J. ECCELSINE ARRESTED.

Taken on a Body Attachment for W. C. Butler's Claim of $367.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., March 8.—J. J. Eccelsine, formerly of Manhattan and secretary to the late Singleton von Schaick, whose home, Nearstongue, was one of the show places in Pelham, was arrested at that place today by Deputy Sheriffs Smyth and Reilly on a body attachment to satisfy a claim for $367 which William C. Butler holds against him for a debt.

Singleton von Shaick died about a year ago, and it was about that time that Mrs. Eccelsine began a suit for divorce. Violet von Schaick, a daughter of Eccelsine's former employer, was one of the party who figured in the automobile wreck on Nov. 13 last, in which Elizabeth Dayton of New Rochelle was killed, and for which James F. McGuire was tried a few days ago in the Bronx and acquitted. Eccelsine was under subpoena as a witness in the trial, and it was not until the case was concluded that the deputies were able to arrest him.

BOMB MEN DENY GUILT.

Perkins Insists They Exonerated Detective Polignani.

Frank Abarno and Carmine Carbone, who are under indictment for the placing of a bomb in St. Patrick's Cathedral last Tuesday morning, pleaded not guilty when arraigned before Judge Swann in Part I. of General Sessions yesterday morning. Their counsel, however, are allowed until Thursday for the changing of the plea if they so desire and for the filing of various motions with the court.

When the defendants were arraigned lawyers started up all over the courtroom and came forward to the bar. Judge Swann had announced that the prisoners would be asked to select counsel from the six attorneys who had been retained by various agencies in their defense. Simon O. Pollock of 302 Broadway, Francis J. Greco of 320 Broadway, Isidor E. Schlesinger of 150 Nassau Street, and Former Judge John Palmieri of 63 Park Row were on hand to claim a part in the proceedings, while William G. Keir of 302 Broadway and Samuel Stark of 299 Broadway were absent. Mr. Pollock, however, who was the last attorney of record, said that Mr. Keir was associated with him. Both defendants were smiling and appeared rather to be amused at the concourse of lawyers than worried or even interested in the prospect of twenty-five years' imprisonment if convicted. Abarno said at once that he wanted Mr. Pollock and ex-Judge Palmieri to continue to act for him, and when Judge Swann asked him if he wanted any others he said, after a whispered conference with Carbone, that he also wanted Mr. Greco and Mr. Schlesinger. Carbone also picked the four men present, leaving Mr. Stark the only one out of it. Mr. Pollock was chosen as the principal attorney for Abarno and Mr. Greco for Carbone.

Judge Swann refused a motion made by Mr. Greco and supported by Mr. Pollock for reduction of bail from $25,000 to $5,000. Motions to inspect the minutes of the Grand Jury and to demur to the indictment as defective were made by the defense, and Judge Swann pointed out that they should be made in writing. Mr. Pollock asked until Friday to prepare them, and received until Thursday morning, when the case will come up again.

District Attorney Perkins yesterday afternoon gave out a statement denying the charge made by Frank Abarno and Carmine Carbone, under indictment for setting a bomb in St. Patrick's Cathedral last Tuesday morning, that the plot had been worked up and engineered by Amedeo Polignani, the detective, whose work was responsible for their arrests. The denial is based on statements made immediately after the arrest at Police Headquarters to Assistant District Attorney Arthur C. Train, much of the contents of which was given out by the police that day.

TO CARRY ENGLISH MAIL.

Ryndam Will Call at Falmouth—Philadelphia to Return at Once.

The agents of the Holland-America Line announced yesterday that a message had been received from the head office in Rotterdam authorizing the Captain of the Ryndam to call at Falmouth on his voyage east to land British mails, as there was no other steamship available from New York until March 17.

Under arrangements with the Post Office the sailing of the Ryndam has been postponed until noon tomorrow, when she will depart for Rotterdam by way of Falmouth, carrying mails for Great Britain, Germany, and Austria-Hungary. The closing time at the General Post Office is 8:30 o'clock in the morning.

Another mail for England will close at 5 o'clock on Friday afternoon at the General Post Office. This mail will be taken by the Red Star liner Northland from Portland, Me. The next mail from New York will depart on the White Star steamship Arabic on March 17.

According to a cable message received yesterday by the agents of the International Mercantile Marine the Philadelphia of the American Line sailed from Liverpool yesterday at 5 o'clock for New York with 205 cabin and 115 steerage passengers and much mail. She was to have sailed on Feb. 27, but was detained by the coal heavers' strike. The Philadelphia will sail again for England on March 18.

SUFFRAGE AT U. S. A. SHOW.

All Brands of Women's Politics Have Booths at Central Palace.

"Made in U. S. A." brands of suffrage and anti-suffrage flourish at the exposition in the Grand Central Palace. The suffrage booth, in charge of the Empire State Campaign Committee, is all yellow; the anti-suffrage booth is a beautiful rose pink, and around the corner, only separated from their "Opposed to Woman Suffrage" neighbors by a piece of canvas, is the Women's Political Union bedecked in purple, green, and white.

The union shares the booth of the American Committee for the Relief of Babies in Belgium, and has as an exhibit a cottage garden made for a child's toy, which was the only thing Mme. Montessori found in this country that she considered worth taking home to use in her school work in Italy. The anti-suffragists sell cake and coffee by the pound.

Miss Florence Guernsey, ex-President of the New York City Federation of Women's Clubs, came near being adopted by the anti-suffragists yesterday. She went to the exposition from a luncheon where the souvenirs had been beautiful pink satin roses, wearing one of them.

NEW GUN PLANT STARTING.

Bridgeport Concern Puts Up Factories and Will Employ 2,000 Men.

Special to The New York Times.

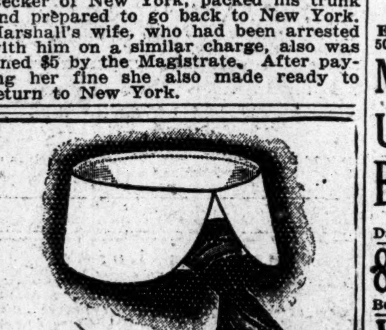
BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 8.—It has been ascertained that the extensive building operations in the northeast section of the city and abutting on the property of the Union Metallic Cartridge Company's plant are not for that company but for a new manufacturing concern called the Bridgeport Arms Company. It is reported that the new concern is backed by New York capitalists, including J. P. Morgan, and that the plant will turn out rifles, field pieces, and other war equipment.

Two factory buildings 300 feet long have been built and fully equipped with machinery, and there are other buildings under way. It is said that the new company has orders that will keep it busy for two years. Within three months there will be 2,000 gunmakers employed there. Eventually, it is said, it will be the largest gun plant in the United States.

Marshall, Becker Witness, Fined.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, March 8.—After he had been fined $5 this morning by Magistrate Fugassi on a charge of disorderly conduct, James Marshall, the negro witness in the case of Police Lieut. Charles Becker of New York, packed his trunk and prepared to go back to New York. Marshall's wife, who had been arrested with him on a similar charge, also was fined $5 by the Magistrate. After paying her fine she also made ready to return to New York.



An E&W RED-MAN COLLAR
EARL & WILSON, MAKERS OF TROY'S BEST PRODUCT.

Senator Beveridge floundered through the outer German trenches near Lille, France, with mud slushing about his legs, the hostile trenches not 100 yards away and the *pflot pflot* of rifle fire in the air.

"In the German Trenches" by Beveridge appears this week in

Collier's 5¢ a copy
THE NATIONAL WEEKLY

AMERICA MADE FULL SKIRT.

Prompt Acceptance Here Established New Vogue, Foreigners Say.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 8.—America, in the opinion of experts, is chiefly responsible for the revolutionary change which is coming about in feminine fashions and which will change the silhouette of the well-dressed woman like the wave of a magician's wand. One of the best-known dressmakers here told today how startled he was when visiting Paris just before the war to see models, evidently the result of many months of planning, for full skirts; how he felt sure England was not ready for anything so novel; and how within a month America had been so fascinated that no woman of ultra tastes cared to be seen on Broadway in a skirt less than six yards around. It was really the influence of America that brought about the change, and here at least, said this authority, she was enforcing her will on the belligerent countries.

Another couturier said the new Spring styles would fall very hard upon half of the women of England, who, either because their incomes had been reduced or because there were many other claims upon their allowances, had been wondering whether they could make last year's dresses serve for the coming Spring and Summer. Nevertheless, he said, the new fashion was bound to be a success.

MESSENGER BOY RUNS AT 60

Knocked Down by Fire Chief, Does Errand Before Wound Is Dressed.

Hubert Conniff is sixty years old and a Western Union messenger "boy," but he can run. He was knocked down by Deputy Fire Chief McTiernan's buggy at Sixth Avenue and Forty-second Street last night and was carried into a nearby drugstore. Before a gash on his head was dressed he recovered from the shock and rushed out on the run.

He returned presently and had his head dressed. Then he hustled down to the Thirtieth Street Police Station to be sure the police got a report of the accident.

MOHAWK
MADE WITH PATENTED SLIP-OVER BUTTONHOLE TIE SLIDES EASILY
Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO., TROY, N.Y.

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Sat. 2:15. YEAR'S BIGGEST HIT HELLO BROADWAY With Geo. M. Cohan, Wm. Collier, 100 Others.

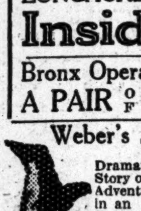
CANDLER W. 42d St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20. ON TRIAL 500 Good Seats in 1st Balcony 50c., 75c., $1.00.

PARK Columbus Circle, 59th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Saturday 2:15. Polygamy MATINEE TO-MORROW 25c TO $1.00. Preceded by 1-Act Comedy, THE DICKEY BIRD.

LONGACRE WEST 48TH. Evenings 8.30. Pop. 50c to $1.50 Mat. Tom'w. Inside The Lines

Bronx Opera House 149th St., nr. 3d Av. Mat. Tom'w 25 & 50c A PAIR OF SIXES with RALPH HERZ and Original Co.

Weber's Theatre, B'way at 29th St. Twice Daily, 2:30—8:30. Now



Dramatic Story of Adventure in an Unknown Land. SIR DOUGLAS MAWSON HIMSELF Thrilling Motion Pictures That Startle and Amuse. 1,000,000 Penguin Actors. All Comedians. Prices $1 to 25c. Mezz. Seats $1.50

LITTLE THEATRE, This Afternoon at 3. Song Recital JULIA HEINRICH C. V. BOS at the Piano (STEINWAY). Seats $2 at Box Office. Mgt. M. H. HANSON.

BANDBOX THEATRE, 205 East 57th Street. MARCH 16TH LAST SUBSCRIPTION CONCERT LEO ORNSTEIN Tickets at Room 1132, Aeolian Building.

Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Aft., March 11, at 3. BAUER and CASALS Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano

PUNCH & JUDY Theatre, 49th St. East of B'way. THE CLEVER ONES Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Friday & Saturday, 2:30. 50th Performance Thursday Evening, March 11th.

MADE IN U.S.A. Industrial Exposition GRAND CENTRAL PALACE. Working Exhibits, Tableaux, Dancing, Tea Room and other attractions. Noon to 11 P. M. Ends Saturday Night. Adm. 50c.

BROADWAY THEATRE AT 41ST ST. TODAY & WED. "RULE G" and Other Selected Photo-Plays. THURS.-FRI.-SAT. "Warrens of Va." Daily, 11:30 A. M. to 11:30 P. M. Prices, 25c-15c-10c

81st St. Thea., on B'way, NOW. John Emerson in "The Bachelor's Romance." Thurs., Fri., Sat. & Sun., Blanche Sweet in "The Warrens of Virginia" & Chas. Chaplin in "The Champion" Best Vaudeville, 1.30 to 11 P. M., 10, 15, 25c.

VITAGRAPH 44th St. & Broadway. 2:30 & 8:30. 5-part drama, THE JUGGERNAUT, and 4 Special Comedy Pictures.

Strand B'way, 47th St. Noon to 11:30 P. M. 10-50c. ELSIE JANIS, "The Caprices of Kitty." Strand Orch. & Soloists. Next Week, "The Governor's Lady."

IRVING PL. THEATRE Every Afternoon, War Pictures. Every Eve. this week, "IMMER FESTE DRUFF."

EDEN WORLD IN WAX Admis'n To All 25c Every Day MUSEE

HAMMERSTEIN'S—EDDIE FOY & 7 Little Foys, Ben Welch, Willa Holt Wakefield, Bert Leslie & Co., Mr. Hymack, Nonette & 8 Big Acts.

COLUMBIA, B'way & 47th. Burlesque. THE ROSELAND GIRLS. Mat. To-day

MURRAY HILL. Evgs. 8:15. Mat. To-day. Burlesque. 20th CENTURY MAIDS.

LIBERTY 42D STREET, WEST OF BROADWAY. TWICE DAILY, including SUNDAYS. Matinees 2:10 & Nights 8:05 Sharp.

EVENING & SAT. MATINEE:		OTHER MATINEES:	
Orchestra	$1 & $2	Orchestra	50c & $1
1st Balcony	75c, $1 & $2	1st Balcony	50c & $1
2d Balcony	25c & 50c	2d Balcony	25c

UNPRECEDENTED TRIUMPH ! ! D. W Griffiths GIGANTIC SPECTACLE THE BIRTH OF A NATION

TO AVOID PAYING EXTORTIONATE PRICES TO SPECULATORS SECURE YOUR TICKETS IN ADVANCE. SEATS SELLING 4 WEEKS AHEAD.

DOROTHY DIX Says: "You see, like the angels looking down from heaven must have seen, the causes that led to the Civil War."

44th STREET THEATRE West of Broadway. Evenings 8:10. $1.50 Mat. To-m'w, 2:10. MUSICAL QUEEN. —Darnton, Eve. World. THOROUGHLY AMUSING. —De Foe, World. EMMA TRENTINI-CLIFTON CRAWFORD IN THE PEASANT GIRL A RIOT A FURORE GREATEST SINGING CAST ASSEMBLED SINCE THE BEGINNING OF THE WAR!

HIPPODROME 6th Ave., 43d to 44th Street. Daily Mats. LAST 5 DAYS WINTER CIRCUS 1,000 Main Floor Orch. Seats, $1.00. 1,500 First Balcony, 50c; Entire Gallery, 25c.

Manhattan Op. Ho., 34th & 8th Av. Evs. 8. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2. LAST $1.00 MATINEE TOMORROW. FAREWELL SATURDAY NIGHT LIFE WORLD'S BIGGEST PLAY. In order to secure release to play London next Fall, "LIFE" must go to Chicago Auditorium Now. Last chances to see it here.

NEXT MONDAY BLUE BIRD Farewell to New York. Matinees Wednesday, Friday and Saturday.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15 Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15. $1.50 MATINEE TOMORROW. SINNERS BIGGEST SUCCESS IN NEW YORK.

COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:15 $1.50 Matinee Today 2:15. THE WHITE FEATHER Thrills, Laughs—No Violence.

48TH ST. THEA., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:15. THE LAW OF THE LAND with JULIA DEAN

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, nr. B'y. Ev. 8:30 $1.50 Mat. Tomorrow 2:30. Phyllis Neilson-Terry The Adventure of Lady Ursula.

BOOTH. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. Mr. Holbrook BLINN in THE TRAP with Miss Martha Hedman.

WEST END Matinees Today and Thursday. All Seats 25c. Mat. Saturday 25c & 50c. Eves. 25, 50c, 75c. JESSIE BONSTELLE STOCK CO. This Week: "Passing of The Third Floor Back."

CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Phone Bryant 46. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20 The Play That Has Everything UNDER COVER

WINTER GARDEN Evenings at 8. Matinee Today. Best Orch. Seats $1 and $1.50. Maid in America

Has 'Em All on the Run! Has more top-notch entertainers than were ever before assembled in a musical comedy production, besides a WINTER GARDEN CHORUS. SEATS SIX WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

Winthrop Ames' LITTLE Theatre, W. 44th St. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:30. Cyril Harcourt's Comedy, A PAIR OF SILK STOCKINGS All Seats $2.00.

39TH ST. THEA., near Broadway. Evs. 8:30. $1.50 Matinee Tomorrow 2:30. LAST 7 TIMES —MARIE— DRESSLER "A MIX-UP." MON., MAR. 15 LOU-TELLEGEN in TAKING CHANCES, New Farce.

CASINO Broadway and 39th St. Eves. 8:20. Pop. Matinee Tomorrow 2:20. Most Wonderful Play in New York, EXPERIENCE Best Balcony Seats, 75c and $1.00.

LYRIC 42d, West of Broadway. Evgs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee Tomorrow 2:15. THE ONLY GIRL By Henry Blossom and Victor Herbert.

Princess 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30, incl. Sun. Daily Mats. (Ex. Today & Sun) 2:30 Jas. Barnes' Wonderful Pictures, Through Central Africa

STANDARD B'y & 90th St. Evs. Pop. Prices Mats. Today & Thurs. 25c & 50c "MILESTONES" Dramatic Sensation of New York & London.

LAST 4 Weeks SHUBERT THEATRE 44TH, W. of B'way. Evgs., 8:15. Matinees To-morrow & Sat., 2:15. Mat. To-mor'w, Best Seats, $1.50. LONDON GAIETY CO. in To-night's The Night Geo. Grossmith, Emmy Wehlen, James Blakeley, Maurice Farkoa, Lauri de Frece, Fay Compton. ALL GALLERY SEATS 50c.

MUSICAL ART SOCIETY CHOIR OF 75 SINGERS. Frank Damrosch.............Director Thurs. Evg., Mar. 11, at 8:30 EASTER CONCERT. WORKS BY Palestrina, Vittoria, Lotti, Schreck, Rachmaninoff, Gabrieli, Grieg, Kjerulf, Gretchaninoff, Elgar, Grainger.

SYMPHONY CONCERTS FOR YOUNG PEOPLE Sat. Aft. Mar. 13, at 2:30 N. Y. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA. Walter Damrosch..........Conductor DANCE MUSIC—DANCES by members of the METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE BALLET. Tickets at Office, 1 W. 34 St., & Carnegie Hall.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE Wed. at 8:30. Amore dei Tre Re. Bori; Ferrari-Fontana, Amato, Didur. Cond., Toscanini. Thurs. Mat. at 2:30. (50c to $2.50.) Haensel u. Gretel. Foll'd by Ballet Divertissements. Thurs. at 8. Mme. Sans-Gene. Farrar; Martinelli, Amato, Althouse. Cond., Toscanini. Fri. 7:30. Meistersinger. Hempel, Mattfeld; Sembach, Weil, Goritz, Reiss, Braun, Schlegel. Cd., Toscanini. Sat. Mat. at 2. Aida. Destinn, Ober; Martin, Scotti, Didur, Rossi. Cond., Polacco. Sat. at 7:45 (75c to $3). Lohengrin. Gadski, Matzenauer; Urlus, Goritz, Witherspoon. Cond., Hertz. Next Mon. at 8:15. Tosca. Farrar; Botta, Scotti, Rossi, Leonhardt, Bada. Cond., Toscanini. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor. Next Friday Aft. at 2:30, Carnegie Hall. Soloist, Percy GRAINGER Schubert C major Symphony, Grieg Concerto for Piano and Orchestra. Next Saturday Evg., 8:15, Carnegie Hall, Third Saturday Eve. Concert AT POPULAR PRICES. Tschaikowsky Program Including SYMPHONY "PATHETIQUE." Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

4th Biltmore Morning Musicale Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore. FRIDAY, MARCH 12, AT 11:30. JOHN McCORMACK The Celebrated Irish Tenor. MABEL GARRISON Soprano LUCILE ORRELL 'Cellist Reserved Seats now at Biltmore Box Office. Management R. E. Johnston.

SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor. FOURTH MASTER COMPOSER CONCERT Carnegie Hall, This Afternoon at 3. Soloist, LEONARD BORWICK ALL BEETHOVEN PROGRAM. Mr. Borwick will play Concertos in C minor and G. Orchestra numbers; Symphony No. 7, Ballet Music, "Prometheus." Seats 35c to $1.50. Box Office, Carnegie Hall.

PRINCESS THEATRE TUESDAY AFTERNOON, MARCH 9, AT 3 Benefit of Manassas Industrial School for Colored Youth. LUCY GATES, SOPRANO THUEL BURNHAM, PIANIST ALEXANDER BLOCH, VIOLINIST Reserved seats, $2; Boxes, $12 and $15. Now on sale by Miss M. R. Walter, 20 Vesey Street, and at Box Office.

MR. WALTER DAMROSCH Will donate the entire receipts of his six EXPLANATORY RECITALS AT THE PIANO ON Wagner's Nibelungen Trilogy to the Vacation War Relief Committee. First Lecture Wednesday Aft., March 10, at 3, on "RHEINGOLD." Second Lecture Friday Aft., March 12, at 3, on "WALKUERE." Tickets 50c. to $1.50, at Box Office Aeolian Hall.

CARNEGIE HALL, Thurs. Aft., Mar. 11th, at 3. Last Recital This Season MARCELLA SEMBRICH RICHARD EPSTEIN at the Piano (Baldwin) Tickets now at Hall. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

AEOLIAN HALL, Sat. Aft., Mar. 13th, at 3 VIOLIN RECITAL—ALBERT SPALDING Andre Benoist, Accompanist. (STEINWAY PIANO). Tickets 50c to $2 at Hall. Mgt. Antonia Sawyer.

THESE NEW YORK LEADING THEATRES HAVE NO DEALINGS WITH THE TYSON CO.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evenings 8:20. Matinees Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15. LAST 3 WEEKS ETHEL BARRYMORE in Her Triumph, "The Shadow."

LYCEUM West 45th Street. Eves. at 8.20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. at 2:20. ELSIE FERGUSON in OUTCAST

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:20. WATCH YOUR STEP Mr. & Mrs. Vernon Castle, Frank Tinney.

DANSE DE FOLLIES Atop New Amsterdam. Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic Reserve Tables at Box Office. Tel. 3093 Bryant.

GAIETY THEATRE, B'way & 46 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. at 2:15. RUTH CHATTERTON in Jean Webster's Charming Comedy, DADDY LONG-LEGS

KNICKERBOCKER, Broadway and 38th Street Eves. 8:15. Matinees Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15. Klaw & Erlanger's Entertainers IN THE NEW MIRTHFUL MUSICAL MEDLEY, FADS and FANCIES

GEO. M. COHAN'S Thea., B'way & 43d. Ev. 8.20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:20. "IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE" A LAUGHING RIOT.

BELASCO West 44th Street. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20. "Miss Starr Wonderful."—Sun. FRANCES STARR IN MARIE-ODILE.

HUDSON West 44th St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15. THE SHOW SHOP with DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS

FULTON 46th St., W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. MATINEES Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20. TWIN BEDS

HARRIS 42d St., W. of B'way. Eves. at 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15. ILLINGTON IN THE LIE by HENRY ARTHUR JONES.

Wallack's LILLAH McCARTHY GRANVILLE BARKER Tonight, Wed., Thurs. & Sat. Evs. 8:15; Wed. Mat. 2:15. Bernard Shaw's Androcles & The Lion Friday Evg. at 8 sharp; Sat. Mat. 2 sharp. A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM

ELTINGE 42d St., nr. Broadway. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow (Pop.) & Sat. 2:15. The Song of Songs

REPUBLIC West 42d Street. Eves. at 8.20. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20. THE SENSATION OF NEW YORK "KICK IN"

GLOBE Broadway at 46th St. Eves. at 8:15. Matinees Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15. MONTGOMERY & STONE CHIN CHIN

TONIGHT—TONIGHT CHESTERTON—VON MACH WAR DEBATE CARNEGIE HALL. Seats on Sale at Box Office.

STRAND ROOF GARDEN, B'way-47th St. Opening Night, Thursday, 10 P. M. AMATEUR FOX TROT CONTEST. Exhibition Dancing Fri. and Sat. Evenings.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

The Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences Newman Traveltalks Color Views Motion Pictures WEDNESDAY AT 4:00 & 8:15 Berlin The War Center TICKETS, 50c. TO $1.50, ON SALE NOW, ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

MAJESTIC Matinees Wednesday and Saturday $1.00. THE BIRD OF PARADISE NxtW'k—Marie Dressler in "The Mix-Up." SeatsThur.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47 St. Daily Mat. 25 to 75c. Mme. Emma CALVE LULU GLASER, Belle Baker, Claude Gillingwater-Edith Lyle & Co.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. HELEN WARE & CO., Lillian Shaw, Ernest Ball, Wm. Pruett & Co., etc.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c Vaudeville Jubilee 15 Wonderful Acts

THEATRE FRANCAIS (CENTURY LYCEUM) Entrance 62d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. Orch. Seats, 50c to $2.50. LE MONDE ou l'on s'ennuie Frid. Mat. at 3:15, Les Vivacites du Capitaine Tic. Every Sunday Night Parisian Cafe Chantant.

REISENWEBER'S Columbus Circle and 58th Street An Exceptional Dinner $1.00 A la Carte Portions and Cooked to Your Order Served Every Ev'g 5 to 9:30 & Sunday Noon to 9:30 CONTINUOUS CABARET beginning Dinner to Close ALL STAR ACTS NELL MORGAN ROYAL COMMAND TO DANCE WITH KING ALFONSO & DONALD CRANE in phenomenal dances in Ball Room 5 DANCING FLOORS—AFTERNOON TEA DANCES 4 TO 7 AFTER THEATRE SUPPER $1.00 BEEFSTEAK DINNER $1.25

Cafe des Beaux-Arts Fortieth Street & Sixth Avenue (Opposite Bryant Park) "Paris in New York" Tea, Dinner and Supper Dances Thursday—Tango Night Exhibitions Nightly by DUQUE and GABY

CAFE BOULEVARD Broadway and 41st Street Telephone, 4220 Bryant. The Best of Food and Service Dinner $1.00 Luncheon 60c Famous Hungarian Orchestra DANCING AT DINNER AND AFTER THEATRE IN THE GRILLE. Exhibition Dances by BONNIE GLASS, Assisted by RUDOLPH.

Janssen wants to see you HOFBRAU HAUS 30TH ST. & BROADWAY. DINNER DE LUXE, FINEST TABLE D'HOTE IN TOWN, $1.00 IN THE NEW GRILL ROOMS: SAT. & SUN. $1.25. ALSO A LA CARTE.

Splendid Food, Quick Service, Moderate Prices. Club and Theatre Parties. Accommodation 4—100. HOFFMAN'S FORMERLY MURRAY'S Cor. 34th St. and Broadway Conte's Celebrated Philharmonic Orchestra, at Luncheon, Dinner, and Supper. Heart of Shopping District.

DINNER $1.25 LUNCHEON 75c MAISON Arthur 5 EAST 45TH STREET Cuisine Francaise No Cabaret

60th St. & Broadway. TO-NIGHT "LES GLORIAS" BUSTANOBY'S Cuisine said to be the Best in New York. 39th St., nr. B'way, DINNER, $1.50. DANCING & CABARET (3 Till Close)

Dances in Grill every night from 10. Orchestra Music during dinner. Marie Charlton and Jack Ross, Professionals. HOTEL MAJESTIC Central Park West at 72d St. Large, attractive ballroom and smaller rooms for weddings and other functions. Suites $1500.00 to $5000.00 a year.

Kalil's Restaurant and Venetian Garden Nos. 26-30 Park Place. The rendezvous of the careful eaters. FAMOUS FOR ITS BEEFSTEAK DINNERS. Dancing in the Garden. A better quality of better cooked food than any other downtown restaurant Luncheon begins at 11 A. M.

Carlton Terrace Broadway and 100th Street

ROMA 50th St. & 6th Ave. NO CABARET. LUNCH, 50c.—DINNER, (week days,) 80c. SATURDAYS, HOLIDAYS and SUNDAYS, $1.00.

Luncheon, Tea, and $1.00 Table d'Hote Dinner. Open Fireplace. CRAFTSMAN RESTAURANT GARDEN SUPPLIES DAILY FROM CRAFTSMAN FARMS Dining Room on Top Floor, with Rest Room below 6 E. 39th Street.

42d St. GRILL 42d St. & Madison Ave. Superior Service Moderate Prices MUSIC-DANCING WM. F. HEALY.

Breakfast....35c-50c Luncheon.......60c Tea with Waffles.30c Club Dinner......75c Daily, Suns., & Holidays. The Fernery Miss Tucker, 22 East 33d St. THE OLDEST TEA ROOM in NEW YORK, Bet. 5th & Mad. Aves. SMOKING in the Conservatory.

TABLE D'HOTE $1.25. HOTEL ST. ANDREW BROADWAY AT 72D STREET. "ONLY FIRST-CLASS HOTEL" ON "AM. & EUROPEAN PLAN." MUSIC EVERY NIGHT. DANCING IN GRILL ROOM.

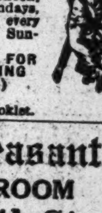
WOMEN in Business THE RUTLEDGE, COR. 30TH STREET & LEXINGTON AVE. Large, light, outside rooms. Baths. Homelike surroundings. Unexcelled cuisine. Tariff, $11 to $15 weekly, including meals. The Only Place of Its Kind in the World.

Chiro's is the most up-to-date Ecole de Danse in town, where the very latest dances are shown by New York's most competent masters of modern dancing. MR. JAY CLANCY MR. COLLINS ELTING MR. CHESTER HEMMER The Dansants every day—4:00 P. M. to 6:30 P. M. Six East Forty-sixth Street.

Hotel Bretton Hall BROADWAY, 85 to 86 St.

Largest and Most Attractive Uptown Hotel, Large, Quiet Rooms, with bath, or suites, for transient or permanent residence. All the comforts of New York City's BEST Hotels at one-third less price.

28 Years at This Address MEANS Something. MODERN DANCES TAUGHT IN 9 LESSONS, $5. Private lessons without appointment daily from 10 A. M. until 10 P. M. Expert lady and gentleman teachers. All Ball Room Dances guaranteed for $5; 4 class lessons, $1. 3½ Hours Dancing, 25c Instructors will dance with you without extra charge every afternoon, including Saturdays and Sundays, from 2 to 5:30 P. M., and every evening except Saturdays and Sundays, from 7:30 to 11 P. M. The REMEY SCHOOL FOR DANCING 919 8th Av. (at 54th St.) Phone 4557 Columbus. Send for FREE illustrated booklet.



Golden Pheasant PETITE BALLROOM 19 East 48th St. Murray Hill 2378. LESSONS MODERATE

MODERN DANCES Mr. G HEPBURN WILSON, M. B., American Authority on Modern Dances. Fifth Avenue, New York, Thorley Bldg. Northwest Cor. 46th St. Tel. Bryant 6321. TERMS REASONABLE.

ONE-STEP, FOX TROT OR HESITATION Guaranteed in 3 private lessons, $3. 146th St. and Broadway REMENYI 162 East 86th St.

The Barnard Studios OF MODERN DANCE. Broadway, Cor. 110th St. Tel. River. 9577. Terms Moderate. All Dances.

MANSFIELD STUDIOS, 33 W. 44th Est. 1904. Bryant 4674. Latest modern dances taught privately. Reasonable. Each pupil has private room with instructor. No one to laugh at your mistakes. Circulars mailed.

Hotel EARLINGTON 49 West 27th St., N. Y. EUROPEAN PLAN. A Step from Broadway. Absolutely Fireproof. Parlor, Bedroom and Bath, front of house, one person, $2; two people, $3 and upward. Why pay more when our service is equalled only by the best? SINGLE ROOMS, $1. Large room for meetings or conventions. E. W WARFIELD, Manager.

CLASS OF TANGO PARISIEN By M. DUQUE In private room of CAFE DES BEAUX-ARTS, 80 West 40th St., 4 to 6 P. M. Daily, except Sunday. Admission $1.00.

Luchow's 14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

The A. ALBERT SAATO Academies of Dancing. B'way, 86th to 87th Sts. Phone 6435 Schuyler. THE DANCES OF TODAY Taught Privately or in Class. Booklet Sent.

ROTH STUDIO 211 W. 45TH. Bryant 7312. Modern and stage dances. Individual instruction.

STRATTON SCHOOL 8 Av., 23d St. MODERN DANCES. 9 Lessons $5. Waltz & Two-Step guaranteed.

MISS LEWIS 45 EAST 30TH ST. Madison Square 7340 DANCES OF TODAY. TERMS REASONABLE.

MISS BENA HOFFMAN, 56 E. 34TH ST. Murray Hill 2623 Modern Dances. Special Attention to Beginners.

MISS BOBBY BURNS 6 East 41st St. Murray Hill 6305. ALL MODERN DANCES. PERSONAL ATTENTION

CARLO, Fox Trot, One Step, Hesitation and Canter taught in 6 private lessons, $10, any hour. 225 West 57th. (4733 Columbus.)